

Market Research Handbook

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Market Research Handbook

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Symbols

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- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Preface

Since 1975, the **Market Research Handbook** has been an authoritative source of socio-economic information, reflecting key characteristics of local and national markets in Canada. By providing accurate and timely statistics on the changing demographics, standards of living and economic characteristics of Canadian society, the **Handbook** allows businesses to locate target markets, track their market share and assess their competitive position.

There are 10 sections. They start with a user's guide, followed by sections on population, labour market and income, consumer expenditures, housing and household characteristics, macroeconomic and financial statistics, international trade in goods and services, business and industry statistics, census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations and projections.

Every effort is made to ensure the timeliness of the information at the time the **Market Research Handbook** goes to press. Inevitably, however, some of the data will have been superseded by the time the **Handbook** is published. Many of the data tables in the **Market Research Handbook** are derived from CANSIM. Although, every effort has been made to use the most current information available, due to the dynamic nature of CANSIM updates, the latest data available in CANSIM may differ from the data used in the tables and analysis when the publication was produced. Moreover, some data – particularly from the census – are only updated on an occasional basis. Where recent statistics are not yet available, the **Handbook** retains data from earlier surveys.

We are interested in knowing what you think of the **Market Research Handbook**, and what improvements you would like to see. We therefore invite you to send us your comments through our Website at www.statcan.ca or by contacting the Small Business and Special Surveys Division: Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A OT6 (telephone: 1-877-679-2746).



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Table of contents

Secti	on 1 User's guide: now to profit from the Market Research Handbook	17
1.1	From megatrends to metropolitan areas	17
1.2	How to use the Market Research Handbook	17
1.3	Key socio-economic indicators	18
1.4	Additional information	19
1.5	On-line access to CANSIM	19
1.6	Access to Statistics Canada's electronic publications at no charge	20
Secti	on 2 Population growth	21
2.1	Age distribution of Canada's population	21
2.2	Undergraduate enrolment	22
2.3	A Profile of Canadian Families	23
Secti	on 3 Labour market and Income statistics	41
3.1	Labour force statistics	41
3.2	Employment by industry	42
3.3	Employment by occupational category	43
3.4	Personal income	43
3.5	Average weekly earnings by industry	44
3.6	Average market income	44
Secti	on 4 Consumer expenditures	77
4.1	Average expenditures per household	77
4.2	Food available adjusted for losses	78
4.3	Electronic Commerce: Adult Canadians making online purchase	79
Secti	on 5 Housing and household characteristics	91
5.1	Housing	91
5.2	Dwelling Characteristics	91
5.3	Household size	92
5.4	Household equipment communications and electronic usage	92
5.5	Fuel and Diesel Sales	92

6.1 Household Assets and Liabilities 112 6.2 Price Indexes 113 6.3 Strong Business Indicators 113 6.4 Federal and Provincial government revenues 114 Section 7 International trade 1164 7.1 International trade in goods 164 7.2 International Trade in services 165 7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income 165 Section 8 Business and industry statistics 189 8.1 Retail sales 189 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 190 8.3 Accommodation services 190 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 191 8.5 Business enterprise expenditure on research and development (BERD) 191
6.2Price Indexes1136.3Strong Business Indicators1136.4Federal and Provincial government revenues114Section 7 International trade1647.1International trade in goods1647.2International Trade in services1657.3Balance of International payment, Investment Income165Section 8 Business and industry statistics8.1Retail sales1898.2New motor vehicle sales1908.3Accommodation services1908.4Computer systems design and related services191
6.4Federal and Provincial government revenues114Section 7International trade1647.1International trade in goods1647.2International Trade in services1657.3Balance of International payment, Investment Income165Section 8Business and industry statistics1898.1Retail sales1898.2New motor vehicle sales1908.3Accommodation services1908.4Computer systems design and related services191
Section 7 International trade 7.1 International trade in goods 7.2 International Trade in services 7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income 165 Section 8 Business and industry statistics 189 8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.3 Accommodation services 190 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 191
7.1 International trade in goods 7.2 International Trade in services 7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income Section 8 Business and industry statistics 8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.3 Accommodation services 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 165 189 189
7.1 International trade in goods 7.2 International Trade in services 7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income Section 8 Business and industry statistics 8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.3 Accommodation services 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 165 189 189
7.2 International Trade in services 7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income 165 Section 8 Business and industry statistics 189 8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 190 8.3 Accommodation services 190 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 191
7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income Section 8 Business and industry statistics 8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.3 Accommodation services 190 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 165
Section 8Business and industry statistics1898.1Retail sales1898.2New motor vehicle sales1908.3Accommodation services1908.4Computer systems design and related services191
8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.3 Accommodation services 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 190
8.1 Retail sales 8.2 New motor vehicle sales 8.3 Accommodation services 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 190
8.2New motor vehicle sales1908.3Accommodation services1908.4Computer systems design and related services191
 8.3 Accommodation services 8.4 Computer systems design and related services 190 191
8.4 Computer systems design and related services 191
8.5 Business enterprise expenditure on research and development (BERD) 191
8.6 Engineering services 192
8.7 Manufacturing
8.8 The waste management industry 193
8.9 Growth of innovative biotechnology firms 193
Section 9 Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations 252
9.1 Households 253
9.2 Household equipments 255
9.3 Business establishments 255
9.4 The workforce 255
9.5 Inflation 255
9.6 Property crimes 256
Section 10 Projections 332
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10.2 The working age population 332 10.3 A rising demographic dependency ratio 333
10.4 Federal budgetary projections and debt 333
10.4 Federal budgetary projections and debt
Data quality, concepts and methodology
Explanatory notes for the tables 342

Appe	ndix	
Α	Glossary	364
Char	ts and the second secon	
2.1	Population change in Canada, Provinces and territories, per 1000 people, from 2001 to 2006	22
2.2	Growth in proportion of people age 65 years and over and those under 15 years of age in Canada, 1956 to 2006	23
2.3	Undergraduate enrolment in Canada, 2001 to 2004	24
3.1	Growth of labour force, by selected age groups and sex, Canada, 2006	42
3.2	Percentage change in employment by selected industries, Canada, 2006	43
4.1	Expenditure on selected consumer goods and services, Canada, 2002 and 2006	78
4.2	Average e-commerce spending in Canada, by region, 2005	79
5.1	Change in the value of building permits issued, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006	93
5.2	One person household and households with five or more persons, Canada, 1941 to 2006	93
6.1	Growth of the components of real GDP, Canada, 2002 to 2006	111
6.2	GDP growth, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006	112
7.1	Total investment deficit, Canada, 1997 to 2006	166
8.1	Growth of retail sale, Canada, provinces and the territories, 2005-2006	189
8.2	Change in operating revenue of accommodation services industry, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006	190
8.3	Manufacturing and services R&D expenditures as percentage of total intramural R&D expenditures, 1996 to 2006	192
8.4	Number of people (in thousands) employed in the manufacturing sector, Canada, and the Regions, 2001 and 2005	194
9.1	Population change in CMAs, 2001 to 2006 Census	253
9.2	Percentage of household expenditure, selected metropolitan areas, 2005	254
10.1	The Working Age population (those aged 15-64 years) as a proportion of total population, Canada, selected years between 2006 to 2056	333
10.2	Projected demographic dependency ratio using population projection scenarios 1, 2, 3, and 6, 2006 to 2056	334
	In this yieldow	
Statis	stical tables	
2.1	Population of Canada, provinces and territories, 1996, 2001 and 2006 Censuses	26
2.2	Population by age group, Canada, provinces and territories, Census year 1996, 2001 and 2006	27
2.3	Population by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, Census year 2006	29
2.4	Urban-Rural Population, Canada, provinces and territories	31
2.5	Couples in Census Families by presence of children, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006	32
2.6	Number of immigrants, Canada, provinces and territories, 1996, 2001 and 2006	32

2.7		me undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) and Canada	33
2.8		me undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) and Canada and provinces, 2004	35
2.9		us families by structure, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006	37
2.10		ehold living arrangements, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006	38
2.11		ehold Type and Household Size for Private Households of Canada, provinces, and the	39
2.12	Perce	entage distribution of families, by income groups, Canada and provinces, 2005	40
3.1		ur force statistics	45
3.2		byment by industry	46
3.3	Labou	ur force participation rates, by sex, Canada and provinces	46
3.4	Labou	ır force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages	47
3.5	Numb	per of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories	52
3.5-	1	Industrial aggregate including unclassified	52
3.5-	2	Forestry, logging and support	53
3.5-	3	Mining and oil and gas extraction	53
3.5-	4	Utilities	54
3.5-	5	Construction	54
3.5-	6	Manufacturing	55
3.5-	7	Trade	55
3.5-	8	Transportation and warehousing *	56
3.5-	9	Information and cultural industries	56
3.5-	10	Finance and insurance	57
3.5-	11	Real estate and rental and leasing	57
3.5-	12	Professional, scientific and technical services	58
3.5-	13	Management of companies and enterprises	58
3.5-	14	Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	59
3.5-	15	Educational services	59
3.5-	16	Health care and social assistance	60
3.5-	17	Arts, entertainment and recreation	60
3.5-	18	Accommodation and food services	61
3.5-	19	Other services (except public administration)	61
3.5-	20	Public administration	62
3.6	Empl	byment by occupational category	62
3.7	Gross	domestic product at market prices, personal income, expenditure and saving	63
3.8	Source	ces of personal income	63

3.9	Pers	onal disposable income, Canada, provinces and territories	64
3.10	Perd	capita personal disposable income, Canada, provinces and territories	64
3.11	Incor	ne distribution of taxfilers, Canada, provinces and territories	65
3.12	Incor	ne of individuals, by source, Canada and provinces, 2005	66
3.13	Avera	age weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories	66
3.	13-1	Public administration	66
3.	13-2	Other services (except public administration)	67
3.	13-3	Accommodation and food services	67
3.	13-4	Arts, entertainment and recreation	68
3.	13-5	Health care and social assistance	68
3.	13-6	Educational services	69
3.	13-7	Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	69
3.	13-8	Management of companies and enterprises	70
3.	13-9	Professional, scientific and technical services	70
3.	13-10	Finance and insurance	71
3.	13-11	Information and cultural industries	71
3.	13-12	Real estate and rental and leasing	72
3.	13-13	Transportation and warehousing	72
3.	13-14	Trade	73
3.	13-15	Manufacturing	73
3.	13-16	Construction	74
3.	13-17	Forestry, logging and support	74
3.	13-18	Mining and oil and gas extraction	75
3.	13-19	Utilities	75
3.14	Avera	age market income and average income after tax for families and unattached individuals	76
3.15	Avera	age after-tax income of families, Canada and provinces	76
4.1	Perso	onal expenditure on consumer goods and services	80
4.2	Per c	apita personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, Canada, provinces and territories	81
4.3	Avera	age household expenditure, by income quintile, Canada, 2005	82
4.4	Avera	age household expenditure, Canada, provinces, 2005	84
4.5	Food	available adjusted for losses, 2006	85
4.6	Volur	ne and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over	86
	.6-1	Canada	86
	6-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	86
	.6-3	Prince Edward Island	86
4.	.6-4	Nova Scotia	87

4.6	-5	New Brunswick	87
4.6	-6	Quebec	87
4.6	-7	Ontario	88
4.6	-8	Manitoba	88
4.6	-9	Saskatchewan	88
4.6	-10	Alberta	89
4.6	-11	British Columbia	89
4.6	-12	Yukon Territory	89
4.6	-13	Northwest Territories including Nunavut	90
4.7	Avera	age expenditure on internet orders by individuals by region	90
4.8		ding on the internet by individuals, on Canadian vendors and non Canadian vendors, Canada regions, 2005	90
5.1	Priva	te households, by size of household, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006 census	94
5.2	Occu	pied dwellings, by Tenureship, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006 census	95
5.3	Occu	pied dwellings, by structural type, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006 census	95
5.4	Owne	ed and rented accommodation, Canada and provinces	96
5.5	Dwel	ling characteristics and household equipment, Canada	97
5.6	Dwel	ling characteristics and household equipment, Canada and provinces, 2005	99
5.7	Princ	ipal heating fuel, Canada and provinces	103
5.8	Dwel	ling starts, completions and under construction by region and province	104
5.9	Build	ing permits issued, Canada, provinces and territories	105
5.10	Vehic	cle registrations, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006	107
5.11	Fuel	and diesel sales, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006	108
5.12	Prop	ortion of households without any phone, Canada and provinces	108
5.13	Prop	ortion of households with cellular phone only, Canada and provinces	108
5.14	Resid	dential telephone service	109
5.15	Shop	ping on the Internet by individuals, by type of product and service, Canada	109
5.1	5-1	Window shoppers	109
5.1	5-2	Electronic orders	110
6.1	Gros	s domestic product, income and expenditure based	115
6.2	Real	gross domestic product, expenditure based	116
6.3	Gros	s domestic product by industry at basic prices	117
6.4	Provi	incial Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices, by industry, 2006	118
6.5	Real	gross domestic product by province and territory at market prices	120

6.6	Inco	ome and expenditure accounts: sector accounts	120
6.6	-1	Total government	120
6.6	-2	Provincial government	121
6.6	-3	Federal government	121
6.6	-4	Local government	122
6.7	Priv	ate and public investment, Canada, provinces and territories	123
6.8	Priv	ate and public investment, by sector, Canada	124
6.9	Sele	ected financial statistics by industry	126
6.10	Sele	ected financial ratios by industry	132
6.11	Indu	ustrial product price indexes, by industry, Canada, annual averages	136
6.12	Cor	sumer price indexes, annual averages, Canada, main groups and selected items	137
6.13	Cor	sumer credit, by principal holders, Canada	138
6.14	Res	idential mortgage credit, by principal holders, Canada	138
6.15	Nat	ional balance sheet accounts: Assets, liabilities, and net worth, personal sector	139
6.16	Bus	iness bankruptcies, Canada, provinces and territories, 1999 to 2006	140
6.17	Bus	iness bankruptcies, Canada, by industry	144
6.18	Bus	iness proposals, Canada, provinces and territories	152
6.19	Bus	iness proposals, Canada, by industry	156
7.1	Red	eipts and payments by type of goods, Canada	167
7.1	-1	Receipts	167
7.1	-2	Payments	167
7.1	-3	Balances	168
7.2	Car	nadian exports and imports of goods and services, balance of payments basis, by geographical	169
7.3		nestic exports by top twenty-five countries, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted	170
7.4		orts by top twenty-five countries, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted	171
7.5		al exports to selected areas, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, 2004 to 2006	172
7.6		orts from selected areas, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, 2004 to 2006	174
7.7	Dor	nestic exports, customs basis	175
7.7	-1	Canada	175
7.7	-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	175
7.7	-3	Prince Edward Island	176
7.7	-4	Nova Scotia	176
7.7	-5	New Brunswick	176
7.7	-6	Quebec	177
7.7	-7	Ontario	177

7.7-8	Manitoba	177
7.7-9	Saskatchewan	178
7.7-10	Alberta	178
7.7-11	British Columbia	178
7.7-12	Yukon Territory	179
7.7-13	Northwest Territories	179
7.7-14	Nunavut	179
7.8 lm	ports by clearance, customs basis	180
7.8-1	Canada	180
7.8-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	180
7.8-3	Prince Edward Island	180
7.8-4	Nova Scotia	181
7.8-5	New Brunswick	181
7.8-6	Quebec	181
7.8-7	Ontario	182
7.8-8	Manitoba	182
7.8-9	Saskatchewan	182
7.8-10	Alberta	183
7.8-11	British Columbia	183
7.8-12	Yukon Territory	183
7.8-13	Northwest Territories	184
7.8-14	Nunavut	184
7.9 Ex	ports by commodity groupings, balance of payment basis	185
7.10 lm	ports by commodity groupings, balance of payment basis	186
7.11 Re	eceipts and payments, by type of services, Canada	187
7.12 Int	ernational travel receipts and payments, Canada and other countries	187
7.13 Re	eceipts and payments, by type of investment income, Canada	188
7.14 Re	eceipts and payments of investment income, by geographical area, Canada	188
3.1 Nu	umber of establishments, by industry (NAICS) and employment size, December 2005 for Canada	195
3.2 Er	nployment change based on average labour unit (ALU)	197
8.2-1	Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by business size and life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2002 to 2003	197
8.2-2	Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2002 to 2003	198
8.2-3	Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by business size and life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2003 to 2004	200

8.2	2-4	Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2003 to 2004	201
8.3	Total	retail sales, by trade group, Canada, provinces and territories	203
8.4	Per	capita retail sales, by province and by trade group	206
8.5	Hom	e centres and hardware store sales	207
8.6	Total	retail value of new motor vehicles sold, Canada, provinces and territories	208
8.7	Sale	s of new motor vehicles, by type of vehicle and origin of manufacture, Canada	209
8.8	Value	e of sales alcoholic beverages, Canada, provinces and territories	210
8.9	Volu	me of sales of alcoholic beverages, Canada, provinces and territories	211
8.10	Food	Services and Drinking Places receipts, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006	212
8.11	Num	ber of establishments of accomodation service industries, Canada, provinces and territories	213
8.12	Oper	rating revenue for accomodation service industries, Canada, provinces and territories	214
8.13	Sum	mary statistics computer systems design and related services, Canada, provinces and	215
8.14		operating revenue for selected business service industries, provinces and territories, 2005	217
8.15		adian business services summary statistics 2005	218
8.16		nsurance purchases, by type of insurance, selected years, 1960 to 2006	219
8.17		lesale merchant, principal statistics, by industry	220
8.18		sipal statistics on manufacturing industries, Canada, provinces and territories	221
8.19		enue from goods manufactured, Canada, by sub-sector (NAICS)	222
8.20		enue from goods manufactured, Canada, provinces and territories	223
8.21		sipal statistics by employment size group, Canada, by sub-sectors (NAICS), 2005	224
8.22	Oper	rating revenue according to type of service, for computer systems design and related services, ada, provinces and territories	226
8.23		mary statistics for internet service providers (NAICS 518111), Canada	227
8.24		enue by type of service, Internet service providers (NAICS 518111), Canada	228
8.25		mary statistics for architectural services industry, Canada, provinces and territories	229
8.26		mary statistics for engineering services industry, Canada, provinces and territories	231
8.27		estate agents, brokers, appraisers and other real estate activities industries, selected	201
0.21		enditures as a percentage of operating revenue, Canada, provinces and territories	233
8.28		ertising and related services revenue and expenses, Canada, provinces and territories	235
8.29	Ente	rprise use of information and communication technologies by industry	236
8.2	29-1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	236
8.2	29-2	Mining and oil and gas extraction	237
8.2	29-3	Utilities	237
8.2	29-4	Construction	237
8.2	29-5	Manufacturing	238
8.2	29-6	Wholesale trade	238

8.2	9-7	Retail trade	238
8.2	9-8	Transportation and warehousing	239
8.2	9-9	Information and cultural industries	239
8.2	9-10	Finance and insurance	239
8.2	9-11	Real estate and rental and leasing	240
8.2	9-12	Professional, scientific and technical services	240
8.2	9-13	Management of companies and enterprises	240
8.2	9-14	Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	241
8.2	9-15	Educational services	241
8.2	9-16	Health care and social assistance	241
8.2	9-17	Arts, entertainment and recreation	242
8.2	9-18	Accommodation and food services	242
8.2	9-19	Other services (except public administration)	242
8.2	9-20	Public sector	243
8.2	9-21	Private sector	243
8.2	9-22	Public administration	243
3.30	Ente	prises that have a Web site on the Internet, by industry, Canada	244
3.31	Ente	prises that purchase over the Internet, with or without online payment, by industry, Canada	244
3.32	Busir	ness enterprise research and development characteristics by industry group	245
8.3	32-1	Intramural expenditures	245
8.3	32-2	Current expenditures	245
8.3	32-3	Wages and salaries	246
8.3	32-4	Other current expenditures	246
8.3	32-5	Capital expenditures	247
3.33	Oper	ating and financial detail for the privately owned radio industry, Canada	247
3.34	Char	acteristics of the waste management industry, 2004	248
3.35	Capi	al expenditures on environmental protection by type of activity and industry	249
3.36	Reve	nues from sales of environmental goods and services, by industry, 2004	250
3.37	Innov	vative biotechnology firms by size, sector and province	251
9.1	Рори	lation by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006	257
9.2	Cens	sus families in private households, by family structure, census metropolitan areas, 2006	263
9.3		te households, by type of household, showing number of persons per household, census opolitan areas, 2006 Census	264
9.4		pied private dwellings, by tenure, showing age of household maintainer, census metropolitan	
		s, 2006 Census	267
9.5	Labo	ur force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas	270
9.6	Labo	ur income, census metropolitan areas	280

9.7	Inco	me distribution of taxfilers, census metropolitan areas	283
9.8	Aver	age household expenditure, selected metropolitan areas, 2005	287
9.9	Resi	dential building permits issued, by selected types of structure, census metropolitan areas	289
9.10	Num Cana	ber of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas, December 2005 for ada	293
9.11	New	housing price indexes, metropolitan areas	302
9.12	The	all-item consumer price index, annual average, selected urban centres	303
9.13	Perc	entage distribution of household equipment, selected metropolitan areas, 2005	304
9.14	Migra	ation by census metropolitan area	305
9.15	Num	ber of families and median income by type of family and by number of children, 2005	306
9.16		ber of families and median income by type of families and by age of older partner or nt, 2005	309
9.17	Рори	lation by selected age groups and sex, selected census agglomerations, 2006	313
9.18	Num	ber of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005	317
9.19	Popu	lation and dwelling counts, for census agglomerations, 2006 and 2001 censuses	324
9.20	Moto	r vehicle theft by census metropolitan areas,	326
9.21	Brea	k and enter by census metropolitan areas,	327
9.22	Brea	k and enter (rates by 100,000 population) by census metropolitan areas,	330
10.1	Рори	lation Projections for the Working Age Population, Canada, 2006-2056	335
10.	1-1	Projection scenario 1: low-growth	335
10.	1-2	Projection scenario 2: medium-growth, recent migration trends	336
10.	1-3	Projection scenario 3: medium-growth, medium migration trends	337
10.	1-4	Projection scenario 6: high-growth	338
10.2	Depe	endency ratio for Canada, 2006 to 2056	339
10.3	Aver	age of private sector economic forecasts	340
10.4	Sum	mary statement of transactions, for federal administration, fiscal years	341

Section 1

User's guide: how to profit from the Market Research Handbook

The Market Research Handbook provides a broad range of socio-economic statistics to reveal market trends in Canada, as viewed through the prism of Statistics Canada data. For market researchers and analysts alike, the Handbook puts statistics to work to highlight emerging trends, position products, and gain a competitive edge – in short, to profit from the facts.

1.1 From megatrends to metropolitan areas

The broad selection of business, economic and social statistics contained in this handbook reflects rapidly changing lifestyles and consumer needs in Canada today. According to David Foot, author of the widely acclaimed book, **Boom**, **Bust & Echo**, "Demographics explain about two-thirds of everything." In the **Handbook** you will find population trends showing characteristics such as age, education and ethnicity – key variables reflecting the demand for goods and services catering to Canada's increasingly diverse and aging society.

As well as population statistics portraying Canada's changing age structure, the **Handbook** contains information on business demographics, which depicts the business population by industry, by size of business and by urban area. In addition, selected macroeconomic statistics provide the economic setting for analysis of recent trends, such as the impact on household incomes and expenditures of the growth in output and employment, low levels of inflation and interest rates, and improvement in Canada's current account and fiscal positions.

Market conditions are not merely a national phenomenon, however; they also reflect the

particular characteristics of different regions and localities. To address the geographic dimension, the **Handbook** provides selected information for each of the provinces and territories and the majority of Canada's largest urban areas. Business planning also involves the assessment of future prospects. To cater to this requirement, the **Handbook** includes an outlook section consisting of averages of selected private-sector economic forecasts and Statistics Canada's population projections.

1.2 How to use the Market Research Handbook

Given the wealth of information it contains, the **Market Research Handbook** can be a bit daunting at first glance. In this section, we show how the **Handbook** provides a framework for analysing the market forces at work in the Canadian economy (figure 1.1 "Framework for analysis of market trends").

Market forces represent the interaction of supply and demand, and are the product of a wide variety of socio-economic relationships affecting purchasing power on the one hand and production on the other. The **Handbook** presents a broad range of social and economic indicators that reflect the underlying forces shaping both demand and supply.

Figure 1.1 ("Framework for analysis of market trends") groups the different kinds of economic and social indicators into key categories for analysing market forces. It distinguishes between sources of consumer demand (stemming essentially from households, or persons), sources of supply (originating essentially with businesses), and macroeconomic variables, reflecting the broader economic environment. The table also shows key socio-economic indicators that have a strong bearing on demand or supply – demographic variables, income statistics (purchasing power for consumers and profits for businesses), and consumer demand and supply.

David K. Foot with Daniel Stoffman, Boom Bust & Echo: How to Profit from the Coming Demographic Shift, (Toronto: Macfarlane, Walter & Ross, 1996).

Figure 1.1

Framework for analysis of market trends

Socio- economic indicators	Economic sectors Sources of demand Sources of supply Macroeconomic		
muicacors	(households)	(businesses)	trends
Demographics	• population trends (section 2) • employment (section 3)	• number of establishments (sections 8 & 9)	• population growth (section 2)
	• city data (section 9)	• city data (section 9)	employment (section 3) unemployment rate (section 3)
Income	household incomes (section 3)	• revenues (sections 6 & 8)	• GDP-income (section 6)
(purchasing power/profits)	 labour income (section 3) average weekly earnings (section 3) 	• profits (section 6)	Government revenues and expenses (section 6)
	• city data (section 9)		labour income (section 6) disposable income (section 3) corporate profits (section 6) economic projections (section 10)
Consumer demand/ supply chain	personal expenditure on goods and services (section 4)	Production • manufacturing shipments (section 8)	GDP (section 6) exports (section 7) imports (section 7)
Supply chain	- family expenditures (section 4)	• value added (section 6)	• economic projections (section 10
	city data (section 9) household facilities and equipment (section 5) dietary trends (section 4) building permits (section 5)	capital expenditures (section 6) Distribution retail trade (section 8) wholesale trade (section 8)	• inflation (section 6)

1.3 Key socio-economic indicators

1.3.1 Demographics: People come first

Retail markets are essentially about people. Section 2 of the **Handbook** highlights demographic statistics to show the origins of demand. Population data contain a wealth of information about the strength of demand for a wide variety of household goods and services. Trends from the latest Census show not only population growth, but also vital information for marketers such as increased ethnic diversity, the prevalence of different types of family structure and the aging of society, all of which have a direct impact on consumer demand.

1.3.2 Labour market and revenue : How much do Canadians make?

Employment and earnings are the key variables affecting purchasing power. In Section 3, the

Handbook contains information from the Labour Force Survey showing changes in the number of people employed in each of the provinces and territories. In addition, this handbook provides a comprehensive picture of the purchasing power of Canadian consumers through trends in average weekly earnings, total employment earnings, investment income, and receipts from government programs (such as employment insurance).

1.3.3 Consumer demand: What do Canadians spend their money on?

If you want to know what people actually spend their money on, you can find it in Section 4 of the **Handbook**, which provides information from the Household Spending Survey on expenditure patterns for different income groups and major urban areas. The **Handbook** also shows the weekly food bill for households, while changes in consumer tastes can

be gauged from shifts in per capita food consumption and the consumption of alcoholic beverages. Another important indicator of household expenditures is represented by the types of homes we live in and the goods we own. Section 5 show how many people own their own homes, and how many Canadian households have luxury goods such as air conditioning and camcorders, have three cars or use new technologies such as the Internet and cellular phones.

1.3.4 Supply chain

The counterpart to consumer demand is the supply of goods and services. Supply consists not only of domestic production, but also imports and the entire distribution network. Section 6 of the **Handbook** focusses on data related to the gross domestic product (GDP), which is a measure of the value of production of all goods and services in the economy. Section 7 contains import and export data, reflecting the degree of import penetration or export orientation for major categories of goods. At a more detailed level, Section 8 shows industrial data for manufacturing and selected consumer goods and service industries. This section also documents the distribution of goods through retail and wholesale trade.

1.3.5 Business income : How profitable are Canadian businesses?

Just as household income is a measure of a consumer's standard of living, so profits are the acid test of business success. Section 6 includes data on profits, profit margins, and rates of return, providing industry averages that businesses may compare against their own operating characteristics.

1.3.6 Markets are local

Even in an era of globalization, retail markets are essentially local. While national patterns set the stage, business people must be in touch with the realities of the markets in which they actually operate. The **Handbook** addresses the geographic dimension by providing key data for each of the provinces and territories and, in section 9, for the majority of Canada's largest urban areas.

1.3.7 Business demographics for business-to-business marketing

This edition of the Market Research Handbook contains information on business demographics from Statistics Canada's Business Register. In sections 8 and 9, you will find information on the number of businesses in different industries and in each of the major urban areas, as well as the number of small and medium-sized businesses. They provide a measure of market potential for different types of industrial goods and office equipment, as well as the number of business establishments operating in specific industries and metropolitan areas — important data for business-to-business marketing and for any prospective new business.

1.4 Additional information

Although the **Handbook** contains an impressive amount of detail, we have had to be selective. Some types of information are available in massive quantity and huge detail in terms of geography, industry, time frame, or some other characteristic, but because of space limitations the **Handbook** is restricted to information at a fairly aggregate level.

To help users satisfy their unique market research needs, the Handbook documents source information and provides help lines. Each table shows the data source, including the title and catalogue number of the source publication. The Handbook also shows the telephone number of Statistics Canada advisory services who will, with pleasure, direct you to the contact division or person for obtaining more detailed information about the data or special tabulations (available on a cost-recovery basis). In addition, to facilitate access to the latest data through CANSIM (Statistics Canada's computerized Canadian Socio-economic Information Management database), the **Handbook** provides related data matrices for many of the tables.

1.5 On-line access to CANSIM

CANSIM is a multidimensional database containing more than 36 million time series regrouped in approximately 2,700 tables. Since its inception in 1969, CANSIM has been Statistics Canada's prime source for disseminating up-to-date statistical information on the Canadian economy. Real-time access to the

wealth of data available from CANSIM is now available on-line through the Statistics Canada Web site at www.statcan.ca. Not only are the data updated on the very day that new values for these series are released, but a longer time frame is provided for most of the series referenced in the Market Research Handbook. Many of the data tables in the Market Research Handbook are derived from CANSIM. Although, every effort has been made to use the most current information available, due to the dynamic nature of CANSIM updates, the latest data available in CANSIM may differ from the data used in the tables and analysis when the publication was produced.

1.6 Access to Statistics Canada's electronic publications at no charge

Effective April 24, 2006, all electronic publications on Statistics Canada's Web site were made available free of charge. The Agency has been steadily increasing the volume of free content on its Web site to respond to the information needs of Canadians. This latest move makes available at no charge more than 150 electronic publications for which fees were previously charged. Statistics Canada will continue to charge for print versions of publications and for other electronic products and services, such as CD-ROMs, specialized data tables and customized retrievals from CANSIM and the Canadian International Merchandise Trade database.

Section 2

Population growth

Between May 2001 and May 2006, Canada's population grew by 1.6 million (+5.4%) a growth rate which was slightly higher than the rate for the period between the 1996 and 2001 censuses (+4.0%) (table 2.1). This strong population growth puts Canada ahead of the other G8 countries in terms of population growth in the five years leading up to the 2006 Census. While the number of Canadians increased by 5.4%, the growth rate in the rest of the G8 ranged from 5.0% in the US to a 2.4% decline in Russia.¹

Ontario and Quebec were home to about 62.3% of the total population of Canada, while the Atlantic provinces combined accounted for 7.2% of Canada's total population (down from 7.6% in 2001) (table 2.1).

Every five years, Statistics Canada conducts a census. The 2006 Census of Canada took place on Tuesday, May 16, 2006. The census provides a statistical portrait of our country and its people. This first part of this section analyses and presents some of the results of the 2006 census relating to total count and the age and sex distribution of the Canadian population.

Comparing the 2001 census counts to those of 2006, population growth was higher in every Canadian province except Prince Edward Island, where it was unchanged, and Saskatchewan and Newfoundland and Labrador, where there were population declines. Population growth rates varied in Canada by province The oil boom in Alberta attracted and territory. thousands of migrants to that province, accelerating population growth rate to 106 per 1000 people, the highest increase among the provinces. Ontario (66 per thousand), the only other province that registered a rate higher than the Canadian average, accounted for about half of the population growth in Canada during the 2001-2006 period (750,236 people) (table 2.1 and chart 2.1).

British Columbia (53 per 1000) Quebec (43 per 1000) and Manitoba (26 per 1000) also registered slight increases in their population growth rates. At the other extreme, two provinces experienced a population decline between 2001 and 2006: Newfoundland and Labrador (-15 per 1000) and Saskatchewan (-11 per 1000). For Newfoundland and Labrador, the decrease was smaller than the rate in the 1996 to 2001 (-70 per 1000) period (table 2.1 and chart 2.1).

The Northwest Territories (110 per 1000), Nunavut (102 per 1000) and the Yukon (59 per 1000) recorded impressive growth rates and for the first time the population living in the three territories surpassed the 100,000 mark (table 2.1 and chart 2.1).

2.1 Age distribution of Canada's population

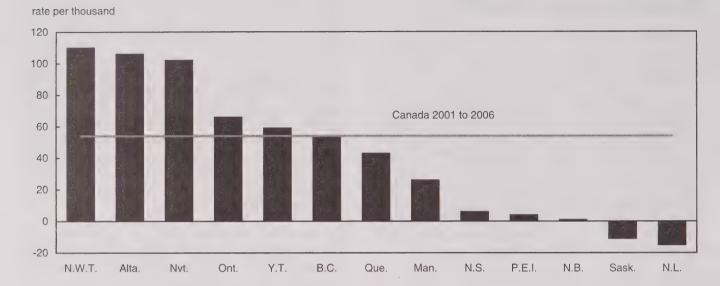
Despite the strong growth rate of Canada's population during the intercensal period, Canada's population, like those of other "G8 countries," is "greying," as the number of people age 65 years and over increases and the number of children declines." In 2006, seniors made up 13.7% (4.3 million seniors) of Canada's population, up from 10.7% twenty years earlier (in 1986) (table 2.3 and chart 2.2). On the other hand, the proportion of the under-15 years population fell to 17.7% (5.6 million), its lowest level ever, down from 21.3% in 1986 (table 2.3 and chart 2.2).

However, the rate of population aging in Canada is slower than in the other G-8 countries, except the United States, where the seniors population is 12.4%. The difference is largely due to the fact that the American fertility rate is higher than the Canadian rate (about 2 children per woman for the U.S., compared with 1.5 for Canada) consequently the proportion of children under 15 years of age is higher in the US than in Canada.²

^{1.} Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 97-550-X March 13th 2007

^{2.} Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 97-550-X March 13th 2007

Chart 2.1
Population change in Canada, Provinces and territories, per 1000 people, from 2001 to 2006



Source(s): Censuses of Population 2001 to 2006.

Declining fertility rates and a steady increase in life expectancy are contributing to the aging of all provincial and territorial populations and this trend is expected to accelerate throughout the country when the first baby-boomers turn 65 years in 2011. There remains significant variation among provinces with respect to the proportion of their population that is under 15 years of age and those 65 years and over. For example, the proportion of people aged 65 and over ranged from 15.4% in Saskatchewan to 2.7% in Nunavut. In 2006, with the exception of Ontario (13.6%) and Alberta (10.7%) all the other provinces recorded higher proportions of their population age 65 years and over than the national average (13.7%) (table 2.3).

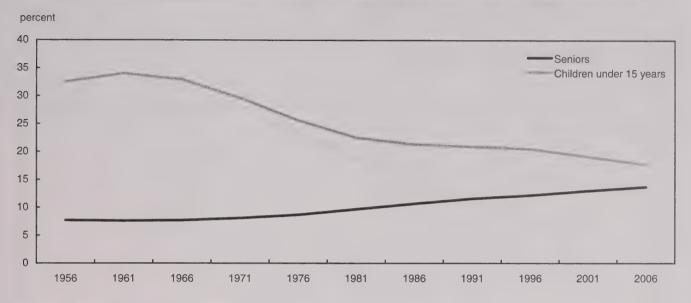
Nationwide, Nunavut with 33.9%, had the highest proportion of its population under 15 years of age, while among the provinces, Manitoba (19.6%) Saskatchewan (19.4%) and Alberta (19.2%) recorded the highest proportions of children age less than 15 years. This is partly attributed to the high fertility rate among the aboriginal populations in these provinces. Compared to other provinces, Ontario and Alberta also remain relatively young, respectively reporting 18.2% and 19.2% of their population as under 15 years of age (table 2.3). This is mainly due to the direct and indirect effects of immigration in Ontario and interprovincial migration in Alberta. Many of these in-migrants (interprovincial and international) are in

working age categories and are more likely to have children. Newfoundland and Labrador, which has the lowest fertility rate in Canada, recorded the lowest percentage (15.5%) of children less than 15 years (table 2.3). Despite these differences, it is clear that the overall age distribution of Canada's population is changing and population is gradually "greying".

2.2 Undergraduate enrolment

The emergence of a global and technologically advanced economy where economic growth is dependent on well-trained workers, has reinforced the important role of education in Canada. Canadians' appreciation of the significance of education is manifested in their increased enrolment in educational Commencing from the latter years of programs. the 1990s to the early 2000s, the number of people enrolled in undergraduate programs has increased steadily. For example, in 2004, 631,923 students were enrolled in undergraduate studies in Canada, up by +2.4% over 2003 figures. However, this growth rate is about a quarter of the 9.6% growth rate experienced from 2002 to 2003 (table 2.7 and chart 2.3). increase in the number of undergraduate entrants is related to the enrolment by a large number of students in the echo boom generation (children born between 1985 and 1995) and the effects of the double cohort of graduates from Ontario secondary schools.

Chart 2.2 Growth in proportion of people age 65 years and over and those under 15 years of age in Canada, 1956 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Census of Population, 1956 to 2006.

Within the last thirty years, young women have gone from lagging behind young men in going to postsecondary education to overtaking them. In 2004, women continued this trend and outnumbered men in full time undergraduate studies, accounting for about 58% of undergraduate enrolment. While women outnumbered men in most of the disciplines, men continued to dominate certain fields like Computer and Information Sciences and Support Services (85%) Engineering (81%) Mathematics and Statistics (56%) Philosophy and Religious studies (54%) Theology and Religious vocations (58%) Physical Sciences (58%) Transportation (52%) and Business Management and Marketing (51%) (table 2.7).

Considering the selected disciplines, provinces in eastern Canada, enrolled a bigger proportion of undergraduates relative to their proportion of the total Canadian population. For example, although Ontario and Quebec accounted for about 62% of the population of Canada, these provinces accounted for about 66% of the undergraduate enrollment in the selected disciplines. The Atlantic provinces enrolled 10% of the undergraduates, despite the fact that they accounted for only 7% of the total Canadian population. On the other hand, relative to their proportion of the Canadian population (30%), the four

western provinces, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia admitted only 24% of students in the selected undergraduate disciplines (table 2.8).

2.3 A Profile of Canadian Families

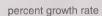
According to Statistics Canada the term "census family" refers to a married couple (with or without children of either or both spouses), a couple living in common-law (with or without children of either or both partners) or a lone parent of any marital status, with at least one child living in the same dwelling.

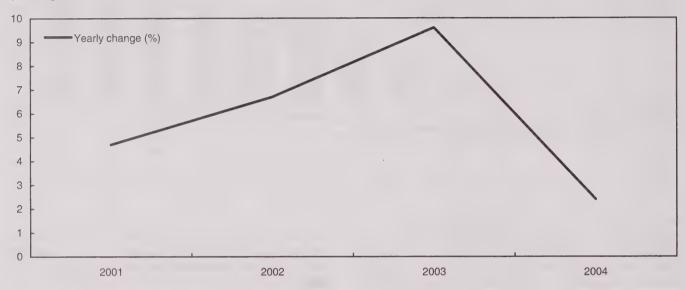
Despite much debate about the fragmentation of traditional values and the declining importance of families, Canadians remain deeply loyal to the idea of family. Consequently, in 2006, more than eight in 10 people (84.0%) lived in census families, which has been a fairly consistent proportion over the past 20 years. There were about 8.9 million census families in Canada in 2006, a +6.3% increase from 2001. In terms of growth of census families, Alberta (+11.5%) recorded the highest provincial increase in the number of census families, followed by Ontario (+7.2%) (table 2.9).

Nationwide, married couple families accounted for 68.6% of census families, while common law and lone parent families accounted for 15.5% and 15.9% respectively (table 2.9). The number of common-law-couple families saw the steepest rise since 2001 (+18.9%), reflecting the greater social

Chart 2.3
Undergraduate enrolment in Canada, 2001 to 2004

acceptance of this family structure. Two decades ago, common-law-couple families accounted for only 7.2% of all census families, while married-couple families represented 80.2% of families and lone-parent families, 12.7%.





Source(s): Postsecondary Student Information System (PSIS) - Centre for Education Statistics.

Among the provinces, Quebec recorded the lowest (54.5%) percentage of married couple families and the highest percentage of common-law families (28.8%). On the other hand, Ontario reported the highest proportion of married couple families (73.9%) and the lowest proportion of common law families. Nationwide, the Territories all combined recorded the lowest percentages of married couple families and the highest percentages of common law and lone parent families (table 2.9).

In a significant turn of events, for the first time in Canadian history, in 2006 there was a higher proportion of census families comprised of couples without children (42.7%) than with children (41.4%) (table 2.5). Twenty years earlier, 52.0% of census families were couples with children while 35.3% were couples without children. This change is partly related to the aging of the population. As the baby boomers age, they experience the "empty nest" syndrome as their already grown up children move out and establish independent households elsewhere. Another factor

contributing to fewer couples with children is the fact that the baby-buster generation are a smaller cohort, with lower fertility rates than the previous cohorts.

Given the important relationship between income and the well-being of family members, especially children, the level of family income is a pertinent variable in determining the welfare of the family. In 2005, the year for which the latest data is available, the average family income in Canada was \$78,400. Among the provinces, only Ontario (\$85,700) and Alberta (\$88,100) surpassed this national average. The largest percentage (41.1%) of families in Canada fell in the \$75,000 and over income bracket, while the lowest percentage of families (1.4%) earned less than \$10,000. However, variation exists among the provinces with respect to the distribution of families in the various income groups. The percentages of families with income of \$75,000 and over ranged from a low of 25.4% in Newfoundland to a high of 50.5% in Alberta. On the other spectrum, families in Saskatchewan (2.8%) were the most likely to have

family income of less than \$10,000 than families in any other province, while families in Prince Edward

Island (0.1%) were the least likely to fall in the less than \$10,000 income category (table 2.12).

Table 2.1 Population of Canada, provinces and territories, 1996, 2001 and 2006 Censuses

	1996	2001	2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006
		thousands		percent
Canada	28,846,761	30,007,094	31,612,897	5.4
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island	551,792 134.557	512,930 135.294	505,469 135,851	-1.5 0.4
Nova Scotia	909.282	908,007	913.462	0.4
New Brunswick	738,133	729,498	729.997	0.0
Quebec	7.138,795	7.237.479	7.546.131	4.3
Ontario	10,753,573	11,410,046	12.160.282	6.6
Manitoba	1,113,898	1,119,583	1.148.401	2.6
Saskatchewan	990,237	978,933	968,157	-1.1
Alberta	2,696,826	2,974,807	3,290,350	10.6
British Columbia	3,724,500	3,907,738	4,113,487	5.3
Yukon Territory	30,766	28,674	30,372	5.9
Northwest Territories	39,672	37,360	41,464	11
Nunavut	24,730	26,745	29,474	10.2

Source(s): Statistics Canada, 1996, 2001, and 2006 Censuses of Population.

Table 2.2 Population by age group, Canada, provinces and territories, Census year 1996, 2001 and 2006

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
Total population							
1996	28,846,760	551.795	134.560	909.285	738,130	7.138.795	10.753.575
2001	30,007,095	512,930	135,295	908,005	729,500	7,237,480	11,410,045
2006	31,612,895	505,465	135,850		729,995		
	31,012,093	505,465	135,650	913,460	729,995	7,546,130	12,160,285
0 to 4 years	4 047 005	00.040					
1996	1,917,825	30,640	9,010	55,855	44,560	455,420	734,170
2001	1,696,280	24,815	7,550	47,455	37,690	375,765	671,250
2006	1,690,540	22,860	6,690	42,040	34,430	375,270	670,770
5 to 9 years							
1996	1,990,010	36,685	9,920	61.995	48.540	456,945	748.070
2001	1,976,135	29.035	9,090	55,840	44,120	457,230	772,650
2006	1,809,370	25,905	7,920	48,145	38,875	398,980	721,590
	1,009,570	25,905	7,920	40,140	30,073	390,900	121,390
10 to 14 years	4.000.440	45.455					
1996	1,993,440	42,465	10,170	62,260	51,510	459,825	731,985
2001	2,053,120	34,910	10,005	61,725	48,290	458,585	788,845
2006	2,079,925	29,460	9,375	56,245	44,945	478,255	818,440
15 to 24 years							
1996	3,857,170	88.375	19.395	123.675	105.970	947.985	1,401,475
2001	4,009,140	73,325	18,955	117.935	97.430	949.480	1.487.835
2006	4,220,875	65,295	18,530	118,210	92.330		
	4,220,075	65,295	18,530	118,210	92,330	947,175	1,630,370
25 to 34 years							
1996	4,498,910	85,040	19,365	137,895	112,680	1,091,385	1,717,045
2001	3,994,940	66,570	16,470	115,215	94,800	921,775	1,558,495
2006	4,005,805	58,370	15,205	105,235	87,495	960,190	1,535,645
35 to 44 years	, , ,	•	,	,	· ·		
1996	4,861,705	91,690	20,760	149,570	122,620	1,239,635	1,779,165
2001	5.101.625	85.200	21.325	152.425	122,170	1.243.980	1,959,520
2006	4,818,730	78,200	19,435	136,660	109,445	1,121,420	1,916,400
45 to 54 years							
1996	3,710,400	72,890	16,940	119,385	96,525	975,995	1,367,770
2001	4,419,290	82,980	20,120	138,280	113,160	1,109,945	1,635,280
2006	4,977,905	85,575	21,070	148,910	120,070	1,232,120	1,861,370
55 to 64 years	· · ·	•					
1996	2.489.460	44,530	11.555	79.545	62.545	650,900	939.795
2001	2.868.015	53.040	13.205	92,565	72,905	760.905	1.064.000
2006		69.540	17,440	119,805	94,760	952.425	1.356.510
	3,674,490	69,540	17,440	119,000	94,700	952,425	1,350,310
65 to 74 years							maa
1996	2,061,935	34,200	9,185	64,780	51,675	519,680	793,465
2001	2,142,835	35,435	9,700	66,650	52,025	547,185	818,170
2006	2,288,360	39,685	10,810	73,300	56,845	583,710	868,190
75 to 84 years							
1996	1,128,835	20,110	6.145	41,680	31,720	264,870	415,725
2001	1,329,810	21,310	6,405	44,410	35,085	318,175	503,930
		22,930	6,685	46,310	36,685	377,300	589,180
2006	1,526,280	22,930	0,000	40,310	30,003	377,300	509,100
85 years and over		- 455	0.106	40.000	0.705	20.450	404.04
1996	337,070	5,160	2,130	12,660	9,780	76,150	124,910
2001	415,905	6,315	2,465	15,505	11,825	94,450	150,075
2006	520,605	7,645	2,690	18,610	14,105	119,285	191,810
Median age							
1996	35.3	34.2	34.7	35.8	35.5	36.2	35.2
2001	37.6	38.4	37.7	38.8	38.6	38.8	37.2
	39.5	41.7	40.8	41.8	41.5	41	39
2006	39.5	41.7	40.0	41.0	41.0	** (38

Table 2.2 – continued

Population by age group, Canada, provinces and territories, Census year 1996, 2001 and 2006

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
Total population							
1996	1,113,895	990.240	2.696.830	3,724,500	30.765	64,405	
2001	1,119,580	978,935	2,974,805	3,907,735	28,670	37,360	26,745
2006	1,148,400	968,155	3,290,350	4,113,485	30,370	41,460	29,475
0 to 4 years							
1996	80,720	70,275	194,230	233,030	2,335	7,570	
2001	70,670	60,940	186,430	205,655	1,690	3,005	3,355
2006	68,100	57,495	202,600	201,880	1,740	3,220	3,430
5 to 9 years	00,100	01,100			1,1.10	0,0	0,.00
1996	82.870	78.020	210.140	247,030	2.500	7,300	
						3.595	2 240
2001	80,350	69,330	208,480	241,055	2,020		3,340
2006	73,835	61,070	204,110	220,700	1,830	3,095	3,315
10 to 14 years							
1996	81,025	80,290	210,115	255,115	2,550	6,130	
2001	82,695	76,960	222,675	259,360	2,320	3,510	3,230
2006	83,235	69,135	224,810	257,020	2,145	3,605	3,260
	05,255	03,133	224,010	251,020	2,140	5,005	3,200
15 to 24 years	450 705	111.050	070 045	100 705	4.005	40.050	
1996	153,785	141,350	376,945	483,785	4,085	10,350	**
2001	153,280	144,240	438,090	514,345	3,930	5,650	4,655
2006	161,575	142,145	489,285	539,465	4,160	6,725	5,615
25 to 34 years							
1996	164,570	134,000	436,065	583,265	5,365	12,230	
2001	143,170	115,125	430,225	518,610	3,855	6,060	4,570
							4,590
2006	140,970	113,180	474,830	499,855	3,785	6,445	4,590
35 to 44 years							
1996	175,255	152,285	479,795	634,785	6,340	9,815	**
2001	177,135	149,330	518,515	656,165	5,600	6,800	3,460
2006	161,740	127,875	506,135	625,480	4,960	6,905	4,070
45 to 54 years		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		,		
1996	132,725	107,440	319,675	490.605	4,285	6,160	
2001	155,715	130,885	420,895	599,710	5,070	4,935	2,330
2006	171,570	146,015	512,205	664,255	5,820	6,150	2,760
55 to 64 years							
1996	90,780	80,960	202,955	321,040	1,945	2,905	
2001	100.155	84,560	241.095	379.745	2,455	2,180	1,215
2006	125,480	101,935	322,970	505,010	3,635	3,345	1,630
65 to 74 years	,	, , , , , ,	022,0.0	000,0.0	0,000	0,0.0	,,,,,,
1996	81,875	75,975	156,550	272,350	935	1 265	
						1,265	400
2001	78,560	72,585	173,190	286,705	1,145	1,055	430
2006	78,930	70,885	189,330	313,400	1,475	1,235	580
75 to 84 years							
1996	52.785	51,950	84,530	158,460	340	510	
2001	56,880	53,890	102,345	186,345	445	445	135
2006	59,045	54,595	121,795	210,365	635	580	180
85 years and over	00,040	04,000	121,733	210,000	000	300	100
	47.505	47.000	05.005	45.005	0.5	405	
1996	17,505	17,680	25,825	45,035	85	165	
2001	20,980	21,090	32,860	60,035	140	140	30
2006	23,910	23,820	42,295	76,050	180	165	45
Median age							
1996	34.7	34.4	33.4	35.9	32.7	25.7	
2001	36.8	36.7	35	38.4	36.1	30.1	22.1
2006	38.1	38.7	36				23.1
2000	30.1	30.7	30	40.8	38.4	31.2	23.1

Source(s): Censuses of Population, 1996, 2001 and 2006.

Table 2.3

Population by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, Census year 2006

	Canada	Newfoundland	Prince	Nova	New	Quebec	Ontario
		and	Edward	Scotia	Brunswick		
		Labrador	Island				
Both sexes	31,612,895	505,465	135,850	913,460	729,995	7,546,130	12,160,285
0 to 4 years	1,690,540	22,860	6,690	42,040	34,430	375,270	670,770
5 to 9 years	1,809,370	25,905	7,920	48,145	38,875	398,980	721,590
10 to 14 years	2,079,925	29,460	9,375	56,245	44,945	478,255	818,440
15 to 24 years	4,220,875	65,295	18,530	118,210	92,330	947,175	1,630,370
25 to 34 years	4,005,805	58,370	15,205	105,235	87,495	960,190	1,535,645
35 to 44 years	4,818,730	78,200	19,435	136,660	109,445	1,121,420	1,916,400
45 to 54 years	4,977,905	85,575	21,070	148,910	120,070	1,232,120	1,861,370
55 to 64 years	3,674,490	69,540	17,440	119,805	94.760	952.425	1,356,510
65 to 74 years	2.288.360	39,685	10,810	73,300	56.845	583,710	868,190
75 to 84 years	1.526.280	22,930	6.685	46.310	36.685	377,300	589,180
85 years and over	520.605	7.645	2,690	18,610	14,105	119,285	191.810
· ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,			
Median age	39.5	41.7	40.8	41.8	41.5	41.0	39.0
Male	15,475,970	245,730	65,595	439,830	355,500	3,687,695	5,930,705
0 to 5 years	864,600	11,650	3,370	21,295	17,555	191,560	343,475
5 to 9 years	926,860	13,240	4,065	24,645	20,065	203,980	369,675
10 to 14 years	1,065,865	15,135	4,830	28,560	23,035	243,600	420,705
15 to 24 years	2,143,235	32,655	9,190	59,245	46,775	480,620	827,630
25 to 34 years	1,963,660	27,645	7,250	49,785	42,295	478,130	742,550
35 to 44 years	2,369,030	37,420	9,360	65,970	53,445	558,910	937,345
45 to 54 years	2,449,095	41,950	10,220	72,165	58,745	607,930	909,730
55 to 64 years	1,806,530	34,435	8,565	58,755	47,085	466,600	662,070
65 to 74 years	1,087,270	19,465	5,215	34,965	27,190	272,110	410,145
75 to 84 years	637,905	9,810	2,780	18,885	15,050	150,560	246,820
85 years and over	161,920	2,320	765	5,565	4,255	33,700	60,555
Median age	38.6	41.3	39.9	41.1	40.7	39.9	38.1
Female	16,136,930	259,735	70,255	473,630	374,495	3,858,435	6,229,580
0 to 5 years	825,940	11,210	3,320	20,750	16.880	183,710	327,290
5 to 9 years	882,515	12,665	3,860	23,500	18.805	195,000	351,920
10 to 14 years	1,014,065	14,325	4,550	27,685	21,910	234.655	397,740
15 to 24 years	2.077.645	32,640	9,340	58,965	45,555	466,550	802.74
25 to 34 years	2.042.145	30,720	7,950	55,450	45,200	482,065	793,10
35 to 44 years	2,449,705	40,775	10.075	70,690	56,000	562,510	979,05
45 to 54 years	2,528,805	43,625	10.850	76,750	61.325	624,195	951,640
55 to 64 years	1,867,960	35,105	8.885	61.050	47.675	485,825	694,440
65 to 74 years	1,201,095	20,220	5,600	38,330	29.660	311.595	458.04
75 to 84 years	888,375	13,120	3,905	27.420	21,640	226.735	342.35
85 years and over	358,685	5,330	1,920	13,050	9,850	85.585	131,260
•	· ·		,			,	
Median age	40.4	42.1	41.6	42.5	42.3	41.9	39.9

Table 2.3 – continued

Population by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, Census year 2006

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
Both sexes	1,148,400	968,155	3,290,350	4,113,485	30,370	41,460	29,475
0 to 5 years	68,100	57,495	202,600	201,880	1,740	3,220	3,430
5 to 9 years	73.835	61,070	204,110	220,700	1.830	3,095	3,315
10 to 14 years	83,235	69,135	224,810	257,020	2,145	3,605	3,260
15 to 24 years	161,575	142,145	489,285	539,465	4,160	6,725	5,615
25 to 34 years	140,970	113,180	474,830	499,855	3,785	6,445	4,590
35 to 44 years	161.740	127,875	506,135	625,480	4.960	6,905	4,070
45 to 54 years	171,570	146,015	512,205	664,255	5,820	6,150	2.760
55 to 64 years	125,480	101,935	322,970	505,010	3,635	3,345	1,630
	78,930	70.885	189,330	313,400	1,475	1,235	580
65 to 74 years	59.045	54,595	121,795	210,365	635	580	180
75 to 84 years							
85 years and over	23,910	23,820	42,295	76,050	180	165	45
Median age	38.1	38.7	36.0	40.8	38.4	31.2	23.1
Male	563,275	475,235	1,646,795	2,013,985	15,280	21,225	15,110
0 to 5 years	34,945	29,395	103,835	103,295	890	1,595	1,745
5 to 9 vears	38,055	31,160	104,605	113,180	940	1,555	1,690
10 to 14 years	42,565	35,405	115,155	132,275	1.095	1,860	1,650
15 to 24 years	81,730	72.255	250,200	274,415	2,185	3,435	2,890
25 to 34 years	69,695	55,740	240,255	243,095	1,740	3,195	2.285
35 to 44 years	79,865	62,425	253,110	303,230	2,360	3,490	2,090
45 to 54 years	85,345	72,985	258,840	323,635	2,915	3,210	1,430
55 to 64 years	61,815	50,805	162,265	249,385	1,955	1,895	900
	37,430	33,890	91,850	153,250	810	635	320
65 to 74 years							
75 to 84 years	24,325	23,525	52,930	92,530	320	275	95
85 years and over	7,500	7,655	13,755	25,690	70	80	25
Median age	37.0	37.5	35.4	40.0	38.8	31.7	23.3
Female	585,125	492,920	1,643,550	2,099,500	15,090	20,235	14,365
Under 5 years	33,155	28,100	98,760	98,590	850	1,625	1,685
5 to 9 years	35,780	29,905	99,510	107,525	885	1,535	1,625
10 to 14 years	40,670	33,725	109,650	124,745	1.055	1,740	1,610
15 to 24 years	79,845	69,895	239,085	265,045	1,975	3,285	2,730
25 to 34 years	71,275	57,440	234,580	256,760	2,045	3,250	2,305
35 to 44 years	81.875	65,455	253,020	322,250	2,595	3.415	1,970
45 to 54 years	86.225	73,030	253,360	340,620	2,910	2.940	1,335
55 to 64 years	63,665	51,130	160,705	255,625	1.680	1,450	730
65 to 74 years	41,495	37,000	97.480	160,145	665	605	265
75 to 84 years	34,720	31,075	68,860	117,830	310	305	85
85 years and over	16,410	16,165	28,535	50,360	110	85	25
Median age	39.3	39.8	36.7	41.5	38.1	30.8	23.0

Source(s): Statistics Canada, census of population, 2006.

Table 2.4 Urban-Rural Population, Canada, provinces and territories

		Total population		
	1996	2001	2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006
		thousands		percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	28,846,761 .551,792 .134,557 .909,282 .738,133 .7,138,795 .10,753,573 .1,113,898 .990,237 .2,696,826 .3,724,500 .30,766 .64,402	30,007,094 512,930 135,294 908,007 729,498 7,237,479 11,410,046 1,119,583 978,933 2,974,807 3,907,738 28,674 37,360 26,745	31,612,897 505,469 135,851 913,462 729,997 7,546,131 12,160,282 1,148,401 968,157 3,290,350 4,113,487 30,372 41,464 29,474	5.4 -1.5 0.4 0.6 0.1 4.3 6.6 2.6 -1.1 10.6 5.3 5.9 11
		Urban		
	1996	2001	2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006
		thousands		percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	22,461,210 313,819 59,460 497,858 360,421 5,597,625 8,958,741 800,063 627,178 2,142,815 3,057,388 18,447 27,395	23,908,211 296,196 60,675 507,009 367,902 5,817,149 9,662,547 805,321 629,036 2,405,160 3,309,853 16,843 21,831 8,689	25,350,743 292,099 61,173 506,932 372,935 6,050,346 10,351,135 820,922 628,913 2,699,851 3,511,300 18,122 24,216 12,799	6.0 -1.4 0.8 0.0 1.4 4.0 7.1 1.9 0.0 12.3 6.1 7.6 10.9 47.3
_	4000	Rural ¹ 2001	2006	Percentage
	1996	2001	2000	change 2001 to 2006
_		thousands		percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	6,385,551 237,973 75,097 411,424 377,712 1,541,170 1,794,832 313,835 363,059 554,011 667,112 12,319 37,007	6,098,883 216,734 74,619 400,998 361,596 1,420,330 1,747,499 314,262 349,897 569,647 597,885 11,831 15,529 18,056	6,262,154 213,370 74,678 406,530 357,062 1,495,785 1,809,147 327,479 339,244 590,499 602,187 12,250 17,248 16,675	2.7 -1.6 0.1 1.4 -1.3 5.3 3.5 4.2 -3.0 3.7 0.7 3.5 11.1

Rural population refers to persons living outside "Urban areas".
 Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.
 Source(s): 1996, 2001 and 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901): A National Overview - Population and Dwelling Counts, catalogue nos. 93-305-X, 93-357-X and 93-360-X.

Table 2.5
Couples in Census Families by presence of children, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006

	All Census families (in lone parents)			Couples (married/common-law) with children age 24 and under		mon-law) and under
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Canada	8.896,840	100	3,680,845	41.4	3,801,940	42.7
Newfoundland and Labrador	155.730	100	61,470	39.5	70,095	45.0
Prince Edward Island	39.185	100	15,905	40.6	16,875	43.1
Nova Scotia	267.415	100	98,215	36.7	123,910	46.3
New Brunswick	217.790	100	81,145	37.3	101,060	46.4
Quebec	2.121.610	100	830,275	39.1	938,510	44.2
Ontario	3.422.320	100	1.492.620	43.6	1,388,980	40.6
Manitoba	312.805	100	128,060	40.9	131,535	42.1
Saskatchewan	267.460	100	104,795	39.2	118,220	44.2
Alberta	904.850	100	395,420	43.7	379,160	41.9
British Columbia	1,161,420	100	460,430	39.6	525,820	45.3
Yukon Territory	8.335	100	3.365	40.4	3,245	38.9
Northwest Territories	10,880	100	5.155	47.4	3,400	31.3
Nunavut	7.035	100	3,970	56.4	1,120	15.9

Note(s): Couples with and without children do not sum to the total of All Census families because lone parents are excluded. Source(s): 2006 Census of Population.

Table 2.6
Number of immigrants, Canada, provinces and territories, 1996, 2001 and 2006

	1996	2001	2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006
		number		percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	4,971,070 8,490 4,395 41,955 24,385 664,495 2,724,490 135,945 52,315 405,145 903,190 3,195 3,075	5,448,480 8,030 4,140 41,320 22,470 706,965 3,030,075 133,660 47,820 438,335 1,009,820 3,020 2,385 445	6,186,950 8,380 4,785 45,190 26,400 851,560 3,398,725 151,230 48,160 527,035 1,119,215 3,010 2,810	13.6 4.4 15.6 9.4 17.5 20.5 12.2 13.1 0.7 20.2 10.8 -0.3

Source(s): Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population.

Table 2.7
Full-time undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)¹ and sex, Canada²

	2001	2002	2003	2004	Grand total
Grand total	528,099	563,535	617,379	631,923	2,340,936
Agriculture, agriculture operations and related sciences total	3,171	3,060	3,099	3,306	12,639
Male full-time student	1,275	1,158	1,158	1,227	4,815
Female full-time student	1,899	1,899	1,944	2,079	7,824
Natural resources and conservation total	5,355	5,166	5,400	5,142	21,066
Male full-time student	2,490	2,379	2,508	2,391	9,771
Female full-time student	2,865	2,784	2,892	2,751	11,295
Architecture and related services total Male full-time student Female full-time student	3,537	3,822	4,068	4,167	15,591
	1,839	1,878	1,995	2,028	7,737
	1,698	1,941	2,073	2,139	7,851
Area, ethnic, cultural and gender studies total	2,922	3,474	4,182	4,767	15,342
Male full-time student	903	1,080	1,239	1,389	4,611
Female full-time student	2,016	2,394	2,943	3,381	10,731
Communication, journalism and related programs total Male full-time student Female full-time student	9,276	10,467	11,640	12,321	43,707
	2,859	3,195	3,399	3,672	13,125
	6,417	7,275	8,241	8,649	30,579
Communications technologies/technicians and support services total Male full-time student Female full-time student	432	444	429	423	1,728
	111	126	132	144	519
	321	318	297	276	1,212
Computer and Information Sciences and Support Services Total Male full-time student Female full-time student	22,176 17,238 4,935	21,261 17,064 4,197	19,782 16,278 3,504	16,251 13,749 2,499	79,467 64,326 15,141
Education total Male full-time student Female full-time student	38,076	38,457	40,419	39,963	156,918
	8,247	8,418	8,898	8,754	34,320
	29,829	30,036	31,521	31,209	122,595
Engineering total Male full-time student Female full-time student	48,912	52,422	54,969	54,552	210,855
	38,616	41,697	44,139	44,196	168,648
	10,296	10,725	10,827	10,356	42,204
Aboriginal and foreign languages, literatures and linguistics total Male full-time student Female full-time student	6,336	7,080	7,920	8,109	29,442
	1,347	1,674	1,959	2,055	7,035
	4,986	5,403	5,961	6,057	22,407
Family and consumer sciences/human sciences total Male full-time student Female full-time student	3,000	3,159	3,828	4,335	14,322
	219	234	333	462	1,245
	2,781	2,925	3,495	3,873	13,077
Legal professions and studies total Male full-time student Female full-time student	10,203	10,473	11,025	11,448	43,146
	4,332	4,476	4,698	4,992	18,498
	5,871	5,997	6,324	6,456	24,645
English language and literature/letters total Male full-time student Female full-time student	14,289	15,108	16,695	18,489	64,584
	3,960	4,170	4,572	5,001	17,703
	10,329	10,935	12,123	13,491	46,881
Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities total Male full-time student Female full-time student	44,535	47,190	53,832	47,745	193,305
	17,148	17,937	19,674	18,288	73,050
	27,384	29,256	34,158	29,460	120,255
Library science total Male full-time student Female full-time student	27	6	9	18	57
	12	0	6	6	27
	15	6	3	12	33
Biological and biomedical sciences total Male full-time student Female full-time student	30,360	31,848	35,859	40,704	138,768
	10,683	11,169	12,831	14,862	49,539
	19,677	20,682	23,028	25,842	89,229
Mathematics and statistics total Male full-time student Female full-time student	6,795	7,428	8,541	8,901	31,665
	3,867	4,203	4,824	5,016	17,913
	2,925	3,225	3,714	3,885	13,752
Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies total Male full-time student Female full-time student	23,160	23,667	27,165	24,825	98,814
	10,473	10,305	11,619	10,626	43,020
	12,687	13,362	15,546	14,199	55,794

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 2.7 - continued Full-time undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)1 and sex, Canada2

	2001	2002	2003	2004	Grand total
Male full-time student Female full-time student	19,614	18,369	19,956	20,946	78,882
	7,719	7,338	7,725	8,331	31,116
	11,892	11,031	12,228	12,612	47,766
Philosophy and religious studies total	4,494	5,043	5,565	6,246	21,351
Male full-time student	2,406	2,766	3,006	3,345	11,523
Female full-time student	2,091	2,277	2,562	2,901	9,828
Theology and religious vocations total	1,467	1,419	1,632	1,578	6,099
Male full-time student	759	780	903	909	3,348
Female full-time student	708	642	729	672	2,751
Physical sciences total	7,212	7,749	8,646	9,405	33,009
Male full-time student	4,263	4,614	5,103	5,490	19,470
Female full-time student	2,949	3,135	3,543	3,915	13,539
Psychology total	25,851	27,795	30,372	32,628	116,649
Male full-time student	5,220	5,610	6,153	6,645	23,628
Female full-time student	20,631	22,185	24,219	2 5,983	93,021
Security and protective services total	330	462	519	849	2,157
Male full-time student	147	219	231	384	981
Female full-time student	180	240	291	465	1,176
Public administration and social service professions total	7,764	8,220	8,718	8,937	33,639
Male full-time student	1,128	1,293	1,404	1,413	5,235
Female full-time student	6,636	6,927	7,317	7,524	28,404
Social sciences total	46,623	51,447	57,582	61,758	217,410
Male full-time student	19,629	21,645	24,351	25,959	91,581
Female full-time student	26,994	29,805	33,228	35,796	125,826
Transportation and materials moving total	60	63	72	75	270
Male full-time student	36	39	45	39	162
Female full-time student	24	24	27	36	108
Visual and performing arts total	20,085	21,501	24,360	25,692	91,638
Male full-time student	6,840	7,245	8,076	8,517	30,681
Female full-time student	13,245	14,256	16,284	17,175	60,957
Health professions and related clinical sciences total	31,353	34,755	38,640	40,905	145,653
Male full-time student	7,395	7,938	8,301	8,769	32,400
Female full-time student	23,961	26,817	30,336	32,139	113,256
Business, management, marketing and related support services total	65,469	72,783	80,784	83,652	302,685
Male full-time student	31,998	35,964	40,587	42,939	151,488
Female full-time student	33,471	36,819	40,194	40,716	151,200
History total	10,191	11,658	13,554	15,525	50,919
Male full-time student	5,064	5,655	6,447	7,524	24,687
Female full-time student	5,124	6,000	7,107	8,001	26,235
French language and literature/letters total	4,038	3,957	4,206	4,470	16,671
Male full-time student	696	714	705	795	2,913
Female full-time student	3,342	3,243	3,498	3,672	13,755
Dental, medical and veterinary residency programs total	582	618	705	780	2,682
Male full-time student	201	192	234	240	870
Female full-time student	378	426	474	537	1,815
Other instructional program total	10,419	13,167	13,206	13,008	49,800
Male full-time student	4,200	5,121	5,331	5,451	20,103
Female full-time student	6,222	8,046	7,875	7,554	29,697

^{1.} Not all possible programs are included in the table.

Note(s): Figures may not add up because of the exclusion of the "sex unknown" category in the table or because of rounding. Source(s): Postsecondary Student Information System (PSIS) - Centre for Education Statistics.

^{2.} All frequencies are randomly rounded to a multiple of 3 using the following procedure: (a) Frequencies which are a multiple of 3 are not adjusted. (b) Frequencies one greater than a multiple of 3 are adjusted to the lower multiple of 3 with a probability of two-thirds and to the upper multiple of 3 with a probability of one-third. The probabilities are reversed for frequencies one less than a multiple of 3.

Table 2.8
Full-time undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)¹ and sex, Canada and provinces, 2004²

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia
Grand total	631,923	10,245	3,273	31,428	18,402	125,223	290,736	25,434	21,570	53,961	51,645
Agriculture, agriculture operations											
and related sciences	3,306	0	0	303	0	771	990	321	438	408	72
Male full-time student	1,227	. 0	0	114	0	288	252	201	189	159	24
Female full-time student	2,079	0	0	192	0	486	738	123	249	249	51
Natural resources and											
conservation	5,142	72	0	162	216	555	2,709	162	69	405	798
Male full-time student	2,391	30	0	57	156	264	1,137	54	27	210	459
emale full-time student	2,751	42	0	105	63	291	1,575	105	39	195	342
Architecture and related services	4,167	0	3	135	0	1,521	2,133	294	39	0	45
Male full-time student	2,028	0	0	72	0	681	1,110	114	24	Ō	24
emale full-time student	2,139	0	0	60	0	840	1,023	180	15	0	21
Area, ethnic, cultural and gender											
studies	4,767	9	3	135	21	360	2,838	153	219	687	342
Male full-time student	1,389	6	Ö	39	6	141	774	33	57	231	102
emale full-time student	3,381	3	3	99	15	219	2,061	123	159	456	240
Communication iournalism and											
Communication, journalism and related programs	12,321	0	12	351	162	4,776	6,225	21	144	9	618
Male full-time student	3,672	0	6	72	54	1,236	2,070	3	48	6	186
Female full-time student	8,649	0	9	276	111	3,543	4,152	21	96	6	435
Communications technologies,											
technicians and support services	423	0	0	0	0	423	0	0	0	0	0
Male full-time student	144	0	0	0	0	144	0	0	0	0	0
Female full-time student	276	0	0	0	0	276	0	0	0	0	0
Computer and information											
sciences and support	16.051	120	26	640	507	2 457	8,256	333	405	1 502	1 002
services Male full-time student	16,251 13,749	120 108	36 30	648 570	444	2,457 2,139	6,906	300	354	1,503 1,284	1,983 1,617
Female full-time student	2,499	12	3	81	63	315	1,353	33	54	219	369
Education	39,963	867	177	864	1,722	15,654	9,294	2,016	2,229	4,482	2,664
Male full-time student Female full-time student	8,754 31,209	165 702	42 132	204 657	318 1,404	3,072 12,582	2,235 7,056	492 1,527	555 1,671	1,017 3,465	654 2,010
Engineering	54,552	1,239	90	1,314	1,569	13,737	25,266	927	1,917	5,424	3,069
Male full-time student	44,196	999	78	1,077	1,362	11,319	20,199	774	1,542 375	4,335 1,089	2,514 558
Female full-time student	10,356	240	12	237	207	2,421	5,067	153	3/5	1,009	220
Aboriginal and foreign languages,											
literatures and linguistics	8,109	75	3	177	138	2,676	3,855	126	84	534	441
Male full-time student	2,055	21	0	54	33	720	930	. 42	24	132	99
Female full-time student	6,057	54	3	123	105	1,959	2,922	84	60	402	342
Family and consumer sciences											
and human sciences	4,335	0	75	489	81	702	1,512	288	0	498	690
Male full-time student	462	0	3	24	6	87	144	15	0	57	129
emale full-time student	3,873	0	72	462	78	615	1,368	276	0	441	561
Legal professions and studies	11,448	0	0	477	327	3,405	4,998	261	345	714	918
Male full-time student	4,992	0	0	243	150	1,254	2,280	138	168	342	420
Female full-time student	6,456	0	0	237	174	2,151	2,718	123	177	372	501
English language and literature											
and letters	18,489	546	150	852	369	792	11,571	450	558	1,548	1,662
Male full-time student	5,001	147	33	252	99	303	3,018	129	138	447	438
Female full-time student	13,491	402	114	597	270	486	8,553	321	420	1,101	1,224
Theretare and adjusted account											
Liberal arts and sciences, general	47,745	948	396	4,026	3,708	3,093	17,622	3,441	516	4,020	9,984
studies and humanities Male full-time student	18,288	333	153	1,623	1,398	1,221	6,702	1,311	189	1,611	3,747
Female full-time student	29,460	612	243	2,403	2,307	1,872	10,917	2,127	327	2,409	6,237
Library science	18	3	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0
Male full-time student	6	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0
Female full-time student	12	3	0	U	U	0	U	U	0	U	U
Biological and biomedical											
sciences	40,704	609	270	1,554	675	5,343	21,585	657	1,047	5,166	3,795
Male full-time student	14,862	207	84	495	237	2,022	7,701	228	372	2,058	1,455 2,340
Female full-time student	25,842	402	186	1,056	441	3,321	13,884	429	675	3,111	

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 2.8 – continued

Full-time undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)¹ and sex, Canada and provinces, 2004²

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia
Mathematics and statistics Male full-time student Female full-time student	8,901	162	24	255	48	903	5,910	141	126	924	411
	5,016	84	15	126	30	555	3,357	63	60	510	213
	3,885	78	6	126	18	348	2,550	75	69	414	198
Multidisciplinary and interdisciplinary studies Male full-time student Female full-time student	24,825	657	276	2,247	1,047	2,643	8,811	2,415	147	2,028	4,557
	10,626	324	114	918	420	891	3,699	1,023	84	915	2,241
	14,199	333	162	1,332	624	1,749	5,112	1,392	60	1,113	2,319
Parks, recreation, leisure and fitness studies Male full-time student Female full-time student	20,946	276	0	1,284	699	1,899	12,252	432	834	1,983	1,284
	8,331	147	0	546	330	834	4,536	207	357	825	555
	12,612	129	0	741	369	1,065	7,716	228	474	1,158	729
Philosophy and religious studies	6,246	69	30	195	114	921	3,930	126	135	435	300
Male full-time student	3,345	39	15	114	54	564	1,977	75	78	249	186
Female full-time student	2,901	27	15	78	63	354	1,956	54	60	183	111
Theology and religious vocations Male full-time student Female full-time student	1,578	0	0	75	171	147	624	51	114	171	228
	909	0	0	39	111	102	303	33	51	117	150
	672	0	0	36	60	45	318	21	60	54	81
Physical sciences Male full-time student Female full-time student	9,405	195	108	624	183	1,419	3,516	162	405	1,818	975
	5,490	114	45	351	105	912	2,013	87	228	1,041	597
	3,915	81	63	273	81	507	1,503	72	174	774	381
Psychology	32,628	423	216	1,587	657	5,598	17,454	978	984	2,964	1,764
Male full-time student	6,645	96	42	357	141	1,050	3,381	267	207	702	399
Female full-time student	25,983	327	171	1,230	519	4,551	14,073	711	777	2,262	1,368
Security and protective services Male full-time student Female full-time student	849	30	0	9	0	153	258	159	234	9	0
	384	12	0	3	0	78	90	63	135	3	0
	465	15	0	9	0	72	171	93	99	3	0
Public administration and social service professions Male full-time student Female full-time student	8,937	123	15	534	489	2,589	3,228	420	633	360	543
	1,413	12	3	213	60	387	480	54	102	36	69
	7,524	111	12	324	429	2,205	2,748	366	531	324	477
Social sciences	61,758	771	201	2,418	825	10,230	35,235	1,485	1,602	4,857	4,131
Male full-time student	25,959	261	75	990	363	4,953	13,887	738	663	2,241	1,785
Female full-time student	35,796	510	126	1,425	462	5,277	21,348	747	942	2,619	2,349
Transportation and materials moving Male full-time student Female full-time student	75 39 36	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	75 39 36	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0
Visual and performing arts	25,692	330	21	1,176	342	5,826	12,969	804	612	2,025	1,581
Male full-time student	8,517	111	6	399	117	2,199	3,996	297	255	651	486
Female full-time student	17,175	219	15	777	225	3,627	8,976	510	360	1,374	1,098
Health professions and related clinical sciences Male full-time student Female full-time student	40,905 8,769 32,139	1,215 189 1,023	474 66 411	2,520 468 2,052	1,446 168 1,275	10,929 2,529 8,400	14,556 2,973 11,583	1,734 438 1,293	1,767 453 1,311	4,104 855 3,249	2,160 621 1,539
Business, management, marketing and related support services Male full-time student Female full-time student	83,652 42,939 40,716	1,086 489 597	546 315 228	5,025 2,838 2,190	2,472 1,302 1,173	22,260 10,881 11,379	38,142 20,070 18,072	1,590 864 726	2,805 1,368 1,434	5,679 2,829 2,850	4,044 1,980 2,064
History Male full-time student Female full-time student	15,525	201	126	870	291	1,860	9,579	432	306	951	900
	7,524	96	51	420	141	1,083	4,458	210	150	504	411
	8,001	108	78	453	153	777	5,121	222	159	447	489
French language and literature and letters Male full-time student Female full-time student	4,470 795 3,672	219 39 183	24 3 24	156 21 135	81 9 72	1,443 423 1,020	1,956 234 1,722	117 15 102	45 3 42	243 30 213	183 21 162

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 2.8 - continued

Full-time undergraduate enrolment, by selected Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)1 and sex, Canada and provinces, 20042

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia
Dental, medical and veterinary											
residency programs	780	0	0	141	0	0	639	0	0	0	0
Male full-time student	240	0	0	60	0	0	183	0	0	0	0
Female full-time student	537	0	0	78	0	0	456	0	0	0	0
Other instructional program	13,008	0	0	825	48	114	2.763	4,938	2.817	12	1,491
Male full-time student	5,451	0	0	336	24	84	1,128	2.250	1.062	6	561
Female full-time student	7,554	0	0	489	21	30	1,638	2.688	1.752	6	933

^{1.} Not all possible programs are included in the table.

Note(s): Figures may not add up because of the exclusion of the "sex unknown" category in the table or because of rounding. Source(s): Postsecondary Student Information System (PSIS) - Centre for Education Statistics.

Census families by structure, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut
						thousand	ds					
Structure												
Total couple families	7,482.8	131.6	32.8	222.1	182.2	1,768.8	2,881.6	259.6	223.0	774.6	986.3	20.3
Families of married couples	6,105.9	114.6	28.7	187.4	151.2	1,156.9	2,530.6	225.9	194.2	658.9	844.4	13.1
Without children at home	2,662.1	53.2	12.9	91.1	73.4	555.9	1,008.6	100.5	95.4	279.0	387.8	4.4
With children at home	3,443.8	61.5	15.8	96.3	77.8	601.0	1,522.0	125.4	98.8	379.9	456.7	8.7
Families of common-law												
couples	1,376.9	16.9	4.1	34.7	31.0	611.9	351.0	33.7	28.9	115.7	141.8	7.2
Without children at home	758.7	8.8	2.4	21.1	17.9	298.0	209.3	19.1	15.4	72.3	91.6	2.9
With children at home	618.2	8.2	1.7	13.6	13.1	313.8	141.7	14.6	13.4	43.4	50.2	4.3
Lone-parent families	1,414.1	24.2	6.4	45.3	35.6	352.8	540.7	53.2	44.4	130.3	175.2	6.0
Female parent	1,132.3	19.7	5.3	37.3	29.2	274.9	441.1	42.9	35.2	102.6	139.8	4.4
Male parent	281.8	4.4	1.1	8.0	6.4	77.9	99.6	10.3	9.3	27.7	35.4	1.6

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901).

All frequencies are randomly rounded to a multiple of 3 using the following procedure: (a) Frequencies which are a multiple of 3 are not adjusted.

⁽b) Frequencies one greater than a multiple of 3 are adjusted to the lower multiple of 3 with a probability of two-thirds and to the upper multiple of 3 with a probability of one-third. The probabilities are reversed for frequencies one less than a multiple of 3.

Table 2.10 Household living arrangements, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006

Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		t	housands			
31,074.4	499.1	133.3	899.8	716.9	7,396.3	11,981.2
4.961.0	61.1	18.8	148.2	107.7	1.332.4	1.700.3
	10.2		17.3	12.5	132.4	258.9
						336.5
						1,104.9
						10.280.9
, and the second second						
2.9	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0
4.011.9	65.5	18.4	129.8	100.3	977.6	1,536.5
1,406.9	21.0	6.3	47.3	34.9	369.5	513.5
					44.0	94.5
					20.1	23.7
						395.2
						1,023.0
2,005.0	44.5	12.1	62.5	05.4	000.1	1,023.0
Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
			thousands			
1,119.5	945.9	3,228.1	4,054.6	29.9	40.7	29.2
182 9	158.3	531.8	704.8	5.8	6.1	3.0
						0.9
						0.6
128.3	111.3	308.7	460.6	3.9	3.1	1.4
			400.0	3.3		
			2 240 0	04.4		
936.7	787.6	2,696.3	3,349.8	24.1	34.6	20.2
			3,349.8 2.9	24.1 2.9	34.6 3.2	
936.7	787.6	2,696.3				3.7
936.7 3.0 150.1	787.6 2.9 137.6	2,696.3 3.0 325.4	2.9 566.1	2.9 2.2	3.2 1.8	3.7 0.8
936.7 3.0 150.1 56.9	787.6 2.9 137.6 51.6	2,696.3 3.0 325.4 108.9	2.9 566.1 195.3	2.9 2.2 0.9	3.2 1.8 0.7	3.7 0.8 0.2
936.7 3.0 150.1 56.9 5.2	787.6 2.9 137.6 51.6 3.3	2,696.3 3.0 325.4 108.9 14.3	2.9 566.1 195.3 30.2	2.9 2.2 0.9 0.1	3.2 1.8 0.7 0.2	3.7 0.8 0.2 0.1
936.7 3.0 150.1 56.9 5.2 1.6	787.6 2.9 1 37.6 51.6 3.3 1.6	2,696.3 3.0 325.4 108.9 14.3 6.2	2.9 566.1 195.3 30.2 10.3	2.9 2.2 0.9 0.1 0.0	3.2 1.8 0.7 0.2 0.0	26.2 3.7 0.8 0.2 0.1 0.0
936.7 3.0 150.1 56.9 5.2	787.6 2.9 137.6 51.6 3.3	2,696.3 3.0 325.4 108.9 14.3	2.9 566.1 195.3 30.2	2.9 2.2 0.9 0.1	3.2 1.8 0.7 0.2	3.7 0.8 0.2 0.1
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Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901).

Table 2.11 Household Type and Household Size for Private Households of Canada, provinces, and the territories

	Total		Fa	milies by size			Persons	Average
	families -	2	3	4	5	6+	in families	size of family
Structure and area								
Total families 1	8,651,335	3,793,585	1,918,950	1,855,570	740,095	343,135	26,727,405	3.1
Couple families Lone-parent families	6,806,190 1,114,220	3,122,715 670,870	1,401,875 325,970	1,579,355 88.980	537,760 21.585	164,480 6,815	20,503,770 2,827,215	3 2.5
Other families 2	730,930	070,070	191,105	187,240	180,745	171,835	3,396,415	4.6
Newfoundland and Labrador	450.000	00.045	00.405	04.005	0.045	0.070	447.505	2.9
Total families Couple families	152,030 121,240	68,815 56,850	39,165 30,130	31,835 26,775	9,345 6,195	2,870 1,285	447,535 350,200	2.9
Lone-parent families	18,860	11,970	5,350	1,310	200	30	46,420	2.5
Other families	11,935	0	3,680	3,745	2,945	1,560	50,915	4.3
Prince Edward Island	38,580	17,505	8.675	7.815	3,430	1,155	116,670	3
Total families Couple families	30,915	14,410	6,260	6,660	2,800	780	93,080	3
Lone-parent families	5,245	3,090	1,600	485	60	10	13,280	2.5
Other families	2,420	0	815	670	570	365	10,315	4.3
Nova Scotia Total families	262.455	126.725	60.730	51.110	17.980	5.905	767.785	2.9
Couple families	207,625	104,535	43,865	42,440	13,395	3,380	598,740	2.9
Lone-parent families	35,740	22,190	9,930	2,900	530	185	89,590	2.5
Other families	19,090	0	6,935	5,765	4,055	2,340	79,455	4.2
New Brunswick Total families	213,400	102.745	50.210	42,335	13,885	4,225	621,700	2.9
Couple families	170,180	84,795	37.015	35,780	10,185	2,405	489,800	2.9
Lone-parent families	28,050	17,950	7,855	1,810	355	75	68,940	2.5
Other families	15,170	0	5,340	4,740	3,350	1,745	62,960	4.2
Quebec Total families	2.094.900	999,420	482,925	416,960	144.540	51.050	6.168.350	2.9
Couple families	1,678,895	809,800	356,505	365,220	115,475	31,895	4,928,915	2.9
Lone-parent families	301,660	189,620	85,980	20,480	4,440	1,140	748,485	2.5
Other families	114,340	0	40,440	31,260	24,630	18,015	490,950	4.3
Ontario Total families	3.301,130	1.327.225	733.545	763.420	320.355	156,575	10,542,660	3.2
Couple families	2,559,950	1,084,255	535,770	647,320	224,615	67,990	7,920,925	3.1
Lone-parent families	415,645	242,970	124,995	35,760	9,105	2,810	1,067,465 1,554,275	2.6 4.8
Other families	325,535	0	72,780	80,340	86,640	85,775	1,554,275	4.0
Manitoba Total families	304.820	135,030	63,300	63,610	27,625	15,255	956,425	3.1
Couple families	241,300	111,940	45,655	53,765	21,555	8,385	738,755	3.1
Lone-parent families	40,795	23,090	11,955	3,880	1,250	610	107,815	2.6 4.8
Other families	22,725	0	5,685	5,960	4,815	6,255	109,850	4.0
Saskatchewan Total families	261.795	124,765	50.835	50,980	23,355	11,860	802,980	3.1
Couple families	211,545	105,830	36,825	43,445	18,390	7,055	633,135	3
Lone-parent families	33,410	18,930	9,125	3,490	1,360	510	89,345	2.7
Other families	16,840	0	4,890	4,050	3,610	4,295	80,500	4.8
Alberta Total families	881,145	376,140	189,295	193,745	81,940	40.020	2.768.210	3.1
Couple families	704,480	319,185	138,495	164,270	60,665	21,865	2,154,165	3.1
Lone-parent families	96,215	56,950	28,220	8,000	2,210	835	246,960	2.6 4.6
Other families	80,450	0	22,580	21,480	19,065	17,325	367,080	4.0
British Columbia Total families	1,116,360	506,845	234,855	228,420	94,745	51,495	3,447,320	3.1
Couple families	862,815	424,895	167,895	189,495	62,475	18,050	2,537,425	2.9
Lone-parent families	134,650	81,945	39,770	10,455	1,940	545	338,270	2.5 4.8
Other families	118,895	0	27,195	28,470	30,335	32,910	571,630	4.8

Source(s): Statistics Canada, census of population, 2006.

Figures for "Total Families" may not add up due Rounding.
 "Other families" households refers to one census family households with additional persons and to multiple census families, with or without additional persons. In 2001, this category was called 'multiple household' and did not include one family households with additional persons.

Table 2.12
Percentage distribution of families, by income groups, Canada and provinces, 2005

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia
					£	ercent					
ncome group (in											
constant 2005 dollars		4.0	0.4	0.5	4.4	0.0	4.4	1.5	2.8	1.2	2.3
Jnder \$10,000	1.4	1.6	0.1	0.5	1.4	0.8	1.4 1.7		2.0 1.6	1.1	1.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1.7	2.5	1.2	1.6	3.3	1.9		1.3			
\$15,000 to \$19,999	2.6	3.9	2.4	3	3.8	2.9	2.5	2.9	3.4	2	1.9
\$20,000 to \$29,999	9.1	16.9	11	11.7	11.4	11.5	7.8	9.6	10.2	5.7	8.9
\$30,000 to \$39,999	10.1	15.4	13.2	12.7	√ 13.1	11.8	8.6	9.5	12.1	8.5	10.3
\$40,000 to \$44,999	5.1	4.8	8.5	5.3	7.4	5.7	4.7	5.8	4.1	5.2	4.9
\$45,000 to \$49,999	5	4.9	7.6	6	7.3	5.2	4.5	5.5	6.4	4.6	5.3
\$50,000 to \$54,999	5	6.5	6.2	7.4	5.8	5.9	4.2	5.7	5	4.6	5.2
\$55.000 to \$59.999	4.8	5.6	8.2	4.7	6.3	5.8	4.2	6.1	4.9	3.8	4.7
\$60,000 to \$64,999	5.2	5.7	4.7	4.9	4.8	5.8	5.4	5.9	4.3	4.3	4.4
\$65,000 to \$69,999	4.5	2.9	6.5	4.8	3.4	4.5	4.5	4.6	3.7	4.5	5.1
\$70,000 to \$74,999	4.4	3.9	3.5	5.4	3.4	4.2	4.3	5.1	4.4	3.9	5.1
\$75,000 and more	41.1	25.4	26.9	32.1	28.6	33.9	46.3	36.4	37.2	50.5	40.3
Average	78,400	60,200	62,600	68,000	61,700	69,800	85,700	71,600	70,700	88,100	77,100
Median	64,900	49,500	55,000	57,100	52,000	58,800	70,800	61,300	59,200	75,800	65,300

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (survey 3889).

Section 3

Labour market and Income statistics

3.1 Labour force statistics

The LFS plays a central role in the national statistical system and is one of STC's mission critical surveys. It provides official estimates of labour market conditions, which are among the most timely and important measures of the overall performance of the Canadian economy. The key estimates published monthly include the unemployment rates and employment totals at national, provincial and subprovincial levels. The LFS is the largest monthly household survey conducted by STC, and its survey frame, sample and processing systems support a wide and expanding range of other household surveys.

Canada's labour force increased by 250,200 people (+1.4%) from about 17.3 million in 2005 to about 17.6 million in 2006. This growth rate is 0.5% higher than the increase recorded from 2004 to 2005 (0.9%) but lower than the 2.9% rise experienced from 2001 to 2002. Between 2002 and 2006, about 1 million people joined the labour force in Canada. The increases in the labour force were powered by the increased entry of older people into the labour force. Importantly, the biggest increases in labour force participation were in the older age categories (55 years and over) among women. For example, from 2005 to 2006, females 55 years and over (+7.8%) saw important increases in their numbers entering the labour force. Males 65-69 (+4.2%) also experienced increases in their numbers in 2006 (table 3.4 and chart 3.1). The increase in the number of older workers in the labour force reflects both their increasing share of the population and growing attachment to the labour force.

In 2006, the gender composition of the labour force remained at 53% male and 47% female, with the number of females growing at +2.4% compared to +1.5% growth in the number of males. This increased entry of women in the labour force is a long established pattern which has caused the percentage of men to women in the labour force to change from 62%

male versus 38% female 30 years ago to its present proportion.

In 2006, about 16.5 million people were employed, while about another 1.1 million people were unemployed (table 3.1). Continuing with what has become a recent trend, new full-time positions accounted for most of the job growth. Full time employment grew by 2.3% or +303,500 people to reach 13.5 million, while part time employment grew by 11,200 (or +0.4%) to about 3 million people (table 3.1), mainly due to increases in numbers of older workers.

3.1.1 Unemployment

In 2006, job growth outstripped growth in the labour force, pushing joblessness to decline for the third year in a row. The number of unemployed people declined by 5.5 % (64,400 people), from 1.2 million to about 1.1 million people. Correspondingly, the unemployment rate dropped to 6.3% from the previous year's 6.8%, the lowest rate in over 30 years. People age 25 years and over experienced the biggest decline -7.0% versus -6.5% recorded by those people age 15-24. Males also experienced an impressive decline of 7.1%, compared to a 6.2% decline in unemployment among females (table 3.1). However, part of the overall decline in unemployment numbers can also be related to an increase in the number of people not in the labour force, which increased by 1.5% (from 8.5 million to 8.6 million people), making it the third year in a row that the number of people not in the labour force has increased (table 3.1).

3.1.2 Participation rates

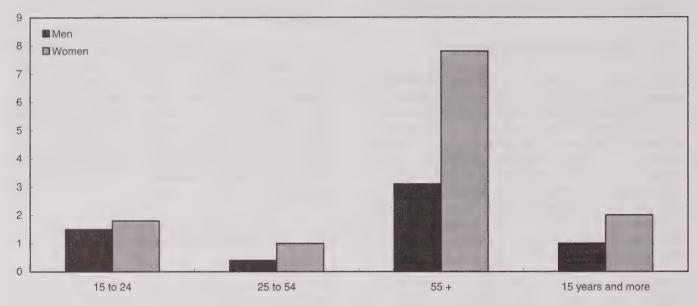
Although unemployment declined in 2006, the total participation rate for Canada remained unchanged at 67.2%. However, male participation rate dropped slightly by 0.3% from 72.8% to 72.5%, while female participation increased by 0.3% during the same period. Among the provinces, Alberta had the highest participation rates for both males (79.6%) and females

(67.0%) while Newfoundland registered the lowest rates for both males (63.2%) and females (55.4%). Saskatchewan recorded by far the biggest increase

in female participation rate (+1.4%) while Nova Scotia recorded the biggest drop in male participation (-1.2%) (table 3.3).

Chart 3.1 Growth of labour force, by selected age groups and sex, Canada, 2006

percent



Source(s): Labour force historical review on CD-ROM, catalogue no. 71F0004XCB (table CD1T01AN). Related CANSIM table 282-0002.

3.1.3 Self-employment

Although the number of self-employed females increased by 10,600 from 2005 to 2006, there was a decline in the total number of people who were self-employed from 2,511,600 in 2005 to 2,498,000 (-0.5%) in 2006. Much of this drop was due to a drop of 24,200 in the number of males who were self employed (table 3.1).

3.2 Employment by industry

Overall, in 2006, there were 16.5 million people employed in all industries in Canada, representing a +1.9% (or +314,600 people) increase over the previous year's figures. Much of this increase emanates from a surge in employment in the services sector by 333,100 people from 12.2 million to 12.5 million (or +2.7%) in 2006 (table 3.2). The strength of the growth in employment in the service sector varied from industry

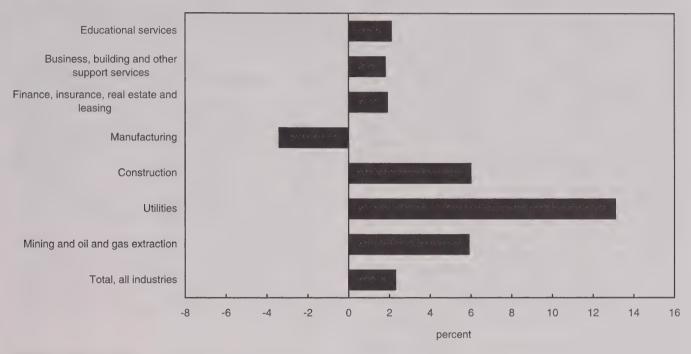
Although the goods producing sector as a whole experienced a slight decline in employment numbers, it was another banner year for the resource sector and the construction industry. The highest employment growth rate in the economy was recorded in the Mining, Oil and Gas extraction sector (+7.7%). Construction also registered a +4.9% increase in employment. Although Construction growth was supported by Alberta's continuing investment boom, strong gains were also posted in British Columbia to support the infrastructure for trade with Asia and the beginning of construction for the 2010 Winter Olympics. 1 However, Manufacturing continued its employment decline for the second year in a row. Employment in this industry declined by 89,700 jobs (-4.1%) from about 2.2 million to about 2.1million jobs. This industry together with Utilities, which also lost 3,300 jobs (-2.6%) were the

to industry. Business, building and other support services (5.4%) Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Leasing (+5.3) and Educational Services (+4.7%) reported the strongest growth in this sector (table 3.2 and chart 3.2).

P Cross. Emerging Patterns in the Labour Market: A Reversal from the 1990s. Canadian Economic Observer February 2006. Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 11-010.

only industries that lost jobs in the economy (table 3.2 and chart 3.2).

Chart 3.2 Percentage change in employment by selected industries, Canada, 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada - Labour Statistics Division, Labour Force Survey and CANSIM table 280-0008.

3.3 Employment by occupational category

In 2006, Sales and Service occupations continue to account for the largest share of workers in the Canadian economy, recording a total of about 3.9 million workers, an addition of 58,500 workers (+1.5%) over the 2005 total, but, Social Science, Education, Government Service and Religious occupations registered the strongest growth rate (+4.1%) among all occupations, followed by Management occupations (+3.9%). However, Business, Finance and Administrative occupations registered the biggest net job gain (+90,200) in the economy between 2005 and 2006 (table 3.6).

Occupations unique to Processing, Manufacturing and Utilities continued to decline for the third year in a row (-5.7%) and experienced the most net loss of jobs (-62,000) (table 3.6).

3.4 Personal income

Personal income in Canada rose to almost \$1.1 trillion in 2006, a \$407.5 billion increase over the previous 10 years. Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income account for 67.4% of total personal income, followed by transfers from government (13.1%) and interests, dividends and miscellaneous investment receipts (11.3%). The rest is made up of unincorporated business net income, current transfers from corporations and current transfers from non-residents (table 3.8).

Personal disposable income grew by +6.4% to \$842 billion in 2006, an increase of \$50.8 billion over 2005. However, growth rates across the country varied, with Newfoundland and Labrador (+23.1%) witnessing the highest growth rate in personal disposable income and Saskatchewan (+3.9%) the lowest in the country (table 3.9).

Ontario continues to account for the biggest share of personal disposable income in Canada (\$336 billion

or about 40% of total national personal disposable income), followed by Quebec (\$178 billion or 21.1%). Among the provinces, together, the Atlantic Provinces had the lowest personal disposable income ranging from Prince Edward Island's \$3 billion to Nova Scotia's \$21.5 billion (table 3.9).

The disposable income per capita nationwide increased by +5.4% (from \$24,505 to \$25,819). The biggest growth was seen in Newfoundland and Labrador from \$20,229 to \$25,118 (+24.2%). However, nationally, the Northwest Territories recorded the highest per capita disposable income (\$37,410) Provincially, followed by the Yukon at \$35,416. Alberta, which posted a +9.2% increase in its personal disposable income per person (\$32,506) had the highest per capita disposable income, followed by Ontario (\$26,483) and then Quebec (\$23,267). The Atlantic provinces recorded the lowest personal disposable income per capita in the country. The lowest per capita disposable income in this region was recorded by Prince Edward Island at \$21,578, while Nova Scotia and New Brunswick recorded personal disposable income per capita incomes of \$23,238 and \$22,724 respectively (table 3.10).

Nationwide, Newfoundland and Labrador (+39%) saw the highest increase in its personal disposable income per capita from 2002-2006, followed by Alberta (+29.3%), and Saskatchewan (+21.1%) (table 3.10).

3.5 Average weekly earnings by industry

Extensive information on the total number of paid employees, payrolls and hours at detailed industrial, provincial and territorial levels is available from the Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH). Nationally, Information and Cultural industries posted the biggest growth in average weekly earnings (+5.9%) followed by Management of Companies and Enterprises (+4.5%) and the Forestry, Logging and Support, and Accommodation and Food Services industries both recorded a +4.4% growth rate (table 3.13).

The Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction Industry continues to be the highest average weekly paid industry, with an average weekly pay of \$1,345.58, while the Accommodation and Food Services industry recorded the lowest average weekly pay of \$304.36.

Nationwide, employees in the Mining and Oil and Gas extraction industry in Alberta recorded the highest average weekly earnings in the country (\$1,462.72) followed by those in British Columbia (\$1,378.31). The lowest paid employees in the Accommodation and Food Services industry were in Prince Edward Island, in 2006, (\$266.45) (table 3.13).

3.6 Average market income

As the Canadian economy continues to experience strong growth, average after-tax and average market incomes show signs of impressive growth. This is borne out in the latest data available from the Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID). Average after tax income of families in Canada grew from \$63,900 to \$64,800 (+1.4%) between 2004 and 2005 (table 3.14).

Average market income also increased from \$69,500 to \$70,300 (+1.2%). Importantly, for the first time since 2003, unattached individuals made larger gains than families with respect to growth in their average after-tax and average market incomes (table 3.14).

Unlike 2004, when both the average after-tax and average market incomes of unattached individuals declined by -0.4%, in 2005, the average after tax income of unattached individuals increased from \$26,500 to \$27,000 (+1.9%) and their average market income grew from \$26,300 to \$27,000 (+2.7%) for this group of people. On the other hand, the average after tax income of families grew by +1.4% (from \$63,900 to \$64,800) and their average market income grew by +1.2% (from \$69,500 to \$70,300) (table 3.14).

In 2005, families in Alberta continued to record the highest average after-tax income (\$73,200) in Canada. On the other hand, the Atlantic provinces registered the lowest average after tax income for families, ranging from a low of \$50,300 in Newfoundland and Labrador to \$56,800 in Nova Scotia. Provincially, Nova Scotia witnessed the biggest growth in average after-tax income for families (+5.4%) followed by Saskatchewan (+5.2%) (table 3.15). However, among the provinces, only families in Alberta (\$73,200), Ontario (\$70,400) and British Columbia (\$65,000) recorded average after-tax incomes that were higher than the Canadian (minus the territories) average (\$64,800) (table 3.15).

Table 3.1 Labour force statistics

	2002	2003	Percentage change 2002 to 2003	2004	Percentage change 2003 to 2004	2005	Percentage change 2004 to 2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
	thous	ands	percent	thousands	percent	thousands	percent	thousands	percent
Labour force 1	16,579.3	16,958.5	2.3	17,182.3	1.3	17,342.6	0.9	17,592.8	1.4
Employment Full-time employment ² Part-time employment ³	15,310.4 12,439.3 2,871.1	15,672.3 12,705.3 2,967.0	2.4 2.1 3.3	15,947.0 12,998.1 2,948.9	1.8 2.3 -0.6	16,169.7 13,206.2 2,963.5	1.4 1.6 0.5	16,484.3 13,509.7 2,974.7	1.9 2.3 0.4
Males Females	8,184.4 7,126.0	8,348.1 7,324.2	2.0 2.8	8,480.6 7,466.4	1.6 1.9	8,594.7 7,575.0	1.3 1.5	8,727.1 7,757.2	1.5 2.4
15 to 24 years 25 years and over	2,399.1 12,911.3	2,449.4 13,222.9	2.1 2.4	2,461.0 13,486.0	0.5 2.0	2,472.5 13,697.2	0.5 1.6	2,535.8 13,948.5	2.6 1.8
Self-employed Males Females	2,314.5 1,499.7 814.7	2,401.8 1,571.1 830.7	3.8 4.8 2.0	2,453.4 1,614.5 838.9	2.1 2.8 1.0	2,511.6 1,645.6 866.0	2.4 1.9 3.2	2,498.0 1,621.4 876.6	-0.5 -1.5 1.2
Employees Public sector employees ⁴ Private sector employees ⁵	12,995.9 2,909.1 10,086.8	13,270.5 2,956.0 10,314.5	2.1 1.6 2.3	13,493.6 3,044.5 10,449.1	1.7 3.0 1.3	13,658.2 3,123.1 10,535.0	1.2 2.6 0.8	13,986.3 3,197.7 10,788.6	2.4 2.4 2.4
Unemployment Males Females	1,268.9 721.7 547.2	1,286.2 719.6 566.6	1.4 -0.3 3.5	1,235.3 685.4 549.9	-4.0 -4.8 -2.9	1,172.8 649.0 523.8	-5.1 -5.3 -4.7	1,108.4 608.3 500.1	-5.5 -6.3 -4.5
15 to 24 years 25 years and over	378.1 890.8	385.7 900.5	2.0 1.1	380.0 855.3	-1.5 -5.0	350.2 822.6	-7.8 -3.8	333.7 774.7	-4.7 -5.8
Not in labour force	8,218.0	8,147.9	-0.9	8,261.1	1.4	8,462.9	2.4	8,592.4	1.5
					percent				
Participation rate ⁶ Males Females	66.9 73.0 60.9	67.5 73.4 61.9	0.9 0.5 1.6	67.5 73.2 62.0	0.0 -0.3 0.2	67.2 72.8 61.8	-0.4 -0.5 -0.3	67.2 72.5 62.1	0.0 -0.4 0.5
15 to 24 years 25 years and over	66.6 66.9	67.4 67.6	1.2 1.0	67.0 67.6	-0.6 0.0	65.9 67.5	-1.6 -0.1	66.4 67.3	0.8 -0.3
Unemployment rate ⁷ Maies Females	7.7 8.1 7.1	7.6 7.9 7.2	-1.3 -2.5 1.4	7.2 7.5 6.9	-5.3 -5.1 -4.2	6.8 7.0 6.5	-5.6 -6.7 -5.8	6.3 6.5 6.1	-7.4 -7.1 -6.2
15 to 24 years 25 years and over	13.6 6.5	13.6 6.4	0.0 -1.5	13.4 6.0	-1.5 -6.2	12.4 5.7	-7.5 -5.0	11.6 5.3	-6.5 -7.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Labour Force Survey (survey 3701) and CANSIM tables 282-0002 and 282-0012.

Table 3.2 Employment by industry

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006	Net jobs 2006
			thousands o	f persons			perc	ent	number
Total, all industries	14,946.2	15,310.4	15,672.3	15,947.0	16,169.7	16,484.3	1.9	10.3	314.6
Goods-producing sector	3,779.9	3,878.6	3,925.7	3,989.8	4,002.4	3,985.9	-0.4	5.4	-16.5
Agriculture	323.3	325.4	332.4	326.0	343.7	346.4	0.8	7.1	2.7
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	278.9	270.3	281.6	286.6	306.4	330.1	7.7	18.4	23.7
Utilities	124.4	131.9	130.5	133.3	125.3	122.0	-2.6	-1.9	-3.3
Construction	824.3	865.2	906.0	951.7	1,019.5	1,069.7	4.9	29.8	50.2
Manufacturing	2,229.0	2,285.9	2,275.2	2,292.1	2,207.4	2,117.7	-4.1	-5.0	-89.7
Services-producing sector	11,166.2	11,431.8	11,746.6	11,957.2	12,167.3	12,498.4	2.7	11.9	331.1
Trade	2,363.3	2,409.3	2,467.8	2,507.1	2,574.6	2,633.5	2.3	11.4	58.9
Wholesale trade	551.8	548.1	572.9	582.7	607.1	610.0	0.5	10.5	2.9
Retail trade	1,811.5	1,861.2	1,894.9	1,924.4	1,967.5	2,023.6	2.9	11.7	56.1
Transportation and warehousing Finance, insurance, real estate and	775.8	760.7	790.9	799.4	793.6	802.2	1.1	3.4	8.6
leasing Professional, scientific and	876.7	895.1	917.0	960.6	987.8	1,040.5	5.3	18.7	52.7
technical services Business, building and other	986.5	987.1	1,003.6	1,018.3	1,050.0	1,089.9	3.8	10.5	39.9
support services	537.2	579.6	608.7	630.2	654.4	690.0	5.4	28.4	35.6
Educational services	981.6	1,007.4	1,027.1	1,035.7	1,106.1	1,158.4	4.7	18.0	52.3
Health care and social assistance	1,540.4	1,617.3	1,679.2	1,733.4	1,734.6	1,785.5	2.9	15.9	50.9
Information, culture and recreation	709.4	715.1	714.6	738.0	735.1	745.0	1.3	5.0	9.9
Accommodation and food services	943.2	985.1	1,005.5	1,012.4	1,004.5	1,015.0	1.0	7.6	10.5
Other services	666.8	686.2	713.1	696.6	693.4	701.0	1.1	5.1	7.6
Public administration	785.4	788.9	819.0	825.5	833.1	837.4	0.5	6.6	4.3

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Labor Force Survey (survey 3701) and CANSIM table 282-0008.

Table 3.3

Labour force participation rates, by sex, Canada and provinces

		Both s	exes			Male	es			Fema	les	
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2003	2004	2005	2006	2003	2004	2005	2006
Canada (excluding Yukon Territory,												
Northwest Territories and Nunavut)	67.5	67.5	67.2	67.2	73.4	73.2	72.8	72.5	61.9	62.0	61.8	62.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	59.3	59.2	58.8	59.2	64.1	64.4	63.3	63.2	54.6	54.2	54.4	55.4
Prince Edward Island	67.7	68.0	68.5	68.7	72.1	71.8	72.7	72.9	63.6	64.3	64.6	64.
Nova Scotia	63.1	64.1	63.6	62.9	68.5	69.6	68.6	67.4	57.9	58.9	58.9	58.
New Brunswick	63.2	63.9	63.6	63.7	68.5	68.4	68.3	68.3	58.2	59.6	59.2	59.
Quebec	66.0	65.8	65.6	65.5	72.3	71.9	71.4	71.1	60.0	60.0	59.9	60.
Ontario	68.5	68.4	68.0	67.7	74.3	74.1	73.5	72.8	63.0	63.0	62.7	62.
Manitoba	68.7	69.1	68.6	68.8	75.0	74.9	74.6	74.5	62.7	63.4	62.8	63.
Saskatchewan	67.8	67.9	68.1	69.1	74.0	74.1	74.4	75.0	61.8	61.9	61.9	63.
Alberta	73.5	73.5	72.7	73.4	79.9	79.7	79.2	79.6	67.0	67.3	66.1	67.
British Columbia	65.6	65.5	65.6	65.7	70.7	70.6	70.8	70.4	60.7	60.7	60.7	61

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Labour Force Survey (survey 3701) and CANSIM table 282-0002.

Table 3.4 Labour force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages

	Tot	al	Percentage	Mei	1	Percentage	Wom	en	Percentage
	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	num	ber	percent	numb	er	percent	numb	er	percen
Canada (excluded Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut)									
15 years and more	17,342.6	17,592.8	1.4	9,243.7	9,335.4	1.0	8.098.8	8,257.3	2.0
15 to 19 years	1,115.7	1,135.1	1.7	554.5	565.8	2.0	561.2	569.3	1.4
15 to 24 years	2,822.7	2,869.5	1.7	1,443.5	1,465.1	1.5	1.379.2	1.404.5	1.8
15 to 64 years	17,024,1	17,261.0	1.4	9.033.3	9,118.9	0.9	7,990.8	8,142.1	1.9
20 to 24 years	1.707.0	1,734.4	1.6	889.0	899.3	1.1	818.0	835.1	2.
25 vears and more	14.519.8	14,723.2	1.4	7.800.2	7,870.4	0.9	6.719.6	6.852.9	2.0
	1.834.3	1,869.6	1.9	972.5	984.3	1.2			
25 to 29 years	8,085.1	8.063.8					861.8	885.3	2.1
25 to 44 years			-0.3	4,293.8	4,278.2	-0.4	3,791.3	3,785.6	-0.2
25 to 54 years	12,185.3	12,269.0	0.7	6,446.7	6,473.9	0.4	5,738.6	5,795.0	1.1
30 to 34 years	1,890.6	1,879.2	-0.6	1,011.3	1,008.5	-0.3	879.3	870.7	-1.0
35 to 39 years	1,997.8	2,015.7	0.9	1,061.3	1,072.4	1.0	936.5	943.3	0.1
40 to 44 years	2,362.4	2,299.3	-2.7	1,248.7	1,212.9	-3.0	1,113.7	1,086.3	-2.
45 years and more	6,434.7	6,659.4	3.5	3,506.4	3,592.2	2.4	2,928.3	3,067.2	4.
45 to 49 years	2,227.3	2,256.0	1.3	1,162.6	1,164.8	0.2	1,064.7	1,091.2	2.
45 to 64 years	6,116.3	6,327.7	3.5	3,296.0	3,375.6	2.4	2,820.2	2,952.1	4.
50 to 54 years	1,872.9	1,949.2	4.1	990.3	1,031.0	3.9	882.6	918.3	4.0
55 years and more	2,334.5	2,454.2	5.1	1,353.5	1,396.4	3.1	981.0	1,057.8	7.8
55 to 59 years	1,354.5	1,418.2	4.7	748.0	770.8	3.0	606.5	647.4	6.1
60 to 64 years	661.5	704.3	6.5	395.1	409.0	3.4	266.4	295.3	10.8
65 years and more	318.5	331.8	4.2	210.4	216.6	2.9	108.1	115.2	6.6
65 to 69 years	202.7	214.2	5.7	129.2	134.9	4.2	73.5	79.3	7.9
70 years and more	115.8	117.5	1.5	81.2	81.6	0.5	34.6	35.9	3.8
Newfoundland and Labrador									
15 years and more	252.5	253.1	0.2	132.8	131.7	-0.8	119.7	121.4	1.4
15 to 19 years	13.8	13.4	-2.9	7.2	6.6	-9.1	6.6	6.8	3.0
15 to 24 years	37.3	35.8	-4.0	19.2	18.1	-6.1	18.2	17.6	-3.3
15 to 64 years	250.1	251.0	0.4	131.3	130.1	-0.9	118.8	120.9	1.8
20 to 24 years	23.5	22.3	-5.1	11.9	11.5	-3.5	11.6	10.8	-6.9
25 years and more	215.2	217.3	1.0	113.6	113.6	0.0	101.5	103.8	2.3
25 to 29 years	24.8	25.1	1.2	13.1	12.8	-2.3	11.8	12.2	3.4
25 to 44 years	118.7	117.5	-1.0	60.8	59.8	-1.7	58.0	57.7	-0.
25 to 54 years	183.6	183.3	-0.2	95.5	94.2	-1.4	88.1	89.2	1.3
30 to 34 years	26.9	26.1	-3.0	13.8	13.2	-4.5	13.1	12.9	-1.
35 to 39 years	32.4	32.1	-0.9	15.7	16.8	6.5	16.7	15.3	-8.
40 to 44 years	34.6	34.2	-1.2	18.3	16.9	-8.3	16.4	17.3	5.:
45 years and more	96.4	99.8	3.5	52.8	53.8	1.9	43.6	46.0	5.
45 to 49 years	34.9	34.4	-1.4	18.1	16.5	-9.7	16.8	17.9	6.
45 to 64 years	94.0	97.7	3.9	51.3	52.3	1.9	42.6	45.5	6.8
50 to 54 years	30.0	31.4	4.7	16.6	17.9	7.3	13.4	13.5	0.3
55 vears and more	31.6	34.0	7.6	18.2	19.4	6.2	13.4	14.6	9.0
	20.9	21.7	3.8	11.4	11.8	3.4	9.5	9.9	4.2
55 to 59 years			22.9	5.3			3.0	4.2	40.0
60 to 64 years	8.3	10.2			6.0	11.7	0.9	0.5	-44.4
65 years and more	2.4	2.1	-12.5	1.5	1.5	0.0			
65 to 69 years	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.8	1.0	20.0	0.6	X	>
70 years and more	1.0	0.7	-30.0	0.7	0.5	-40.0	X	X)

Table 3.4 – continued

Labour force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages

	Total		Percentage	Men		Percentage	Wome	n	Percentage
	2005	2006	change — 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	numbe	er	percent	numbe	er	percent	numbe	er	percen
Prince Edward Island									
15 years and more	76.5	77.1	0.8	39.2	39.5	0.8	37.3	37.6	3.0
15 to 19 years	6.0	5.8	-3.3	3.1	2.9	-6.9	3.0	3.0	0.0
15 to 24 years	13.5	13.9	3.0	6.9	7.0	1.4	6.7	7.0	4.5
15 to 64 years	74.8	75.3	0.7	37.9	38.3	1.0	36.9	37.0	0.3
20 to 24 years	7.5	8.1	8.0	3.8	4.1	7.3	3.7	4.0	8.1
25 years and more	63.0	63.2	0.3	32.3	32.5	0.6	30.7	30.7	0.0
25 to 29 years	7.1	7.4	4.2	3.5	3.6	2.8	3.6	3.7	2.8
25 to 44 years	32.8	32.3	-1.5	16.3	16.0	-1.9	16.4	16.2	-1.2
25 to 54 years	51.0	51.0	0.0	25.4	25.4	0.0	25.6	25.6	0.0
30 to 34 years	7.6	7.4	-2.6	3.8	3.7	-2.7	3.7	3.7	0.0
35 to 39 years	8.0	7.7	-3.8	3.9	3.8	-2.6	4.1	3.8	-7.3
40 to 44 years	10.1	9.8	-3.0	5.1	4.9	-4.1	5.0	4.9	-2.0
45 years and more	30.2	30.9	2.3	16.0	16.5	3.0	14.2	14.5	2.1
45 to 49 years	9.3	9.4	1.1	4.3	4.3	0.0	5.0	5.1	2.0
45 to 64 years	28.5	29.1	2.1	14.7	15.3	3.9	13.8	13.8	0.0
50 to 54 years	9.0	9.3	3.3	4.8	5.1	5.9	4.2	4.3	2.4
55 years and more	12.0	12.2	1.7	6.9	7.1	2.8	5.1	5.1	0.0
55 to 59 years	6.9	7.0	1.4	3.7	4.0	7.5	3.2	3.0	-6.3
30 to 64 years	3.3	3.4	3.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.0
65 years and more	1.7	1.8	5.9	1.2.	1.2	0.0	0.5	0.6	20.0
65 to 69 years	1.0	1.2	20.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.3	0.5	66.7
70 years and more	0.7	0.6	-14.3	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.2	Х	>
Nova Scotia									
15 years and more	483.9	480.0	-0.8	251.8	247.9	-1.6	232.1	232.0	0.0
15 to 19 years	33.1	32.8	-0.9	16.1	16.0	-0.6	17.0	16.8	-1.2
15 to 24 years	82.0	82.2	0.2	40.9	41.9	2.4	41.1	40.3	-1.9
15 to 64 years	476.7	472.8	-0.8	246.8	243.3	-1.4	229.9	229.4	-0.2
20 to 24 years	48.9	49.4	1.0	24.8	25.8	3.9	24.1	23.6	-2.
25 years and more	401.9	397.8	-1.0	210.9	206.1	-2.3	191.0	191.7	0.4
25 to 29 years	47.9	46.8	-2.3	24.0	23.5	-2.1	23.9	23.3	-2.5
25 to 44 years	218.3	212.1	-2.8	110.9	107.0	-3.6	107.4	105.1	-2.1
25 to 54 years	337.1	330.5	-2.0	172.8	167.8	-3.0	164.3	162.7	-1.0
30 to 34 years	51.3	49.1	-4.3	26.1	24.8	-5.2	25.2	24.3	-3.6
35 to 39 years	53.3 65.8	51.5 64.7	-3.4 -1.7	26.8 33.9	26.1 32.6	-2.7	26.5	25.4	-4.2
40 to 44 years						-4.0	31.8	32.1	0.9
45 years and more 45 to 49 years	183.7 63.6	185.7 61.5	1.1 -3.3	100.0	99.1 30.0	-0.9	83.6	86.6	3.6
45 to 64 years	176.5	178.5	-3.3 1.1	31.9 95.0	94.5	-6.3 -0.5	31.7 81.4	31.6	-0.3
50 to 54 years	55.3	56.9	0.0	30.0				84.0	3.2
55 years and more	64.8	67.3	3.9	38.1	30.9 38.3	2.9 0.5	25.2 26.7	26.0 29.0	3.2 8.6
55 to 59 years	40.2	41.2	2.5	22.5	22.6	0.5			
60 to 64 years	17.4	18.8	8.0	10.7		3.6	17.8	18.6	4.5
	7.2	7.2	0.0		11.1		6.7	7.7	14.9
65 years and more				5.0	4.6	-8.7	2.2	2.6	18.2
65 to 69 years	5.3 1.9	4.9 2.3	-7.5	3.6	3.0	-20.0	1.7	1.9	11.8
70 years and more	1.9	2.3	21.1	1.4	1.6	12.5	0.5	0.7	40.0

Table 3.4 – continued

Labour force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages

	Tota	al	Percentage	Mei	1	Percentage	Wom	en	Percentage
	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	numb	er	percent	numb	er	percent	numb	er	percent
New Brunswick									
15 years and more	388.2	389.6	0.4	203.2	203.8	0.3	185.0	185.7	0.4
15 to 19 years	25.6	26.0	1.6	13.0	13.2	1.5	12.6	12.8	1.6
15 to 24 years	62.9	63.3	0.6	32.5	32.7	0.6	30.4	30.6	0.7
15 to 64 years	383.8	384.8	0.3	200.4	200.5	0.0	183.4	184.4	0.5
20 to 24 years	37.2	37.2	0.0	19.5	19.5	0.0	17.8	17.7	-0.6
25 years and more	325.3	326.3	0.3	170.7	171.1	0.2	154.5	155.2	0.5
25 to 29 years	40.1	39.1	-2.5	20.7	20.0	-3.5	19.5	19.1	-2.1
25 to 44 years	178.7	176.3	-1.3	92.2	89.9	-2.6	86.5	86.4	-0.1
25 to 54 years	275.8	273.9	-0.7	142.7	140.2	-1.8	133.1	133.7	0.5
30 to 34 years	42.6	42.3	-0.7	21.6	21.5	-0.5	21.0	20.7	-1.4
35 to 39 years	42.4	44.8	5.7	22.8	22.4	-1.8	19.6	22.4	14.3
40 to 44 years	53.6	50.1	-6.5	27.1	26.0	-4.2	26.4	24.1	-8.7
45 years and more	146.6	150.1	2.4	78.6	81.2	3.2	68.0	68.8	1.2
45 to 49 years	52.9	51.2	-3.2	27.0	26.4	-2.3	25.9	24.7	-4.6
45 to 64 years	142.3	145.3	2.1	75.7	77.9	2.8	66.5	67.4	1.4
50 to 54 years	44.3	46.5	5.0	23.5	23.9	1.7	20.7	22.6	9.2
55 years and more	49.5	52.4	5.9	28.1	30.9	9.1	21.4	21.5	0.5
55 to 59 years	32.2	33.4	3.7	17.2	18.8	8.5	14.9	14.5	-2.7
60 to 64 years	13.0	14.3	10.0	8.0	8.7	8.0	5.0	5.6	12.0
65 years and more	4.4	4.7	6.8	2.8	3.4	17.6	1.5	1.4	-6.7
65 to 69 years	3.1	3.1	0.0	2.0	2.2	9.1	1.1	1.0	-9.1
70 years and more	1.3	1.6	23.1	0.8	1.2	33.3	Х	Х	х
Quebec									
15 years and more	4,052.7	4,094.2	1.0	2,168.5	2,184.3	0.7	1,884.2	1,909.9	1.4
15 to 19 years	236.6	242.7	2.6	117.0	125.3	6.6	119.7	117.4	-1.9
15 to 24 years	629.4	629.0	-0.1	320.0	326.2	1.9	309.4	302.8	-2.1
15 to 64 years	3,995.7	4,031.0	0.9	2,130.8	2,144.6	0.6	1,864.8	1,886.5	1.2
20 to 24 years	392.8	386.3	-1.7	203.1	200.9	-1.1	189.7	185.4	-2.3
25 years and more	3,423.3	3,465.1	1.2	1,848.4	1,858.0	0.5	1,574.8	1,607.1	2.1
25 to 29 years	447.2	460.4	2.0	238.3	242.5	1.7	208.9	217.9	4.3
25 to 44 years	1,889.0	1,885.7	-0.2	1,005.1	1,004.4	-0.1	883.9	881.2	-0.3
25 to 54 years	2,905.4	2,918.1	0.4	1,539.9	1,544.2	0.3	1,365.5	1,373.9	0.6
30 to 34 years	427.9	432.0	1.0	227.3	233.1	2.5	200.6	198.9	-0.8
35 to 39 years	473.1	460.5	-2.7	251.2	242.4	-3.6	221.9	218.1	-1.7
40 to 44 years	540.8	532.8	-1.5	288.3	286.4	-0.7	252.5	246.3	-2.5
45 years and more	1,534.2	1,579.5	3.0	843.3	853.6	1.2	690.9	725.9	5.1
45 to 49 years	555.0	565.2	1.8	289.9	289.6	-0.1	265.1	275.7	4.0
45 to 64 years	1,477.2	1,516.4	2.7	805.7	813.9	1.0	671.6	702.5	4.6
50 to 54 years	461.4	467.2	1.3	244.9	250.2	2.1	216.5	216.9	0.2
55 years and more	517.9	547.1	5.6	308.5	313.8	1.7	209.3	233.2	11.4
55 to 59 years	311.6	329.3	5.7	179.1	180.7	0.9	132.5	148.6	12.2
60 to 64 years	149.2	154.6	3.6	91.7	93.4	1.8	57.5	61.3	6.6
65 years and more	57.0	63.1	10.7	37.6	39.7	5.3	19.4	23.4	20.6
65 to 69 years	38.4	46.2	20.3	23.3	28.0	16.8	15.1	18.1	19.9
70 years and more	18.6	17.0	-8.6	14.4	11.7	-23.1	4.3	5.2	20.9

Table 3.4 – continued

Labour force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages

	Tota	al	Percentage	Me	1	Percentage	Wom	en	Percentage
	2005	2006	change ~ 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	numb	er	percent	numb	er	percent	numb	per	percent
Ontario									
15 years and more	6,849.1	6,927.3	1.1	3,630.4	3,650.3	0.5	3,218.7	3,277.0	1.8
15 to 19 years	435.8	437.2	0.3	215.0	216.1	0.5	220.8	221.2	0.2
15 to 24 years	1,087.0	1,101.0	1.3	552.6	555.5	0.5	534.4	545.5	2.1
15 to 64 years	6,714.6	6,792.3	1.2	3,542.7	3,562.7	0.6	3,171.8	3,229.6	1.8
20 to 24 years	651.2	663.7	1.9	337.6	339.4	0.5	313.6	324.3	3.4
25 years and more	5,762.1	5,826.3	1.1	3,077.7	3,094.8	0.6	2,684.3	2,731.5	1.8
25 to 29 years	721.1	723.5	0.3	378.1	377.2	-0.2	343.1	346.3	0.9
25 to 44 years	3,287.5	3,253.1	-1.0	1,738.1	1,721.4	-1.0	1,549.4	1,531.6	-1.1
25 to 54 years	4,836.8	4,859.1	0.5	2,549.4	2,556.7	0.3	2,287.4	2,302.4	0.7
30 to 34 years	773.9	764.0	-1.3	413.6	408.2	-1.3	360.4	355.8	-1.3
35 to 39 years	816.8	836.1	2.4	432.7	447.5	3.3	384.0	388.6	1.2
40 to 44 years	975.7	929.5	-4.7	513.8	488.6	-5.2	461.9	440.9	-4.5
45 years and more	2,474.6	2,573.2	4.0	1,339.6	1,373.3	2.5	1,135.0	1,199.9	5.7
45 to 49 years	839.4	866.6	3.2	437.9	447.9	2.2	401.5	418.7	4.3
45 to 64 years	2,340.1	2,438.3	4.2	1,252.0	1,285.8	2.6	1,088.1	1,152.5	5.9
50 to 54 years	709.9	739.4	4.2	373.4	387.3	3.6	336.5	352.0	4.6
55 years and more	925.3	967.2	4.5	528.3	538.1	1.8	397.0	429.1	8.1
55 to 59 years	524.0	547.9	4.6	286.1	293.4	2.5	237.9	254.5	7.0
60 to 64 years	266.8	284.4	6.6	154.6	157.2	1.7	112.2	127.2	13.4
65 years and more	134.5	135.0	0.4	87.6	87.5	-0.1	46.9	47.4	1.1
65 to 69 years	87.1	86.6	-0.6	55.8	54.0	-3.3	31.3	32.5	3.8
70 years and more	47.4	48.4	2.1	31.9	33.5	4.8	15.6	14.9	-4.5
Manitoba	200.4	040.5	0.7	005.0	000.0	0.4	0044	000.0	4.0
15 years and more	609.4	613.5	0.7	325.3	326.6	0.4	284.1	286.8	1.0
15 to 19 years	46.9	48.6	3.6	23.5	24.8	5.2	23.4	23.8	1.7
15 to 24 years	109.7	112.1	2.2	57.0	58.3	2.2	52.7	53.8	2.1
15 to 64 years	596.4	598.9	0.4	316.5	317.0	0.2	279.8	281.9	0.8
20 to 24 years	62.9	63.5	1.0	33.6	33.6	0.0	29.3	29.9	2.0
25 years and more	499.7	501.4	0.3	268.3	268.3	0.0	231.4	233.1	0.7
25 to 29 years	63.2	62.9	-0.5	34.3	33.7	-1.8	28.9	29.2	1.0
25 to 44 years	269.5	264.6	-1.8	143.8	141.9	-1.3	125.7	122.7	-2.4
25 to 54 years	412.6	409.3	-0.8	218.7	217.7	-0.5	193.9	191.6	-1.2
30 to 34 years	62.7	62.0	-1.1	34.4	34.2	-0.6	28.3	27.8	-1.8
35 to 39 years	66.3	66.3	0.0	34.8	35.3	1.4	31.5	30.9	-1.9
40 to 44 years	77.4	73.4	-5.2	40.3	38.7	-4.1	37.1	34.7	-6.5
45 years and more	230.1	236.8	2.9	124.4	126.4	1.6	105.7	110.4	4.4
45 to 49 years	77.9	75.3	-3.3	40.4	38.6	-4.7	37.5	36.7	-2.1
45 to 64 years	217.1	222.2	2.3	115.7	116.7	0.9	101.4	105.5	4.0
50 to 54 years	65.2	69.4	6.4	34.5	37.1	7.0	30.7	32.2	4.9
55 years and more	87.1	92.0	5.6	49.6	50.6	2.0	37.5	41.4	10.4
55 to 59 years	50.0	51.5	3.0	26.8	26.1	-2.7	23.2	25.3	9.1
60 to 64 years	24.1	26.0	7.9	14.0	14.8	5.4	10.0	11.2	12.0
65 years and more	13.1	14.6	11.5	8.8	9.7	9.3	4.3	4.9	14.0
65 to 69 years	7.1	8.0	12.7	4.2	5.1	17.6	2.9	2.9	0.0
70 years and more	6.0	6.6	10.0	4.5	4.6	2.2	1.4	2.0	42.9

Table 3.4 – continued

Labour force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages

	Tota	ıl	Percentage	Mer	1	Percentage	Wome	n	Percentage
	2005	2006	change ~ 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change — 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	numb	er	percent	numb	er	percent	numbe	er	percent
Saskatchewan									
15 years and more	509.4	515.6	1.2	274.7	275.9	0.4	234.7	239.6	2.1
15 to 19 years	39.3	41.3	5.1	20.7	21.1	1.9	18.6	20.2	8.6
15 to 24 years	95.1	97.8	2.8	51.3	52.0	1.3	43.8	45.8	4.6
15 to 64 years	491.8	497.5	1.2	261.5	263.2	0.6	230.3	234.3	1.7
20 to 24 years	55.8	56.5	1.3	30.6	30.9	1.0	25.2	25.6	1.6
25 years and more	414.4	417.8	0.8	223.5	223.9	0.2	190.9	193.9	1.6
25 to 29 years	50.9	52.6	3.3	27.4	28.3	3.2	23.5	24.3	3.4
25 to 44 years	213.4	211.1	-1.1	112.5	110.7	-1.6	100.9	100.3	-0.6
25 to 54 years	335.7	334.8	-0.3	176.6	174.8	-1.0	159.1	160.0	0.6
30 to 34 years	48.3	48.6	0.6	25.8	25.7	-0.4	22.5	22.9	1.8
35 to 39 years	49.6	48.3	-2.6	26.4	25.1	-5.2	23.2	23.2	0.0
40 to 44 years	64.6	61.6	-4.6	32.8	31.6	-3.8	31.7	30.0	-5.4
45 years and more	201.0	206.7	2.8	111.0	113.2	1.9	90.0	93.5	3.9
45 to 49 years	63.3	66.8	5.5	33.3	35.4	5.9	30.0	31.4	4.7
45 to 64 years	183.3	188.7	2.9	97.7	100.5	2.8	85.6	88.2	3.0
50 to 54 years	59.0	56.9	-3.6	30.9	28.6	-8.0	28.1	28.3	0.7
55 years and more	78.7	83.0	5.5	46.8	49.2	4.9	31.8	33.8	6.3
55 to 59 years	40.3	41.7	3.5	21.5	22.8	5.7	18.8	18.9	0.5
60 to 64 years	20.7	23.2	12.1	12.0	13.6	11.8	8.6	9.6	11.6
65 years and more	17.6	18.1	2.8	13.3	12.7	-4.7	4.4	5.3	20.5
65 to 69 years	9.4	9.3	-1.1	6.7	6.3	-6.3	2.7	3.0	11.1
70 years and more	8.3	8.8	6.0	6.6	6.4	-3.1	1.7	2.3	35.3
Alberta									
15 years and more	1,857.5	1,937.5	4.3	1,017.6	1,058.2	3.8	840.0	879.3	4.7
15 to 19 years	136.1	144.5	6.2	69.0	71.7	3.8	67.1	72.8	8.5
15 to 24 years	336.3	353.5	5.1	176.3	183.1	3.7	160.0	170.4	6.5
15 to 64 years	1,821.1	1,898.3	4.2	992.6	1,031.9	3.8	828.5	866.4	4.6
20 to 24 years	200.2	209.0	4.4	107.3	111.5	3.8	92.8	97.5	5.1
25 years and more	1,521.2	1,584.0	4.1	841.2	875.1	3.9	680.0	708.9	4.3
25 to 29 years	208.0	222.0	6.7	116.2	123.4	5.8	91.8	98.6	7.4
25 to 44 years	853.8	881.9	3.3	473.9	485.7	2.4	379.8	396.2	4.3
25 to 54 years	1,278.0	1,323.2	3.5	701.0	723.4	3.1	577.1	599.8	3.9
30 to 34 years	207.3	210.5	1.5	116.5	118.3	1.5	90.8	92.1	1.4
35 to 39 years	199.9	215.7	7.9	110.7	120.4	8.1	89.2	95.3	6.8
40 to 44 years	238.6	233.7	-2.1	130.5	123.6	-5.6	108.1	110.1	1.9
45 years and more	667.4	702.1	5.2	367.3	389.3	5.7	300.1	312.7	4.2
45 to 49 years	239.8	231.6	-3.4	128.3	124.6	-3.0	111.6	107.0	-4.1
45 to 64 years	631.0	662.9	5.1	342.3	363.0	5.7	288.7	299.9	3.9
50 to 54 years	184.4	209.7	13.7	98.8	113.0	12.6	85.7	96.7	12.8
55 years and more	243.2	260.8	7.2	140.3	151.7	7.5	102.9	109.1	6.0
55 to 59 years	137.0	146.6	7.0	74.1	81.4	9.0	62.9	65.2	3.7
60 to 64 years	69.8	75.0	7.4	41.2	44.0	6.4	28.6	31.0	8.4
65 years and more	36.4	39.2	7.7	25.0	26.3	4.9	11.4	12.9	13.2
65 to 69 years	23.5	25.4	8.1	15.3	16.6	7.8	8.2	8.8	7.3
70 years and more	12.9	13.8	7.0	9.7	9.7	0.0	3.2	4.1	28.1

Table 3.4 - continued Labour force, by age and sex, Canada and provinces, annual averages

	Tota	al	Percentage	Mer	1	Percentage	Wom	en	Percentage
	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	numb	oer	percent	numb	er	percent	numb	oer	percent
British-Columbia									
15 years and more	2,263.4	2,305.1	1.8	1,200.3	1,217.2	1.4	1,063.1	1,087.9	2.3
15 to 19 years	142.4	142.7	0.2	70.0	68.1	-2.8	72.4	74.6	3.0
15 to 24 years	369.5	381.0	3.1	186.8	190.2	1.8	182.7	190.8	4.4
15 to 64 years	2,219.2	2,259.0	1.8	1,172.8	1,187.3	1.2	1,046.4	1,071.7	2.4
20 to 24 years	227.1	238.3	4.9	116.8	122.1	4.3	110.3	116.2	5.3
25 years and more	1,893.9	1,924.0	1.6	1,013.5	1,026.9	1.3	880.4	897.1	1.9
25 to 29 years	224.0	229.9	2.6	117.0	119.4	2.0	107.0	110.5	3 .3
25 to 44 years	1,023.5	1,029.4	0.6	540.2	541.2	0.2	483.3	488.1	1.0
25 to 54 years	1,569.4	1,585.7	1.0	824.8	829.6	0.6	744.6	756.1	1.5
30 to 34 years	242.2	237.2	-2.1	128.5	125.6	-2.3	113.7	111.6	-1.8
35 to 39 years	256.0	252.8	-1.3	136.1	132.7	-2.6	119.8	120.1	0.3
40 to 44 years	301.4	309.5	2.7	158.6	163.5	3.0	142.8	145.9	2.2
45 years and more	870.4	894.7	2.8	473.3	485.7	2.6	397.0	409.0	3.0
45 to 49 years	291.2	293.8	0.9	151.6	151.5	-0.1	139.6	142.3	1.9
45 to 64 years	826.2	848.6	2.7	445.9	455.8	2.2	380.3	392.8	3.3
50 to 54 years	254.6	262.5	3.1	133.0	136.9	2.8	121.7	125.6	3.2
55 years and more	324.5	338.3	4.3	188.8	197.3	4.3	135.8	141.0	3.8
55 to 59 years	191.4	197.9	3.4	105.7	109.1	3.1	85.8	88.8	3.5
60 to 64 years	88.9	94.4	6.2	55.6	58.3	4.6	33.3	36.1	8.4
65 years and more	44.2	46.0	4.1	27.5	29.8	7.7	16.7	16.2	-3.0
65 to 69 years	26.5	28.2	6.4	16.8	17.9	6.1	9.7	10.2	5.2
70 years and more	17.7	17.8	0.6	10.7	11.9	10.1	7.0	5.9	-15.7

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Labour Force Survey (survey 3701), Labour force historical review on CD-ROM, catalogue no. 71F0004X and CANSIM table 282-0002.

Table 3.5-1 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Industrial aggregate including unclassified

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			thousands			percent
Canada	12,980.7	13,244.5	13,439.7	13,702.2	14,041.3	2.5
Newfoundland and Labrador	177.4	177.8	176.8	173.9	176.9	1.7
Prince Edward Island	55.4	58.5	59.5	59.1	57.0	-3.6
Nova Scotia	370.1	375.5	376.2	382.0	385.7	1.0
New Brunswick	294.3	298.7	297.8	298.3	304.8	2.2
Quebec	3.079.3	3,146.4	3.168.7	3.196.7	3.234.1	1.2
Ontario	5,054.2	5,143.5	5.217.5	5,306.3	5,407.2	1.9
Manitoba	502.5	509.3	512.1	517.4	525.4	1.5
Saskatchewan	378.0	389.4	397.2	403.2	414.7	2.9
Alberta	1,414.8	1,449.0	1.495.2	1.569.3	1,663.1	6.0
British Columbia	1,608.4	1.648.5	1,689.7	1,746.2	1,822.4	4.4
Yukon Territory	15.5	15.8	16.1	16.7	17.2	3.3
Northwest Territories	21.1	22.3	22.8	23.2	22.5	-3.2
Nunavut	9.7	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.3	3.6

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-2 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Forestry, logging and support

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		th	ousands			percent
Canada	64.5	65.0	64.9	63.1	60.0	-4.9
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island					· ·	
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick	4.0	х	х	X	X	х
Quebec	16.2	17.5	18.3	18.1	17.2	-5.0
Ontario	8.7	7.7	7.1	6.8	6.5	-4.1
Manitoba						
Saskatchewan	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.1	-13.2
Alberta	4.0	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.4	-2.7
British Columbia	26.0	26.5	27.0	25.7	24.7	-4.0
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Table 3.5-3 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Mining and oil and gas extraction

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		t	nousands			percent
Canada	139.8	149.6	155.3	163.5	182.6	11.7
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick	3.0	Х	Х	· X	Х	X
Quebec	11.6	11.9	11.8	10.7	11.9	11.8
Ontario	17.3	17.3	19.0	19.6	21.3	8.6
Manitoba	2.3	X	Χ	2.4	X	Х
Saskatchewan	10.0	10.2	11.1	12.6	14.7	16.5
Alberta	77.8	86.0	89.4	95.4	107.4	12.5
British Columbia	10.3	10.5	11.5	12.6	13.3	5.5
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-4
Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Utilities

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		t	housands			percent
Canada	113.6	114.4	120.9	121.2	121.9	0.6
Newfoundland and Labrador			,		,	
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick	3.6	X	X	X	X	Х
Quebec	27.0	29.3	31.1	31.0	30.4	-1.8
Ontario	44.9	44.4	47.3	47.2	47.9	1.5
Manitoba	6.2	Х	X	7.5	X	X
Saskatchewan	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	1.7
Alberta	12.0	11.9	12.3	12.7	12.9	2.1
British Columbia	9.3	8.6	8.7	9.3	9.7	4.1
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Table 3.5-5
Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Construction

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		ti	nousands			percent
Canada	610.4	633.8	662.2	693.6	735.7	6.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	8.9	8.4	8.9	9.3	9.3	0.2
Prince Edward Island	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	-1.0
Nova Scotia	17.7	16.6	17.2	17.6	18.9	7.1
New Brunswick	13.4	14.5	15.2	15.5	16.4	5.6
Quebec	128.2	135.8	143.2	145.0	145.0	0.0
Ontario	216.2	224.4	229.6	235.3	246.9	4.9
Manitoba	19.0	20.0	20.7	21.3	22.8	7.2
Saskatchewan	17.3	17.6	18.2	19.1	20.8	8.8
Alberta	106.2	110.0	114.6	126.7	140.1	10.6
British Columbia	76.5	79.4	87.5	96.0	107.9	12.3
Yukon Territory	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.1	23.8
Northwest Territories	1.7	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.8	-12.9
Nunavut	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	-13.9

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 3.5-6 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Manufacturing

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			thousands			percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	1,968.3 18.8 5.3 41.9 40.5 559.3 914.2 66.3 27.7 129.0 164.8	1,950.4 17.3 5.8 41.2 38.8 555.7 908.4 64.3 27.5 127.2 163.8	1,909.1 16.7 6.4 41.2 38.0 538.2 885.1 60.4 28.6 129.7 164.3	1,872.7 14.8 6.2 40.3 33.8 523.2 861.9 61.3 28.8 135.7 166.0	1,854.5 15.3 4.8 39.0 32.3 511.8 845.8 60.9 28.7 145.7 169.7	-1.0 3.1 -23.7 -3.1 -4.7 -2.2 -1.9 -0.8 -0.3 7.4 2.2

Table 3.5-7 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Trade

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			thousands			percent
Canada	2,264.1	2,323.1	2,356.3	2,400.0	2,454.8	2.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	30.6	31.5	32.2	32.2	31.6	-1.9
Prince Edward Island	10.0	10.1	9.7	9.9	9.6	-2.7
Nova Scotia	67.3	68.2	69.6	70.4	70.4	0.0
New Brunswick	49.4	50.2	50.7	50.5	50.0	-1.1
Quebec	543.7	561.7	573.8	586.3	597.4	1.9
Ontario	863.1	874.8	879.7	892.0	908.5	1.9
Manitoba	82.1	83.8	84.0	84.6	85.9	1.6
Saskatchewan	66.9	69.6	70.6	72.5	74.5	2.8
Alberta	252.5	260.4	263.3	268.7	283.2	5.4
British Columbia	293.0	306.7	316.7	326.7	337.5	3.3
'ukon Territory	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	-8.7
Northwest Territories	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	4.1
Vunavut	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	5.3

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 3.5-8

Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Transportation and warehousing

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		t	housands			percent
Canada	614.2	608.6	614.3	622.7	633.5	1.7
Newfoundland and Labrador	6.9	7.4	7.8	. 7.7	8.1	4.5
Prince Edward Island	1.6	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	-0.2
Nova Scotia	15.1	15.3	15.5	16.0	16.2	1.6
New Brunswick	16.1	16.3	16.5	16.4	16.4	-0.2
Quebec	144.5	139.7	141.4	142.8	142.1	-0.5
Ontario	222.2	218.9	219.3	222.8	226.7	1.7
Manitoba	29.7	29.9	29.6	28.2	29.1	3.1
Saskatchewan	20.4	20.7	20.6	20.1	20.4	1.5
Alberta	70.1	71.7	73.9	77.2	79.8	3.3
British Columbia	84.4	83.2	84.0	85.8	89.0	3.7
Yukon Territory	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	4.3
Northwest Territories	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.4	-1.1
Nunavut	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	8.4

Table 3.5-9
Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Information and cultural industries

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	329.8	335.2	335.1	341.8	349.5	2.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	4.4	3.9	3.4	4.1	4.3	4.3
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia	11.5	10.6	9.4	10.5	10.8	3.3
New Brunswick	6.5	6.2	5.6	6.1	6.3	4.2
Quebec	76.8	77.9	77.7	80.5	80.2	-0.4
Ontario	140.1	144.6	146.2	145.7	147.4	1.2
Manitoba	12.2	12.8	13.1	13.6	12.3	-9.5
Saskatchewan	11.6	12.0	11.8	11.9	12.1	1.8
Alberta	27.1	26.9	27.8	29.1	31.9	9.6
British Columbia	37.2	37.8	38.0	38.0	41.9	10.2
Yukon Territory	0.6	0.6	0.5	Х	0.5	х
Northwest Territories Nunavut				:	:	:

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-10 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Finance and insurance

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
C <i>a</i> nada	568.0	570.9	578.0	588.4	606.0	3.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	0.9
Prince Edward Island	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	-3.0
Nova Scotia	15.5	15.8	15.6	15.0	15.8	6.0
New Brunswick	10.8	10.5	10.5	10.7	11.0	2.3
Quebec	123.7	125.8	131.0	131.0	132.5	1.2
Ontario	247.0	248.9	252.2	261.1	268.5	2.8
Manitoba	33.6	33.3	33.2	33.6	35.0	4.2
Saskatchewan	17.7	18.4	19.4	19.0	19.7	3.2
Alberta	45.2	44.8	44.9	46.7	49.8	6.6
British Columbia	66.4	65.0	63.0	63.2	65.6	3.8
Yukon Territory	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	-0.6
Northwest Territories Nunavut	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	8.5

Table 3.5-11 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Real estate and rental and leasing

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		th	nousands			percent
Canada	222.3	224.1	229.4	238.6	245.7	3.0
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island	X	0.7	0.8	Х	0.6	Х
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick			,			
Quebec	45.3	45.5	45.6	46.9	47.3	0.7
Ontario	90.0	89.2	92.9	97.5	100.6	3.2
Manitoba	7.4	7.4	7.5	8.7	8.7	-0.1
Saskatchewan	7.4	7.0	7.0	5.9	5.6	-5.0
Alberta	. 27.0	29.2	30.2	32.3	35.0	8.1
British Columbia	32.9	32.8	33.2	34.1	35.7	4.7
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-12 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Professional, scientific and technical services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	641.7	648.1	648.0	669.5	704.9	5.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	6.3	6.3	5.9	5.8	5.9	1.1
Prince Edward Island	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.0
Nova Scotia	12.4	13.1	12.1	13.0	14.5	11.0
New Brunswick	8.8	8.7	7.8	8.1	8.7	7.3
Quebec	144.7	145.3	144.6	147.3	151.6	2.9
Ontario	272.8	272.1	270.1	279.2	293.6	5.1
Manitoba	16.2	16.4	16.1	15.9	15.7	-1.6
Saskatchewan	10.9	11.1	10.9	11.4	11.6	1.4
Alberta	85.4	88.6	93.4	99.3	107.7	8.5
British Columbia	81.4	83.6	83.8	86.1	92.5	7.4
Yukon Territory			. :			_ :
Northwest Territories	0.9	8.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	-7.1
Nunavut						

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 3.5-13 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Management of companies and enterprises

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		th	nousands			percent
Canada	89.2	90.7	90.7	94.8	97.9	3.2
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island		,				
Nova Scotia				•		
New Brunswick						
Quebec	17.8	18.4	18.8	19.4	19.0	-2.0
Ontario	34.0	35.2	34.1	35.7	38.2	7.2
Manitoba	3.0	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.8	9.7
Saskatchewan	4.2	3.8	3.9	4.2	4.1	-2.7
Alberta	12.0	11.8	13.1	15.4	16.7	8.0
British Columbia	12.9	12.2	12.2	11.4	11.3	-1.5
Yukon Territory			,			
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 3.5-14

Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006		
	thousands							
Canada	568.0	595.8	632.3	659.4	697.7	5.8		
Newfoundland and Labrador	5.9	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.3	2.5		
Prince Edward Island								
Nova Scotia	15.2	15.5	16.5	16.3	16.7	2.4		
New Brunswick	14.1	14.6	15.6	15.7	15.7	0.0		
Quebec	126.9	128.8	130.1	137.0	142.4	3.9		
Ontario	259.1	277.8	299.6	306.7	328.9	7.2		
Manitoba	16.6	17.1	17.5	19.8	20.8	5.1		
Saskatchewan	9.6	9.8	10.0	10.6	11.3	6.5		
Alberta	58.0	60.1	64.4	68.1	70.2	3.1		
British Columbia	60.4	63.3	69.7	76.5	82.2	7.5		
Yukon Territory	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	13.5		
Northwest Territories								
Nunavut								

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 3.5-15

Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Educational services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006	
	thousands						
Canada	983.7	996.4	1,010.8	1,031.4	1,055.5	2.3	
Newfoundland and Labrador	16.4	16.6	16.5	15.8	16.1	2.0	
Prince Edward Island	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	0.1	
Nova Scotia	37.0	36.4	36.5	36.0	37.1	3.1	
New Brunswick	24.1	24.2	23.8	24.3	25.0	2.7	
Quebec	235.0	237.5	238.5	236.6	241.2	1.9	
Ontario	351.5	362.3	370.8	387.5	397.5	2.6	
Manitoba	42.4	43.2	44.6	46.2	45.8	-0.7	
Saskatchewan	37.1	37.2	38.0	38.6	38.8	0.6	
Alberta	104.7	104.8	105.7	107.8	109.5	1.7	
British Columbia	127.1	125.5	127.6	129.9	135.7	4.4	
Yukon Territory	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.8	
Northwest Territories							
Nunavut							

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-16
Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Health care and social assistance

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	1,308.3	1,362.2	1,374.1	1,401.6	1,438.7	2.6
Newfoundland and Labrador	23.7	25.5	25.5	24.9	25.4	2.2
Prince Edward Island	7.7	7.8	8.9	9.0	8.4	-6.3
Nova Scotia	47.2	49.0	47.3	50.3	51.5	2.4
New Brunswick	34.7	35.5	34.3	35.3	36.4	3.1
Quebec	311.9	325.9	331.8	338.7	340.9	0.6
Ontario	466.5	476.6	485.4	497.4	511.9	2.9
Manitoba	64.3	66.3	64.6	64.7	66.0	2.0
Saskatchewan	48.6	54.3	54.6	54.8	56.5	3.1
Alberta	115.3	119.6	121.9	123.8	130.9	5.7
British Columbia	185.5	198.6	196.7	199.5	207.9	4.2
Yukon Territory	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.2
Northwest Territories	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	-13.9
Nunavut	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	3.5

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0024.

Table 3.5-17

Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Arts, entertainment and recreation

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	212.6	221.7	228.1	228.9	235.1	2.7
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island	r ó		2.1			
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	5.2	6.0	6.1	5.9	5.8	-1.8
Quebec	49.0	50.6	50.8	51.7	53.4	3.3
Ontario	83.7	87.6	90.8	90.8	91.6	0.9
Manitoba	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.2	2.4
Saskatchewan	6.1	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.7	-0.7
Alberta	25.7	27.0	27.6	27.5	28.6	4.0
British Columbia	30.0	30.9	33.1	33.2	35.5	6.8
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-18 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Accommodation and food services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006		
		thousands						
Cenada	966.1	972.2	969.7	976.8	1.007.5	3.1		
Newfoundland and Labrador	11.4	11.6	11.7	11.4	11.6	1.4		
Prince Edward Island	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.7	0.5		
Nova Scotia	27.1	27.3	27.2	27.0	27.4	1.3		
New Brunswick	21.3	21.7	22.0	21.7	22.0	1.6		
Quebec	203.8	205.9	204.2	209.0	214.2	2.5		
Ontario	346.5	345.2	342.7	340.5	350.5	3.0		
Manitoba	37.4	36.9	35.5	34.3	35.8	4.4		
Saskatchewan	31.4	31.7	31.8	31.3	31.3	0.0		
Alberta	126.5	127.2	128.1	130.7	135.3	3.5		
Pritish Columbia	151.6	155.5	157.3	161.8	170.3	5.3		
Yukon Territory	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.3		
Northwest Territories	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	-0.7		
Nunavut	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	-4.5		

Table 3.5-19 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Other services (except public administration)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006		
	thousands							
Canada	492.1	491.5	495.4	499.8	513.5	2.8		
Newfoundland and Labrador	7.2	7.0	7.1	6.9	6.8	-1.3		
Prince Edward Island	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.9		
Nova Scotia	13.5	13.2	12.9	13.0	13.0	0.7		
New Brunswick	9.4	8.9	8.6	8.7	8.7	-0.1		
Quebec	112.7	115.4	116.6	119.3	120.3	0.9		
Ontario	186.1	184.4	184.5	184.7	187.1	1.3		
Manitoba	19.3	18.9	18.4	18.2	18.7	2.5		
Saskatchewan	13.8	13.4	13.7	13.7	14.1	2.6		
Alberta	59.5	60.8	62.6	63.7	68.1	6.9		
British Columbia Yukon Territory	67.1	66.1	67.8	68.2	73.4	7.7		
Northwest Territories Nunavut	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	-11.3		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.5-20 Number of employees by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Public administration

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	746.7	782.1	785.0	795.3	813.7	2.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	17.8	16.8	16.4	16.8	17.1	1.2
Prince Edward Island	6.3	7.1	6.7	6.2	6.4	2.1
Nova Scotia	26.5	27.1	27.1	27.7	28.1	1.3
New Brunswick	24.0	24.8	24.2	24.6	25.1	2.3
Quebec	185.7	192.4	190.7	194.1	195.4	0.7
Ontario	256.3	279.6	283.3	286.4	294.7	2.9
Manitoba	36.3	36.6	36.8	36.4	37.0	1.7
Saskatchewan	29.9	31.1	31.7	32.8	33.3	1.6
Alberta	68.8	69.8	71.3	72.2	75.7	4.7
British Columbia	82.8	84.2	83.8	85.2	88.1	3.4
Yukon Territory	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.3	1.7
Northwest Territories	4.4	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.4	-3.9
Nunavut	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.1	3.2	2.7

Table 3.6 **Employment by occupational category**

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006	Net jobs 2001 to 2006	Net jobs 2005 to 2006
			thous	ands			perc	ent	thous	ands
Total, all occupations	14,946.2	15,310.4	15,672.3	15,947.0	16,169.7	16,484.3	10.3	1.9	1,538.1	314.6
Management occupations Business, finance and administrative	1,334.6	1,351.9	1,368.2	1,440.9	1,452.6	1,509.3	13.1	3.9	174.7	56.7
occupations Natural and applied sciences	2,694.5	2,727.4	2,789.2	2,889.0	2,898.6	2,988.8	10.9	3.1	294.3	90.2
and related occupations Health occupations Occupations in social science, education, government	1,013.5 811.7	1,038.7 875.4	1,038.5 894.7	1,050.9 931.6	1,107.9 959.4	1,135.0 988.5	12.0 21.8	2.4 3.0	121.5 176.8	27.1 29.1
service and religion Occupations in art, culture,	1,208.1	1,237.6	1,262.9	1,249.2	1,349.1	1,403.9	16.2	4.1	195.8	54.8
recreation and sport Sales and service occupations Trades, transport and equipment operators	437.3 3,619.8	438.0 3,727.5	466.6 3,830.2	469.1 3,850.0	499.8 3,850.8	489.7 3,909.3	12.0 8.0	-2.0 1.5	52.4 289.5	-10.1 58.5
and related occupations Occupations unique to primary	2,210.5	2,253.7	2,327.9	2,370.6	2,396.3	2,453.9	11.0	2.4	243.4	57.6
industry Occupations unique to processing,	526.8	525.0	547.3	554.9	571.0	583.7	10.8	2.2	56.9	12.7
manufacturing and utilities	1,089.3	1,135.3	1,146.8	1,140.7	1,084.2	1,022.2	-6.2	-5.7	-67.1	-62.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Labour Force Survey (survey 3701) and CANSIM table 282-0010.

Table 3.7

Gross domestic product at market prices, personal income, expenditure and saving

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
_				millions of	dollars (curre	nt dollars)			
Gross domestic product at market prices Personal income Current transfers to government	914,973 748,321 179,555	982,441 783,060 186,833	1,076,577 840,382 200,815	1,108,048 876,471 207,275	1,152,905 898,843 204,833	1,213,175 931,773 210,918	1,290,828 982,181 223,612	1,375,080 1,032,247 240,761	1,446,307 1,094,724 252,422
Personal disposable income	568,766	596,227	639,567	669,196	694,010	720,855	758,569	791,486	842,302
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services Personal saving	531,169 27,610	560,884 23,937	596,009 29,919	620,614 34,475	655,722 23,996	686,552 19,056	720,401 21,960	760,701 12,825	803,502 18,952
				millions of	chained (200	2) dollars			
Gross domestic product at market prices	990,968	1,045,786	1,100,515	1,120,146	1,152,905	1,174,592	1,210,656	1,247,780	1,282,204
ersonal expenditure on consumer goods and services	573,043	594,823	618,752	632,781	655,722	675,443	698,138	724,942	755,204
	1998	199	99 2	000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
	to 1999	to 200	00 to 2	001 to	2002	to 2003	to 2004	to 2005	to 2006
				percentage	change in cui	rrent dollars			
Gross domestic product at market prices Personal income	7.4 4.6	7	.6 .3	2.9	4.0 2.6	5.2 3.7	6.4 5.4	6.5 5.1	5.2 6.1
Current transfers to government Personal disposable income Personal expenditure on consumer	4.1 4.8		.5 .3	3.2 4.6	-1.2 3.7	3.0 3.9	6.0 5.2	7.7 4.3	4.8 6.4
goods and services	5.6	6	.3	4.1	5.7	4.7	4.9	5.6	5.6
_			per	centage char	nge in chaine	d (2002) doll	ars		
Gross domestic product at market prices	5.5	5	.2	1.8	2.9	1.9	3.1	3.1	2.8
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	3.8	4	.0	2.3	3.6	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.2

Source(s): Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly Estimates, catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM tables 380-0016, 380-0017 and 380-0019.

Table 3.8 Sources of personal income

	1996	1996	2006_	2006
	millions	percent	millions	percent
Personal income Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income Unincorporated business net income Interest, dividends and miscellaneous investment income	687,203	100.0	1,094,724	100.0
	428,792	62.4	737,382	67.4
	53,103	7.7	86,324	7.9
	103,615	15.1	123,376	11.3
Current transfers From government From corporations From non-residents	98,865	14.4	143,183	13.1
	775	0.1	1,779	0.2
	2 ,053	0.3	2,680	0.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0019.

Table 3.9
Personal disposable income, Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		milli	ons of dollars			percent
Canada	694.010	720,855	758,569	791,486	842,302	6.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	9,381	9,773	10,041	10,397	12,802	23.1
Prince Edward Island	2,606	2,635	2.769	2.865	2.989	4.3
Nova Scotia	18.674	19,202	20,062	20,872	21,714	4.0
New Brunswick	14.480	15,027	15,789	16.308	17.024	4.4
Quebec	151.871	158,823	165,727	170.612	178.028	4.3
Ontario	284,156	293,943	307,170	319,255	335,990	5.2
Manitoba	23.678	24,436	25,670	26,326	27,713	5.3
Saskatchewan	19.049	20.238	21,797	21,998	22,853	3.9
Alberta	78,323	81,942	89,308	97,528	109,732	12.5
British Columbia	88,594	91.505	96.714	101,559	109,579	7.9
Yukon Territory	910	935	987	1,096	1,106	0.9
Northwest Territories	1,326	1,363	1,449	1,528	1,566	2.5
Nunavut	747	808	856	877	920	4.9

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, Provincial Economic Accounts (survey 1902), catalogue nos. 13-213-P and 13-213-D and CANSIM table 384-0012.

Table 3.10
Per capita personal disposable income, Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	22,121	22,757	23,713	24,505	25,819	5.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	18,075	18,851	19,414	20,229	25,118	24.2
Prince Edward Island	19,022	19,188	20,083	20.734	21,578	4.1
Vova Scotia	19,972	20.504	21,388	22,296	23,238	4.2
New Brunswick	19,307	20,003	20,994	21,701	22,724	4.7
Quebec	20,396	21,191	21,955	22,456	23,267	3.6
Ontario	23,480	23,971	24,738	25,421	26,483	4.2
Vlanitoba	20,483	21.031	21,931	22,421	23,530	4.9
Saskatchewan	19.126	20,345	21,909	22,221	23,192	4.4
Alberta	25,136	25,920	27,848	29,756	32,506	9.2
British Columbia	21,530	22,021	23,009	23,852	25,422	6.6
Yukon Territory	30,333	30.582	31,946	35,217	35,416	0.6
Northwest Territories	32.341	32,275	33.857	35,844	37,410	4.4
Nunavut	25,759	27,704	28,887	29,194	29,888	2.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, Provincial Economic Accounts (survey 1902), catalogue nos. 13-213-P and 13-213-D and CANSIM table 384-0013.

Table 3.11 Income distribution of taxfilers, Canada, provinces and territories

	All				Taxtilers (a	nd non-filing s	spouses) with	income			
	taxfilers	Taxfilers		Percent	with total inc	ome greater t	han		Media	n total incom	е
		income	\$15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	Male	Female	Both sexes
	num	ber			perce	nt				dollars	
Canada											
2004	23,624,530	23,408,890	68	49	35	20	8	3	31,300	19,300	24,400
2005 Percentage change 2004 and 2005	23,951,820	23,715,660 1.3	69 1.5	51 4 .1	36 2.9	21 5.0	9 12.5	4 33.3	32,300 3.2	20,200 4.7	25,400 4.1
	1	1.0	1.0	7.1	2.0	0.0	12.0	55.5	5.2	7.7	7, (
Newfoundland and Labrador 2004	399.140	396.050	61	39	24	13	4	2	25,100	15,100	18,700
2005	398,520	394,970	62	40	25	14	5	2	25,700	15,700	19,400
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	-0.2	-0.3	1.6	2.6	4.2	7.7	25.0	0.0	2.4	4.0	3.7
Prince Edward Island											
2004	105,130	104,820	67	43	25	11	3	1	25,500	18,300	21,600
2005	105,400	105,050	69	45	27	13	4	2	26,600	19,000	22,400
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	0.3	0.2	3.0	4.7	8.0	18.2	33.3	100.0	4.3	3.8	3.7
Nova Scotia 2004	699.920	696.740	65	44	29	15	5	2	28,500	17.200	21.700
2005	702.940	698,580	67	46	31	17	6	2	29,700	18,000	22,800
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	0.4	0.3	3.1	4.5	6.9	13.3	20.0	0.0	4.2	4.7	5.1
New Brunswick											
2004	572,490	569,990	65	43	26	13	4	2	27,100	16,800	21,000
2005	574,070	570,940	66	44	28	14	4	2	27,900	17,400	21,800
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	0.3	0.2	1.5	2.3	7.7	7.7	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.6	3.8
Quebec	E 707 400	E 757 600	67	47	24	4.0	-	0	29,400	18.200	22 400
2004 2005	5,787,180 5,847,000	5,757,600 5,803,750	69	47 49	31 33	16 17	5 6	2	30,100	18,200	23,100 24,100
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	1.0	0.8	3.0	4.3	6.5	6.3	20.0	50.0	2.4	6.6	4.3
Ontario											
2004	8,993,400	8,882,170	69	52	38	23	9	4	33,700	20,900	26,400
2005	9,117,120	9,002,670	70	53	40	24	10	5	34,500	21,600	27,100
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.9	5.3	4.3	11.1	25.0	2.4	3.3	2.7
Manitoba	0.10.770	0.40.000	0.77	47	0.4	40	-	0	00.700	40.000	00.400
2004 2005	846,770 850,990	840,030 844,120	67 69	47 48	31 32	16 17	5 6	2 2	28,700 29,500	19,300 20,000	23,100 23,900
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	0.5	0.5	3.0	2.1	3.2	6.3	20.0	0.0	2.8	3.6	3.5
Saskatchewan											
2004	719,070	714,160	66	46	31	16	5	2	28,000	18,800	22,400
2005	720,380	714,850	68	48	33	18	6	2	29,600	19,500	23,500
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	0.2	0.1	3.0	4.3	6.5	12.5	20.0	, ,0.0	5.7	3.7	4.9
Alberta	0.004.440	0.040.000	71	53	39	24	44	5	36,200	20,300	26,900
2004 2005	2,381,440 2,454,360	2,349,960 2,421,530	73	55	42	27	11 13	6	38,800	21,500	28,800
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.8	7.7	12.5	18.2	20.0	7.2	5.9	7.1
British Columbia											
2004	3,053,560	3,031,400	66	48	34	20	7	3	30,400	18,700	23,400
2005	3,113,840	3,092,610	67	49	36	21	8	4	31,800	19,400	24,400
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	2.0	2.0	1.5	2.1	5.9	5.0	14.3	33.3	4.6	3.7	4.3
Yukon Territory							40		00 700	00.000	00.400
2004 2005	22,020 22,550	21,930 22,380	75 76	57 59	44 46	28 30	10 10	3 4	32,700 34,700	28,200 29,400	30,100 31,700
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	22,550	22,360	1.3	3.5	4.5	7.1	0.0	33.3	6.1	4.3	5.3
Northwest Territories											
2004	28,410	28,280	73	60	49	36	19	7	39,700	29,600	34,000
2005	28,300	28,110	74	61	51	38	20	8	42,100	31,200	36,100
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	-0.4	-0.6	1.4	1.7	4.1	5.6	5.3	14.3	6.0	5.4	6.2
Nunavut	40.000	45 700	0.4	47	0.7	00	40	6	25.200	20.000	22.000
2004 2005	16,000 16,360	15,780 16,100	64 65	47 49	37 38	28 29	16 17	6 6	25,300 26,500	20,900 22,000	22,900 24,000
Percentage change 2004 and 2005	2.3	2.0	1.6	4.3	2.7	3.6	6.3	0.0	4.7	5.3	4.8

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Annual Estimates for Census Families and Individuals (survey 4105) and CANSIM table 111-0041.

Table 3.12 Income of individuals, by source, Canada and provinces, 2005

	Total income		Wages and salaries		Net income from self-employment		Other income		After-tax income	
	Aggregate income	Distribution	Aggregate income	Distribution	Aggregate income	Distribution	Aggregate income	Distribution	Aggregate income	Distribution
	millions	percent	millions	percent	millions	percent	millions	percent	millions	percent
Canada	844,406	100	585,081	69.3	55,499	6.6	200,397	23.7	699,112	82.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	10,793	100	6,919	64.1	438	4.1	3,401	31.5	9,053	83.9
Prince Edward Island	2,938	100	1,878	63.9	153	5.2	898	30.6	2,507	85.3
Nova Scotia	21,531	100	14,152	65.7	998	4.6	6,281	29.2	18,040	83.8
New Brunswick	15,953	100	10,925	68.5	517	3.2	4,465	28.0	13,567	85.0
Quebec	183,915	100	123,296	67.0	10,017	5.4	49,908	27.1	150,939	82.1
Ontario	353,229	100	245,396	69.5	26,892	7.6	79,360	22.5	290,427	82.2
Manitoba	26,450	100	18,161	68.7	1,878	7.1	6,325	23.9	21,980	83.1
Saskatchewan	22,277	100	15,135	67.9	1,612	7.2	5,456	24.5	18,706	84.0
Alberta	96,833	100	75,133	77.6	5,819	6.0	15,540	16.0	80,655	83.3
British Columbia	110,488	100	74,085	67.1	7,174	6.5	28,763	26.0	93,237	84.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (survey 3889).

Table 3.13-1
Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Public administration

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	829.33	855.15	872.05	899.05	930.85	3.5
Newfoundland and Labrador	682.49	696.81	697.48	713.12	727.84	2.1
Prince Edward Island	732.39	787.07	806.85	879.47	904.58	2.9
Nova Scotia	796.00	806.98	819.33	852.23	876.38	2.8
New Brunswick	800.29	815.02	844.92	884.53	906.46	2.5
Quebec	815.05	868.71	893.91	912.52	940.62	3.1
Ontario	872.22	898.16	914.81	946.26	985.98	4.2
Manitoba	745.09	731.20	732.83	777.17	784.16	0.9
Saskatchewan	744.10	774.98	788.16	824.69	844.50	2.4
Alberta	784.95	795.15	803.23	821.97	854.33	3.9
British Columbia	873.06	862.28	877.32	894.74	933.30	4.3
Yukon Territory	912.91	942.49	973.80	973.83	987.17	1.4
Northwest Territories	1,017.96	1,013.71	1,022.90	1,046.39	1,050.27	0.4
Nunavut	914.23	935.87	910.01	1.066.10	1,142,14	7.1

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-2 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Other services (except public administration)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	530.24	527.67	546.85	565.48	583.52	3.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	443.76	431.78	443.62	454.96	478.85	5.3
Prince Edward Island	438.22	402.76	382.15	407.20	433.17	6.4
Nova Scotia	450.20	435.41	455.95	466.09	485.82	4.2
New Brunswick	464.66	445.59	445.82	464.34	476.17	2.5
Quebec	485.89	492.85	513.90	532.90	550.05	3.2
Ontario	580.26	569.71	588.91	606.61	616.77	1.7
Manitoba	494.58	489.25	518.66	534.90	543.55	1.6
Saskatchewan	477.50	470.49	478.51	488.52	507.20	3.8
Alberta	505.31	511.43	534.19	566.28	601.96	6.3
British Columbia	545.35	550.49	565.98	579.73	603.46	4.1
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories	621.77	609.87	637.18	642.21	675.71	5.2
Nunavut						

Table 3.13-3 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Accommodation and food services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	279.11	270.11	279.59	291.47	304.36	4.4
	282.49	277.63	283.31	298.88	319.66	7.0
	248.26	257.32	251.89	259.47	266.45	2.7
	254.99	252.61	264.35	277.46	289.97	4.5
	250.53	243.47	249.45	261.16	278.24	6.5
	287.20	279.67	287.14	292.99	303.68	3.6
	276.16	265.27	274.87	283.99	292.82	3.1
	265.85	266.91	274.51	281.64	288.96	2.6
	250.46	244.17	254.35	266.08	281.13	5.7
	275.80	266.48	282.43	302.94	327.19	8.0
	293.83	281.12	288.42	305.96	320.65	4.8
Yukon Territory	374.59	378.96	403.57	450.27	462.02	2.6
Northwest Territories	372.98	391.83	420.50	472.54	452.95	-4.1
Nunavut	421.59	427.50	468.10	574.23	628.29	9.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.13-4 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Arts, entertainment and recreation

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	444.63	427.29	422.60	429.47	436.62	1.7
Newfoundland and Labrador				,		
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia	333.32	306.43	300.44	307.71	318.93	3.6
New Brunswick						
Quebec	441.60	433.43	445.51	457.24	460.28	0.7
Ontario	485.92	471.71	451.44	458.30	465.10	1.5
Manitoba	472.61	445.66	478.90	461.16	460.41	-0.2
Saskatchewan	311.93	308.36	321.58	332.03	330.08	-0.6
Alberta	384.64	362.75	360.95	357.28	376.74	5.4
British Columbia	449.19	413.07	411.18	423.26	432.55	2.2
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-5 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Health care and social assistance

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	604.07	612.15	636.54	654.94	678.91	3.7
Newfoundland and Labrador	648.23	620.50	644.44	650.32	671.72	3.3
Prince Edward Island	601.89	602.88	649.66	642.80	668.41	4.0
Nova Scotia	578.92	598.21	637.01	668.27	690.32	3.3
New Brunswick	563.90	586.62	604.48	646.90	673.73	4.1
Quebec	586.82	590.33	606.61	629.20	636.31	1.1
Ontario	622.41	632.16	659.88	672.94	696.36	3.5
Manitoba	496.53	504.33	535.05	558.37	582.46	4.3
Saskatchewan	550.07	573.95	616.76	642.14	676.60	5.4
Alberta	619.12	620.88	646.45	662.73	696.89	5.2
British Columbia	634.86	644.94	660.62	677.31	720.49	6.4
Yukon Territory	720.87	732.07	792.76	808.75	848.91	5.0
Northwest Territories	876.61	979.51	1,193.13	1,209.76	1,220.88	0.9
Nunavut	533.27	479.72	538.29	697.84	658.21	-5.7

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-6 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Educational services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	715.27	735.43	761.02	787.81	813.02	3.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	741.57	782.17	796.52	781.92	796.20	1.8
Prince Edward Island	702.48	685.94	678.59	698.51	710.87	1.8
Nova Scotia	704.02	705.73	735.99	754.85	707.83	-6.2
New Brunswick	682.04	705.04	754.85	777.72	779.22	0.2
Quebec	735.66	740.85	754.76	761.97	765.28	0.4
Ontario	711.43	735.69	759.17	799.25	834.48	4.4
Manitoba	661.62	682.64	706.18	726.88	753.16	3.6
Saskatchewan	682.58	702.81	752.65	776.23	796.22	. 2.6
Alberta	688.13	720.11	746.77	781.27	816.44	4.5
British Columbia	737.63	767.94	811.15	836.94	889.35	6.3
Yukon Territory	952.72	829.44	793.53	904.99	983.06	8.6
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Table 3.13-7 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
	dollars					
Canada	537.31	541.58	559.81	577.85	601.16	4.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	468.39	497.88	534.65	536.74	575.93	7.3
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia	454.65	471.03	502.00	503.02	521.61	3.7
New Brunswick	449.06	439.15	458.96	463.89	494.30	6.6
Quebec	511.42	514.59	528.49	553.07	574.14	3.8
Ontario	552.79	551.06	564.71	577.29	595.84	3.2
Manitoba	541.12	551.25	606.62	643.84	655.61	1.8
Saskatchewan	407.61	427.31	477.41	494.60	519.36	5.0
Alberta	589.03	602.03	628.82	657.43	705.07	7.2
British Columbia	545.60	559.04	572.99	592.51	618.92	4.5
Yukon Territory	609.49	605.46	624.69	626.55	630.31	0.6
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.13-8 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Management of companies and enterprises

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
	dollars					
Canada	846.25	859.07	863.11	907.21	948.43	4.5
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick						
Quebec	878.95	873.49	887.61	895.68	951.80	6.3
Ontario	836.99	875.83	901.51	947.24	980.64	3.5
Manitoba	849.72	848.14	849.23 748.69	855.36	821.32 782.91	-4.0 -1.6
Saskatchewan Alberta	701.63 900.61	710.68 889.12	835.18	796.00 895.23	926.30	3.5
British Columbia	855.71	849.54	811.98	928.61	1.021.24	10.0
Yukon Territory					•	
Northwest Territories	,	•		•	•	
Nunavut						·

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-9 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Professional, scientific and technical services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent				
Canada	901.63	914.98	928.59	951.99	963.06	1.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	881.22	870.90	898.61	914.96	929.97	1.6
Prince Edward Island	703.47	681.37	720.38	708.25	733.94	3.6
Nova Scotia	800.00	761.35	774.68	802.73	821.97	2.4
New Brunswick	836.61	850.15	838.84	858.33	885.95	3.2
Quebec	803.16	816.35	819.16	848.44	871.98	2.8
Ontario	985.41	999.68	1,025.64	1,048.33	1,038.80	-0.9
Manitoba	744.61	734.01	767.68	776.39	803.77	3.5
Saskatchewan	721.59	728.49	732.86	767.25	798.38	4.1
Alberta	909.79	927.35	913.78	936.17	975.19	4.2
British Columbia	871.23	897.05	914.33	929.90	940.03	1.1
Yukon Territory Northwest Territories	860.90	906.74	982.87	1,033.83	1,048.46	1.4
Vunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-10 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Finance and insurance

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta	852.81 784.20 814.57 777.09 802.88 799.53 890.58 826.33 771.68 890.57	879.82 849.45 845.61 813.75 839.47 856.66 897.12 837.93 816.66 911.81	903.02 950.45 913.36 859.09 884.43 868.13 927.72 888.49 836.08 918.21	935.96 985.29 968.45 910.57 925.26 891.11 963.28 930.25 840.12 942.96	964.93 975.53 998.69 876.84 948.97 924.86 997.37 944.18 850.26 974.48	3.1 -1.0 3.1 -3.7 2.6 3.8 3.5 1.5
British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	854.08 857.12 853.06	903.21 814.49 781.86	904.47 795.92 857.16	946.28 825.19 905.44	974.30 879.47 903.78	3.0 6.6 -0.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-11 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Information and cultural industries

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	821.36	822.71	833.69	881.23	933.13	5.9
Newfoundland and Labrador	744.73	769.37	753.07	799.98	885.83	10.7
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia	692.20	689.61	709.29	758.98	825.67	8.8
New Brunswick	809.34	836.01	855.28	88.88	935.47	5.2
Quebec	807.32	800.57	811.79	866.10	931.38	7.5
Ontario	885.11	884.29	882.54	930.50	977.08	5.0
Manitoba	795.56	775.08	818.34	846.88	830.92	-1.9
Saskatchewan	682.51	710.85	735.35	764.73	792.43	3.6
Alberta	744.45	747.55	752.88	799.81	830.35	3.8
British Columbia	775.00	785.11	829.38	885.50	972.57	9.8
Yukon Territory	892.43	881.15	809.21	X	848.37	X
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.13-12

Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Real estate and rental and leasing

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	610.78	606.52	626.72	650.96	675.10	3.7
Newfoundland and Labrador			,	,		
Prince Edward Island	х	424.76	437.96	х	467.15	X
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick						
Quebec	510.29	509.66	524.91	528.50	548.61	3.8
Ontario	660.57	661.65	689.33	717.44	731.30	1.9
Manitoba	498.99	482.88	491.46	525.76	572.52	8.9
Saskatchewan	613.93	643.75	643.62	652.11	689.06	5.7
Alberta	651.54	628.04	626.45	661.50	696.74	5.3
British Columbia	627.24	622.47	645.19	675.55	705.97	4.5
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-13

Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Transportation and warehousing

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	764.55	761.44	756.40	776.01	784.73	1.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	708.09	721.29	710.88	714.88	746.32	4.4
Prince Edward Island	595.09	610.78	606.61	622.91	639.43	2.7
Nova Scotia	722.75	732.84	741.53	752.69	745.41	-1.0
New Brunswick	695.39	718.75	725.11	723.47	733.30	1.4
Quebec	715.36	715.31	717.89	739.95	752.83	1.7
Ontario	790.20	774.03	762.25	781.56	783.72	0.3
Manitoba	757.56	756.66	752.90	767.55	779.37	1.5
Saskatchewan	743.95	752.68	753.03	748.00	757.56	1.3
Alberta	748.90	755.17	744.43	774.54	788.83	1.8
British Columbia	827.19	832.50	829.80	848.97	858.34	1.1
Yukon Territory	796.36	782.83	818.67	872.45	897.69	2.9
Northwest Territories	860.45	867.99	904.72	953.17	982.89	3.1
Nunavut	838.82	824.80	818.61	853.15	914.02	7.1

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.13-14 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Trade

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	544.83	554.81	563.66	581.59	601.14	3.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	464.38	474.65	496.50	516.05	525.90	1.9
Prince Edward Island	431.18	424.79	436.01	429.80	442.84	3.0
Nova Scotia	475.24	484.03	489.92	499.54	524.45	5.0
New Brunswick	493.31	499.87	514.84	522.54	533.72	2.1
Quebec	498.32	510.57	519.63	538.26	551.32	2.4
Ontario	589.54	602.81	608.60	626.62	647.75	3.4
Manitoba	489.04	495.30	514.72	533.11	550.99	3.4
Saskatchewan	486.65	490.54	512.33	527.68	551.18	4.5
Alberta	556.96	561.71	573.03	602.02	631.82	5.0
British Columbia	553.97	560.74	569.24	581.11	598.48	3.0
Yukon Territory	550.89	529.22	562.61	579.37	583.49	0.7
Northwest Territories	662.09	641.70	649.83	678.67	709.70	4.6
Nunavut	538.52	529.16	566.15	612.92	643.07	4.9

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-15 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Manufacturing

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	833.36	844.47	861.18	885.65	905.59	2.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	644.61	664.45	705.63	783.49	818.19	4.4
Prince Edward Island	596.82	579.07	573.69	590.46	650.66	10.2
Nova Scotia	715.60	731.43	748.31	767.03	776.69	1.3
New Brunswick	709.74	729.13	721.92	758.71	780.65	2.9
Quebec	756.60	766.96	784.00	809.82	833.36	2.9
Ontario	909.22	918.82	935.25	955.16	970.15	1.6
Manitoba	684.68	693.87	705.15	729.34	750.28	2.9
Saskatchewan	765.10	762.27	781.38	827.40	832.23	0.6
Alberta	831.42	850.00	879.75	921.68	955.80	3.7
British Columbia	835.50	848.10	859.50	877.25	895.44	2.1
Yukon Territory			•.			
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.13-16 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Construction

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	810.87	831.35	841.22	872.81	895.21	2.6
	581.93	620.64	620.20	683.41	723.86	5.9
	581.15	600.31	572.82	616.02	671.40	9.0
	665.11	680.96	681.30	714.06	742.14	3.9
	650.61	693.62	701.42	761.09	793.99	4.3
	781.90	795.77	813.61	826.91	858.99	3.9
	855.53	887.31	889.96	913.67	914.71	0.1
	728.48	750.09	763.49	789.66	831.74	5.3
	738.55	752.99	749.97	780.08	829.05	6.3
	875.10	869.93	900.02	955.58	988.90	3.5
	778.50	806.64	808.80	843.92	865.89	2.6
Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	891.50	899.27	819.15	927.43	985.58	6.3
	904.88	910.72	876.40	907.84	1,020.16	12.4
	809.72	920.17	935.62	1,080.32	1,001.93	-7.3

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-17 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Forestry, logging and support

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	852.47	867.64	887.54	925.75	966.70	4.4
Newfoundland and Labrador						
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick	675.49	X	X	Х	X	х
Quebec	755.72	780.99	844.46	885.86	913.91	3.2
Ontario	906.73	898.78	891.45	912.60	928.27	1.7
Manitoba						
Saskatchewan	758.24	773.21	739.49	808.80	789.68	-2.4
Alberta	821.30	834.57	838.36	932.77	1,004.99	7.7
British Columbia	953.71	969.02	961.20	995.38	1,043.80	4.9
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut					,	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3.13-18 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Mining and oil and gas extraction

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	1,168.01	1,182.06	1,248.93	1,311.14	1,345.58	2.6
Newfoundland and Labrador				,		
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick	1,042.44	X	X	X	X	X
Quebec	964.08	974.61	1,020.50	1,018.87	1,075.65	5.6
Ontario	1,093.48	1,112.22	1,125.19	1,094.39	1,096.16	0.2
Manitoba	1,077.93	X	X	1,171.04	X	X
Saskatchewan	1,097.86	1,062.98	1,017.24	1,110.70	1,133.85	2.1
Alberta	1,225.64	1,239.92	1,331.01	1,419.77	1,462.72	. 3.0
British Columbia	1,184.34	1,207.75	1,300.18	1,327.83	1,378.31	3.8
Yukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Nunavut						

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.13-19 Average weekly earnings, by industry, Canada, provinces and territories — Utilities

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage
						change 2005 to 2006
			dollars			percent
Canada	1,058.31	1,068.89	1,061.59	1,065.65	1,087.82	2.1
Newfoundland and Labrador					,	
Prince Edward Island						
Nova Scotia						
New Brunswick	915.89	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
Quebec	1,106.06	1,131.54	1,113.27	1,110.52	1,122.88	1.1
Ontario	1,109.60	1,088.51	1,053.47	1,042.42	1,056.82	1.4
Manitoba	923.38	Х	Х	998.19	X	Х
Saskatchewan	1,076.26	1,097.00	1,083.67	1,082.60	1,126.91	4.1
Alberta	988.69	1,038.49	1,097.19	1,115.56	1,149.20	3.0
British Columbia	975.89	1,014.01	1,079.02	1,138.54	1,201.46	5.5
/ukon Territory						
Northwest Territories						
Vunavut						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (survey 2612) and CANSIM table 281-0027.

Table 3.14

Average market income and average income after tax for families ¹ and unattached individuals

	Average market inco	me	Average after-tax inco	ome
	Economic families, two persons or more	Unattached individuals	Two persons or more	Unattached individuals
1981	61,300	25,200	56,300	25,100
1982	58,600	24,800	54,900	24,800
1983	57,500	22,800	53,800	23,400
1984	57,500	23,000	54,000	23,700
1985	59,000	23,600	54,900	24,100
1986	60,300	23,700	55,400	23,900
1987	61,200	23,900	55,300	24,000
1988	62,700	24,100	56,600	24,400
1989	64,400	25,100	57,700	25,100
1990	61,800	24,300	55,700	24,500
1991	59,200	21,700	54,100	23.000
1992	58,200	21,600	54,100	23,200
1993	57,100	21,400	53,200	23,100
1994	57,800	21.000	53,600	22,900
1995	58,600	21,900	53,700	23,200
1996	58,600	21,400	54,000	22,800
1997	60,200	21,200	55,100	22,800
1998	62,800	22,100	56,900	23,200
1999	64,900	24,200	58,600	24.400
2000	67,800	24,300	60,400	24,600
2001	68,500	25,100	62,900	25,700
2002	68,300	25,600	62,900	26,300
2003	67,800	26,400	62,400	26,600
2004	69,500	26,300	63,900	26,500
2005	70,300	27,000	64,800	27,000

^{1.} An economic family is defined as a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common law or adoption.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (survey 3889) and CANSIM tables 202-0202 and 202-0701.

Table 3.15
Average after-tax income of families¹, Canada and provinces

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Canada	62.900	62,900	62,400	63.900	64,800
Newfoundland and Labrador	48,100	48,700	48,700	49.000	50,300
Prince Edward Island	50,600	52,000	51,700	52.700	53,200
Nova Scotia	53,700	54,200	52,400	53.900	56,800
New Brunswick	51,900	51.800	51,900	53.000	52,300
Quebec	55,400	55,700	55,100	56,900	57,000
Ontario	70,300	69,900	69,300	70,300	70,400
Manitoba	56,200	57,900	56,300	58,000	59,300
Saskatchewan	55,200	55,200	55,800	56,200	59,100
Alberta	69,100	67,500	68,800	71,000	73,200
British Columbia	60,700	61,900	60,500	62,400	65,000

^{1.} An economic family is defined as a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common law or adoption.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (survey 3889) and CANSIM table 202-0603.

Section 4

Consumer expenditures

In 2006, personal expenditure on consumer goods and services in Canada was recorded at about \$755 billion, an increase of about \$30.3 billion (+4.2%) over the figures for 2005 (table 4.1). Overall, services accounted for about 54% (\$408 billion) of total personal expenditure on goods and services, while Non-Durable goods (22.5%) Durable goods (14.5%) and Semi-Durable goods (9%) accounted for the rest of the expenditures (table 4.1). Consumers in all of the provinces and territories in Canada, with the exception of Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick and Quebec, spent more money on services than on consumer goods (table 4.2).

In 2006, Gross Rent, Fuel and Power accounted for the largest share of total personal expenditures on goods and services (22%) followed by Miscellaneous Goods and Services (18.5%) and then Transportation and Communications (15.7%). On the other hand, Clothing and Footwear accounted for the smallest proportion of expenditure (4.8%). Between 2005 and 2006, the biggest increases in personal expenditure were on Recreational, Sporting and Camping equipments (+12.6%) Household appliances (+11.2%), and Furniture, Carpets and Other Floor coverings (+10.9%) (table 4.1). However, expenditures on Other fuels (-13.0%), Natural gas (-3.3%), electricity (-3.5%) and Tobacco products (-4.3%) declined (table 4.1).

Between 2002 and 2006, spending on Other fuels (-20.2%) and Tobacco products (-16.4%) experienced the most significant decline in personal expenditure, while over the same period, expenditure on Recreational, sporting and camping equipments (38.3%) Household Appliances (+36.8%), Furniture, Carpets and other floor coverings (+33.6%) and Drugs and pharmaceuticals (+31.7%) saw the steepest increases (table 4.1 and chart 4.1).

The national per capita expenditure on goods and services in Canada increased from \$20,544 in 2005 to \$21,170 in 2006 (+3%). Alberta (\$23,907) and British Columbia (\$22,553)

recorded the highest per capita spending on consumer goods and services. Albertans spent \$11,933 on goods and \$12,190 on services, while British Columbians spent on average \$9,711 on goods and \$12,914 on services. Strong economic growth made Albertans (\$11,933) the only ones to spend more per capita on goods than the Canadian average (\$9,936). Also, between 2002 and 2006, among the ten provinces, Alberta experienced the strongest growth in total consumer expenditures on consumer goods and services (+15.8%) (table 4.2).

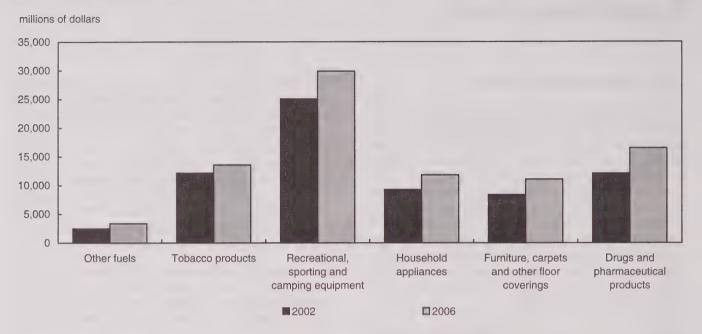
Consumers in Newfoundland and Labrador (\$18,229) and Prince Edward Island (\$18,257) and New Brunswick (\$18,511) recorded the lowest per capita expenditures on consumer goods and services (table 4.2).

4.1 Average expenditures per household

In 2005, the average household expenditure in Canada rose by +5.1% (\$63,636 in 2004 to \$66,857 in 2005), registering the highest growth rate since the annual Survey of Household Spending (SHS) was introduced in 1997 (table 4.4).

Provincially, households in Ontario (\$75,920) and Alberta (\$75,346) continued to record the highest Together with British household expenditures. Columbia (\$68,231), these provinces recorded average household expenditures higher than the national average. However, it was the three Western provinces: Saskatchewan (+8.3%), Manitoba (+6.9%) and British Columbia (+6.2%) who registered the most robust growth rates in the country (table 4.4). However, nationwide, the highest average spending was recorded in the Northwest Territories (\$89,730), this represented a +16% increase from 2003, the most recent year the territories were in the survey. Households in Newfoundland and Labrador (\$52,612) (a +5.5% gain from 2004) and Prince Edward Island (\$53,007) (+4.2%) recorded the lowest average household expenditures (table 4.4).

Chart 4.1
Expenditure on selected consumer goods and services, Canada, 2002 and 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly Estimates catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0024.

Personal taxes (Federal and provincial income taxes) (\$13,698 or 20.5%) Shelter (\$12,614 or 18.9%) and Transportation (\$9,073 or 13.6%) continue to account for large portions of the average expenditures of Canadian households (table 4.4). Increases in shelter and transportation costs can be partly blamed on increasing energy costs. Nationwide, there were increases in average expenditure on education from \$1,078 in 2004 to \$1,219 (+13%) in 2005, owing mostly to the increase spending on post-secondary tuition due to increase participation in higher education pursuits.

Provincially, average household expenditure on personal taxes was highest in Ontario (\$16,308) and Alberta (\$16,094), partly reflecting rising household incomes in these provinces. Also, due to the tight housing market in these provinces, Ontario (\$15,135) and British Columbia (\$13,899) recorded the highest average household expenditures on shelter in 2006 (table 4.4).

4.2 Food available adjusted for losses

In 2006, Canadians ate more cereal products, yogurt, pork, beef and poultry on a per capita basis, however,

per capita consumption of milk and sugar, and oils, fats and vegetables experienced slight declines, while the amount of eggs, fish, cheese and fresh fruits remained stable (table 4.5).

Total cereals available adjusted for the losse factors, including pasta, bakery products and cereal-based snacks increased from 60.3 kilograms (kg) per person in 2005 to a record high 61.0 kg. Similarly, the amount of beef and veal available for consumption rose from 13.6 kg per person to 13.9 kg. Also, the amount of pork available rose modestly from 9.5 kg to 9.7 kg, following a 13.5% decline in 2005. Poultry consumption, which has been increasing over time, inched up from 13.3 kg per person in 2005 to 13.4 kg in 2006.

As well, Canadians ate 4.9 litres of yogurt on average in 2006, up from 4.8 litres in 2005 and 2.2 litres a decade earlier. Canadians consumed less of milk, as this product's consumption continued its long-term downward trend, falling from 59.1 litres in 2005 to 58.7 litres in 2006.

The availability of refined sugar (adjusted for losses) fell from 23.3 kg per person in 2005 to 22.3 kg (4.0%) in 2006. Fresh vegetables available for consumption (excluding potatoes) also fell from 38.7 kg

in 2005 to 37.8 kg per person in 2006. In the same year, Canadians used 18.6 kg of oils and fats (including butter, margarine and salad and cooking oils) per person, compared with 19.3 kg in 2005.

4.3 Electronic Commerce: Adult Canadians making online purchase

Adult Canadians made a total of 50 million orders on-line for goods and services for personal or household consumption in 2005. These orders amounted to \$7.9 billion for personal or household consumption in 2005, according to data from the Canadian Internet Use Survey (table 4.7).

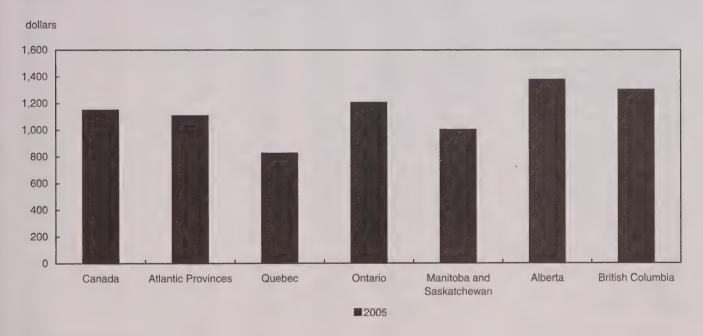
E-commerce, that is the value of orders made on-line, still represented a very small fraction of the \$725 billion

Chart 4.2 Average e-commerce spending in Canada, by region, 2005

in personal expenditures on goods and services that consumers made in 2005. Travel services such as hotel reservations and car rentals were the most common type of order, followed closely by books, magazines and digital products.

There were regional variations in the level of spending on e-commerce in Canada. Ontario accounted for 44.7% (or \$3.5 billion) of the total amount spent on e-commerce in Canada. Manitoba and Saskatchewan recorded the least expenditure on e-commerce in 2005 (5.3% or \$419 million) (table 4.7 and chart 4.2).

Despite the fact that Ontarians spent more money than people in any other region on E-commerce, it was Albertans who spent more on average on online orders than any other province or region (\$1,378). Quebec (\$826.3) recorded the lowest average value of online purchases (table 4.7 and chart 4.2).



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canadian Internet Use Survey (CIUS) population and CANSIM table 358-0137.

Significantly, internet shoppers patronized more Canadian vendors than foreign ones. Available data

show that 63% of expenditures on e-commerce were on Canadian vendors (table 4.8).

Table 4.1
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2002 to 2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
_		millions of o	hained (2002)	dollars		perce	nt
Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	655,722	675,443	698,138	724,942	755,204	15.2	4.2
Durable goods	92,085	94,431	97,268	102,468	109,755	19.2	7.1
Semi-durable goods	57,052	58,891	61,230	63,866	68,529	20.1	7.3
Non-durable goods Services	158,399 348,186	161,533 360.621	164,711 375,044	167,859 391,140	170,305 407,772	7.5 17.1	1.5 4.3
	87.806	88,785	89,757	90,915	92,296	5.1	1.5
Food, beverages and tobacco Food and non-alcoholic beverages	62,325	63,549	64,860	66,208	67,472	8.3	1.9
Alcoholic beverages bought in stores	13,316	13,725	13,907	14,380	15,101	13.4	5.0
Tobacco products	12,165	11,559	11,143	10,624	10,170	-16.4	-4.3
Clothing and footwear	29,592	30,743	31,802	33,283	35,967	21.5	8.1
Men's and boys' clothing	9,946	10,301	10,681	11,062	11,852	19.2	7.1
Nomen's, girl's and children's clothing	15,236	15,916	16,447	17,365	18,822	23.5	8.4
Footwear	4,410	4,529	4,678	4,861	5,297	20.1	9.0
Gross rent, fuel and power	147,315	152,278	157,076	162,411	166,238	12.8	2.4
Gross imputed rent	90,313	93,674	97,446	101,442	105,462	16.8	4.0
Gross paid rent	31,491	32,456	33,454	34,439 5,725	35,478 5,822	12.7 9.9	3.0 1.7
Other shelter expenses Electricity	5,299 12,552	5,410 12,960	5,540 13,143	13,552	13,084	4.2	-3.5
Natural gas	5,164	5,314	5,190	5,172	5,002	-3.1	-3.3
Other fuels	2,496	2,453	2,376	2,290	1,992	-20.2	-13.0
urniture, furnishings and household							
equipment and maintenance	54,117	56,162	58,880	61,631	65,828	21.6	6.8
urniture, carpets and other floor coverings	8,376	8,796	9,533	10,090	11,188	33.6	10.9
lousehold appliances	9,277	9,831	10,469	11,412	12,692	36.8	11.2
Semi-durable household furnishings	16,002	16,526	17,305 12.151	18,015	19,238	20.2	6.8
Non-durable household supplies Domestic and child care services	11,282 5,214	11,681 5,261	5,314	12,568 5,387	13,014 5,478	15.4 5.1	3.5 1.7
Other household services	3,966	4,071	4,132	4,221	4,365	10.1	3.4
Medical care and health services	33,623	34,750	36,557	38,154	40,220	19.6	5.4
Medical care	15,395	15,498	16,121	16,646	17,257	12.1	3.7
Hospital care and the like	1,577	1,604	1,690	1,738	1,801	14.2	3.6
Other medical care expenses	4,546	4,739	4,915	5,110	5,276	16.1	3.2
Orugs and pharmaceutical products	12,105	12,912	13,840	14,683	15,940	31.7	8.6
Fransportation and communications	109,233	110,226	112,159	115,520	118,193	8.2	2.3
New and used (net) motor vehicles	42,931	42,814	42,340	43,462	44,354	3.3	2.1
Motor vehicle repairs and parts Motor fuels and lubricants	13,066 20,289	13,526 20,325	13,816 20,731	14,232 20,978	14,712 21,187	12.6 4.4	3.4 1.0
Other auto related services	6,687	6,972	7,179	7,383	7,648	14.4	3.6
Purchased transportation	11,822	11,644	12,482	13,016	13,528	14.4	3.9
Communications	14,438	14,928	15,572	16,496	16,854	16.7	2.2
Recreation, entertainment, education and							
cultural services	72,915	74,815	77,957	81,640	86,900	19.2	6.4
Recreational, sporting and camping	05.004	00.450	00.000	00 700	04.050	00.0	40.0
equipment	25,061	26,452	28,266	30,769	34,656	38.3 15.7	12.6 6.0
Reading and entertainment supplies Recreational services	11,265 27,560	11,401 27,539	11,869 28,383	12,297 28,934	13,029 29,609	7.4	2.3
Education and cultural services	9,029	9,444	9,534	9,889	10,253	13.6	3.7
Miscellaneous goods and services	122,981	124,854	129,755	133,881	139,535	13.5	4.2
Personal effects not elsewhere classified	3,740	3,785	3,892	3,925	4,162	11.3	6.0
Personal care	13,564	14,031	14,774	15,306	15,994	17.9	4.5
Restaurants and accommodation services	46,921	46,168	47,219	47,861	49,311	5.1	3.0
Financial and legal services Operating expenses of non-profit	44,059	45,214	47,458	49,558	52,037	18.1	5.0
organizations	14,697	15,657	16,419	17,252	18,073	23.0	4.8
Net expenditure abroad	-1,860	2,980	4,664	8,408	11,621	724.8	38.2

Source(s): Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly Estimates, catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0024.

Table 4.2 Per capita personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2002 to 2006
		millions of o	hained (2002) d	ollars		percent
Canada						
Total .	19,142	19,523	19,970	20,545	21,170	10.6
Goods Services	9,081 10,085	9,207	9,357 10,643	9,622	9,936	9.4
Del Vices	10,000	10,343	10,643	10,971	11,322	12.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	40.407	47.005	477.004	4==04	40.000	40.0
Fotal Goods	16,467 8,902	17,025 9,203	17,291 9,221	17,704 9,413	18,229 9,659	10.7 8.5
Services	7,587	7,851	8,095	8,327	8,613	13.5
Prince Edward Island						
Total	16,796	17,178	17,414	17,832	18,257	8.7
Goods	8,471	8,571	8,631	8,815	8,966	5.8
Services	8,362	8,629	8,805	9,061	9,363	12.0
Nova Scotia						
otal	17,663	18,077	18,450	18,917	19,434	10.0
Goods Services	8,834 8,854	8,978 9,129	9,102 9,385	9,282 9,686	9,512 10,029	7.7 13.3
	0,004	9,129	9,303	9,000	10,029	13.3
New Brunswick	46.750	47.040	47.405	47.047	40 544	40.5
Fotal Goods	16,759 8,848	17,040 8,876	17,465 9,048	17,917 9,279	18,511 9,609	10.5 8.6
Services	7,927	8,180	8,433	8,671	8,981	13.3
Quebec						
Cotal Cotal	17,706	18,121	18,539	19,023	19,458	9.9
Goods	9,065	9,266	9,427	9,654	9,875	8.9
Services	8,672	8,894	9,159	9,427	9,664	11.4
Ontario						
otal	19,987	20,341	20,682	21,209	21,722	8.7
Goods Services	9,095 10,915	9,195 11,160	9,252 11,440	9,468 11,761	9,679 12 ,101	6.4 10.9
	10,010	11,100	11,440	11,101	12,101	10.0
∕lanitoba °otal	17,801	18,033	18,505	19,032	19,599	10.1
Goods	8,494	8,612	8,843	9,079	9,383	10.5
Services	9,330	9,446	9,694	10,006	10,296	10.4
Saskatchewan						
otal	17,753	18,242	18,551	19,164	``19,944	12.3
Goods	8,606	8,828	8,945	9,338	9,805	13.9
Services	9,171	9,449	9,644	9,895	10,246	11.7
Alberta		04.000	04.077	00.004	00.00=	4-0
'otal Goods	20,637 10,005	21,070 10,136	21,855 10,534	22,821 11,180	23,907 11,933	15.8 19.3
oods Services	10,681	10,136	11,382	11,768	12,190	14.1
	,					
British Columbia Fotal	20,008	20,409	21,052	21,689	22,553	12.7
Goods	8,819	8,882	9,125	9,322	9,711	10.1
Services	11,212	11,550	11,956	12,405	12,914	15.2
′ukon						
l Total	22,829	23,648	23,984	24,678	25,713	12.6
Goods	10,685	10,728	10,713	11,021 13,689	11,368 14,442	6.4 18.6
Services	12,178	12,952	13,303	13,009	14,442	10.0
Northwest Territories	00.000	92.000	24.007	24.002	25 004	40.7
Total Goods	23,066 11,135	23,656 11,200	24,067 11,379	24,983 11,893	25,991 12,446	12.7 11.8
Services	12,027	12,550	12,781	13,207	13,736	14.2
lunavut Total	13,605	14,298	14,646	14,947	15,139	11.3
Goods	6,263	6,515	6,648	6,824	6,952	11.0
Services	7,377	7,818	8,032	8,156	8,219	11.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, Provincial economic accounts catalogue no.13-213-X and CANSIM tables 384-0002 and 051-0001. (2006 Preliminary estimates released April 2007).

Table 4.3 Average household expenditure, by income quintile, Canada, 2005

	All categories	Lowest quintile less than \$25,940	Second quintile \$25,940 to \$44,196	Third quintile \$44,196 to \$67,211	Fourth quintile \$67,211 to \$98,000	Highest quintile \$98,000 and over
Estimated number of households	12,180,090	2,436,020	2,436,020	2,436,020	2,436,020	2,436,020
			avera	age		
Household size	2.51	1.45	2.11	2.56	2.99	3.41
Number of children aged less than 5	0.12	0.05	0.10	0.14	0.17	0.14
Number of children aged 5 to 14 years Number of youths aged 15 to 19 years	0.30 0.18	0.08 0.04	0.23 0.10	0.32 0.15	0.43 0.22	0.46 0.36
Number of youths aged 20 to 24 years	0.16	0.08	0.10	0.15	0.19	0.28
Number of adults aged 25 to 64 years	1.42	0.67	1.09	1.51	1.79	2.05
Number of seniors aged 65 years and over	0.33	0.53	0.50	0.29	0.18	0.13
Age of reference person	50	58	53	47	46	47
Household income before tax (\$)	68,102	16,686	34,599	55,302	81,349	152,572
Other money receipts (\$)	2,450	1,673	1,558	1,608	1,574	5,838
Money flows - assets, loans and other debts (\$)	3,806	-3,113	-1,991	-412	2,661	21,882
_			perc	ent		
Homeowners (on December 31)	68.8	37.1	58.2	70.4	84.7	93.7
With no full-time earner	38.4	88.1	54.9	27.9	13.6	7.4
With one full-time earner With two or more full-time earners	39.2 22.4	11.6 F	41.3	55.9 16.2	51.6 34.8	35.9 56.8
	22.4	Г	5.9	10.2	34.0	30.0
With age of reference person: Under 25 years	2.8	5	3.6	3.5	1.2	F
25 to 44 years	38.2	22	33.8	44.3	48.3	42.8
45 to 64 years	39	29.5	32.9	37.5	42.5	52.6
65 years or older	20	43.5	29.7	14.8	8.1	3.9
Type of household						
One-person households	26.2	67.8	31.3	18.3	9.8	4
Couple households Lone-parent households	63 4.9	21.6	54.4 7.2	67.6 5.6	81.2 3.9	90.4 1.8
Lone parent neadonoido		· ·			0.0	1.0
-			dolla	ars		
Average expenditure per household	7 405	2.750	F 440	6.079	0 222	11 172
Food Shelter	7,135 12.614	3,750 6.584	5,440 9.176	6,978 11.670	8,333 15,362	11,173 20,281
Principal accommodation	11,745	6,460	8,822	11,123	14,409	17,913
Rented living quarters	2,460	3,640	3,186	2,784	1,819	870
Owned living quarters	7,146	1,688	3,936	6,240 2.099	10,031	13,836
Water, fuel and electricity Other accommodation	2,140 869	1,132 123	1,701 353	548	2,559 952	3,207 2,369
Household operation	3.091	1,412	2.114	2.845	3,658	5,425
Communications	1,393	761	1,047	1,390	1,660	2,107
Child care expenses	295	27	100	197	412	736
Pet expenses	377	144	275	349	439	680
Household furnishings and equipment	1,969	564	1,078	1,713	2,469	4,023
Clothing	2,588	830	1,502	2,220	3,106	5,281
Transportation	9,073	2,684	5,731	8,599	11,000	17,350
Private transportation Public transportation	8,240 833	2,279 405	5,163 568	7,892 707	10,070 930	15,795 1,555
·						
Health care	1,799	872	1,474	1,889	2,007	2,754
Personal care Recreation	1,094 3,918	459 971	767 2,026	1,017 3,224	1,302 4,683	1,925 8,685
Reading materials and other printed matter	284	121	191	246	333	528
Education	1,219	511	544	802	1,284	2,952

Table 4.3 – continued

Average household expenditure, by income quintile, Canada, 2005

	All categories	Lowest quintile less than \$25,940	Second quintile \$25,940 to \$44,196	Third quintile \$44,196 to \$67,211	Fourth quintile \$67,211 to \$98,000	Highest quintile \$98,000 and over
			dolla	ars		
Tobacco products and alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Alcoholic beverages	1,422 619 803	756 433 324	1,168 613 555	1,523 771 752	1,699 664 1,035	1,962 613 1,349
Miscellaneous expenditures Games of chance (net) Total current consumption Personal taxes	1,001 278 47,484 13,698	349 210 20,073 819	560 259 32,029 3,792	906 292 43,924 8,957	1,175 282 56,694 15,825	2,016 347 84,702 39,098
Personal insurance payments and pension contributions Gifts of money and contributions	3,921 1,753	535 615	1,646 1,193	3,561 1,309	5,430 2,503	8,435 3,147
Total expenditure	66,857	22,042	38,659	57,751	80,451	135,381
_			Percentage of to	tal expenditure		
	All categories	Lowest quintile less than \$25,940	Second quintile \$25,940 to \$44,196	Third quintile \$44,196 to \$67,211	Fourth quintile \$67,211 to \$98,000	Highest quintile \$98,000 and over
_			perc	ent		
Food Shelter Principal accommodation Rented living quarters Owned living quarters Water, fuel and electricity Other accommodation	10.7 18.9 17.6 3.7 10.7 3.2 1.3	17 29.9 29.3 16.5 7.7 5.1 0.6	14.1 23.7 22.8 8.2 10.2 4.4 0.9	12.1 20.2 19.3 4.8 10.8 3.6 0.9	10.4 19.1 17.9 2.3 12.5 3.2 1.2	8.3 15 13.2 0.6 10.2 2.4
Household operation Communications Child care expenses Pet expenses	4.6 2.1 0.4 0.6	6.4 3.5 0.1 0.7	5.5 2.7 0.3 0.7	4.9 2.4 0.3 0.6	4.5 2.1 0.5 0.5	1.6 0.8 0.8
Household furnishings and equipment Clothing	2.9 3.9	2.6 3.8	2.8 3.9	3 3.8	3.1 3.9	3.9
Transportation Private transportation Public transportation	13.6 12.3 1.2	12.2 10.3 1.8	14.8 13.4 1.5	14.9 13.7 11:2	13.7 12.5 1.2	12.8 11.7 1.1
Health care Personal care Recreation Reading materials and other printed matter Education	2.7 1.6 5.9 0.4 1.8	4 2.1 4.4 0.6 2.3	3.8 2 5.2 0.5 1.4	3.3 1.8 5.6 0.4 1.4	2.5 1.6 5.8 0.4 1.6	2 1.4 6.4 0.4 2.2
Tobacco products and alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Alcoholic beverages	2.1 0.9 1.2	3.4 2 1.5	3 1.6 1.4	2.6 1.3 1.3	2.1 0.8 1.3	1.4 0.5 1
Miscellaneous expenditures Games of chance (net) Total current consumption Personal taxes Personal insurance payments and pension	1.5 0.4 71 20.5	1.6 1 91.1 3.7	1.4 0.7 82.9 9.8	1.6 0.5 76.1 15.5	1.5 0.4 70.5 19.7	1.5 0.3 62.6 28.9
contributions Gifts of money and contributions	5.9 2.6	2.4 2.8	4.3 3.1	6.2 2.3	6.7 3.1	6.2 2.3
Total expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508).

Table 4.4
Average household expenditure, Canada, provinces, 2005

	Canada N	ewfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavu
Estimated number of	10.100.000	405 700	50.000	000 000	222 222	0.400.040	4 505 000	400 000	000 550	4 405 070	4.040.500	44.000	44.400	F 70/
households	12,180,090	195,790	52,620	363,860	290,000	3,136,310 4	4,505,860 dolla	429,390	360,550	1,195,670	1,618,530	11,660	14,130	5,730
F1	7 105	6,270	6,230	6.403	6,135	6,900	7,431	6,351	5.854	7,390	7,502	7,350	10,002	12,819
Food Shelter	7,135 12,614	8,415	9,652	10,097	9,074	9,715	15,135	9,997	9,924	13,137	13,899	11,428	17,692	10.027
Household operation	3.091	2,742	2,887	3,081	2,931	2,420	3,452	2,810	2,879	3,569	3,228	3,010	3,820	3,082
Household furnishings	0,001	2,172	2,007	0,001	2,001	2,720	0,402	2,010	2,010	0,000	0,220	0,0.0	0,020	0,000
and equipment	1.969	1,810	1,619	1,607	1,632	1,623	2,160	1,705	1,772	2,432	2,057	1,559	1,944	1,910
Clothing	2,588	2,330	2,068	2,087	2,034	2,189	2,936	2,179	2,231	2,889	2,611	2,120	3,564	2,739
Transportation	9,073	7,635	7,209	7,922	8,335	7,132	10,351	8,253	8,387	10,301	9,366	9,390	10,503	4,60
Health care	1,799	1,524	1,830	1,693	1,772	1,861	1,587	1,558	1,712	2,130	2,185	949	1,373	73
Personal care	1,094	994	957	965	916	1,022	1,167	977	989	1,236	1,058	877	1,277	902
Recreation	3,918	3,263	2,794	3,219	3,279	3,235	4,089	3,859	3,998	5,100	4,246	4,905	6,166	5,34
Reading materials and														
other printed matter	284	199	269	263	232	232	325	279	244	303	288	362	327	136
Education	1,219	867	983	1,012	755	650	1,620	964	843	1,348	1,453	477	591	235
Tobacco products and														
alcoholic beverages	1,422	1,332	1,453	1,468	1,350	1,365	1,288	1,298	1,330	1,759	1,693	2,185	3,182	2,77
Miscellaneous	1,001	599	672	901	688	845	1,083	989	919	1,132	1,143	720	1,121	606
Games of chance (net)	278	270	273	320	239	230	301	360	252	295	274	327	638	407
Total current														
consumption	47,484	38,250	38,887	41,038	39,370	39,418	52,926	41,579	41,337	53,019	51,002	45,660	62,201	46,327
Personal taxes	13,698	10,123	9,356	10,207	9,865	11,464	16,308	12,571	10,792	16,094	11,921	13,411	20,949	13,467
Personal insurance														
payments														
and pension														
contributions	3,921	3,106	3,339	3,388	3,314	3,634	4,388	3,819	3,742	4,043	3,492	3,850	5,299	3,246
Gifts of money and														
contributions	1,753	1,133	1,424	1,471	1,165	831	2,299	2,211	1,863	2,190	1,816	1,557	1,279	1,186
Total expenditure	66,857	52,612	53,007	56,105	53,714	55,348	75,920	60,181	57,734	75,346	68,231	64,477	89,729	64,225
A														
Average household size	2.51	2.55	2.52	2.43	2.45	2.30	2.66	2.46	2.44	2.58	2.48	2.43	2.70	3.51
(persons)	2.51	2.55	2.52	2.43	2.45	2.30	2.00	2.40	2.44	2.50	2.40	2.43	2.70	3.01
							perce	nt						
Food	10.7	11.9	11.8	11.4	11.4	12.5	9.8	10.6	10.1	9.8	11	11.4	11.1	20
Shelter	18.9	16	18.2	18	16.9	17.6	19.9	16.6	17.2	17.4	20.4	17.7	19.7	15.6
Household operation	4.6	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.5	4.4	4.5	4.7	5	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.3	4.8
Household furnishings														
and equipment	2.9	3.4	3.1	2.9	3	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.2	3	2.4	2.2	3
Clothing	3.9	4.4	3.9	3.7	3.8	4	3.9	3.6	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.3	4	4.3
Transportation	13.6	14.5	13.6	14.1	15.5	12.9	13.6	13.7	14.5	13.7	13.7	14.6	11.7	7.2
Health care	2.7	2.9	3.4	3	3.3	3.4	2.1	2.6	3	2.8	3.2	1.5	1.5	1.1
Personal care	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
Recreation	5.9	6.2	5.3	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.4	6.4	6.9	6.8	6.2	7.6	6.9	8.3
Reading materials and														
other printed matter	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.2
Education	1.8	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.2	2.1	1.6	1.5	1.8	2.1	0.7	0.7	0.4
Tobacco products and														
alcoholic beverages	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	3.4	3.5	4.3
Miscellaneous	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.2	0.9
Games of chance (net)	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6
Total current														
consumption	71	72.7	73.4	73.1	73.3	71.2	69.7	69.1	71.6	70.4	74.7	70.8	69.3	· 72.1
Personal taxes	20.5	19.2	17.7	18.2	18.4	20.7	21.5	20.9	18.7	21.4	17.5	20.8	23.3	21
Personal insurance														
payments														
and pension														
an mánila cái a ma	5.9	5.9	6.3	6	6.2	6.6	5.8	6.3	6.5	5.4	5.1	6	5.9	5.1
contributions														
Gifts of money and														
	2.6 100	2.2 100	2.7 100	2.6 100	2.2 100	1.5 100	3 100	3.7 100	3.2 100	2.9 100	2.7 100	2.4 100	1.4 100	1.8 100

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508) and CANSIM table 203-0001.

Table 4.5 Food available adjusted for losses 1, 2006

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006	Percentage change 2002 to 2006
		kilograms (unle	ss otherwise spe	cified)		perc	ent
Beverages							
Tea (litres)	60.35	62.11	63.10	56.73	51.97	-8.4	-13.9
Coffee (litres)	87.95	88.97	89.36	86.28	86.00	-0.3	-2.2
Cocoa	1.18	1.20	1.21	1.21	1.18	-2.5	0.0
Soft drinks (litres)	95.06	93.39	90.04	87.05	84.77	-2.6	-10.8
Cereal products	33.33	00.00		000			, , , ,
Breakfast food	3.70	3.79	3.84	3.97	3.96	-0.3	7.0
Wheat flour	47.79	46.55	46.69	47.00	47.71	1.5	-0.2
Oatmeal and rolled oats	1.38	1.78	1.61	1.57	1.38	-12.1	0.0
Rice	5.24	5.35	6.90	6.75	6.70	-0.7	27.9
Dairy products	0.24	0.00	0.30	0.73	0.70	-0.1	21.0
Cheddar cheese	2.54	2.56	2.52	2.67	2.72	1.9	7.1
Cheese processed	1.84	1.82	1.92	1.84	1.87	1.6	1.6
Cheese variety	5.27	5.23	5.49	5.37	5.31	-1.1	0.8
	0.55	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.60	0.0	9.1
Cheese cottage	0.84	0.92	0.56	0.72	0.77	6.9	-8.3
Powder skim milk							
Ice cream, litres	6.68	6.17	5.92	6.22	5.79	-6.9	-13.3
Fluid milk (litres)	60.22	59.98	60.19	59.06	58.71	-0.6	-2.5
Yogurt, litres	3.79	4.12	4.44	4.76	4.92	3.4	29.8
Butter	2.28	2.28	2.39	2.21	2.16	-2.3	-5.3
Oils and fats							
Margarine	3.73	3.56	3.40	3.26	3.12	-4.3	-16.4
Shortening and shortening oils	6.63	6.50	5.88	5.95	5.51	-7.4	-16.9
Salad oils	7.93	7.86	7.93	7.88	7.80	-1.0	-1.6
Fruit							
Total fresh fruits	34.75	35.88	35.92	37.63	37.58	-0.1	8.1
Canned	4.34	4.34	4.49	4.33	4.43	2.3	2.1
Frozen	1.67	1.87	1.86	2.05	2.25	9.8	34.7
Dried	1.26	1.34	1.39	1.25	1.35	8.0	7.1
Juice (litres)	23.21	22.61	22.62	22.44	22.01	-1.9	-5.2
Vegetables	20.21	22.01	22.02	66.77	22.01	1.0	0.2
Total fresh vegetables	70.81	69.68	67.32	67.85	66.55	-1.9	-6.0
	11.13	10.43	10.10	9.88	10.44	5.7	-6.2
Canned			4.51	4.43	4.35	-1.8	-3.1
Frozen	4.49	4.46		1.16	1.13	-1.6 -2.6	-7.4
Juice (litres)	1.22	1.24	1.14	1.10	1.13	-2.0	-7.4
Pulses and nuts	4.00	4.05	0.00	0.07	0.00	-1.9	6.8
Dry beans	1.90	1.95	2.02	2.07	2.03		
Baked and canned beans	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.09	1.09	0.0	-4.4
Dry peas	1.20	1.20	1.21	1.21	, 1.21	0.0	0.8
Peanuts	2.44	2.27	2.44	2.43	2.69	10.7	10.2
Tree nuts	1.39	1.21	1.26	1.13	1.20	6.2	-13.7
Meats (boneless weight)							
Pork, boneless weight	11.51	10.39	11.02	9.53	9.65	1.3	-16.2
Beef	12.89	13.44	12.97	13.15	13.43	2.1	4.2
Veal, boneless weight	0.51	0.50	0.48	0.43	0.44	2.3	-13.7
Mutton and lamb	0.40	0.42	0.43	0.44	0.46	4.5	15.0
Offal	0.59	0.78	0.85	0.57	0.65	14.0	10.2
Poultry (boneless weight)							
Chicken	10.31	10.10	10.45	10.54	10.67	1.2	3.5
Stewing hen	0.59	0.57	0.54	0.48	0.51	6.2	-13.6
Turkey	2.13	2.03	2.19	2.25	2.22	-1.3	4.2
Sugars and syrups	E. 10						
Sugar Sugar	24.47	24.31	24.20	23.25	22.32	-4.0	-8.8
Maple sugar	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.12	0.11	-8.3	-15.4
Honey	0.53	0.64	0.65	0.70	0.75	7.1	41.5
	0.55	0.04	0.00	0.70	0.70	7.1	71.0
Other products	12.20	12.37	12.04	12.31	12.32	0.1	1.0
Eggs (dozens)			6.41	6.45	6.47	0.3	-2.1
Total fish	6.61	6.73	0.41	0.40	0.47	0.5	-2.1

Experimental, use with caution. The data have been adjusted for retail, household, cooking and plate loss.
 Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.
 Source(s): Agriculture Division, Food Statistics, catalogue no. 21-020-X and CANSIM tables 002-0011 and 002-0019.

Table 4.6-1
Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Canada

	Volume	per capita		V			
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lit	res			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	7.2 7.5 7.6 7.5 7.6 5.6	12.6 13.1 13.3 13.6 14.2 12.7	84.9 83.6 84.0 82.7 83.9	569.8 594.1 614.3 623.1 651.5 14.3	147.7 149.6 154.0 155.3 161.6 9.4	134.4 144.7 153.3 161.2 173.1 28.8	287.7 299.7 306.9 306.6 316.9 10.1

Fiscal years ending March 31.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-2
Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Volume	per capita		V			
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lit	res			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	7.3 7.3 10.5 10.3 10.4 42.5	5.8 6.5 5.0 5.1 5.7 -1.7	97.5 93.3 99.7 91.9 94.1 -3.5	641.2 669.0 733.8 689.8 734.5 14.6	199.5 206.9 239.2 232.0 246.5 23.6	58.2 69.7 65.8 66.1 76.4 31.3	383.5 392.4 428.8 391.8 411.6

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-3

Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Prince Edward Island

	Volume	per capita		Value per capita				
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer	
	lit	res			dollars			
2001/2002	8.6	5.2	85.3	534.8	181.8	81.3	271.7	
2002/2003	9.7	7.4	78.9	549.7	194.6	73.6	281.4	
2003/2004	10.2	7.6	80.3	573.6	201.1	79.2	293.3	
2004/2005	10.3	7.9	79.7	580.1	201.6	84.2	294.2	
2005/2006	10.2	8.4	80.3	600.5	204.1	91.8	304.7	
Percentage change 2002 to 2006	18.6	61.5	-5.9	12.3	12.3	12.9	12.1	

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 4.6-4 Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over1 - Nova Scotia

	Volume	per capita		V			
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lit	res			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	9.0 9.1 9.7 9.7 10.0 11.1	7.8 8.0 8.6 9.0 9.5 21.8	80.5 79.5 81.6 80.9 82.9 3.0	553.0 579.8 613.0 625.9 675.2 22.1	193.8 200.2 207.5 208.7 222.9 15.0	78.8 88.6 99.8 104.3 114.6 45.4	280.5 291.1 305.7 313.0 337.7 20.4

Fiscal years ending March 31.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-5 Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — New Brunswick

	Volume	per capita		V			
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lit	res			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	6.5 6.8 7.1 7.0 7.0 7.7	7.8 8.4 8.4 8.7 9.1 16.7	82.3 79.8 81.4 80.6 81.2 -1.3	512.0 525.5 551.7 564.1 584.2 14.1	132.0 136.0 145.7 148.6 152.7 15.7	70.1 79.6 81.1 85.9 91.2 30.1	309.8 309.8 324.9 329.6 340.4 9.9

Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-6 Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over1 — Quebec

	Volume	per capita		Va			
	Spirits	Wines	Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lite	res			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	3.6 4.1 4.0 3.6 4.0 11.1	16.9 17.4 18.0 17.6 18.7 10.7	95.0 93.9 93.6 92.2 93.8 -1.3	612.4 665.0 682.1 666.0 699.1 14.2	76.2 80.8 81.8 73.9 82.8 8.7	196.6 215.5 230.8 229.3 251.1 27.7	339.6 368.7 369.4 362.8 365.1 7.5

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 4.6-7
Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Ontario

	Volume	per capita		V	alue per capita	Value per capita			
	Spirits Wines Beer		Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer		
	lit	res			dollars				
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	8.4 8.8 8.7 8.5 8.4 0.0	11.1 11.8 11.7 12.5 12.8 15.3	80.2 79.3 78.7 77.5 79.0 -1.5	550.1 562.6 577.5 591.5 621.4 13.0	157.7 157.7 161.1 164.5 166.9 5.8	121.2 129.6 135.6 147.6 154.2 27.2	271.1 275.3 280.7 279.4 300.3 10.8		

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-8
Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Manitoba

	Volume	per capita		V	alue per capita		
	Spirits Wines		Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lit	tres			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	9.1 9.4 9.7 9.1 9.1 0.0	8.0 8.0 8.1 8.4 8.7 8.8	78.1 76.8 78.9 75.3 78.7 0.8	495.2 506.3 530.1 539.3 552.0 11.5	192.5 194.7 199.9 202.9 208.1 8.1	75.9 80.2 85.7 90.9 100.2 32.0	226.7 231.4 244.5 245.5 243.7 7.5

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-9
Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Saskatchewan

	Volume	per capita		Value per capita				
	Spirits Wines I		Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer	
	lit	res			dollars			
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	9.1 9.1 9.3 9.1 9.3 2.2	5.1 5.0 5.5 5.9 6.5 27.5	77.8 76.8 79.7 74.5 75.5 -3.0	471.2 495.0 524.0 530.1 538.9 14.4	192.9 192.5 199.2 198.1 207.8 7.7	44.7 46.7 49.3 57.2 61.6 37.8	233.5 255.7 275.4 274.7 269.5 15.4	

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 4.6-10 Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over1 — Alberta

	Volume	per capita		Value per capita				
	Spirits Wines		Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer	
	litres			dollars				
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	8.2 7.6 7.9 8.1 8.4 2.4	13.9 13.9 14.3 14.3 14.9	92.2 89.8 91.3 91.7 92.6 0.4	585.7 595.9 615.8 629.2 655.9 12.0	195.4 189.1 195.7 200.8 212.0 8.5	113.6 120.2 126.7 132.7 143.8 26.6	276.7 286.6 293.4 295.6 300.2 8.5	

1. Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-11 Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over1 — British Columbia

	Volume	per capita		Value per capita				
	Spirits Wines Beer		Beer	Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer	
	litres			dollars				
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	8.5 9.0 9.2 9.4 9.3 9.4	14.2 14.5 15.0 15.7 16.4 15.5	77.4 76.6 78.0 77.2 76.4 -1.3	580.1 603.0 631.9 673.0 694.0 19.6	171.8 177.8 183.5 193.2 198.7 15.7	147.9 155.8 165.7 183.0 197.4 33.5	260.3 269.4 282.7 296.8 297.9 14.4	

Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.6-12 Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over1 — Yukon Territory

	Volume	per capita		V			
	Spirits	Spirits Wines Beer		Total alcoholic beverages	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	li	itres			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	13.9 13.8 14.6 14.1 13.9 0.0	17.7 18.3 19.1 19.5 20.1 13.6	144.8 145.1 145.5 145.7 138.9 -4.1	977.5 996.0 1,028.0 1,056.0 1,092.0 11.7	316.2 315.3 318.6 319.6 333.9 5.6	162.7 170.8 181.6 188.2 204.1 25.4	498.6 509.9 527.7 548.2 554.0 11.1

Fiscal years ending March 31.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 4.6-13
Volume and value of sales of alcoholic beverages per capita 15 years and over¹ — Northwest Territories including Nunavut

	Volume	per capita		V	alue per capita		
	Spirits	Spirits Wines Beer Total alcoholic beverages		alcoholic	Spirits	Wines	Beer
	lit	res			dollars		
2001/2002 2002/2003 2003/2004 2004/2005 2005/2006 Percentage change 2002 to 2006	9.0 10.8 9.8 9.9 11.7 30.0	7.8 8.1 8.0 8.4 6.7 -14.1	85.8 85.1 80.9 76.9 78.0	852.6 862.0 858.9 857.0 882.8 3.5	347.7 349.8 339.3 330.0 341.3 -1.8	87.1 90.6 99.0 92.1 95.6 9.8	417.8 421.7 420.6 434.8 446.0 6.7

^{1.} Fiscal years ending March 31.

Source(s): Public Institution Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada (survey 1726) and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 4.7
Average expenditure on internet orders by individuals by region

		200	5	
	Number	Average ¹	Value	Average
	of	number of	of	value of orders pe
	orders	orders	orders	persor
	number	thousands	dollars x 1,000	dollars
Canada	49,424,700.0	7.2	7,924,407	1,150
Atlantic Provinces	3,332,100.0	7.5	488,737	1,107
Quebec	7,593,700.0	5.9	1,055,832	826
Ontario	21,318,100.0	7.2	3,545,370	1,206
Manitoba and Saskatchewan	2,948,400.0	7.0	419,092	1,002
Alberta	5,874,700.0	7.6	1,062,221	1,378
British Columbia	8,357,700.0	8.0	1,353,155	1,302

^{1.} Number of orders refers to the number of separate orders made on line, total expressed in thousands.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and electronic Information, Canadian Internet Use Survey (CIUS) Survey (4432) and CANSIM table 358-0137.

Table 4.8
Spending on the internet by individuals, on Canadian vendors and non Canadian vendors, Canada and regions, 2005

	2005	
	Electronic orders to companies in Canada	Electronic orders to companies in other countries
	dollars x 1000	
Canada Atlantic Provinces Quebec Ontario Manitoba and Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	4,970,490 352,607 665,352 2,177,597 261,485 702,881 810,568	2,953,917 136,130 390,480 1,367,773 157,607 359,340 542,587

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Canada Internet Use Survey (survey 4432) and CANSIM table 358-0137.

Section 5

Housing and household characteristics

5.1 Housing

In 2006, fewer building permits for new residential dwellings were approved by municipalities, making it the second consecutive year that the number of building approvals declined. The number of building permits dropped by 2.4% (from 238,882 in 2005 to 233,233 in 2006) (table 5.9). Municipalities approved 118,336 single-family units, as the demand for single-family dwellings fell by 2.2% from 2005 (tables 5.8).

Although the *total number of permits* issued declined, the value of these permits set a record because of higher prices. The total value of permits issued for residential dwellings reached record levels, increasing by 6.1% to \$41.0 billion (table 5.9). The average price of a permit increased from \$162,101 in 2005 to \$176,016 (+8.6%) in 2006 and by about +28.1% between 2002 and 2006. The rise in the value of building permits was heavily impacted by strong increases in Alberta (+34.6%). This influence is manifested by the fact that if Alberta was excluded, the overall value of permits would have increased by a meagre +0.7%, instead of +6.1% (table 5.8 and chart 5.1).

Nationwide, the *number of housing starts* increased (+0.8%) from 225,481 in 2005 to 227,395 in 2006, after dropping by 3.4% in 2005. The largest increases were in Alberta (+19.9% or +8,115 units) and British Columbia (+5.1% or +1,776 units). The largest decreases were in Ontario (-6.8% or -5,378 units) and Quebec (-6.0% or -3,033 units). The number of houses that were left uncompleted in Canada also increased from 169,880 to 178,721 (+5.2%), while the number of *housing completions* climbed from 211,242 in 2005 to 215,947 in 2006 (table 5.8).

5.2 Dwelling Characteristics

From 2001 to 2006, the total number of occupied private dwellings in Canada reached 12.4 million, an increase of +7.5% since the 2001 census. This can be attributed mainly to a +15.1% rise in the number of *Other dwellings* like semi-detached houses, row houses, apartment duplexes, as the growth in these types of dwellings accounted for 64.6% of the increase in the number of occupied private dwellings in Canada. Over 60% of the intercensal increase in Canada was in Quebec and Ontario, while 17% of the increase was recorded in Alberta (table 5.3).

Single detached houses remain the most popular dwelling structure, accounting for 55.3% of all private dwellings in Canada, Other dwellings accounted for 34.5% while Apartment buildings that has five or more storeys and movable dwellings accounted for the rest (10.2%) (table 5.3).

Among the provinces, households in Quebec (37.9%) had the highest probability of living in apartment buildings and were the least likely to live in single detached dwellings (45.7%) in Canada. On the other hand, households in Saskatchewan (74.3%) were the more likely than households in other parts of Canada to live in single detached homes and those in Prince Edward Island were the least likely to live in apartments (0.1%) (table 5.3).

The homeownership rate edged up slightly from 65.8% in 2001 to 68.4% in 2006. As many Canadians opt to buy their own homes, the proportion of rented households declined from 33.8% in 2001 to 31.2% in 2006 (table 5.2). Newfoundland continues to register the highest percentage homeownership (78.7%) and the lowest rental rate among households (21.1%) (table 5.2). Among the provinces Quebec had the lowest percentage of homeownership (60%) and the highest rate of renting (39.8%) (table 5.2).

5.3 Household size

As the fertility rate in Canada decreases and population aging accelerates, household size in Canada is witnessing a progressive decline. In 2006, 26.8% were one-person households, while 8.7% were households of five or more persons. This is in sharp contrast to 1941, when only 6.0% of households were single person households and 38.2% were households of five or more persons (table 5.1 and chart 5.2). The 2006 census shows that the number of single (+11.8%) and dual (+10.7%) person-households registered strong growth from 2001 to 2006, culminating in these types of households accounting for the majority (60.3%) of Canadian households (table 5.1).

Nationwide, Quebec (30.7%) had the highest percentage of single person private households. On the other hand, Nunavut (20.1%) had the highest proportion of households with 6 or more persons (table 5.1), a situation related to the high incidence of large families in this territory due to the high fertility rate among the first nations people.

5.4 Household equipment communications and electronic usage

The strong economic growth is pushing up demand for electronic gadgets like DVD players, cell phones and CD burners. DVD players were reported by almost 77% of households in 2005, continuing their explosive growth in popularity. Since they were first reported by 20% of households in 2001, DVD players have become the most rapidly adopted new device since television in the 1950s. Overall, 4 out of 10 households had a CD burner, and one-quarter had DVD writers (table 5.6).

In 2005, almost 75% of Alberta households reported having a cell phone, the highest rate in the country, followed by Ontario (69.5%) and British Columbia (69.0%). New Brunswick (52.6%) and Quebec (53%) reported the lowest proportion of households owning a cell phone, well below the national average rate of 64.2% (table 5.6).

In a testimony to the increasing popularity of cellular phones, five percent of households in

December 2006 reported they used cell phones only and had no conventional land-line phone (table 5.13) this percentage is almost twice the 2.6% reported two years earlier. Also, the proportion of households with one phone number declined from 60.2% in May 2002 to 34.7% in December 2006, while the proportion of households having three phone numbers increased from 14.1% in May 2002 to 32.4% in December 2006 (table 5.14).

Satellite television receivers were reported by about 23% of households, up slightly from the previous year. About 65% of households reported subscribing to cable television, down slightly by 3% compared to 2001 (table 5.6).

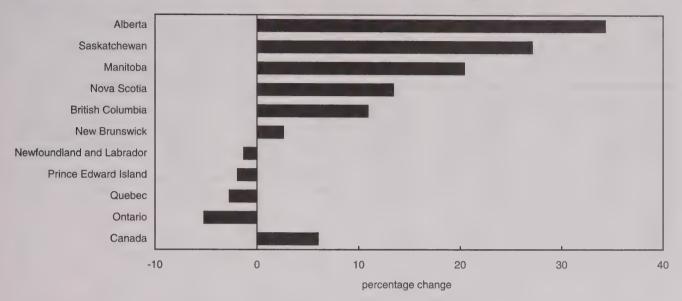
The proportion of households owning a home computer also increased from 68.7% to 72% in 2005. Households in Newfoundland and Labrador (60.8%) were less likely to have a home computer relative to other households in other provinces, while households in Alberta and British Columbia were more likely than other households to have a home computer (table 5.6).

5.5 Fuel and Diesel Sales

An average of 109 million litres of gasoline was consumed everyday in 2006 by Canadians. Sales of gasoline which consists of all grades of gasoline including fuel used for farming, construction or other off-road uses, were recorded at 39.7 billion litres in 2006, down 0.3% from the previous year (table 5.11). The decrease in 2006 comes after a 0.9% decline recorded from 2004 to 2005. Skyrocketing gasoline prices may have had the effect of tempering gasoline consumption.

Ontario (15.5 billion litres) and Quebec (8.2 billion litres) accounted for almost 60% of Canada's gasoline consumption in 2006 (table 5.11). Among the provinces, Alberta had the highest per capita consumption of gasoline (1,590 litres per person). It is likely that the strong vehicle sales and increased activities by oil exploration companies in Alberta influenced that province's demand for gasoline. Quebec (1,076 litres) and British Columbia (1,095 litres) recorded the lowest per capita consumption of gasoline among the provinces (table 5.11).

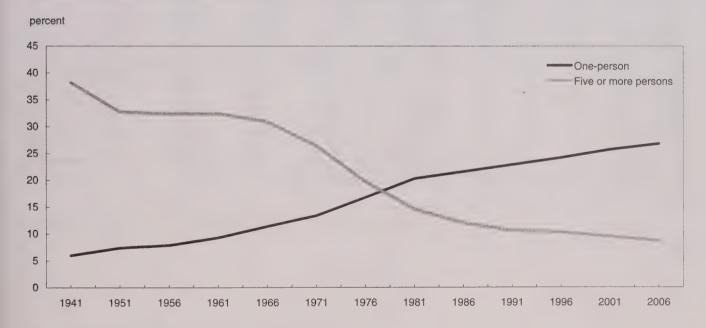
Chart 5.1
Change in the value of building permits issued, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Investment and Capital Stock Division, Building Permits Survey, and CANSIM tables 026-0001, 026-0003 and 026-0004.

Chart 5.2

One person household and households with five or more persons, Canada, 1941 to 2006



Note(s): Comparable historical data are not available for census years prior to 1941. Source(s): Statistics Canada, censuses of population, 1941 to 2006.

Table 5.1
Private households¹, by size of household, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006 census

	Canada	Newfoundland and	Prince Edward	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
		Labrador	Island	Scotia	Diuliswick		
				number			
Total private households	12,437,470	197,180	53,135	376,840	295,960	3,189,345	4,555,025
Size of household							
1 person	3,327,050	39,830	12,820	99,945	71,945	980,340	1,104,865
2 persons	4,175,145	73,295	18,925	138,820	111,795	1,098,470	1,449,600
3 persons	1,978,555	39,835	8,935	62,450	51,450	494,970	753,520
4-5 persons	2,612,645	41,355	11,295	69,685	56,530	564,260	1,090,145
6 or more persons	344,075	2,875	1,160	5,935	4,240	51,305	156,885
			distril	oution in percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Size of household							
1 person	26.8	20.2	24.1	26.5	24.3	30.7	24.3
2 persons	33.6	37.2	35.6	36.8	37.8	34.4	31.8
3 persons	15.9	20.2	16.8	16.6	17.4	15.5	16.5
4-5 persons	21.0	21.0	21.3	18.5	19.1	17.7	23.9
6 or more persons	2.8	1.5	2.2	1.6	1.4	1.6	3.4
	Manitoba	Saskat-	Alberta	British	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
	×	chewan		Columbia	Territory	remitories	
				number			
Total private households	448,780	387,145	1,256,195	1,643,150	12,615	14,235	7,855
Size of household							
1 person	128,295	111,315	308,695	460,580	3,895	3,080	1,435
2 persons	148,045	136,095	428,325	562,220	4,105	4,035	1,400
3 persons	65,345	52,930	200,215	243,155	1,985	2,620	1,145
4-5 persons	91,815	74,920	278,810	325,540	2,360	3,625	2,295
6 or more persons	15,280	11,885	40,160	51,650	265	865	1,580
			distril	bution in percent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Size of household							
1 person	28.6	28.8	24.6	28.0	30.9	21.6	18.3
2 persons	33.0	35.2	34.1	34.2	32.5	28.3	17.8
	14.6	13.7	15.9	14.8	15.7	18.4	14.6
	14.0	10.7					
3 persons 4-5 persons	20.5	19.4	22.2	19.8	18.7 2.1	25.5 6.1	29.2 20.1

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Dwellings and households, the nation, 2006 census of population. Catalogue no. 97-554-X.

Table 5.2
Occupied dwellings, by Tenureship, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006 census

	Total number of occupied private dwellings 2001	Total number of occupied private dwellings 2006	Percentage change 2001 to 2006	Owned total dwellings	Percent of total dwellings	Rented total dwellings	Percent of total dwellings	Band housing total dwellings	Percent of total dwellings
Canada	11,562,975	12,437,470	7.6	8,509,780	68.4	3,878,500	31.2	49.180	0.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	189,045	197,185	4.3	155,195	78.7	41,670	21.1	320	0.2
Prince Edward Island	50,795	53,135	4.6	39.355	74.1	13,715	25.8	60	0.1
Nova Scotia	360,025	376,845	4.7	271,155	72.0	103.875	27.6	1,815	0.5
New Brunswick	283,820	295,960	4.3	223,375	75.5	71.235	24.1	1.350	0.5
Quebec	2,978,110	3,189,345	7.1	1,917,735	60.1	1.267.945	39.8	3,660	0.1
Ontario	4,219,410	4,555,030	8.0	3,235,495	71.0	1,312,295	28.8	7,240	0.2
Manitoba	432,555	448,780	3.8	309,300	68.9	127,895	28.5	11,585	2.6
Saskatchewan	379,675	387,145	2.0	277.855	71.8	99,125	25.6	10,160	2.6
Alberta	1,104,095	1,256,195	13.8	917,905	73.1	330,275	26.3	8,015	0.6
British Columbia	1,534,335	1,643,150	7.1	1,145,045	69.7	493,995	30.1	4.105	0.2
Yukon	11,365	12,610	11.0	8,050	63.8	3,840	30.5	720	5.7
Northwest Territories	12,565	14,235	13.3	7,520	52.8	6,570	46.2	145	1.0
Nunavut	7,170	7,855	9.6	1,780	22.7	6,065	77.2	0	0.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Dwellings and households, the nation, 2006 census of population. Catalogue no. 97-554-X-.

Table 5.3

Occupied dwellings, by structural type, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006 census

	Total number of occupied private dwellings	Percentage of total dwellings	Single-detached house		Apartment, five or more storeys	of total	Movable dwelling		Other dwelling	Percentage of total dwellings
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Canada	12,437,470	100.0	6,879,965	55.3	1,112,965	8.9	162,535	1.3	4,282,000	34.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	197,185	100.0	145,575	73.8	725	0.4	1,520	8.0	49,365	25.0
Prince Edward Island	53,135	100.0	38,115	71.7	45	0.1	2,635	5.0	12,340	23.2
Nova Scotia	376.845	100.0	253,635	67.3	15,210	4.0	13,565	3.6	94,430	25.1
New Brunswick	295,960	100.0	210,310	71.1	3,805	1.3	12,825	4.3	69,020	23.3
Quebec	3,189,345	100.0	1,458,400	45.7	161,655	5.1	21,545	0.7	1,547,740	48.5
Ontario	4,555,030	100.0	2,554,025	56.1	709,695	15.6	12,160	0.3	1,279,145	28.1
Manitoba	448.780	100.0	307,300	68.5	37,815	8.4	8,635	1.9	95,025	21.2
Saskatchewan	387,145	100.0	287,650	74.3	10,720	2.8	6,770	1.7	82,000	21.2
Alberta	1.256,195	100.0	796,180	63.4	55,255	4.4	37,780	3.0	366,980	29.2
British Columbia	1,643,150	100.0	807,940	49.2	117,390	7.1	43,265	2.6	674,555	41.1
Yukon	12,610	100.0	8,155	64.7	10	0.1	1,230	9.8	3,230	25.6
Northwest Territories	14,235	100.0	8,490	59.6	480	3.4	595	4.2	4,670	32.8
Nunavut	7,855	100.0	4,180	53.2	175	2.2	10	0.1	3,495	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. **Source(s):** Dwellings and households, the nation, 2006 census of population, catalogue no. 97-554-X-.

Table 5.4
Owned and rented accommodation, Canada and provinces

	Estimated		Owned		Rented
	number of households	Total	With mortgage	Without mortgage	
	number		percent of hous		
— Canada					
2005	12,586,770	67.1	36.3	30.8	32.9
2004	12,343,330	65.8	36.2	29.7	34.2
2003	12,189,300	65.6	35	30.6	34.4
Newfoundland and Labrador					
2005	199,520	79.6	33.9	45.8	20.4
2004	197,950	76.6	32.2	44.4	23.4
2003	196,030	77	30.4	46.6	23
Prince Edward Island					
2005	53,560	68.5	36.7	31.8	31.5
2004	53,130	72.7	36.9	35.8	27.3
2003	52,610	73.2	34.3	38.9	26.8
Nova Scotia					
2005	376,980	71.2	35.2	36	28.8
2004	373,980	71.1	34.9	36.2	28.9
2003	370,590	69.9	34	35.9	30.1
New Brunswick					
2005	298,940	76.8	36.1	40.7	23.2
2004	296,120	76.9	38.2	38.8	23.1
2003	293,210	73.8	35.6	38.3	26.2
Quebec					
2005	3,220,660	59.2	32.6	26.5	40.8
2004	3,169,700	56.6	31.1	25.5	43.4
2003	3,121,100	57.1	31.2	25.9	42.9
Ontario					
2005	4,673,540	68.8	38.1	30.6	31.2
2004 2003	4,590,990 4,519,010	67.6 68	38 37.2	29.6 30.8	32.4 32
	4,515,010	00	01.2	00.0	02
Manitoba	440.040	70	27.0	25.0	07
2005	446,610 443,470	73 68.9	37.2 36.2	35.8 32.8	27 31.1
2004 2003	438,840	70.6	33.7	37	29.4
	400,040	70.0	00.7	0.	20.1
Saskatchewan	077.000	74.5	20.5	40	25.5
2005	377,820 376,680	74.5 73.9	32.5 33.9	42 40	25.5 26.1
2004 2003	374,670	72.5	31.7	40.8	27.5
	3. 1,070	72.0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Alberta	1 221 250	74	40.5	33.5	26
2005 2004	1,231,350 1,198,680	72.2	42.6	29.5	27.8
2003	1,175,680	72.1	39.8	32.3	27.9
Datis b. Calamakia					
British Columbia 2005	1,675,850	65.3	36.4	28.8	34.7
2004	1,642,620	66.6	36.8	29.7	33.4
2003	1,615,500	64	34.8	29.3	36
Yukon					
2005	11,840	62.1	33.8	28.3	37.9
2004	**				
2003	11,150	62.2	37.4	24.8	37.8
Northwest Territories					
2005	14,250	60.9	41.8	19.1	39.1
2004					
2003	13,620	51.9	32.1	19.7	48.1
Nunavut					
2005	5,860	F	F	F	85.2
2004				 F	
2003	7,280	26.9	14.8	F	73.1

Note(s): In 1998, 1999, and every second year thereafter starting with 2001, statistics for Canada include the territories. For the other years, Canada-level statistics include the 10 provinces only.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508).

Table 5.5

Dwelling characteristics and household equipment, Canada

	2004	2005	2006
Estimated households (in thousands)	12,344	12,587	12,755
Average number of Persons per household Rooms per dwelling	2.50 6.07	2.48 6.05	2.47 6.06
Notified per divoling		t of households	0.00
Torre of decelling	percen	t of flouseriolus	
Type of dwelling Single detached	56.6	56.9	56.7
Single attached	10.0	10.1	10.1
Apartment Other type of dwelling	31.5 1.9	31.1 1.9	31.5 1.7
Repairs needed			
Dwellings needing major repairs	7.2	7.0	9.7
Dwellings needing minor repairs Dwellings needing no repairs	15.8 77.0	16.1 76.9	16.4 73.9
Tenure	77.3	10.5	70.0
Owned dwelling	65.8	67.1	65.7
With mortgage(s)	36.2	36.3	35.7
Without mortgage Rented dwelling	29.7 34.2	30.8 32.9	30.0 34.3
Number of rooms			
Dwellings with 1 to 4 rooms	28.6	27.5	27.3
Dwellings with 5 rooms Dwellings with 6 rooms	16.3 15.1	15.0 16.4	16.2 14.6
Dwellings with 7 or more rooms	40.0	41.2	41.8
Bathrooms			
Bathrooms	99.9	99.8	100.0
1 2 or more	60.1 39.8	57.9 41.9	59.4 40.6
	33.0	41.5	40.0
Principal heating equipment Steam or hot water furnace	13.1	13.2	12.7
Hot air furnace	52.7	52.4	52.8
Other hot air furnace Heating stove	4.5	4.1	4.3
Electric heating	29.4	30.2	30.1
Other	0.3	F	F
Age of principal heating equipment	21.7	21.1	23.7
5 years old and under 6 to 10 years old	14.1	16.3	14.5
Over 10 years old	64.2	62.6	61.8
Principal heating fuel			
Oil or other liquid fuel Natural gas	10.4 49.6	9.6 50.4	9.5 4 9.4
Bottled gas	1.0	1.0	1.0
Electricity	33.6	34.2 4.5	34.8 4.7
Wood Other	4.8 0.6	0.2	0.6
Principal fuel for hot water			
Oil or other liquid fuel	4.5	3.9	4.2
Natural gas Electricity	48.9 45.3	49.6 45.4	48.4 46.1
Other	1.4	1.0	1.3
Principal cooking fuel			
Natural gas	6.4	7.1	8.0
Electricity Other	92.6 1.0	92.1 0.8	91.1 0.8
Household equipment (at December 31) Washing machine	81.9	82.2	81.3
Clothes dryer	79.5	80.4	80.8
Dishwasher	56.0	57.2	57.7

Table 5.5 - continued Dwelling characteristics and household equipment, Canada

	2004	2005	2006
	percent	of households	
Refrigerator	99.8	99.7	99.8 73.5 26.3
1	74.0	74.3	
2 or more	25.8	25.4	
Freezer	55.2	56.3	53.9
Microwave oven	93.8	94.1	93.9
Air conditioning	41.7	44.2	48.1 18.0 30.2
Window-type	14.5	15.8	
Central air	27.2	28.4	
Telephones (includes business use) 1 2 3 or more	96.2 21.2 33.4 41.6	94.4 24.3 30.4 39.6	94.1 26.3 28.4 39.4
Cellular telephone	58.9	64.2	67.7
CD player	79.7	80.4	81.6
Cablevision	66.3	65.4	65.2
Satellite dish	22.0	22.6	24.1
DVD player	68.3	77.1	83.0
CD writer	38.3	43.5	47.9
Video cassette recorders	90.0	89.1	82.0 54.2 27.9
1	58.3	58.1	
2 or more	31.7	31.0	
Home computer Internet use from home	68.7 59.8	72.0 64.3	75.4 68.1
Type of Internet connection Regular telephone connection to a computer High-speed telephone connection to a computer Cable connection to a computer Other type of connection	25.2	21.4	15.7
	13.6	17.3	21.3
	15.4	17.9	22.0
	0.3	0.3	0.8
Colour televisions	99.2	99.0	99.0
1	36.3	35.4	33.4
2	35.6	36.1	34.8
3 or more	27.3	27.6	30.8
Owned vehicles (automobiles, trucks, vans) 1 2 or more Owned automobiles 1 2 or more	79.1 43.4 35.7 62.1 46.3 15.8	79.0 43.5 35.5 61.7 45.9 15.8	77.3 42.6 34.7 59.7 44.8 14.9
Owned trucks and/or vans	36.8	36.9	36.9 29.4 7.5
1	29.8	29.8	
2 or more	7.0	7.1	
Leased vehicles (automobiles, trucks, vans)	9.9	10.1	10.8
1	8.6	8.6	9.6
2 or more	1.3	1.5	1.2

Note(s): In 1998, 1999, and every second year thereafter starting with 2001, statistics for Canada include the territories. For the other years, Canada-level statistics include the 10 provinces only.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508) and CANSIM table 203-0019.

Table 5.6

Dwelling characteristics and household equipment, Canada and provinces, 2005

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario			
			t	housands						
Estimated number of households	12,587	200	54	377	299	3,221	4,674			
	average number									
Persons per household Rooms per dwelling	2.45 6.12	2.52 6.63	2.50 6.17	2.37 6.35	2.40 6.22	2.26 5.62	2.59 6.30			
Type of dwelling										
Single detached Single attached	56.9 10.1	77.4 8.2	66.7 6.4	66.8 4.9	70.6 3.4	47.5 6.6	57 14.6			
Apartment	31.1	13	22.2	23.5	19.6	44.8	28.1			
Other	1.9	F	F	4.8	6.4	F	F			
Repairs needed										
Major	7	7.6	8.5	12.2	12.9	7.6	5.4			
Minor None	16.1 76.9	14.4 78.1	16.5 75	19.6 68.2	16.6 70.5	16 76.4	15.5 79.1			
Tenure										
Owned	67.1	79.6	68.5	71.2	76.8	59.2	68.8			
With mortgage	36.3	33.9	36.7	35.2	36.1	32.6	38.1			
Without mortgage Rented	30.8 32.9	45.8 20.4	31.8 31.5	36 28.8	40.7 23.2	26.5 40.8	30.6 31.2			
	32.9	20.4	31.0	20.0	20.2	40.0	31.2			
Year of move 2005	13	10.2	12.1	13.4	13.2	12.7	11.5			
2000 to 2004	36	24.1	29.9	29.8	27.5	35.2	36			
Before 2000	51	65.7	58	56.8	59.3	52.1	52.5			
Period of construction										
2001 to 2005 1991 to 2000	7.4 12.9	6.8 11.2	5.9 13.4	7.1 11.6	5.8 10.6	6.7 10.2	6.3 12.6			
1981 to 1990	16.1	16.2	14.3	16.3	15.9	15.2	16.7			
1971 to 1980	20.4	23.9	24.4	20	20	19	19.6			
1961 to 1970	15.3	14.7	10.3	11.6	11.1	17.3	15.6			
1946 to 1960 Before 1946	14.8 13.2	15.9 11.2	7.9 23.9	11.9 21.5	16.1 20.6	18.6 13	13.9 15.3			
Number of rooms										
One to four	27.5	13.5	23.5	20.6	23.1	36.4	23.6			
Five	15	16.2	16 20.3	18.9 18.3	18.7 17.7	17.3 14.8	13.1 17.8			
Six Seven or more	16.4 41.2	22.3 48	40.2	42.1	40.5	31.5	45.4			
Bathrooms	99.8	100	100	99.5	99.9	99.9	99.8			
One	57.9	72.1	75	70	72.1	71.8	54.3			
Two or more	41.9	27.9	25	29.4	27.8	28.1	45.5			
Principal heating equipment	40.0	40.7		0.54	0.0	0.7	40.0			
Steam or hot water system	13.2 52.4	10.7 27.7	63 26.7	35.4 32.8	8.8 27.6	9.7 15.2	12.8 70.3			
Hot air furnace Heating stove	4.1	8.8	5.4	9	12.3	6.9	2.3			
Electric heating	30.2	52.8	F	22.4	51.3	68.1	14.4			
Other	F	F	F	F	F	F	F			
Age of principal heating equipment Five years or less	21.1	21.1	24.6	26.1	21.2	14	24.3			
Six to ten years	16.3	17.5	24.6	22.9	17.5	9.7	20.9			
Over ten years	62.6	61.5	50.8	51.1	61.3	76.3	54.8			
Principal heating fuel										
Oil or other liquid fuel	9.6	31.7 F	81 F	62.7 F	21.4 F	12.1 5.6	6.4 72.4			
Piped gas Bottled gas	50.4 1	F	F	F	F	5.0 F	/ 2. 4 F			
Electricity	34.2	53.8	F	23.1	57.1	75.5	17.1			
Wood	4.5	14 F	12.1 F	13.1 F	21 F	6.4 F	2.7 F			
Other	0.2						-			
Principal heating fuel for hot water Oil or other liquid fuel	3.9	12.5	78.5	47.7	7.6	3.7	1.6			
Piped gas	49.6	F	76.5 F	7/./ F	7.0 F	5.4	72.3			
Electricity	45.4	86	17.4	49	91.2	90.5	25.2			
Other heating fuel or no running hot water	1	F	F	3.4	F	F	F			

Table 5.6 – continued

Dwelling characteristics and household equipment, Canada and provinces, 2005

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
			percen	t of household	ls		
Principal cooking fuel							
Piped gas	7.1	F	F	F	F	1.9	10.6
Electricity	92.1	98.1	94.4	95.7	98.5	97.8	88.9
Other cooking fuel	8.0	F	5.6	4.3	F	F	F
Household equipment (at December 31)							
Washing machine	82.2	92.8	85.1	83.7	88	87	77.1
Clothes dryer	80.4	89.9	81.4	80.8	86	84.4	75.2
Dishwasher	57.2	43.7	51.1	49	48	54.1	53.8
Refrigerators	99.7	100	100	99.9	100	99.9	99.6
One	74.3	84.4	83.8	82.8	82.9	76.9	71.9
Two or more	25.4	15.6	16.2	17.1	17.1	23	27.7
Freezer	56.3	80.3	69.7	64.6	68.7	49.9	53.5
Microwave oven	94.1	97	96.1	95.8	96.6	93.6	93.8
Air conditioner	44.2	2.7	8.4	11.5	22.7	36.4	71.4
Window	15.8	F	6.9	9.2	17.7	23.1	17.7
Central	28.4	F	F	F	5	13.2	53.7
Telephones (includes business use)	94.4	97	96.2	94.9	95.3	94.4	95.4
One	24.3	19.3	18.5	19.7	22.7	25	23.2
Two	30.4	29.4	33.9	33	34.2	33.8	29.5
Three or more	39.6	48.3	43.8	42.2	38.4	35.5	42.8
Cellular telephone	64.2	58.8	59.1	60.7	52.6	53	69.5
Compact disc player	80.4	81.9	79.7	79.5	81.3	77	80.9
Cablevision	65.4	70.6	58.9	66.5	53.3	59.3	68
Satellite dish	22.6	25.6	34.1	25.6	35.5	21.4	22.6
DVD player	77.1	71.2	70.8	75.8	74.3	71.3	79.8
CD writer DVD writer	43.5 24.5	40 21.2	35.7 15.6	40.9 21.7	32.3 16.7	35.1 19.7	46 25.5
Video cassette recorders	89.1	89.4	86.7	86.4	86.1	88.9	90.3
One	58.1 31	58.7 30.7	60.1 26.6	55.3 31.2	56.7 29.4	58.4 30.5	58 32.3
Two or more							
Home computer	72	60.8	65.6	66.8	61.8	65.7	75.8
Internet use from home	64.3	52.1	58	59.3	52.7	55.5	69.4
Type of Internet connection							
Regular telephone connection to a computer	14.2	12.5	19.7	11.8	19.2	16.6	15.8
High-speed telephone connection to a computer	24.4	20.1	33.2	28.6	25.5	20.1	24.5
Cable connection to a computer Other type of connection	24.8 0.9	18.4 F	F F	18.3 F	7.7 F	18 F	28.3 F
	99	99.6	100	99.5	99.2	99.4	99
Colour televisions One	35.4	24.1	27.6	28.8	32.8	38.1	34.2
Two	36.1	34.2	35.7	36.5	38.2	39	35.2
Three or more	27.6	41.2	36.7	34.2	28.1	22.3	29.6
Owned vehicles (automobiles, trucks and vans)	79	73.9	84.1	78.4	83.9	74.9	77.9
One	43.5	46	42.5	43.3	46.5	46.7	42.5
Two or more	35.5	27.9	41.6	35.1	37.4	28.3	35.4
Owned automobiles	61.7	53	67.4	62.6	63.4	62.9	60.7
One	45.9	43.8	51.3	47.5	51.4	46.2	44
Two or more	15.8	9.1	16.1	15.1	12.1	16.8	16.7
Owned vans and trucks	36.9	38.9	40.8	36.1	43	24.7	35.7
One	29.8	33.5	31.4	29.4	34.3	22.1	29
Two or more	7.1	5.5	9.4	6.6	8.7	2.6	6.7
Leased vehicles (automobiles, trucks and vans)	10.1	14.4	9.2	8.3	8.3	12.3	12
One	10.1 8.6	14.4 13.5	9.2 8.4	8.3 7.6	8.3 7.5	12.3 10.6	9.7
Two or more	1.5	F	F	7.0 F	7.5 F	1.7	2.2

Table 5.6 – continued

Dwelling characteristics and household equipment, Canada and provinces, 2005

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
			1	thousands			
Estimated number of households	447	378	1,231	1,676	12	14	6
				rage number			
Persons per household Rooms per dwelling	2.39 6.02	2.36 6.59	2.52 6.52	2.42 6.12	2.41 5.67	2.68 5.51	3.44 4.99
			percen	nt of households			
Type of dwelling Single detached	69.1	76.5	64.5	54.3	62.6	56.8	46.5
Single attached Apartment	5.3 22.6	4.7 16.8	9.3 21.4	9.7 31.9	8.9 18.5	12.6 18.2	26.1 27.4
Other Repairs needed	3.1	F	4.7	4.1	10	12.4	F
Major Minor	9.2 17.7	8 19.3	5 17.3	8.6 15.2	18.1 18.4	F 18.4	F 26.9
None	73.1	72.8	77.7	76.2	63.5	74.3	59.8
Tenure Owned	73	74.5	74	65.3	62.1	60.9	F
With mortgage Without mortgage Rented	37.2 35.8 27	32.5 42 25.5	40.5 33.5 26	36.5 28.8 34.7	33.8 28.3 37.9	41.8 19.1 39.1	F F 85.2
Year of move	21	25.5	20	34.7	37.9	39.1	65.2
2005 2000 to 2004	12.9 32.4	14.4 30	15.9 40.5	15.4 41.3	10.8 35.7	13.5 46.2	F 46.4
Period of construction	54.7	55.7	43.5	43.3	53.5	40.3	39.7
2001 to 2005 1991 to 2000	4.4 7.7	6.2 6.1	13.6 17.8	8.4 18.7	F 14.6	15.8 22.9	F 23
1981 to 1990 1971 to 1980	13.7	16 22.8	13.4 23.9	18.8 21.7	16.5 42.3	16.1 26.4	34.2 25.8
1961 to 1970 1946 to 1960	16.7 17.4	17.3 17.3	13.4 12.9	12.8 11.2	F 11.6	15.1 F	F
Before 1946	20.2	14.3	4.9	8.4	F	F	F
Number of rooms One to four Five	25.1 16.5	19.3 14.4	22.2 13.8	31.4 14.7	32.3 14.9	30.1 25	41.3 26
Six Seven or more	18 40.3	17.9 48.4	16.9 47.1	12.6 41.3	21 31.8	19.3 25.6	F 20.1
Bathrooms	99.8	100	99.9	99.4	96.2	99.4	100
One Two or more	58.6 41.2	49 51	40.7 59.2	48.1 51.3	63.4 32.7	61.1 38.3	93.9 F
Principal heating equipment Steam or hot water system	9.5	13.5	15.2	14.7	13.7	28.2	52.5
Hot air furnace Heating stove	66.2 F	82.2 F	82.7 F	53.6 4.6	54.1 19.5	61 F	41.7 F
Electric heating Other	22.9 F	3.4 F	F F	26.7 F	12.6 F	F F	F F
Age of principal heating equipment Five years or less	19.4	22.9	27.9	19.4	14.9	32.7	19.3
Six to ten years Over ten years	13.5 × 67.1	13.8 63.3	16.7 55.4	15 65.6	19.7 65.4	13.8 53.5	31.5 49.2
Principal heating fuel	F	2	F	4.2	64.4	72.6	93.9
Oil or other liquid fuel Piped gas	59.3 F	3 89.6 F	96.2 F	59.3 F	F F	72.6 F 17.4	93.9 F
Bottled gas Electricity Wood	36.1 F	4.9 F	2 F	29.7 4.2	12.9 17.7	F	F F
Other	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Principal heating fuel for hot water Oil or other liquid fuel	F	F	F	F	14.2	29.7	58.1
Piped gas Electricity	52.8 46.1	79.2 19.7	94.2 5.1	59.8 37.2	F 76 F	F 54.2 16.1	41.5 F
Other heating fuel or no running hot water Principal cooking fuel	F	F	F	F	r	16.1	F
Piped gas Electricity	3.3 96.6	4.2 95.5	10.1 89.7	10.5 87.3	F 91.3	F 94.5	F 100
Other cooking fuel	F	F	F	2.2	F	F	F

Table 5.6 – continued

Dwelling characteristics and household equipment, Canada and provinces, 2005

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
			perce	nt of households			
Household equipment (at December 31)							
Washing machine	79.3	85.4	87.2	80.7	78.3	89.9	85.9
Clothes dryer	78.3	85.7	86.7	79.6	76.3	84.9	87.9
Dishwasher	53.8	60.8	72.4	67.1	42.3	54.2	17.8
Refrigerators	99.9	99.8	100	99.2	98	99.5	100
One	70.4	63.3	72.6	75.5	84.1	88.8	97.3
Two or more	29.5	36.6	27.4	23.7	14	10.7	F
Freezer	72.3	78.7	65.6	52.7	59	60.6	42.7
Microwave oven	95.1	95.9	96.6	92.6	92.3	94.9	82
Air conditioner	69.1	48.6	12.4	17.4	F	F	F
Window	23.1	14	4.2	6.9	F	F	F
Central	46	34.6	8.2	10.6	F	F	F
Telephones (includes business use)	93.2	95.7	93.4	91.9	89.8	95.5	81.4
One	25	22.7	24	28.6	28.6	41.2	41.8
Two	29.2	33.8	27	27.4	27.2	31.2	26.7
Three or more	38.9	39.3	42.3	36	33.9	23.1	F
Cellular telephone	59.2	63.1	74.6	69	35.6	50.5	F
Compact disc player	80.3	79.1	84.8	82.4	82.6	82.9	71.9
Cablevision	64.4	52.4	64	75.5	48.6	48.3	66.6
Satellite dish	22.9	35.3	26.5	15.3	26	44	22.6
DVD player	74.2	74.6	83.7	79	82.6	85.9	65.7
CD writer	41.3	43.3	50.3	51.3	43.5	55	29.5
DVD writer	24.8	22.4	29.1	30.7	23.8	37.9	21.3
Video cassette recorders	86	86.5	88.9	88.9	86.5	89	71.8
One	54.7	57.1	55.9	61.6	57.7	63.4	56.5
Two or more	31.3	29.4	33	27.4	28.8	25.6	F
Home computer	65.5	68.9	76.8	76.8	70.7	72.3	48.3
Internet use from home	57.6	61.7	69.2	70.5	63.4	63.2	35.1
Type of Internet connection							
Regular telephone connection to a computer	11.9	12.6	11.2	7.9	12.1	F	F
High-speed telephone connection to a computer	25.6	36.3	29.3	24.4	31.7	21.8	22.7
Cable connection to a computer	18.7	12	27.1	37.1	19.2	27.7	F
Other type of connection	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Colour televisions	98.6	99.1	98.6	98.6	99.1	99.6	96.3
One	33	32.8	32	40.6	45.3	41	50.8
Two	35.6	35.1	36.2	32.9	33.4	28.4	28.7
Three or more	30	31.3	30.5	25.1	20.4	30.3	16.8
Owned vehicles (automobiles, trucks and vans)	80.1	86	86.6	82.4	84.4	77.3	29.9
One	43.4	41.2	38.9	43.8	40.6	46.4	27.2
Two or more	36.7	44.8	47.7	38.6	43.8	31	F
Owned automobiles	59.3	63.2	62.8	62.5	46.8	30.8	F
One	45.6	48.1	47.6	48.2	36	27.6	F
Two or more	13.8	15.1	15.2	14.3	F	F	F
Owned vans and trucks	43.5	51.4	53.5	44.5	63.8	62.8	21.4
One	34.8	37.6	38.8	35.6	43	45.8	19.3
Two or more	8.7	13.8	14.7	8.9	20.8	17.1	F
Leased vehicles (automobiles, trucks and vans)	6.6	5.7	7	5.3	F	F	F
One	6.1	4.8	6.3	4.6	F	F	F
Two or more	0.1 F	4.0 F	0.3 F	4.0 F	F	F	F
THO OF HIGH	T.	The second secon		'			

Note(s): In 1998, 1999, and every second year thereafter starting with 2001, statistics for Canada include the territories. For the other years, Canada-level statistics include the 10 provinces only.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508).

Table 5.7 Principal heating fuel, Canada and provinces

	Estimated households	Oil or other liquid fuel	Piped gas	Bottled gas	Electricity	Wood	Other
	thousands			percent of hou	ıseholds		
Canada 2005 2004 2003	12,587 12,343 12,189	9.6 10.4 12.4	50.4 49.6 49.0	1.0 1.0 0.8	34.2 33.6 33.3	4.5 4.8 4.2	0.2 0.6 0.3
Newfoundland and Labrador 2005 2004 2003	199 198 196	31.7 31.5 29.5	F F F	F F F	53.8 52.5 51.9	14.0 15.7 18.1	F F
Prince Edward Island 2005 2004 2003	54 53 53	81.0 79.9 83.6	F F F	F F F	F F F	12.1 15.4 12.2	F F F
Nova Scotia 2005 2004 2003	377 374 371	62.7 60.3 59.4	F F F	F F F	23.1 25.9 27.1	13.1 11.9 11.8	F F F
New Brunswick 2005 2004 2003	299 296 293	21.4 21.0 22.9	F F F	F F F	57.1 60.0 60.2	21.0 17.9 15.6	F F F
Quebec 2005 2004 2003	3,221 3,170 3,121	12.1 12.9 16.6	5.6 5.8 4.8	F F F	75.5 73.8 70.3	6.4 6.9 7.8	F F F
Ontario 2005 2004 2003	4,674 4,591 4,519	6.4 7.7 9.9	72.4 72.1 69.8	F F F	17.1 15.6 17.3	2.7 2.6 1.5	F F F
Manitoba 2005 2004 2003	447 443 439	F F 1.7	59.3 61.8 60.8	F F F	36.1 32.7 33.4	F 3.0 3.2	F F F
Saskatchewan 2005 2004 2003	378 377 375	3.0 4.3 3.6	89.6 86.0 88.5	F F F	4.9 5.5 3.9	F F F	F F F
Alberta 2005 2004 2003	1,231 1,199 1,176	F F F	96.2 94.6 95.2	F F F	2.0 2.8 1.9	F F F	F F
British Columbia 2005 2004 2003	1,676 1,643 1,616	4.2 6.0 5.9	59.3 54.8 58.6	F F F	29.7 31.5 31.7	4.2 5.2 3.0	F F
Yukon 2005 2004 2003	12 11	64.4 75.5	F :: F	F F	12.9 8.7	17.7 F	F :: F
Northwest Territories 2005 2004 2003	14 14	72.6 61.0	F :: F	17.4 25.3	F 	F :- F	F F
Nunavut 2005 2004 2003	6 7	93.9 91.6	F F	F F	F :	F F	F F

Note(s): In 1998, 1999, and every second year thereafter starting with 2001, statistics for Canada include the territories. For the other years, Canada-level statistics include the 10 provinces only.

Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508).

Table 5.8 Dwelling starts, completions and under construction 1 by region and province

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2002 to 2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		d	lwelling units			perce	nt
Canada (excluding Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut) Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	205,034	218,426	233,431	225,481	227,395	10.9	0.8
	185,626	199,244	215,621	211,242	215,947	16.3	2.2
	119,210	137,774	155,230	169,880	178,721	49.9	5.2
Newfoundland and Labrador Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	2,419	2,692	2,870	2,498	2,234	-7.6	-10.6
	2,034	2,606	2,735	2,615	2,407	18.3	-8.0
	1,352	1,444	1,574	1,426	1,260	-6.8	-11.6
Prince Edward Island Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	775	814	919	862	738	-4.8	-14.4
	783	902	887	875	721	-7.9	-17.6
	326	237	273	258	275	-15.6	6.6
Nova Scotia Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	4,970	5,096	4,717	4,775	4,896	-1.5	2.5
	4,011	5,434	4,896	4,456	4,455	11.1	0.0
	3,119	2,770	2,653	2,902	3,319	6.4	14.4
New Brunswick Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	3,862	4,489	3,947	3,959	4,085	5.8	3.2
	3,179	4,075	5,213	3,796	3,661	15.2	-3.6
	2,232	2,630	1,353	1,527	1,952	-12.5	27.8
Quebec Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	42,452	50,289	58,448	50,910	47,877	12.8	-6.0
	36,308	45,123	52,610	49,205	48,668	34.0	-1.1
	16,940	22,065	27,905	27,270	26,639	57.3	-2.3
Ontario Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	83,597	85,180	85,114	78,795	73,417	-12.2	-6.8
	81,212	76,151	81,301	76,929	74,481	-8.3	-3.2
	53,259	62,012	65,346	67,338	64,837	21.7	-3.7
Manitoba Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	3,617	4,206	4,440	4,731	5,028	39.0	6.3
	3,306	3,671	4,551	4,573	4,775	44.4	4.4
	1,564	2,075	1,966	2,173	2,390	52.8	10.0
Saskatchewan Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	2,963	3,315	3,781	3,437	3,715	25.4	8.1
	2,523	3,354	3,122	3,476	3,085	22.3	-11.2
	1,641	1,612	2,270	2,272	2,639	60.8	16.2
Alberta Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	38,754	36,171	36,270	40,847	48,962	26.3	19.9
	32,162	35,883	35,505	37,078	39,191	21.9	5.7
	22,168	22,078	22,960	28,084	36,940	66.6	31.5
British Columbia Housing starts Housing completions Housing under construction	21,625	26,174	32,925	34,667	36,443	68.5	5.1
	20,108	22,045	24,801	28,239	34,503	71.6	22.2
	16,609	20,851	28,930	36,630	38,470	131.6	5.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Canadian Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Housing Market Survey (survey 7505) and CANSIM table 027-0009.

Table 5.9
Building permits issued, ¹ Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			units			percent
Canada Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows	29,586,870 215,346 126,324 930 11,411 19,568	31,971,418 222,545 121,543 799 12,631 20,580	36,833,448 241,471 129,389 884 11,834 22,997	38,723,117 238,882 120,976 701 11,526 23,197	41,052,757 233,233 118,336 669 11,002 21,665	6.0 -2.4 -2.2 -4.6 -4.5 -6.6
Apartments Conversions	51,918 5,195	61,345 5,647	71,396 4,971	77,692 4,790	76,513 5,048	-1.5 5.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	-,	3,3 1.	.,	.,	5,5 15	
Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	244,121 2,085 1,726 25 14 3 286 31	297,061 2,328 1,866 22 16 84 302 38	360,077 2,644 2,042 15 163 42 320 62	330,451 2,171 1,747 12 38 17 341	326,303 2,065 1,608 9 70 57 263 58	-1.3 -4.9 -8.0 -25.0 84.2 235.3 -22.9 262.5
Prince Edward Island Estimated value of residential construction						
(thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	96,362 1,015 654 90 16 64 173	89,242 840 564 42 24 35 156 19	137,066 1,095 834 64 49 43 100	131,628 1,070 647 51 62 7 290 13	126,461 911 637 68 40 3 152	-3.9 -14.9 -1.5 33.3 -35.5 -57.1 -47.6 -15.4
Nova Scotia Estimated value of residential construction						
(thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	623,911 5,077 3,401 141 76 124 1,247	668,842 5,243 3,125 100 281 154 1,492 91	757,444 5,471 3,323 102 162 110 1,715 59	782,653 5,239 3,234 103 143 163 1,491 105	862,887 5,854 2,944 77 138 106 2,493 96	10.3 11.7 -9.0 -25.2 -3.5 -35.0 67.2 -8.6
New Brunswick Estimated value of residential construction						
(thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	372,857 3,702 2,429 72 55 88 882 176	410,195 3,930 2,589 69 103 88 988 93	481,956 4,059 2,881 101 125 128 736 88	479,589 4,062 2,751 99 183 114 822 93	493,185 4,089 2,362 67 327 146 1,023 164	2.8 0.7 -14.1 -32.3 78.7 28.1 24.5 76.3
Quebec Estimated value of residential construction						
(thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	5,216,117 40,821 21,957 273 1,406 1,002 13,932 2,251	6,506,730 50,544 24,061 293 1,973 911 20,357 2,949	7,970,586 56,655 26,107 304 2,704 1,332 23,853 2,355	7,885,798 52,844 24,101 246 2,614 1,155 22,686 2,042	7,779,494 49,109 21,777 236 2,340 1,413 21,101 2,242	-1.3 -7.1 -9.6 -4.1 -10.5 22.3 -7.0 9.8

Table 5.9 – continued

Building permits issued, ¹ Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
_			units			percent
Ontario Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	13,714,384 90,563 54,325 191 6,847 12,439 14,909 1,852	14,275,492 88,477 49,577 165 7,382 12,491 17,049 1,813	15,214,019 89,118 51,212 184 5,411 13,340 17,715 1,256	14,919,772 84,757 41,646 124 4,856 13,573 22,537 2,021	14,293,993 72,418 38,284 122 3,990 11,356 17,203 1,463	-4.2 -14.6 -8.1 -1.6 -17.8 -16.3 -23.7 -27.6
Manitoba Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	440,764 3,185 2,606 19 40 9 462 49	525,539 4,340 3,024 22 65 43 1,179	675,592 4,794 3,866 37 59 15 813	695,026 4,730 3,640 12 86 109 863 20	829,138 5,636 3,470 22 53 213 1,865	19.3 19.2 -4.7 83.3 -38.4 95.4 116.1 -35.0
Saskatchewan Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	276,427 2,562 1,605 16 54 43 832 12	349,999 3,193 1,722 11 50 463 875 72	401,829 3,230 1,858 7 112 337 880 36	395,668 2,915 1,881 6 116 209 688 15	493,428 3,341 2,382 4 96 270 474 115	24.7 14.6 26.6 -33.3 -17.2 29.2 -31.1 666.7
Alberta Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	4,607,278 40,788 25,804 66 2,228 2,293 10,187 210	4,240,534 35,847 21,789 50 2,044 2,484 9,376	4,864,154 38,824 22,900 26 2,311 2,350 10,839 398	6,047,221 43,160 26,622 24 2,790 2,700 10,944	8,139,671 50,514 30,439 35 3,103 3,282 13,466 189	34.6 17.0 14.3 45.8 11.2 21.6 23.0
British Columbia Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	3,888,147 24,772 11,458 32 663 3,466 8,654 499	4,514,185 27,163 12,858 21 665 3,754 9,410 455	5,868,937 34,898 13,976 37 724 5,290 14,165 706	6,970,787 37,391 14,355 13 630 5,132 16,879 382	7,620,696 38,835 14,154 26 819 4,801 18,346 689	9.3 3.9 -1.4 100.0 30.0 -6.4 8.7 80.4
Yukon Territory Estimated value of residential construction (thousands of dollars) Total dwellings Singles, includes mobile homes Cottages Doubles Rows Apartments Conversions	22,044 188 168 5 6 0 0	28,939 199 181 3 2 0 10 3	38,183 267 224 7 7 10 17 2	46,012 335 247 11 8 0 66	37,065 242 191 3 24 0 18 6	-19.4 -27.8 -22.7 -72.7 200.0 -72.7 100.0

Table 5.9 – continued

Building permits issued, ¹ Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			units			percent
Northwest Territories						
Estimated value of residential construction						
(thousands of dollars)	53,803	50,688	46,722	27,587	17,406	-36.9
Total dwellings	386	356	308	144	79	-4 5.1
Singles, includes mobile homes	155	162	145	92	63	-31.5
Cottages	0	0	0	0	0	
Doubles	4	0	5	0	0	
Rows	0	73	0	18	0	-100.0
Apartments	227	121	158	34	16	-52.9
Conversions	0	0	0	0	0	
Nunavut						
Estimated value of residential construction						
(thousands of dollars)	30,655	13,972	16,883	10,925	33,030	202.3
Total dwellings	202	85	108	64	140	118.8
Singles, includes mobile homes	36	25	21	13	25	92.3
Cottages	0	1	0	0	0	
Doubles	2	26	2	0	2	
Rows	37	0	0	0	18	
Apartments	127	30	85	51	93	82.4
Conversions	0	3	0	0	2	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Investment and Capital Stock Division, Building Permits Survey (survey 2802) and CANSIM tables 026-0001, 026-0003 and 026-0004.

Table 5.10
Vehicle registrations, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006

	Vehicles weighing less than 4,500 kilograms	Vehicles weighing 4,500 kilograms to 14,999 kilograms	Vehicles weighing 15,000 kilograms or more	Buses	Motorcyles and mopeds	Total, road motor vehicle registrations	Trailers	Off-road, construction, farm vehicles	Total, vehicle registrations
Total - Canada	18,738,941	442,607	318,272	80,447	484,903	20,065,171	4,961,184	1,658,466	26,684,822
Newfoundland and Labrador	258,127	4,086	3,194	1,214	6,194	272,817	32,698	135,464	440,980
Prince Edward Island	76,675	1,521	2,777	68	1,912	82,955	10,894	1,494	95,345
Nova Scotia	525,214	8,606	7,675	1,799	12,156	555,453	44,792	56,023	656,269
New Brunswick	459,671	7,828	4,393	2,869	15,869	490,631	84,160	40,914	615,706
Quebec	4,373,402	58,613	39,705	17,173	174,797	4,663,692	1,413,037	616,426	6,693,156
Ontario	6,918,914	94,155	117.622	26.816	140.875	7,298,384	1,906,823	544,630	9,749,838
Manitoba	631,516	10,707	16,372	3,749	9,775	672,122	116,303	108,404	896,830
Saskatchewan	665,169	37.333	26,259	3,749	6,263	738,774	131,154	4,181	874,109
Alberta	2.339.251	113,728	80,965	13,577	71,119	2,618,642	884,938	114,401	3,617,981
British Columbia	2,442,248	103,422	16,874	9,001	44,717	2,616,264	323,042	32,990	2,972,298
Yukon Territory	24,957	1,664	1,248	299	653	28,824	9,316	1,134	39,274
Northwest Territories	20,574	715	1,025	114	514	22,944	3,957	1,218	28,120
Nunavut	3,217	222	155	14	53	3,663	66	1,181	4,911

Source(s): Transportation Division, Road Motor Vehicles Survey Registration (survey 2747) and CANSIM table 405-0004.

Table 5.11
Fuel and diesel sales, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006

	Gross sales of gasoline	Net sales of diesel oil		
	thousands of litres	percent	thousands of litres	percent
Canada	39,679,982	100	16,594,616	100
Newfoundland and Labrador	600.955	1.5	238,703	1.4
Prince Edward Island	195,660	0.5	46,265	0.3
Nova Scotia	1.194.984	3.0	456,929	2.8
New Brunswick	1.007.062	2.5	466,058	2.8
Québec	8.230.691	20.7	3,176,269	19.1
Ontario	15,507,629	39.1	5,384,342	32.4
Vanitoba	1,469,050	3.7	560,428	3.4
Saskatchewan	1,263,915	3.2	1,009,216	6.1
Alberta	5,368,100	13.5	3,373,400	20.3
British Columbia	4,719,356	11.9	1.721.635	10.4
Yukon Territory	63.839	0.2	43.137	0.3
Northwest Territories	46.724	0.1	113.045	0.7
Nunavut	12.016	0.0	5,188	0.0

Source(s): Transportation Division, Road Motor Vehicles Survey - Fuel (survey 2746) and CANSIM table 405-0002.

Table 5.12
Proportion of households without any phone, Canada and provinces

	November	May	November	May	November	May	May	December	December	December
	2000 2001		2001 20		2002	2002 2003		2004	2005	2006
Canada	1.31	1.14	1.26	1.33	1.47	1.28	1.29	1.51	1.21	1.25
Newfoundland and Labrador	2.04	1.39	2.31	1	2.21	1.25	2.31	1.45	1.78	1.13
Prince Edward Island	1.34	2	2.35	1.22	1.3	1.37	1.28	2.21	2.96	1.19
Nova Scotia	1.57	1.67	1.78	2.26	1.87	1.48	1.23	1.57	1.62	1.71
New Brunswick	1.21	1.21	1.2	1.16	1.55	1.67	1.41	1.69	1.73	1.54
Quebec	1.4	1.63	1.46	1.37	1.78	1.33	1.29	1.66	1.19	1.53
Ontario	1	0.68	0.94	1.13	1.23	1.11	1.09	1.27	0.97	0.98
Manitoba	1.29	1.64	1.87	1.7	1.79	1.4	1.55	2.02	1.9	1.49
Saskatchewan	1.39	1.49	0.99	2.2	1.32	1.58	1.59	1.35	1.62	1.09
Alberta	1.23	0.66	0.74	0.83	1.02	0.83	1.09	1.29	0.72	0.89
British Columbia	1.92	1.45	1.76	1.72	1.6	1.77	1.74	1.88	1.71	1.53

Source(s): Special Surveys Division, Residential Telephone Services Survey (survey 4426) and catalogue no. 56M0001X.

Table 5.13
Proportion of households with cellular phone only, Canada and provinces

	May 2003	May 2004	December 2004	December 2005	December 2006
			percent		
Canada	1.91	2.45	2.67	4.77	5.04
Newfoundland and Labrador	0.84	1.10	2.46	2.25	3.23
Prince Edward Island	1.16	1.92	2.38	3.79	4.66
Nova Scotia	2.43	2.53	2.47	4.14	3.36
New Brunswick	1.39	1.33	1.78	2.41	3.65
Quebec	2.16	2.20	2.57	4.80	5.05
Ontario	1.71	2.31	2.01	4.13	4.37
Manitoba	1.90	1.98	2.73	4.55	5.36
Saskatchewan	0.56	1.23	1.40	2.52	2.8
Alberta	2.42	2.73	3.76	5.81	7.9
British Columbia	2.08	3.86	4.44	7.13	5.9

Source(s): Special Surveys Division, Residential Telephone Service Survey (survey 4426) and catalogue no. 56M0001X.

Table 5.14 Residential telephone service

	May	May	May	December	December	December	December
	2002	2003	2004	2004	2005	2006	2006
			percen			counts	percent
Total households	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	12.737.058	100.0
With one or more phone numbers	98.7	98.7	98.7	98.5	98.8	12,555,928	98.6
With one phone number	60.2	55	49.4	47.1	44	4,413,787	34.7
With cell phone number only	4	1.9	2.4	2.7	4.8	641,472	5.0
With two phone numbers	24.4	26.6	27.9	28.3	28.9	3,857,128	30.3
With three phone numbers or more	14.1	17.1	21.4	23	26.2	4,127,872	32.4
Without phone number	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.2	158,655	1.3
Has alternate access in emergency 2	86.1	92.1	91	90.1	86.7	, ,,,	,,,
Can't afford service 1,2	62.8	62.6	65.9	63.9	61.9	111	*11
Installation charges 3	63.1	73.6	67.8	70.5	74.9	111	111
Security deposit 3	52.3	51.1	54	56.6	57.6	111	111
Basic local rates monthly charge 3	69.5	69.3	67.9	72.1	80.6	111	***
Long distance charges 3	31	33.9	31.2	38.3	38.9	***	511

^{1.} Multiple reasons could be reported.

Source(s): Special Surveys Division, Residential Telephone Service Survey (survey 4426), catalogue no. 56M0001X.

Shopping on the Internet by individuals, by type of product and service, Canada — Window shoppers 1

	2005
	percent
Consumer electronics	42.4
Housewares	39.0
Clothing, jewellery and accessories	36.9
ravel arrangements	36.7
Books, magazines and on-line newspapers	28.3
automotive products	25.8
Other entertainment products	22.5
fusic	21.5
computer hardware	19.8
computer software	18.6
oys and games	18.3
/ideos and digital video discs (DVD)	17.7
Real estate	16.2
Sports equipment	15.7
lowers as gifts	11.9
Other health products, beauty and vitamins	11.0
ood, condiments and beverages	7.5
Prescription drugs	2.4

^{1.} Window shoppers: A window shopper is someone who reported to have browsed for goods or services using the Internet for personal or household consumption (that is, neither ordered nor paid over the Internet).

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Canadian Internet Use Survey (survey 4432) and CANSIM table 358-0136.

Expressed as a percentage of households without telephones

^{3.} Expressed as a percentage of households who can't afford service. Multiple reasons could be reported.

Table 5.15-2 Shopping on the Internet by individuals, by type of product and service, Canada — Electronic orders 1

	2005
	percent
ravel arrangements	36.4
looks, magazines and on-line newspapers	35.4
Other entertainment products	25.0
Clothing, jewellery and accessories	24.8
Computer software	20.2
lusic	16.4
onsumer electronics	15.9
deos and digital video discs (DVD)	13.5
lowers as gifts	13.2
omputer hardware	12.1
bys and games	11.7
ousewares	8.3
ther health products, beauty and vitamins	8.1
ports equipment	6.6
utomotive products	5.6

^{1.} Electronic orders: Refers to Internet users who reported to have ordered at least one product or service using the Internet, for personal or household consumption, during the last twelve months, with the payment made or not on Internet. These users may or may not have been window-shoppers. Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Canadian Internet Use Survey (survey 4432) and CANSIM table 358-0136.

Section 6

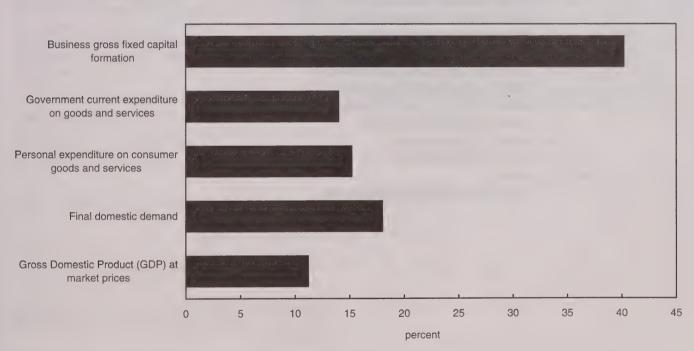
Macroeconomic and financial statistics

The Canadian economy recorded a total output value of about \$1.45 trillion dollars in 2006 (table 6.1). The growth of real GDP and its sub components in 2006 closely mimicked the previous year. Buoyed by the increasing price of petroleum and other resource commodities, real GDP grew by about 2.8% in that year (lower than the +3.1% recorded in 2005) (table 6.2).

In 2006, final domestic demand, which is the sum of personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, government current expenditure on consumer goods spending, was recorded at about \$1.3 trillion (+4.7%). Consumer spending (+4.2%) and business investment in non-residential structures and equipments (+9.9%) were the leading contributors to real GDP growth (table 6.2). Indeed, final domestic demand was the most significant contributor to GDP growth from 2002-2006. Over this period, the growth rate of real final domestic demand (+18%) outpaced real GDP (+11%) growth. Business investment as a whole grew by about +40%, while personal expenditures on consumer goods and services, which accounted for about 59% of GDP (in 2002 chained dollars) in 2006 also recorded a +15.2% increase over the same period (table 6.2 and chart 6.1).

and services and government and business investment

Chart 6.1 Growth of the components of real GDP, Canada, 2002 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly estimates, Catalogue no 13-001-X and CANSIM tables 380-0016 and 380-0017.

Reflecting the post industrial nature of Canada's economy, in 2006, about 64% of GDP was generated

in the service sector, while the goods-producing sector accounted for the rest of GDP (table 6.3).

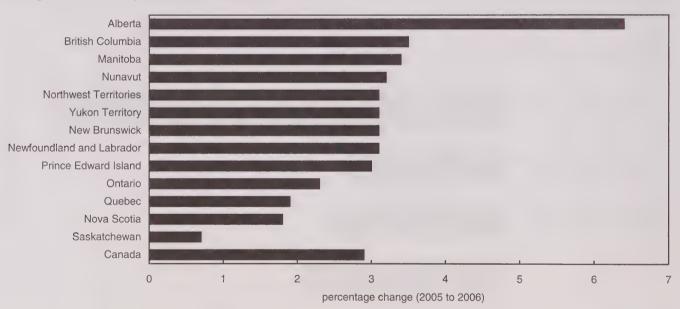
Construction (+8.1%), Wholesale trade (+7.1%) Retail (+6.0%) as well as Finance, Insurance, Real Estate, Rental and Leasing and Management of Companies and Enterprises (+3.8%) were the main industries contributing to GDP growth in 2006. However. Manufacturing (-1.0%) and Forestry and Logging (-2.1%) were hard hit (table 6.3). The decrease in manufacturing revenues was mainly due to a fall in earnings from non-durable goods (mainly clothing, textile, and leather manufacturing) owing partly to stiffer competition from emerging economies such as China. It is also important to emphasize the roles that the appreciation of the Canadian dollar and the rise in energy prices (which serve to drive up the price of industry inputs) play in hampering production in the manufacturing sector.

On its part, the forestry sector was hit by low prices for lumber due to a slump in US housing demand and the sagging demand for pulp and paper (due to a decline in circulation of newspapers owing to the increasing popularity of the internet).

Alberta continued to lead other provinces in economic growth for the third consecutive year. Economic expansion in Alberta (+6.6%) was more than double the national average. Oil prices continued to rise throughout 2006, thus investors were motivated to invest in Alberta's oil sands, which in turn benefited most areas of the economy (table 6.5).

Much of the rest of Canada recorded growth rates below the national average, the only other provinces that managed to top the 2006 national growth rate were British Columbia (+3.3%), Manitoba (+3.2%), New Brunswick (3.0%) and Newfoundland and Labrador (+3.3%), (table 6.5 and chart 6.2).

Chart 6.2
GDP growth, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Income and Expenditure Accounts - Provincial Economic Accounts (Survey 1902) and CANSIM table 384-0002.

6.1 Household Assets and Liabilities

In 2006, the accumulated worth of Canadian households was about \$4.6 trillion (+9.2%), up from the 2005 growth rate (+7.5%). This was partly due to strong gains in the value of Canadian and foreign equities, manifested by the fact that increases in share asset values accounted for almost two-thirds (+60%) of the increase in financial assets. Increases

in the values of residential real estate (non-financial assets) also impacted growth in net household worth (table 6.15).

Despite the increasing level of Canadian households' net worth, they continued to build up mortgage and consumer credit debt. As a result, in 2006, household debt (total liabilities) continued to outpace personal disposable income (seasonally adjusted at annual

rates). Canadian households carried about \$1.30 in debt for every dollar of their disposable income (total liabilities divided by personal disposable income) (tables 3.9 and 6.15).

6.2 Price Indexes

Prices across the economy grew by +2.0% in 2006 (the target set by the Bank of Canada). However, between 2002 and 2006, the all items price index grew +9.2%, an average of about 1.8% per annum. During 2006, gasoline prices (+5.5%) experienced the steepest hike, and for the period 2002-2006, the prices of gasoline (+39.9%), and alcoholic beverages and tobacco products (+21.7%) recorded the highest increase in the economy (table 6.12).

In 2006, manufacturers as a group received an average of +2.3% more for their products than in 2005, much higher than the +1.6% increase recorded in 2005 (table 6.11). The increase in the Industrial Product Price Index (IPPI) was driven largely by prices for primary metal products, which remained on an upward trend, reaching a yearly average of +20%, higher than for 2005 as a whole. Other products that were among the largest contributors to the increase in the IPPI were petroleum and coal products (+9.0%), tobacco products (+7.9%), electrical equipment appliance and components (+6.6%).

The value of the Canadian dollar in terms of the US dollar strengthened on average in 2006, rising 6.8%. If the effect of the exchange rate had been excluded, the annual increase in the IPPI would have been 4.1% compared with its actual increase of 2.3%.

6.3 Strong Business Indicators

The number of cases of business bankruptcies declined by 10.3% in 2006 (table 6.17). Canadian corporations earned record high operating profits of \$243.6 billion in 2006, led by solid growth in the Oil and gas extraction and support activities, mining (except oil and gas) wholesale, retail and construction industries. Depository credit intermediaries (+21.9%) also recorded impressive profit growth for the year (table 6.9).

6.3.1 Resource industries (Oil and Gas and other mining industries)

Increases in world commodity prices that began in 2003 have generated a resource boom in Canada. The rise in the prices of oil and metals and solid global demand for these resources has been particularly instrumental in helping resource firms accrue big increases in their operating profits. In 2006, Oil and gas extraction companies' profits increased by +9.1% over 2005 levels and passed the \$32 billion mark for the first time. This figure is more than double the figures in 2002 (table 6.9).

Also, increasing demand for metals like copper, nickel, zinc and Iron ore from rapidly industrializing countries such as China pushed up the prices of these metals. This in turn powered operating profit in the mining (except oil and gas) industry to \$4.6 billion, almost tripling the figure recorded in 2002 (table 6.9).

6.3.2 Retailers and wholesalers

Propelled by robust consumer spending, operating profits in the retail sector reached a record high of \$13.6 billion, marking a +18.9% increase over 2005 levels. Operating revenues also jumped 4.6% for the year, as low interest rates, and a favourable labour market for employment continued to stimulate activity in retail establishments. Wholesalers' profits of \$17.0 billion were also up +16% over 2005 (table 6.9).

6.3.3 Construction

Operating profits in the construction industry jumped to \$11.4 billion in 2006 from \$8.3 billion the previous year (table 6.9). Thriving demand for residential and non-residential space in Western Canada lifted the value of building permits to new highs. Construction work toward the 2010 Winter Olympics also contributed to this increase in operating profits of construction industries.

6.3.4 Manufacturing

Hampered by the currency exchange rate and increasing foreign competition from newly industrialised countries, the operating profits of manufacturers declined to \$42.7 billion (-4.2%) from \$44.6 billion in the previous year (table 6.9). Returns on export sales

were adversely affected by the strong Canadian dollar, which led to a sluggish demand for Canadian goods in the US market. This in turn led to total Canadian exports to the United States registering their first annual decline in three years (table 7.2).

6.3.5 Other business Statistics

Overall, the operating profit margin of corporations increased for a fifth consecutive year in 2006, rising to 8.5% from 8.2% in 2005. Operating net profits also increased by 6.8%. However, in 2006, the return on average shareholders' equity fell to 12.52% from 12.58% in 2005 (table 6.10). Nonetheless, it remained well above the recent low return of 5.7% earned in 2002.

6.3.6 Capital Expenditures

Capital Expenditures are the gross expenditures on fixed assets for use in the operations in organizations or for lease or rent to others. This includes cost of all new buildings, engineering, machinery and equipment which normally have a life of more than one year and are charged to fixed asset accounts. It also includes modifications, additions and major renovations and capital costs such as feasibility studies, architectural, legal, installation and engineering fees. Capitalized interest charges on loans with which capital projects are financed and work done by own labour force are also included.

It is evident that the impressive increases in operating profits and the generally favourable financial status of companies and corporations had some impact on business decisions to increase expenditures on capital projects. This culminated in businesses, governments and institutions spending \$297 billion on capital expenditures in 2006. This represents a +8.8% rise over the figures recorded in 2005. Along with the oil and gas extraction and the utilities sectors, public transportation and government spending led the way (table 6.8).

With the price of crude oil reaching record levels in 2006, firms did not need much convincing to increase

their investment in the energy sector. Boosted by a host of new projects in the Alberta oil sands, capital expenditures by companies in the mining and oil and gas extraction sector reached about \$54 billion in 2006, up about +\$4.6 billion from 2005 (table 6.8).

In 2006, capital expenditures by Canada's utilities (including electric power, natural gas distribution and "water and sewage and other systems) reached \$17.2 billion (+27.8% or +\$3.7 billion) from 2005 (table 6.8). This increase was largely due to increased capital spending in the electricity sector, natural gas distribution, and Municipal water utilities and investment in water and sewage infrastructure.

In 2006, Public administration recorded a large increase in capital expenditures of \$2.8 billion (+12.2%) mainly due to a substantial increase in capital expenditures by provincial and territorial public administration (table 6.8).

Capital expenditures in the transportation and warehousing sector reached about \$14 billion in 2006, a +18.6% increase from the previous year. This rise in spending was directed to the transit and ground passenger industry, and pipeline transportation.

On the other hand, the growth of capital investment on housing appeared to have intensified, recording an 8.5% increase in 2006, against the +5% recorded in 2005 (table 6.8).

6.4 Federal and Provincial government revenues

As shown in (table 6.6-2), from 2005-2006, the federal government's income from direct taxes increased by 5.5% (from \$141 billion to \$149 billion). Also, direct taxes accounted for 65% of the income accrued to the federal government, up from about 61% in 2002. On the other hank, direct taxes as a proportion of provincial governments' income remained almost constant over the same period at 27.8% in 2006. However, from 2005-2006, provincial governments' income from direct taxes increased at a faster pace (+7.2%), than those accruing to the federal government (+5.5%) (table 6.6).

Table 6.1
Gross domestic product, income and expenditure based

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		mi	llions of dollars		
Income-based					
Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income Corporation profits before taxes Government business enterprise profits before taxes Interest and miscellaneous investment income Accrued net income of farm operators from farm	593,307 135,229 11,661 46,693	621,003 144,501 12,604 49,989	654,957 169,151 12,923 54,109	694,041 189,357 14,578 61,070	737,382 198,859 13,823 65,310
production	1,101	1,439	3,106	1,321	344
Net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent Inventory valuation adjustment Taxes less subsidies on factors of production	74,292 -3,584 53,916	77,181 4,262 56,072	81,037 -1,747 58,998	83,636 -933 61,847	85,980 -1,775 64,421
Net Domestic Product (NDP) at basic prices	912,615	967,051	1,032,534	1,104,917	1,164,344
Taxes less subsidies on products Capital consumption allowances Statistical discrepancy	84,139 155,567 584	84,380 161,817 -73	89,838 168,274 182	94,334 176,338 -509	97,161 184,750 52
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices	1,152,905	1,213,175	1,290,828	1,375,080	1,446,307
Expenditure-based					
Persons and unincorporated businesses Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	655,722	686,552	720,401	760,701	803,502
Government Government current expenditure on goods and services	224,428	238,416	248,868	262,650	279,806
Government gross fixed capital formation Government investment in inventories	28,589 -45	30,107 15	32,082 21	36,296 27	40,336 -41
Business Business gross fixed capital formation Residential structures Non-residential structures and equipment Non-residential structures Machinery and equipment Business investment in inventories Business investment in non-farm inventories Business investment in farm inventories	196,585 65,651 130,934 50,659 80,275 -2,674 -1,094 -1,580	208,090 72,714 135,376 54,545 80,831 4,305 2,982 1,323	229,434 82,918 146,516 62,081 84,435 5,589 4,098 1,491	253,074 89,791 163,283 72,674 90,609 9,642 9,038 604	277,885 98,386 179,499 85,698 93,801 7,824 8,369 -545
Exports of goods and services Deduct: imports of goods and services	479,185 428,301	462,473 416,856	495,347 440,732	520,379 468,197	524,706 487,660
Statistical discrepancy	-584	73	-182	508	-51
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices Final domestic demand	1,152,905 1,105,324	1,213,175 1,163,165	1,290,828 1,230,785	1,375,080 1,312,721	1,446,307 1,401,529

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly Estimates, catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM tables 380-0016 and 380-0017.

Table 6.2
Real gross domestic product, expenditure based

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
_		millions of	chained (2002) dolla	ırs	
Persons and unincorporated businesses Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services	655,722	675,443	698,138	724,942	755,204
Government Government current expenditure on goods and services Government gross fixed capital formation Government investment in inventories	224,428 28,589 -45	231,494 30,127 15	237,361 31,640 20	242,557 35,086 24	250,604 37,929 -33
Business Business gross fixed capital formation Residential structures Non-residential structures and equipment Non-residential structures Machinery and equipment Business investment in inventories Business investment in non-farm inventories Business investment in farm inventories	196,585 65,651 130,934 50,659 80,275 -2,674 -1,094 -1,580	209,015 69,168 139,908 53,478 86,439 5,770 2,722 3,154	225,921 74,347 151,670 57,291 94,473 7,892 5,304 2,390	244,256 76,976 168,019 63,480 104,641 13,544 11,055 2,004	261,536 78,604 184,693 71,667 112,390 10,238 9,301
Exports of goods and services Deduct: imports of goods and services	479,185 428,301	468,359 446,014	490,931 483,250	501,732 519,435	505,344 545,268
Statistical discrepancy	-582	73	-173	464	-45
Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at market prices Final domestic demand	1,152,905 1,105,324	1,174,592 1,145,954	1,210,656 1,192,699	1,247,780 1,246,194	1,282,204 1,304,376

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly Estimates, catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0017.

Table 6.3 Gross domestic product by industry at basic prices

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		millions	of chained dolla	rs (2002)		percent
All industries ¹	1,068,765	1,091,378	1,126,802	1,160,024	1,193,905	2.9
Goods-producing industries	311,482	315,935	325,202	331,595	334,264	0.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	23,293	25,478	27,685	28,437	27,847	-2.1
Mining and oil and gas extraction	53,488	54,979	55,849	56,044	57,174	2.0
Utilities	28,883	29,057	29,131	30,550	30,128	-1.4
Construction	57,775	59,871	63,592	68,527	74,087	8.1
Manufacturing	182,736	181,349	185,504	188,478	186,631	-1.0
Service-producing industries	672,177	687,921	709,800	732,506	758,840	3.6
Wholesale trade	55,226	57,767	60,283	63,879	68,383	7.1
Retail trade	58,483	60,515	62,870	65,132	69,015	6.0
Transportation and warehousing	50,066	50,270	51,960	53,802	55,501	3.2
Information and cultural industries	38,229	38,631	40,232	41,848	43,147	3.1
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental and leasing and						
management of companies and enterprises 2	202,959	207,544	215,098	221,951	230,362	3.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	48,481	50,797	52,349	53,793	55,377	2.9
Administrative and support, waste management and						
remediation services	24,853	25,722	27,345	28,756	30,524	6.1
Educational services	51,593	52,566	53,807	55,008	56,221	2.2
Health care and social assistance	68,142	70,324	71,736	72,784	74,780	2.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation	10,398	10,365	10,848	10,940	11,410	4.3
Accommodation and food services	25,408	24,881	25,721	26,418	27,365	3.6
Other services (except public administration)	27,230	27,894	28,825	29,346	30,072	2.5
Public administration	61,523	63,314	64,355	65,309	66,758	2.2
Other aggregrations						
Industrial production	236,342	236,840	241,141	243,485	242,147	-0.5
Non-durable manufacturing industries	72,369	71,624	72,158	71,317	69,203	-3.0
Durable manufacturing industries	99,222	98,635	101,380	103,516	103,311	-0.2
Business sector industries	831,293	847,701	875,777	902,519	927,564	2.8
Non-business sector industries	151,707	155,365	158,479	160,794	164,433	2.3
Information and communication technologies, total	54,288	57,482	59,298	62,359	65,019	4.3
Energy sector	60,938	61,940	62,812	63,767	64,218	0.7

This combines the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 11-91
 This combines the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 52, 53, 55.
 Source(s): Industry Accounts Division, Gross Domestic Product by Industry – National (survey 1301), Gross Domestic, Product by Industry, catalogue no. 15-001-X, and CANSIM table 379-0027.

Table 6.4
Provincial Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices, by industry, 2006

Newfoundland and	Prince Edward			New unswick	Quebec	Ontari
Labrador	Island					
		millions of cha	ained (2002)	dollars		
16,246.3	3,645.4	25,958	3.5 2	20,579.6	242,136.5	483,505.
					=	E 000
						5,393
						4,384 752
						22
						2.894
						9,719
874.8	180.7			1,334.1	13,166.3	26,445
786.3	419.9			2,773.1	46,489.5	92,479
464.6	106.3					31,058
						26,901
						18,414 19,223
504.6	121.3	930).3	111.4	5,250.0	13,220
2 057 8	669.8	5 399	9.4	3.647.2	41.100.0	105,689
				588.7	10,624.6	26,722
166.9	63.9			516.4	6,677.4	14,806
945.7	238.4			1,072.5	12,272.9	22,272
						28,944
						4,753
						9,858 11,774
						25,509
1,210.0	1, 0.,	2,: 0:			10,100.0	
Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunav
		millions of	chained (2002	?) dollars		
37,107.9	36,573.1	176,775.0	146,284.2	1,298.0	3,457.8	974
						1
						(
						1:
						20
1,425.4	905.4	3,620.2	3,036.5	33.4	51.1	۷ کا
		3,620.2 17,552.0		33.4 107.4	479.9	
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4	107.4 14.8	479.9 7.0	141
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1	107.4 14.8 39.7	479.9 7.0 67.0	14 ⁻ 10
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2	14 ⁻ 10 46
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4	14 ⁻ 10 46
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2	14 ² 10 46
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4	14 ⁻ 10 46
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4	14 2 10 46 28
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4 x	14 10 46 28
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9 26,761.5 8,091.2	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4	14 10 46 28
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8 6,939.7 898.8 t	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6 5,512.5 677.4	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9 26,761.5 8,091.2 3,503.2	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2 32,267.6 6,422.3 3,119.9	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8 242.1 32.5	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4 x 375.1 58.5 42.9	14' 2' 10' 46' 28' 156' 5
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8 5 6,939.7 898.8 t	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6 5,512.5 677.4 426.2 1,789.2	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9 26,761.5 8,091.2 3,503.2 6,600.9	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2 32,267.6 6,422.3 3,119.9 7,328.9	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8 242.1 32.5 14.1 83.0	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4 x 375.1 58.5 42.9 138.8	14' 2' 10' 46' 28' 156' \$
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8 5 6,939.7 898.8 t 710.6 1,919.2 3,042.6	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6 5,512.5 677.4 426.2 1,789.2 2,253.9	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9 26,761.5 8,091.2 3,503.2 6,600.9 7,537.6	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2 32,267.6 6,422.3 3,119.9 7,328.9 9,464.2	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8 242.1 32.5 14.1 83.0 103.0	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4 x 375.1 58.5 42.9 138.8 163.5	14' 2' 10' 46' 28' 156' \$
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8 5 6,939.7 898.8 t 710.6 1,919.2 3,042.6 348.4	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6 5,512.5 677.4 426.2 1,789.2 2,253.9 289.3	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9 26,761.5 8,091.2 3,503.2 6,600.9 7,537.6 1,131.2	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2 32,267.6 6,422.3 3,119.9 7,328.9 9,464.2 1,785.5	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8 242.1 32.5 14.1 83.0 103.0 9.0	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4 x 375.1 58.5 42.9 138.8 163.5 x	141 2 10 48 28 156 9 13 108
1,425.4 1,721.3 4,719.6 2,059.3 2,409.5 2,498.0 1,217.8 5 6,939.7 898.8 t 710.6 1,919.2 3,042.6	905.4 2,096.1 2,778.8 1,948.7 1,911.2 2,396.1 914.6 5,512.5 677.4 426.2 1,789.2 2,253.9	3,620.2 17,552.0 16,909.4 9,114.5 8,512.5 9,292.1 4,485.9 26,761.5 8,091.2 3,503.2 6,600.9 7,537.6	3,036.5 9,104.5 16,370.4 7,775.1 9,180.0 9,329.7 5,542.2 32,267.6 6,422.3 3,119.9 7,328.9 9,464.2	107.4 14.8 39.7 84.3 34.9 42.8 242.1 32.5 14.1 83.0 103.0	479.9 7.0 67.0 106.2 212.4 x 375.1 58.5 42.9 138.8 163.5	140 46 28 156 9 108 75
	and Labrador 16,246.3 396.4 47.8 73.5 266.2 4,559.5 511.4 874.8 786.3 464.6 850.5 523.8 504.8 2,057.8 356.9 166.9 945.7 1,283.7 53.6 307.5 334.0 1,270.0 Manitoba 37,107.9 1,793.8 1,660.1 51.1 8.2	and Labrador Selection 16,246.3	and Labrador Edward Island Sco millions of ch millions of ch 16,246.3 3,645.4 25,958 396.4 322.3 684 47.8 234.9 212 73.5 8.8 84 266.2 73.1 345 4,559.5 1.0 70 511.4 38.8 557 874.8 180.7 1,686 786.3 419.9 2,616 464.6 106.3 1,166 850.5 249.8 1,756 523.8 83.2 1,086 504.8 121.3 936 2,057.8 669.8 5,399 356.9 81.1 856 1,283.7 335.7 2,236 404.7 238.4 1,547 1,283.7 335.7 2,236 307.5 126.3 666 334.0 95.4 622 1,270.0 470.7 2,757 Manitoba	and Labrador Edward Island Scotia Br millions of chained (2002) 16,246.3 3,645.4 25,958.5 2 396.4 32.3 684.4 42,959.5 2 2 73.5 8.8 84.1 266.2 73.1 345.1 445.1 45.51 45.51 45.51 45.66.6 70.42.2 53.3 874.8 180.7 1,686.6 786.3 41.99 2,616.3 456.3 452.3 83.2 1,086.1 504.8 1,756.3 523.8 83.2 1,086.1 504.8 1,293.3 536.9 81.1 858.1 166.9 63.9 622.8 945.7 2,236.3 53.6 372.2 183.0 307.5 12	Brunswick Brunswick Brunswick Brunswick Brunswick	Brunswick Brunswick Brunswick Brunswick Brunswick

Table 6.4 – continued

Provincial Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at basic prices, by industry, 2006

	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
			percentage change	e 2005 to 2006		
All industries	3.1	2.3	1.0	3.1	1.9	2.3
Selected industries						
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	0.5	7.4	~5.6	9.6	-3.7	-0.6
Crop and animal production	13.5	6.9	0.5	11.1	-0.4	1.6
Forestry and logging	-16.9	0.0	-29.0	18.2	-12.0	-11.4
Fishing, hunting and trapping	9.3	11.9	-1.8	-11.2	-1.6	20.7
Mining and oil and gas extraction	7.3	0.0	-10.0	11.8	2.2	0.2
Utilities	1.5	-0.8	-9.8	-6.5	-0.5	-2.7
Construction	5.0	9.4	8.9	12.8	3.6	5.6
Manufacturing	-8.4	-4.2	-5.7	2.6	-0.6	-3.9
Wholesale trade	2.7	0.4	0.5	-1.6	5.0	7.0
Retail trade	2.1	2.2	4.5	6.1	5.5	4.2
Transportation and warehousing	5.2	-1.1	4.4	3.5	2.1	1.9
Information and cultural industries	2.1	х	2.8	2.0	2.9	3.1
Finance and insurance, real estate and renting and leasing and management of						
companies and enterprises	2.6	3.0	3.0	3.6	2.7	4.1
Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support, waste	-1.6	3.8	2.7	2.4	1.6	3.0
management and remediation services	1.9	7.4	5.7	2.3	4.6	7.4
Educational services	-0.2	0.4	1.1	1.0	1.8	2.2
Health care and social assistance	2.4	1.1	4.1	1.4	1.6	3.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	-2.0	1.6	-0.2	1.2	4.1	3.2
Accommodation and food services	1.6	3.8	3.5	-1.1	1.0	3.4
Other services (except public administration)	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.3
Public administration	0.7	3.5	0.2	1.7	1.0	4.0
	Manitoha	Sackat-	Alberta	British Vukon	Northwest	Nunavut

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
_			percentage	change 2005 t	o 2006		
All industries	3.4	-0.3	6.7	3.6	3.0	2.7	3.3
Selected industries							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	13.9	-4.7	-9.4	-0.1	-8.6	2.7	33.3
Crop and animal production	15.6	-4.0	-9.9	-3.3	1 h X	X	
Forestry and logging	-15.1	-62.7	-9.4	2.5	-50.0	0.0	4
Fishing, hunting and trapping	-7.9	0.0	-57.1	5.3	X	X	33.3
Mining and oil and gas extraction	25.9	-10.1	3.8	-1.1	3.4	-1.8	277.8
Utilities	-5.8	1.8	2.1	-0.7	4.4	1.8	2.0
Construction	16.1	4.5	16.9	9.8	-1.4	26.6	1.8
Manufacturing	0.5	1.6	9.5	2.9	21.3	-27.1	66.7
Wholesale trade	1.9	5.3	12.9	9.2	7.9	8.4	-6.2
Retail trade	3.8	6.3	14.1	6.2	4.9	4.2	3.6
Transportation and warehousing	2.6	3.2	5.8	4.6	5.1	0.2	7.1
Information and cultural industries	2.9	2.0	4.5	3.1	X	X	X
Finance and insurance, real estate and renting							
and leasing and management of companies							
and enterprises	3.3	2.7	7.0	3.3	4.3	1.9	2.2
Professional, scientific and technical services	-3.0	-0.8	5.3	3.6	-2.1	-3.0	1.1
Administrative and support, waste management							
and remediation services	5.7	5.9	10.9	3.5	3.7	6.2	7.1
Educational services	1.4	2.0	5.2	2.2	2.3	3.0	3.0
Health care and social assistance	1.7	2.3	4.2	1.6	0.7	2.7	0.3
Arts, entertainment and recreation	0.8	4.0	7.1	7.4	X	X	X
Accommodation and food services	3.1	6.4	8.1	4.8	1.6	6.0	3.9
Other services (except public administration)	2.4	2.5	5.0	3.2	2.5	0.4	-0.6
Public administration	0.7	2.6	2.5	0.8	3.5	0.8	0.3

Source(s): Industry Accounts Division, Gross Domestic Product by Industry – Provincial and Territorial (survey 1303) and CANSIM table 379-0025.

Table 6.5 Real gross domestic product by province and territory at market prices

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006	Percentage distribution 2006
_		millions of	chained (2002) do	ollars		percer	nt
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick	1,152,905 16,457 3,701 27,082 21,169 241,448	1,174,592 17,419 3,778 27,464 21,765 244,422	1,210,656 17,117 3,893 27,836 22,069 250,673	1,247,780 17,159 3,945 28,336 22,174 255,638	1,282,204 17,719 4,049 28,597 22,843 259,895	2.8 3.3 2.6 0.9 3.0	100.0 1.4 0.3 2.2 1.8 20.3
Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory	241,446 477,763 36,559 34,343 150,594 138,193 1,254	244,422 484,341 37,059 35,921 155,359 141,435 1,231	250,673 496,208 38,033 37,303 163,457 146,629 1,272	253,636 510,740 39,061 38,598 172,047 153,208 1,322	521,648 40,323 38,433 183,372 158,335 1,360	2.1 3.2 -0.4 6.6 3.3 2.9	40.7 3.1 3.0 14.3 12.3 0.1
Northwest Territories including Nunavut Northwest Territories Nunavut Outside Canada	3,033 951 358	3,440 950 350	3,563 988 336	3,473 986 333	3,575 1,020 335	2.9 3.4 0.6	0.3 0.1 0.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, Provincial Economic Accounts (survey 1902) and CANSIM table 384-0002.

Table 6.6-1 Income and expenditure accounts: sector accounts — Total government

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
_		milli	ions of dollars			percent
Income	470,450	494,066	523,145	559,746	582,437	4.1
Direct taxes	178,782	184,869	201,994	219,949	233,344	6.1
Direct taxes from persons	138,655	140,803	151,364	164,979	174,910	6.0
Direct taxes from corporations and government						
business enterprises	35,746	39,909	45,987	49,492	51,432	3.9
Direct taxes from non-residents	4,381	4,157	4,643	5,478	7,002	27.8
Contributions to social insurance plans	57,303	60,404	62,122	65,340	66,898	2.4
Indirect taxes	151,426	158,093	165,334	173,081	177,248	2.4
Other current transfers from persons	8,875	9,711	10,126	10,442	10,614	1.6
Investment income	37,377	43,014	43,336	48,446	49,604	2.4
Sales of goods and services	36,687	37,975	40,233	42,488	44,729	5.3
Outlay	465,821	487,807	503,309	524,279	550,708	5.0
Gross current expenditure on goods and services	261,115	276,391	289,101	305,138	324,535	6.4
Current transfers	137,625	146,003	150,375	156,376	163,200	4.4
Current transfers to persons	121,047	124,775	130,044	134,766	143,183	6.2
Current transfers to business	13,371	17,641	16,498	16,900	15,666	-7.3
Current transfers to non-residents	3,207	3,587	3,833	4,710	4,351	-7.6
Interest on the public debt	67,081	65,413	63,833	62,765	62,973	0.3
Saving	4,629	6,259	19,836	35,467	31,729	-10.5

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0022.

Table 6.6-2 Income and expenditure accounts: sector accounts — Provincial government

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
_		milli	ons of dollars			percent
Income	227,289	247,408	260,770	294,786	302,735	2.7
Direct taxes	62,659	64,308	70,840	78,526	84.207	7.2
Direct taxes from persons	51,171	52,292	56,421	62,556	67,504	7.9
Direct taxes from corporations and government	· ·		,	,	,	
business enterprises	11,488	12,016	14.419	15,970	16,703	4.6
Direct taxes from non-residents		,				
Contributions to social insurance plans	6.563	7.363	8,145	8,676	10.030	15.6
Indirect taxes	73,218	76,458	80,593	83.825	86,551	3.3
Other current transfers from persons	8.042	8,843	9.214	9.477	9.643	1.8
Current transfers from government	33,294	40,160	39.579	56,484	52.081	-7.8
Federal government	33,199	40,059	39,473	56,372	51,968	-7.8
Local governments	95	101	106	112	113	0.9
Investment income	23,192	28,854	29,663	34,053	35,270	3.6
Sales of goods and services	20,321	21,422	22,736	23,745	24,953	5.1
Outlay	239,845	252,693	262,347	274,524	293,637	7.0
Gross current expenditure on goods and services	139,247	148,120	155,779	163,821	174,327	6.4
Current transfers	73,502	77,525	79,555	83,492	91,949	10.1
Current transfers to persons	29,781	30,066	31,074	32,551	36,871	13.3
Current transfers to business	8,836	11,651	9,755	10,094	9,662	-4.3
Current transfers to government	34,885	35,808	38,726	40,847	45,416	11.2
Current transfers to federal government	906	789	997	1,011	799	-21.0
Current transfers to local governments	33,979	35,019	37,729	39,836	44,617	12.0
Interest on the public debt	27,096	27,048	27,013	27,211	27,361	0.6
Saving	-12,556	-5,285	-1,577	20,262	9,098	-55.1

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0022.

Table 6.6-3
Income and expenditure accounts: sector accounts — Federal government

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
_		milli	ons of dollars			percent
Income	190,448	196,226	207,272	221,552	228,245	3.0
Direct taxes	116,123	120,561	131,154	141,423	149,137	5.5
Direct taxes from persons	87,484	88,511	94,943	102,423	107,406	4.9
Direct taxes from corporations and government						
business enterprises	24,258	27,893	31,568	33,522	34,729	3.6
Direct taxes from non-residents	4,381	4,157	4,643	5,478	7,002	27.8
Contributions to social insurance plans	18,213	17,833	17,172	17,830	16,749	-6.1
ndirect taxes	43,229	45,084	46,414	48,620	48,065	-1.1
Other current transfers from persons	62	57	69	93	58	-37.6
Current transfers from government	906	789	997	1,011	799	-21.0
Provincial governments	906	789	997	1,011	799	-21.0
nvestment income	7,118	7,083	6,266	6,870	7,359	7.1
Sales of goods and services	4,797	4,819	5,200	5,705	6,078	6.5
Outlay	183,368	194,003	197,408	218,341	218,228	-0.1
Gross current expenditure on goods and services	46,427	47,979	50,331	52,743	55,476	5.2
Current transfers	100,174	110,855	113,619	133,495	130,630	-2.1
Current transfers to persons	60,857	62,949	65,438	67,282	69,693	3.6
Current transfers to business	2,969	4,313	5,027	5,061	4,208	-16.9
Current transfers to non-residents	3,032	3,402	3,537	4,392	4,008	-8.7
Current transfers to government	33,316	40,191	39,617	56,760	52,721	-7.1
Current transfers to provincial governments	33,199	40,059	39,473	56,372	51,968	-7.8
Current transfers to local governments	117	132	144	388	753	94.1
nterest on the public debt	36,767	35,169	33,458	32,103	32,122	0.1
Saving	7,080	2,223	9,864	3,211	10,017	212.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0022.

Table 6.6-4 Income and expenditure accounts: sector accounts — Local government

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		millio	ons of dollars			percen
Income	84,174	87,343	92,639	98,451	106,311	8.0
Indirect taxes	34,979	36,551	38,327	40,636	42,632	4.9
Other current transfers from persons	771	811	843	872	913	4.7
Current transfers from government	34,096	35,151	37,873	40,224	45,370	12.8
Federal government	117	132	144	388	753	94.1
Provincial governments	33,979	35,019	37,729	39,836	44,617	12.0
Investment income	2,759	3,096	3,299	3,681	3,698	0.5
Sales of goods and services	11,569	11,734	12,297	13,038	13,698	5.1
Outlay	82,522	87,521	90,597	96,307	102,571	6.5
Gross current expenditure on goods and services	75,006	79,800	82,510	88,087	94,214	7.0
Current transfers	4,298	4,525	4,725	4,769	4,867	2.1
Current transfers to persons	2,637	2,747	2,903	2,912	2,958	1.6
Current transfers to business	1,566	1,677	1,716	1,745	1,796	2.9
Current transfers to government	95	101	106	112	113	0.9
Current transfers to provincial governments	95	101	106	112	113	0.9
Interest on the public debt	3,218	3,196	3,362	3,451	3,490	1.1
Saving	1,652	-178	2,042	2,144	3,740	74.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Income and Expenditures Accounts Division, National Income and Expenditure Accounts (survey 1901), catalogue no. 13-001-X and CANSIM table 380-0022.

Table 6.7 Private and public investment, Canada, provinces and territories ¹

	Capita	l expenditures		Repair	expenditures 2		Capital and	repair expend	itures
	Capital, construction	Capital, machinery equipment	Sub-total	Repair, construction	Repair, machinery equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery equipment	Total
				millio	ns of dollars				
Total 2005 2006 2007	171,964.8 193,276.3 202,392.2	101,260.6 104,006.4 108,712.4	273,225.3 297,282.7 311,104.5	24 ,218.0 	30,087.9	54,306.0 	196,182.8 	131,348.5 	327,531.3
Newfoundland and Labrador 2005 2006 2007	3,273.4 3,356.0 3,008.7	1,302.7 1,174.4 1,176.1	4,576.1 4,530.4 4,184.8	368.1 	454.3 	822.3 	3,641.5	1,757.0	5,398.4
Prince Edward Island	0,000	7,11011	1,101.0	,,					
2005 2006 2007	432.5 476.5 438.5	326.3 311.5 379.3	758.8 788.0 817.8	87.1 	110.7 	197.8 	519.6 	437.0 	956.6
Nova Scotia 2005 2006	3,636.6 3,998.2	2,368.3 2,351.4	6,004.9 6,349.7	759.3	831.5	1,590.8	4,395.9	3,199.8	7,595.7
2007 New Brunswick	3,937.7	2,450.8	6,388.6		**				
2005 2006 2007	2,735.4 3,113.4 3,655.4	2,007.6 1,845.0 1,930.9	4,743.0 4,958.3 5,586.3	502.8 	779.1 	1,281.8 	3,238.2	2,786.7	6,024.8
Quebec 2005 2006	30,772.3 31.911.2	18,697.1 19.056.6	49,469.5 50.967.8	5,128.4	5,742.2	10,870.6	35,900.7	24,439.3	60,340.0
2007	34,801.5	19,549.5	54,351.0				••		
Ontario 2005 2006	52,074.5 55,428.2	39,140.8 41,539.7 43,311.5	91,215.3 96,967.9 100,906.7	8,771.2 	10,092.9	18,864.1	60,845.7	49,233.7	110,079.4
2007 Manitoba	57,595.2	43,311.3	100,900.7						
2005 2006 2007	3,843.1 4,665.0 5,306.0	2,993.1 3,141.6 3,380.5	6,836.1 7,806.6 8,686.5	1,039.5	1,163.3 	2,202.8 	4,882.6 	4,156.4 	9,038.9
Saskatchewan 2005 2006	5,855.5 6,120.7	3,021.9 3,529.7	8,877.5 9,650.4	976.9	1,489.9	2,466.7	6,832.4	4,511.8	11,344.2
2007	6,286.5	3,494.4	9,780.9						
Alberta 2005 2006	44,381.6 55,660.3	20,652.3 19,605.3	65,033.9 75,265.7	3,132.4	4,838.2	7,970.6	47,514.0 	25,490.5	73,004.5
2007 British Columbia	58,112.0	21,082.6	79,194.6						
2005 2006 2007	23,038.8 26,618.6 27,336.2	10,215.4 10,957.2 11,411.7	33,254.2 37,575.8 38,747.9	3,311.6	4,315.6 	7,627.2 	26,350.4 	14,531.0 	40,881.4
Yukon Territory 2005 2006	40 3.7 396.6	114.3 88.0	518.1 484.6	36.8	31.1	67.9 	440.5	145.4	585.9
2007	368.0	107.5	475.4						
Northwest Territories 2005 2006 2007	1,126.7 1,169.5 1,231.2	342.7 336.0 357.4	1,469.4 1,505.5 1,588.6	79.7 	215.1 	294.8	1,206.4	557.8 	1,764.2
Nunavut									
2005 2006 2007	390.7 362.1 315.3	78.1 70.1 80.0	468.8 432.2 395.3	24.3 	24.2	48.5 	41 5.0 	102.3	517.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Investment and Capital Stock Division, Capital and Repair Expenditures, Actual, Preliminary Actual and Intentions (survey 2803), Private and Public Investment in Canada, Intentions, catalogue no. 61-205-X and CANSIM table 029-0024.

Table 6.8 Private and public investment, by sector, Canada ¹

	Capita	l expenditure:	S	Repair	expenditures	2	Capital and	repair expend	ditures
	Capital, construction	Capital, machinery equipment	Sub-total	Repair, construction	Repair, machinery equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery equipment	Total
				millio	ns of dollars				
Total expenditures 2005 2006 2007	171,964.8 193,276.3 202,392.2	101,260.6 104,006.4 108,712.4	273,225.3 297,282.7 311,104.5	24,218.0 	30,087.9	54,306.0	196,182.8	131,348.5	327,531.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting [11] 2005 2006 2007	1,359.4 1,330.2 1,342.6	3,156.4 3,145.4 3,113.1	4,515.8 4,475.6 4,455.7	850.9 	2,788.7	3,639.6	2,210.3	5,945.1 	8,155.4
Mining and oil and gas extraction [21] 2005 2006 2007	39,397.4 45,938.8 43,714.6	9,592.8 7,695.8 8,644.8	48,990.1 53,634.6 52,359.4	1,044.5 	3,453.0	4,497.6	40,441.9 	13,045.8	53,487.7
Utilities [22] 2005 2006 2007	9,861.4 12,357.2 15,218.0	3,638.9 4,892.6 5,260.7	13,500.3 17,249.8 20,478.7	1,279.5 	1,498.1	2,777.6	11,140.9	5,137.0 	16,277.9
Construction [23] 2005 2006 2007	531.0 571.0 618.3	3,746.1 3,997.8 4,295.7	4,277.1 4,568.8 4,914.0	102.8	1,695.1 	1,797.9 	633.8	5,441.2 	6,074.9
Manufacturing [31-33] 2005 2006 2007	2,235.7 2,326.8 2,484.2	17,194.7 17,130.6 17,997.0	19,430.4 19,457.4 20,481.1	1,231.9	9,293.4	10,525.3	3,467.6	26,488.1 	29,955.7
Wholesale trade [41] 2005 2006 2007	1,106.7 1,281.3 1,433.1	3,466.9 3,538.6 3,628.1	4,573.7 4,820.0 5,061.2	225.2 	575.9 	801.1	1,331.9	4,042.8	5,374.8
Retail trade [44-45] 2005 2006 2007	3,665.8 3,918.5 4,194.1	3,834.0 3,634.9 3,625.9	7,499.8 7,553.4 7,820.0	403.4	654.3 	1,057.8	4,069.2	4,488.3 	8,557.5
Transportation and warehousing [48-49] 2005 2006 2007	3,966.3 5,483.5 6,454.9	7,760.8 8,427.3 8,906.2	11,727.1 13,910.8 15,361.1	1,622.5	4,361.8 	5,984.3 	5,588.8	12,122.6	17,711.4
Information and cultural industries [51] 2005 2006 2007	2,693.5 2,238.4 2,216.5	6,827.4 7,267.7 7,363.4	9,520.9 9,506.0 9,579.9	263.9	825.1 	1,089.0	2,957.4 	7,652.5 	10,609.8
Finance and insurance [52] 2005 2006 2007	809.0 637.5 871.3	14,493.4 15,469.9 15,768.6	15,302.4 16,107.4 16,639.9	363.2 	367.6 	730.8 	1,172.2	14,861.0	16,033.1
Real estate and rental and leasing [53] 2005 2006 2007	3,550.1 4,739.9 5,601.6	10,964.5 11,762.4 12,126.2	14,514.6 16,502.3 17,727.8	741.8	769.2 	1,511.0	4,291.9	11,733.7	16,025.6
Professional, scientific and technical services [54] 2005 2006 2007	330.8 441.8 450.4	2,524.7 2,580.3 2,646.3	2,855.5 3,022.1 3,096.7	71.1 	306.8	377.9 	401.9	2,831.5	3,233.4
Management of companies and enterprises [55] 2005 2006 2007	26.5 22.2 32.0	139.3 216.4 113.4	165.8 238.6 145.4	12.0	47.8 	59.8 	38.5 	187.1 	225.6

Table 6.8 - continued Private and public investment, by sector, Canada 1

	Capita	al expenditures		Repair	expenditures	2	Capital and	repair expend	itures
	Capital, construction	Capital, machinery equipment	Sub-total	Repair, construction	Repair, machinery equipment	Sub-total	Construction	Machinery equipment	Total
				millio	ns of dollars				
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services [56]									
2005	248.8	885.1	1,133.9	91.8	381.7	473.4	340.6	1,266.8	1,607.3
2006	248.8	840.8	1,089.7						
2007	325.7	848.1	1,173.8						
Educational services [61]									
2005	4,707.7	1,986.6	6,694.3	1,234.1	306.1	1,540.2	5,941.8	2,292.7	8,234.5
2006	5,088.0	2,178.3	7,266.3						
2007	5,496.3	2,143.2	7,639.5						
Health care and social assistance [62]									
2005	3,708.7	2.883.7	6.592.4	645.5	797.3	1.442.8	4.354.2	3.681.0	8.035.2
2006	4,099.4	2,677.7	6,777.2						
2007	4,459.7	2,870.1	7,329.7						
Arts, entertainment and recreation [71]									
2005	692.6	702.6	1,395.1	174.7	184.2	358.9	867.3	886.8	1,754.1
2006	610.1	876.3	1,486.4						
2007	1,336.4	1,025.6	2,362.0						
Accommodation and food services [72]									
2005	1,508.6	1,131.6	2,640.2	218,8	405.8	624.6	1,727.4	1,537.4	3,264.8
2006	1,750.2	957.8	2,708.0						
2007	1,820.5	981.4	2,801.9						
Other services (except public administration) [81]									
2005	478.4	1,060.5	1,539.0	181.5	273.8	455.3	659.9	1,334.3	1,994.3
2006	483.9	1,012.7	1,496.6						
2007	493.6	944.5	1,438.2						
Public administration [91]									
2005	17,511.6	5,270.7	22,782.2	2,610.0	1,102.2	3,712.2	20,121.6	6,372.9	26,494.4
2006	19,851.5	5,703.1	25,554.5						
2007	22,857.6	6,409.9	29,267.5						
Housing									
2005	73,574.9	0.0	73,574.9	10,849.0	0.0	10,849.0	84,423.9	0.0	84,423.9
2006	79,857.2	0.0	79,857.2						
2007	80,971.1	0.0	80,971.1						

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Investment and Capital Stock Division, Capital and Repair Expenditures, Actual, Preliminary Actual and Intentions (survey 2803), Private and Public Investment in Canada, Intentions, catalogue no. 61-205-X and CANSIM table 029-005.

Table 6.9 Selected financial statistics by industry

	NAICS	Ope	rating revenue		Percentage
	code	2004	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
_	code	billi	ons of dollars		percent
Total all industries (excluding the industries,					
management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)	***	2,560.8	2,732.1	2,858.3	4.6
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding					
other funds and financial vehicles)		234.6	248.9	275.8	10.8
management of companies and enterprises)	***	2,326.2	2,483.2	2,582.5	4.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	39.8	41.8	40.4	-3.1
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	22.3	22.5	25.5	13.3
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	117.6	141.2	157.4	11.5
Jtilities	22	46.7	57.8	56.1	-3.0
Construction	23	161.3	177.5	197.8	11.4
Manufacturing	31 to 33	701.2	721.8	725.8	0.5
Wholesale trade	41	394.2	420.6	442.1	5.1
Retail trade	44 to 45	361.1	385.5	403.1	4.6
Fransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	103.0	112.4	117.9	4.9
nformation and cultural industries	51	70.3	75.8	80.2	5.9
Depository credit intermediation	5221	82.6	91.5	106.4	16.3
Non-depository credit intermediation	5222	16.3	18.3	20.2	10.3
Activities related to credit intermediation	5223	2.9	3.4	3.6	8.2
Securities, commodity contracts and other financial					
investment and related activities	523	43.0	45.6	47.4	4.0
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	89.7	90.1	98.2	9.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	55.0	57.1	60.7	6.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	84.4	88.6	88.6	0.1
Administrative and support, waste management and					
remediation services	56	54.4	60.7	64.2	5.7
Educational, healthcare and social assistance					
services	61 to 62	26.6	29.2	29.6	1.2
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	10.7	10.5	11.1	5.9
Accommodation and food services	72	50.9	52.4	53.9	2.8
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A 2	26.5	27.8	28.1	0.8

Table 6.9 - continued

	NAICS	Ope	erating profit		Percentage
	code	2004	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
_	code	billio	ns of dollars		percent
Total all industries (excluding the industries, management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)	•••	194.2	223.8	243.6	8.8
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding					
other funds and financial vehicles) Total non-financial industries (excluding		53.8	59.4	67.2	13.1
management of companies and enterprises)	***	140.3	164.4	176.4	7.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	2.1	2.6	2.7	3.8
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	3.3	4.0	4.6	15.1
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C ¹	20.4	29.8	32.5	9.1
Jtilities	22	3.3	3.1	3.1	-2.3
Construction	23	6.5	8.3	11.4	37.1
Manufacturing	31 to 33	45.1	44.6	42.7	-4.2
Wholesale trade	41	14.1	14.7	17.0	16.0
Retail trade	44 to 45	9.9	11.5	13.6	18.9
Fransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	7.6	9.9	10.5	5.2
nformation and cultural industries	51	6.3	10.5	11.2	7.2
Depository credit intermediation	5221	21.1	23.2	27.4	17.8
Ion-depository credit intermediation	5222	6.6	7.9	8.2	4.0
Activities related to credit intermediation Securities, commodity contracts and other financial	5223	0.2	0.4	0.5	22.5
investment and related activities	523	13.9	15.7	16.9	7.6
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	12.1	12.1	14.1	16.7
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	9.0	9.8	11.2	14.4
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	3.3	4.6	4.5	-3.9
Administrative and support, waste management and					
remediation services Educational, healthcare and social assistance	56	2.2	2.9	3.1	5.6
services	61 to 62	3.6	4.0	4.1	1.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	0.4	0.3	0.4	3.5
Accommodation and food services	72	2.0	2.1	2.3	8.4
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A 2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.9

Table 6.9 – continued

Selected financial statistics by industry

	NAICS		Net profit		Percentage
	code	2004	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
_	code	billio	ns of dollars		percent
Total all industries (excluding the industries, management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)		132.4	157.6	168.2	6.8
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding other funds and financial vehicles) Total non-financial industries (excluding		35.8	39.3	43.8	11.7
management of companies and enterprises) Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Mining (except oil and gas)		96.6	118.3	124.4	5.1
	11	2.0	2.6	1.9	-26.3
	212	2.3	4.2	4.8	13.6
Oil and gas extraction and support activities Utilities Construction	21C 1	14.0	19.8	28.9	45.9
	22	1.9	1.9	1.9	-1.0
	23	5.3	7.6	7.6	0.3
Manufacturing Wholesale trade Retail trade	31 to 33	30.7	27.2	31.4	15.8
	41	9.6	10.2	11.3	11.1
	44 to 45	6.5	8.1	7.1	-12.2
Transportation and warehousing Information and cultural industries Depository credit intermediation	48 to 49	4.2	6.5	6.1	-5.5
	51	1.9	7.0	5.4	-23.1
	5221	11.9	12.1	14.7	21.9
Non-depository credit intermediation Activities related to credit intermediation Securities, commodity contracts and other financial	5222	1.7	2.3	1.8	-22.1
	5223	0.2	0.3	0.3	17.6
investment and related activities Insurance carriers and related activities Real estate and rental and leasing	523	11.9	13.6	14.1	3.7
	524	10.1	11.0	12.9	17.2
	53	8.4	9.8	5.3	-45.7
Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	54 56	3.2	5.2 3.1	4.3 3.1	-17.6 -0.4
Educational, healthcare and social assistance services	61 to 62	2.7	3.0	2.8	-6.7
Arts, entertainment and recreation Accommodation and food services Repair, maintenance and personal services	71	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-177.3
	72	0.7	0.9	1.3	47.6
	81A ²	0.8	1.0	1.0	2.6

Table 6.9 - continued

	NAICS	Т	otal assets		Percentage	
	code	2004	2005	2006	2005 to 200	
	code	billio	ons of dollars		perce	
otal all industries (excluding the industries, management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)	800	4,600.4	4,839.0	5,214.7	7	
otal finance and insurance industries (excluding			,			
other funds and financial vehicles) other funds and financial vehicles) otal non-financial industries (excluding	•••	2,288.2	2,406.3	2,649.7	10	
management of companies and enterprises)	***	2,312.2	2,432.7	2,565.1	5	
griculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	61.2	66.1	67.5	2	
fining (except oil and gas)	212	83.7	85.7	91.1	. 6	
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	289.7	325.2	366.3	12	
Itilities	22	55.6	59.5	59.0	-0	
onstruction	_ 23	117.2	128.1	141.9	10	
lanufacturing	31 to 33	684.3	688.5	706.2	2	
/holesale trade	41	174.8	187.2	203.8	8	
etail trade	44 to 45	142.7	154.2	161.6	4	
ransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	117.3	125.3	129.7	3	
formation and cultural industries	51	143.0	142.0	146.3	3	
epository credit intermediation	5221	1,565.6	1,649.7	1,837.9	11	
on-depository credit intermediation	5222	125.9	140.7	152.6	8	
ctivities related to credit intermediation	5223	30.7	32.3	35.2	9	
ecurities, commodity contracts and other financial						
investment and related activities	523	220.3	221.6	231.4	4	
surance carriers and related activities	524	345.7	362.0	392.6	8	
leal estate and rental and leasing	53	204.3	214.8	231.7	7	
rofessional, scientific and technical services	54	88.0	93.2	92.7	-0	
dministrative and support, waste management and						
remediation services	56	41.4	48.4	50.2	3	
ducational, healthcare and social assistance						
services	61 to 62	28.2	31.1	32.4	4	
arts, entertainment and recreation	71	15.5	16.6	17.0	2	
accommodation and food services	72	44.4	44.6	46.0	3	
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A 2	20.9	22.0	21.8	-0	

Table 6.9 - continued

	NAICS	To	otal liabilities		Percentage
	code	2004	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	code	billi	ons of dollars		percent
Total all industries (excluding the industries,					
management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)	***	3,404.9	3,564.3	3,821.6	7.2
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding					
other funds and financial vehicles)		1,977.7	2,077.1	2,282.8	9.9
Total non-financial industries (excluding		.,	_,,,,,,,	_,	
management of companies and enterprises)	***	1,427.2	1,487.2	1,538.8	3.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	38.5	41.5	41.8	0.7
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	37.5	37.9	40.0	5.5
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	185.0	193.3	209.2	8.2
Utilities	22	31.3	35.2	33.1	-5.7
Construction	23	88.2	93.9	98.1	4.4
Manufacturing	31 to 33	356.9	363.3	368.8	1.5
Wholesale trade	41	111.6	120.5	125.6	4.2
Retail trade	44 to 45	97.6	102.5	107.8	5.1
ransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	83.0	88.5	92.7	4.8
nformation and cultural industries	51	90.9	90.4	94.4	4.4
Depository credit intermediation	5221	1,466.5	1,536.9	1,709.7	11.2
Non-depository credit intermediation	5222	105.8	121.4	130.9	7.8
Activities related to credit intermediation	5223	26.9	29.0	31.2	7.9
Securities, commodity contracts and other financial					
investment and related activities	523	116.9	115.9	120.7	4.1
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	261.6	273.9	290.3	6.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	148.5	155.8	162.1	4.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	53.4	54.9	53.9	-1.8
Administrative and support, waste management and					
remediation services	56	28.5	31.8	32.2	1.1
Educational, healthcare and social assistance					
services	61 to 62	15.6	16.2	16.5	2.2
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	12.6	12.3	12.8	4.5
Accommodation and food services	72	34.8	35.5	35.9	1.1
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A 2	13.1	13.6	13.7	0.9

Table 6.9 - continued

	NAICS		otal equity		Percentage
	code	2004	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
_	code	billi	ons of dollars		percent
Total all industries (excluding the industries, management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)	040	1,195.5	1,274.8	1,393.2	9.3
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding					
other funds and financial vehicles) Total non-financial industries (excluding	•••	310.5	329.3	366.9	11.4
management of companies and enterprises)	***	885.0	945.5	1,026.3	8.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	22.7	24.6	25.6	4.4
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	46.2	47.8	51.1	6.9
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	104.7	131.9	157.1	19.1
Jtilities	22	24.2	24.3	25.8	6.2
Construction	23	29.0	34.2	43.8	28.2
Manufacturing	31 to 33	327.3	325.3	337.4	3.7
Wholesale trade	41	63.1	66.7	78.1	17.2
Retail trade	44 to 45	45.1	51.7	53.8	4.1
Fransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	34.3	36.7	37.0	0.7
nformation and cultural industries	51	52.1	51.6	51.9	0.6
Depository credit intermediation	5221	99.1	112.9	128.3	13.6
Non-depository credit intermediation	5222	20.1	19.3	21.7	12.8
Activities related to credit intermediation Securities, commodity contracts and other financial	5223	3.8	3.3	3.9	18.8
investment and related activities	523	103.4	105.7	110.7	4.7
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	84.1	88.1	102.3	16.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	55.8	59.0	69.5	17.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	34.6	38.3	38.8	1.2
Administrative and support, waste management and					
remediation services	56	12.9	16.5	18.0	9.1
Educational, healthcare and social assistance					
services	61 to 62	12.6	15.0	15.9	5.9
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	2.9	4.3	4.1	-4.9
Accommodation and food services	72	9.6	9.1	10.1	11.1
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A ²	7.8	8.4	8.1	-2.9

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Industrial Organization and Finance Division, Quarterly Survey of Financial Statistics for Entreprises (survey 2501), Quarterly Financial Statistics for Enterprises, catalogue no. 61-008-X and CANSIM table 187-0001.

Oil and gas extraction and support activities combines the NAICS codes 211 and 213.
 Repair, maintenance and personal services combines the NAICS codes 811 and 812.

Table 6.10 Selected financial ratios by industry

	NAICS	Debt	to equity ratio	
	code	2004	2005	2006
	code		ratio	
Fotal all industries (excluding the industries,				
management of companies and enterprises				
and other funds and financial vehicles)		0.937	0.900	0.869
and other funds and infancial vehicles,	•••	0.001	0.000	0.000
otal finance and insurance industries (excluding				
other funds and financial vehicles)		0.711	0.715	0.683
otal non-financial industries (excluding				
management of companies and enterprises)	***	1.017	0.965	0.930
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	1.350	1.348	1.344
Aining (except oil and gas)	212	0.471	0.490	0.492
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	1.028	0.774	0.74
Itilities	22	0.910	0.930	0.86
Construction	23	1.851	1.644	1.40
Manufacturing State of the Control o	31 to 33	0.608	0.606	0.60
Vholesale trade	41	0.908	0.910	0.81
Retail trade	44 to 45	1.253	1.130	1.12
ransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	1.602	1.581	1.63
nformation and cultural industries	51	1.231	1.198	1.18
Depository credit intermediation	5221	0.491	0.398	0.38
Ion-depository credit intermediation	5222	4.699	5.599	5.36
ctivities related to credit intermediation	5223	0.420	0.681	0.70
Securities, commodity contracts and other financial				
investment and related activities	523	0.611	0.601	0.55
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	0.152	0.193	0.20
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	2.277	2.246	2.04
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	0.889	0.793	0.80
dministrative and support, waste management and				
remediation services	56	1.450	1.279	1.14
ducational, healthcare and social assistance				
services	61 to 62	0.876	0.747	0.75
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	3.455	2.072	2.26
Accommodation and food services	72	2.833	2.942	2.64
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A ²	0.971	0.919	0.983

Table 6.10 - continued

Selected financial ratios by industry

	NAICS	Operating profit margin					
	code	2004	2005	2006			
	code		percent				
otal all industries (excluding the industries,							
management of companies and enterprises							
and other funds and financial vehicles)	***	7.5	8.6	8.6			
otal finance and insurance industries (excluding							
other funds and financial vehicles)	***	22.4	24.2	24.9			
otal non-financial industries (excluding	***	££.¬	67.E	&-T.€			
management of companies and enterprises)	***	6.0	7.1	6.7			
griculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	4.8	5.7	6.8			
lining (except oil and gas)	212	13.1	19.9	19.			
oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	18.7	24.4	18.9			
tilities	22	5.9	5.6	6.5			
onstruction	23	3.9	6.4	4.0			
lanufacturing	31 to 33	5.9	6.2	6.			
/holesale trade	41	3.6	3.7	4.			
etail trade	44 to 45	2.5	3.1	3.4			
ransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	9.1	9.1	9.			
formation and cultural industries	51	8.9	12.7	13.			
epository credit intermediation	5221	23.9	26.4	26.			
on-depository credit intermediation	5222	39.3	40.8	39.3			
ctivities related to credit intermediation	5223	7.7	12.0	14.			
ecurities, commodity contracts and other financial							
investment and related activities	523	32.9	34.8	37.2			
surance carriers and related activities	524	13.4	13.4	14.			
eal estate and rental and leasing	53	15.8	17.0	18.7			
rofessional, scientific and technical services	54	4.3	5.2	4.9			
dministrative and support, waste management and							
remediation services	56	4.3	5.5	4.			
ducational, healthcare and social assistance							
services	61 to 62	13.7	13.6	14.			
rts, entertainment and recreation	71	3.1	3.5	3.5			
ccommodation and food services	72	4.4	4.0	4.3			
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A ²	5.1	5.5	5.3			

Table 6.10 – continued

Selected financial ratios by industry

	NAICS	Retu	rn on equity	
	code	2004	2005	2006
	code		percent	
Total all industries (excluding the industries, management of companies and enterprises and other funds and financial vehicles)		11.5	13.5	11.9
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding other funds and financial vehicles) Total non-financial industries (excluding		11.3	12.3	13.1
management of companies and enterprises)	***	11.5	13.9	11.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	8.5	9.6	8.0
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	4.5	11.8	9.2
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C ¹	15.3	21.9	13.7
Utilities	22	7.2	8.4	9.4
Construction	23	19.0	30.2	14.6
Manufacturing	31 to 33	9.3	5.6	10.2
Wholesale trade	41	15.6	16.1	15.2
Retail trade	44 to 45	14.1	19.6	9.4
Transportation and warehousing	48 to 49	17.8	21.9	14.6
Information and cultural industries	51	5.3	20.0	10.3
Depository credit intermediation	5221	11.6	11.4	13.2
Non-depository credit intermediation	5222	9.3	11.2	8.0
Activities related to credit intermediation	5223	4.5	7.5	8.5
Securities, commodity contracts and other financial				
investment and related activities	523	11.3	12.7	13.1
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	11.9	13.4	14.4
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	15.2	18.0	9.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	10.8	12.5	10.7

56

71 72 81A²

61 to 62

16.7

21.7

1.9

13.2

20.6

22.1 2.4 11.3

13.7

16.1

18.1

-2.0 15.7

12.8

See footnotes at the end of the table.

remediation services

Arts, entertainment and recreation Accommodation and food services Repair, maintenance and personal services

services

Administrative and support, waste management and

Educational, healthcare and social assistance

Table 6.10 - continued

Selected financial ratios by industry

	NAICS	Return on	capital employed		
	code	2004	2005	2006	
	code		percent		
Total all industries (excluding the industries,					
management of companies and enterprises					
and other funds and financial vehicles)		7.8	9.2	8.5	
Total finance and insurance industries (excluding					
other funds and financial vehicles)		8.5	9.4	10.4	
Total non-financial industries (excluding	•••	0.5	9.4	10.4	
management of companies and enterprises)		7.6	9.1	7.9	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	5.6	6.0	5.2	
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	4.4	9.2	7.5	
Oil and gas extraction and support activities	21C 1	9.2	14.1	9.4	
Itilities	22	6.6	6.8	7.8	
Construction	23	8.2	13.3	7.9	
Manufacturing	31 to 33	7.2	5.2	8.0	
Wholesale trade	41	9.8	10.1	10.1	
Retail trade	44 to 45	8.8	12.1	7.4	
Transportation and warehousing	48 to 49	9.9	11.1	8.3	
nformation and cultural industries	51	5.1	12.0	7.2	
Depository credit intermediation	5221	10.7	12.4	14.5	
Non-depository credit intermediation	5222	4.5	4.6	4.5	
Activities related to credit intermediation	5223	4.8	6.3	7.3	
Securities, commodity contracts and other financial					
investment and related activities	523	8.0	8.9	9.6	
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	10.9	11.7	12.4	
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	7.2	8.1	5.5	
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	6.9	8.3	7.3	
Administrative and support, waste management and					
remediation services	56	9.5	11.4	9.6	
Educational, healthcare and social assistance					
services	61 to 62	13.7	14.7	12.4	
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	2.9	3.3	2.5	
Accommodation and food services	72	5.6	5.4	6.2	
Repair, maintenance and personal services	81A ²	8.8	8.8	8.1	

Oil and gas extraction and support activities combines the NAICS codes 211 and 213.
 Repair, maintenance and personal services combines the NAICS codes 811 and 812.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Industrial Organization and Finance Division, Quarterly Survey of Financial Statistics for Enterprises (survey 2501), Quarterly Financial Statistics for Enterprises, catalogue no. 61-008-X and CANSIM table 187-0002.

Table 6.11 Industrial product price indexes, by industry, Canada, annual averages

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 1996 to 2006
					2	002=100						percent
All manufacturing	99.3	100.0	100.4	102.2	106.5	107.6	107.6	106.2	109.5	111.2	113.8	14.6
Non-food (including alcoholic beverages)	00.4	400.0	400.0	400 7	407.4	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	440.0	114.8	15.5
manufacturing	99.4	100.0	100.6	102.7	107.4	108.2	108.0	106.2	109.8	112.0	114.0	15.5
Food and beverage manufacturing	98.2	100.0	98.8	98.9	101.1	103.9	105.6	107.4	108.8	106.9	107.9	9.9
Tobacco manufacturing	93.5	100.0	103.8	109.4	114.1	127.2	139.1	162.0	168.6	175.6	189.5	102.7
Rubber product manufacturing	99.7	100.0	100.5	100.2	101.2	102.3	101.9	100.7	101.0	103.1	105.6	5.9
Other plastic product manufacturing	100.7	100.0	100.0	100.8	104.7	105.6	105.0	105.8	107.2	112.1	115.5	14.7
Leather and allied product manufacturing	97.4	100.0	101.6	103.3	104.9	107.5	110.6	112.1	112.8	113.6	114.4	17.5
Textile and textile product mills		100.0	100.6	99.6	99.9	101.5	101.6	101.0	101.3	102.3	103.4	
Clothing manufacturing	99.1	100.0	101.6	102.2	102.8	103.2	103.9	104.2	104.6	104.6	104.9	5.9
Wood product manufacturing	100.1	100.0	95.8	105.1	95.8	94.3	93.8	90.0	101.1	92.4	86.9	-13.2
Furniture and related product manufacturing	99.4	100.0	101.0	102.2	104.5	106.2	107.1	108.4	110.9	113.9	117.2	17.9
Paper manufacturing	106.1	100.0	103.8	101.9	115.4	115.0	105.6	102.2	103.6	102.8	104.2	-1.8
Printing and related support activities	99.7	100.0	103.4	105.7	109.2	111.8	114.0	112.9	113.8	115.3	115.6	15.9
Primary metal manufacturing	98.6	100.0	95.8	95.0	100.0	94.2	96.3	96.4	114.8	119.8	143.8	45.8
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	98.6	100.0	102.0	101.9	103.5	103.3	104.9	105.0	114.0	117.6	119.1	20.8
Machinery manufacturing	97.8	100.0	103.0	105.7	107.3	109.0	110.2	108.8	109.0	110.6	110.7	13.2
Transportation equipment manufacturing	97.5	100.0	107.3	108.8	109.4	114.0	115.8	106.7	101.5	96.7	92.5	-5.1
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	102.1	100.0	100.4	99.6	96.8	97.4	99.1	92.9	90.8	87.9	84.5	-17.2
Electrical equipment, appliance and component												
manufacturing	99.2	100.0	100.0	100.9	102.5	103.7	104.1	104.2	106.0	109.6	116.8	17.7
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	99.9	100.0	100.4	102.2	105.3	107.6	109.5	110.9	113.3	116.7	121.6	21.7
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	99.9	100.0	82.8	96.3	138.9	133.0	125.6	137.6	159.5	197.2	215.0	115.2
Chemical manufacturing	99.6	100.0	96.7	98.6	105.7	107.6	107.0	110.4	114.4	121.9	124.4	24.9
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	101.8	100.0	101.1	101.8	103.4	103.3	106.2	106.8	110.8	112.5	125.7	23.5

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Prices Division, Industrial Product Price Index (survey 2318), Industry Price Indexes, catalogue no. 62-011-X and CANSIM table 329-0038.

Table 6.12 Consumer price indexes, annual averages, Canada, main groups and selected items

	1993	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 1993 to 2006
						2002=	100					percent
All-items	101.8	107.6	108.6	110.5	113.5	116.4	119.0	122.3	124.6	127.3	129.9	27.6
Food	101.7	107.6	109.3	110.7	112.2	117.2	120.3	122.4	124.9	128.0	131.0	28.8
Food purchased from stores	101.8	107.5	109.2	110.3	111.5	116.9	119.8	121.6	123.7	126.6	129.4	27.1
Meat	103.8	111.2	109.4	110.2	115.3	125.2	127.0	129.3	134.9	137.5	137.1	32.1
Dairy products and eggs	99.4	107.4	110.0	111.1	112.9	116.7	120.1	123.9	127.0	133.3	138.7	39.5
Bakery and other cereal products	101.3	114.3	114.0	115.0	114.6	118.1	121.4	126.6	129.9	133.3	137.9	36.1
Fruit, fruit preparations and nuts	97.3	97.1	99.7	102.6	99.3	106.3	109.4	107.4	108.6	108.1	110.8	13.9
Vegetables and vegetable preparations	106.8	95.2	103.6	102.1	103.4	109.7	117.6	110.8	108.3	110.0	115.7	8.3
Non-alcoholic beverages	105.8	96.2	93.8	95.5	98.7	101.6	101.2	100.6	100.4	104.6	105.0	-0.8
Sugar and confectionery	104.6	124.2	131.0	134.8	136.3	139.4	142.0	150.5	152.7	153.0	159.1	52.1
Coffee and tea	97.3	137.7	140.1	136.1	131.3	129.0	124.2	125.2	127.6	131.8	136.3	40.1
Other food preparations	100.7	107.1	107.9	108.1	107.6	109.6	111.9	117.2	119.3	122.1	124.4	23.5
Food purchased from restaurants	101.3	108.1	110.3	112.4	114.8	118.4	122.1	125.1	128.4	132.1	135.6	33.9
Housing (1986 definition)	101.3	104.6	105.4	106.7	109.8	113.2	114.1	116.6	118.7	121.4	124.6	23.0
Shelter	101.4	103.3	103.7	105.1	108.8	112.8	113.8	117.5	120.5	124.2	128.7	26.9
Rented accommodation	102.1	107.9	109.1	110.2	111.5	113.3	115.5	117.2	118.5	119.4	120.6	18.1
Rent	102.2	108.1	109.2	110.2	111.4	113.2	115.4	117.1	118.2	119.2	120.3	17.7
Owned accommodation	100.3	99.1	99.2	100.3	102.9	105.9	107.6	110.9	114.0	117.5	122.4	22.0
Household operations	101.4	109.6	111.6	111.4	112.4	115.7	117.7	118.9	120.3	121.8	123.4	21.7
Household operations and furnishings	101.0	106.6	108.2	109.0	110.0	112.2	113.8	114.6	115.2	115.8	116.2	15.0
Clothing and footwear	101.0	102.7	103.9	105.3	105.5	106.0	105.2	103.3	103.1	102.6	100.8	-0.2
Women's clothing	100.8	103.0	104.2	104.8	104.6	105.0	103.6	101.3	100.8	99.6	97.2	-3.6
Men's clothing	100.9	102.6	103.2	105.6	105.1	105.4	104.4	102.2	102.3	101.1	98.3	-2.6
Transportation	103.2	121.5	120.5	124.5	130.7	130.8	134.4	141.4	144.8	150.7	154.8	50.0
Private transportation	102.9	120.3	118.8	122.3	128.7	128.5	131.7	138.9	142.2	148.1	151.9	47.6
Gasoline	98.5	108.4	99.1	108.0	131.7	128.3	127.2	135.4	149.6	168.7	177.9	80.6
Public transportation	104.9	132.2	138.8	148.0	152.9	156.1	164.9	169.7	173.6	179.1	187.2	78.5
Health and personal care	102.7	105.9	108.1	110.2	112.0	114.2	115.5	117.0	118.8	120.8	122.3	19.1
Recreation, education and reading	102.4	114.9	117.5	119.6	122.5	124.3	126.3	127.3	127.7	127.4	127.1	24.1
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco products	101.6	89.3	92.6	94.5	97.6	105.1	123.6	136.0	143.3	147.2	150.4	48.0
Selected special aggregates												
All-items excluding food	101.9	107.6	108.6	110.5	113.9	116.3	118.8	122.4	124.5	127.3	129.7	27.3
All-items excluding food and energy	102.0	107.5	108.9	110.5	112.2	114.4	117.5	120.5	122.0	123.7	125.5	23.0
Energy	101.3	108.7	104.3	110.2	128.1	132.3	129.6	139.9	149.3	163.8	172.2	70.0
Food and energy	101.6	108.0	107.8	110.7	117.5	122.1	123.4	127.9	132.5	139.0	143.7	41.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Prices Division, Consumer Price Index (survey 2301), The Consumer Price Index, catalogue no. 62-001-X and CANSIM table 326-0002.

Table 6.13
Consumer credit, by principal holders, Canada

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
			milli	ons of dollars	s			percent
Total Chartered banks Trust and mortgage loan companies Credit unions and caisses populaires Life insurance company policy loans	197,687 125,006 623 14,238 4,187	206,883 127,276 380 16,838 4,321	225,521 142,211 233 18,113 4,474	246,577 160,973 260 19,612 4,526	275,635 189,171 293 20,721 4,805	307,808 209,099 406 21,788 5,024	335,410 225,686 618 22,826 5,227	9.0 7.9 52.2 4.8 4.0
				index				percent
Total Chartered banks Trust and mortgage loan companies Credit unions and caisses populaires Life insurance company policy loans	111.3 120.3 3.6 105.4 97.6	116.5 122.5 2.2 124.7 100.7	127.0 136.9 1.4 134.1 104.3	138.8 155.0 1.5 145.2 105.5	155.2 182.1 1.7 153.5 112.0	173.3 201.3 2.4 161.4 117.1	188.8 217.3 3.6 169.0 121.9	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Bank of Canada (survey 7502) and CANSIM table 176-0027.

Table 6.14
Residential mortgage credit, by principal holders, Canada

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		percent						
Total Chartered banks Trust and mortgage loan companies Credit unions and caisses populaires Pension funds National Housing Act (NHA) mortgage backed securities	439,202 268,412 4,927 56,621 8,903 34,053	463,385 293,615 5,256 60,025 9,460 35,181	498,893 316,582 5,328 65,889 8,840 43,754	542,968 340,707 6,302 72,734 9,098 57,248	599,832 367,781 7,165 80,428 10,055 75,720	659,416 391,341 8,300 89,296 10,987 97,010	729,448 420,819 7,918 98,263 12,469 120,198	10.6 7.5 -4.6 10.0 13.5
				index				percent
Total Chartered banks Trust and mortgage loan companies Credit unions and caisses populaires Pension funds National Housing Act (NHA) mortgage backed securities	104.3 110.0 26.6 105.1 104.5	110.1 120.3 28.3 111.4 111.0	118.5 129.7 28.7 122.3 103.8	129.0 139.6 34.0 135.0 106.8	142.5 150.7 38.6 149.3 118.0	156.6 160.4 44.7 165.7 129.0	173.3 172.5 42.7 182.4 146.4 439.1	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Bank of Canada (survey 7502) and CANSIM table 176-0069.

Table 6.15

National balance sheet accounts: Assets, liabilities, and net worth, personal sector

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006				
	millions of dollars								
Personal sector									
Total assets	4,370,955	4,590,376	4,871,357	5,237,862	5,709,879				
Non-financial assets	1,952,214	2,105,890	2,306,845	2,517,263	2,778,257				
Net financial assets	1,606,073	1,614,792	1,630,609	1,716,872	1,846,564				
Total liabilities of which:	812.668	869.694	933,903	1,003,727	1,085,058				
Consumer credit	204.792	225.221	248.691	273.869	302.103				
Mortgages	494,072	527.809	565.501	608.488	654.954				
Net worth	3,558,287	3,720,682	3.937.454	4.234.135	4,624,82				

Source(s): Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, National Balance Sheet Accounts (survey 1806), National Balance Sheet Accounts, Quarterly Estimates, catalogue no. 13-214-X and CANSIM table 378-0004.

Table 6.16
Business bankruptcies, Canada, provinces and territories, 1999 to 2006

	Number of cases							
•	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006
	number							
- Canada								
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Newfoundland	10,033 2,421 7,612	10,060 2,290 7,770	10,399 2,413 7,986	9,462 2,066 7 ,396	8,843 2,098 6,745	8,117 1,958 6,159	7,518 1,848 5,670	6,747 1,855 4,892
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	73	120	104	80	59	56	56	45
	11	12	4	6	7	4	5	0
	62	108	100	74	52	52	51	4 5
Prince Edward Island Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	40 5	26 1	33 5	36 4	36 6	39 1	42 1	41 4
Not incorporated businesses Nova Scotia	35	25	28	32	30	38	41	37
	284	352	403	312	277	255	276	241
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses New Brunswick	32	33	36	25	28	23	16	25
	252	319	367	287	249	232	260	216
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	183	226	256	237	217	207	204	193
	19	27	26	29	33	28	21	23
	164	199	230	208	184	179	183	170
Quebec Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	3,287	3,017	2,822	2,224	2,193	1,960	1,709	1,834
	1,470	1,353	1,319	1,148	1,189	1,116	1,051	1,134
	1,817	1,664	1,503	1,076	1,004	844	658	700
Ontario Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	2,884 568	2,925 520	3,260 693	2,874 582	2,795 591	2,555 562	2,715 563	2,671 508
Not incorporated businesses Manitoba Business bankruptcies	2,316	2,405	2,567	2,292	2,204	1,993	2,152	2,163
	216	253	300	249	243	178	149	160
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Saskatchewan	9 207	22 231	27 273	29 220	23 220	17 161	12 137	8 152
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Alberta	420	437	412	338	379	368	374	301
	22	23	26	10	26	21	17	15
	398	414	386	328	353	347	357	286
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	1,551	1,712	1,700	1,995	1,638	1,564	1,195	666
	145	178	125	124	104	87	75	61
	1,406	1,534	1,575	1,871	1,534	1,477	1,120	605
British Columbia Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	1,079	980	1,098	1,108	1,002	921	786	587
	135	120	151	109	90	99	85	76
	944	860	947	999	912	822	701	511
Northwest Territories Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	12	8	5	5	2	9	6	5
	4	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
	8	7	5	5	1	9	5	4
Yukon Territory Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	4	4	6	4	2	4	5	3
	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
	3	4	5	4	2	4	4	3
Not incorporated businesses Nunavut Business bankruptcies	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0 1	0	0

Table 6.16 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, provinces and territories, 1999 to 2006

	Total assets								
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006	
	thousands of dollars								
Canada									
Business bankruptcies	1,009,449	1,951,701	1,566,551	1,273,649	883,685	793,734	850,881	1,564,226	
Incorporated Businesses	566,656	1,478,755	1,065,489	811,513	522,807	459.836	513,955	1,207,275	
Not incorporated businesses	442,793	472.946	501,062	462,137	360,879	333,898	336,926	356,951	
Newfoundland	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	172,010	001,002	, ror	000,010	000,000	000,020	000,001	
Business bankruptcies	4.826	9,028	6,474	4.401	6.640	2.905	4.069	2,468	
Incorporated Businesses	1,132	3,521	1,107	1,024	3,822	449	1,420	0	
Not incorporated businesses	3,694	5,507	5,367	3,377	2,818	2,456	2,649	2,468	
Prince Edward Island									
Business bankruptcies	3,884	733	5,860	3,516	3,849	174	608	2,371	
Incorporated Businesses	590	74	2,568	389	3,506	3	476	139	
Not incorporated businesses	3.295	660	3,291	3,127	343	171	132	2.232	
Nova Scotia	0,200	000	0,201	0,121	040	17.1	102	2,202	
	45 006	27 200	27.006	22.042	0.754	45 742	42 ECE	16.669	
Business bankruptcies	45,896	27,290	27,886	22,812	8,751	15,712	13,565		
Incorporated Businesses	34,819	13,129	9,989	10,265	4,884	8,557	3,132	4,867	
Not incorporated businesses	11,076	14,162	17,897	12,548	3,867	7,155	10,433	11,802	
New Brunswick									
Business bankruptcies	20,652	18.752	30.325	25.497	10.666	65,459	6.722	9.925	
Incorporated Businesses	14,958	9,151	17,169	14.024	9,537	63,710	4,629	4,544	
Not incorporated businesses	5,695	9,601	13,156	11,473	1,129	1,750	2,093	5,381	
	5,055	9,001	13,130	11,473	1,129	1,750	2,093	5,501	
Quebec					040040	484.040	450 405	0=0.440	
Business bankruptcies	227,154	280,675	281,580	226,499	212,919	151,243	176,127	278,419	
Incorporated Businesses	158,973	213,652	220,399	183,895	180,229	124,046	154,992	211,098	
Not incorporated businesses	68,182	67,024	61,181	42,604	32,691	27,197	21,135	67,321	
Ontario									
Business bankruptcies	290,592	337,727	779,621	528,843	321,275	203,382	376,026	1.068,411	
	176.568	210.711	635.316	407.288	235,490	117.822	257.046	928.765	
Incorporated Businesses									
Not incorporated businesses	114,024	127,016	144,305	121,555	85,785	85,560	118,980	139,646	
Manitoba									
Business bankruptcies	22,082	28,759	27,860	46,165	34,863	16,665	16,485	21,981	
Incorporated Businesses	7,496	14,248	10,742	29,516	17,804	4,394	1,219	8,179	
Not incorporated businesses	14,586	14,511	17,118	16,650	17.059	12,272	15,267	13.802	
Saskatchewan	,	,	***	,	,		,		
Business bankruptcies	62,417	55,066	41,646	24,137	36.998	42,717	42.125	46.593	
			9.580	1.071	10,960	12,158	4,782	4,556	
Incorporated Businesses	14,902	24,185							
Not incorporated businesses	47,515	30,881	32,067	23,066	26,037	30,560	37,343	42,037	
Alberta									
Business bankruptcies	227,485	1,052,295	202,464	261,680	163,761	151,241	135,659	53,814	
Incorporated Businesses	123,475	920,740	67,547	105,432	28,185	28,918	38,366	10.337	
Not incorporated businesses	104,010	131,555	134,917	156,248	135,576	122,323	97,294	43,477	
	104,010	101,000	104,517	100,240	100,070	122,020	01,201	10, 11.	
British Columbia	400.000	440.000	400 400	400 005	00.004	442.255	70 520	62.404	
Business bankruptcies	103,263	140,962	162,188	129,295	83,824	143,255	78,539	63,194	
Incorporated Businesses	33,098	69,311	90,953	58,611	28,263	99,779	47,094	34,771	
Not incorporated businesses	70,165	71,651	71,235	70,684	55,561	43,476	31,444	28,423	
North-West-Territories									
Business bankruptcies	884	316	249	175	139	553	76	317	
Incorporated Businesses	336	35	0	0	128	0	0	20	
	548	281	249	175	12	553	76	297	
Not incorporated businesses	546	201	249	175	12	555	10	201	
Yukon Territory				000	,	405	0.00	0.5	
Business bankruptcies	314	98	399	630	1	105	869	65	
Incorporated Businesses	310	0	120	0	0	0	800	C	
Not incorporated businesses	4	98	279	630	1	105	69	65	
Nunavut									
	0	0	0	0	0	321	10	C	
Business bankruptcies						0	0		
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0			0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	321	10		

Table 6.16 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, provinces and territories, 1999 to 2006

	Total liabities								
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006	
	thousands of dollars								
Canada									
Business bankruptcies	3,048,862	4,759,640	5,856,337	8,023,845	4,974,094	3,121,835	4,073,410	3,897,194	
Incorporated Businesses	1,878,802	3,494,896	4,521,110	6,704,247	3,835,586	2,030,490	3,008,655	2,828,558	
Not incorporated businesses	1,170,060	1,264,744	1,335,227	1,319,598	1,138,508	1,091,346	1,064,754	1,068,636	
Newfoundland	,,,,,,,,,,	.,_0.,	.,000,22	1,010,00	,,,	.,,.			
Business bankruptcies	13,843	24,871	15,760	12,342	26,475	12,459	11,490	10,468	
Incorporated Businesses	4.391	11.677	2.728	2,096	16,582	1,840	3,598	0	
Not incorporated businesses	9.453	13,194	13.032	10,246	9.892	10,619	7,892	10.468	
Prince Edward Island	5,400	10,104	10,002	10,240	0,002	10,010	.,	,	
Business bankruptcies	7.302	2.706	14,364	11,349	17,260	10,357	11,770	12,670	
Incorporated Businesses	1,658	167	8,873	5,252	7,646	371	1,719	2,104	
					9.614	9,987	10,051	10,566	
Not incorporated businesses	5,644	2,539	5,491	6,097	9,014	3,301	10,001	10,500	
Nova Scotia	00.400	04.000	74.000	00.000	E0 004	E7 440	40.052	53.311	
Business bankruptcies	92,120	64,282	71,066	83,682	58,081	57,412	40,853		
Incorporated Businesses	56,043	22,092	22,864	45,892	20,409	19,422	8,676	13,302	
Not incorporated businesses	36,076	42,190	48,203	37,790	37,672	37,990	32,176	40,009	
New Brunswick									
Business bankruptcies	45,472	55,423	71,260	254,539	47,685	161,664	40,964	42,579	
Incorporated Businesses	25,021	27,283	33,409	222,674	18,449	128,150	9,776	8,886	
Not incorporated businesses	20,451	28,140	37,851	31,865	29,236	33,515	31,188	33,692	
Quebec									
Business bankruptcies	704,320	756,462	1,053,553	694,359	774,269	566,051	1,934,662	912,695	
Incorporated Businesses	546,896	603,267	929,748	602,313	691,914	468,787	1,851,535	773,793	
Not incorporated businesses	157,424	153,195	123,805	92,046	82,356	97,263	83,127	138,902	
Ontario	101,121	100,100	120,000	02,010	02,000	0.,200	00,12.	,	
Business bankruptcies	1.188.634	1.526.336	2,760,728	4,406,043	3,227,778	1.243.850	1.220,968	2.330,877	
Incorporated Businesses	726,557	972,955	2,175,692	3,835,590	2,763,990	814,250	755,234	1,803,235	
					463,788	429,600	465,734	527,643	
Not incorporated businesses	462,077	553,381	585,036	570,453	403,700	429,000	405,734	327,043	
Manitoba	40.000	E0 755	000 057	004.000	400.000	27.040	20.755	50.075	
Business bankruptcies	46,382	50,755	668,257	304,698	100,693	37,219	29,755	59,275	
Incorporated Businesses	15,315	21,560	624,808	266,619	65,802	10,029	5,113	26,686	
Not incorporated businesses	31,067	29,194	43,449	38,079	34,890	27,190	24,642	32,589	
Saskatchewan									
Business bankruptcies	126,737	94,111	79,901	54,824	80,603	93,241	91,853	84,632	
Incorporated Businesses	74,979	40,803	18,363	4,930	26,850	37,533	13,415	11,521	
Not incorporated businesses	51,758	53,308	61,538	49,895	53,753	55,708	78,438	73,112	
Alberta									
Business bankruptcies	468,402	1.605.981	435.948	545,298	318.485	358,645	280,654	146.992	
Incorporated Businesses	271,106	1,381,807	224.381	253.767	72.390	126,740	94,447	45.857	
Not incorporated businesses	197,296	224,174	211,568	291,531	246,095	231,905	186,207	101,135	
British Columbia	107,200	227,177	211,000	201,001	240,000	201,000	100,207	101,100	
Business bankruptcies	353,181	576,611	682,869	1,655,245	321,742	576,716	406.819	241,843	
	155.471	412,701	478,673	1,465,115	150,962	423,368	263,473	142,904	
Incorporated Businesses									
Not incorporated businesses	197,710	163,909	204,196	190,130	170,780	153,348	143,346	98,939	
North-West-Territories	4 500	4 =04	004	- 4-	0.50	4 540	004	4.000	
Business bankruptcies	1,523	1,721	681	545	650	1,549	881	1,057	
Incorporated Businesses	541	583	0	0	593	0	0	271	
Not incorporated businesses	982	1,138	681	545	57	1,549	881	786	
Yukon Territory									
Business bankruptcies	947	380	1,950	920	374	1,133	2,031	795	
Incorporated Businesses	824	0	1,572	0	0	0	1,669	0	
Not incorporated businesses	122	380	377	920	374	1,133	362	795	
Nunavut						.,		100	
Business bankruptcies	0	0	0	0	0	1,539	709	0	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	1,539	709	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	U	0	U	0	1,009	709	U	

Table 6.16 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, provinces and territories, 1999 to 2006

				Total defi	ciency			
	1999 「	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 「	2003 「	2004 「	2005 ^r	2006
				thousands of	of dollars			
Canada								
Business bankruptcies	2,039,413	2,807,939	4,289,786	6,750,195	4,090,409	2,328,101	3.222.529	2,332,968
Incorporated Businesses	1,312,146	2,016,141	3,455,622	5,892,734	3,312,780	1,570,654	2,494,700	1,621,283
Not incorporated businesses	727,267	791,797	834,165	857,462	777,629	757,447	727,829	711,685
Newfoundland	121,201	101,101	004,100	037,402	111,023	101,441	121,023	711,000
	0.047	45.040	0.000	77.044	40.005	0.554	7 400	8.000
Business bankruptcies	9,017	15,843	9,286	7,941	19,835	9,554	7,420	
Incorporated Businesses	3,259	8,156	1,621	1,072	12,761	1,391	2,178	0
Not incorporated businesses	5,759	7,687	7,665	6,870	7,074	8,163	5,243	8,000
Prince Edward Island								
Business bankruptcies	3,417	1,973	8,504	7,833	13,411	10,183	11,162	10,299
Incorporated Businesses	1,068	94	6,304	4,863	4,140	367	1;244	1,965
Not incorporated businesses	2,349	1,879	2,199	2,970	9,272	9,816	9,919	8,334
	2,040	1,073	2,100	2,010	3,212	3,010	0,010	0,004
Nova Scotia	40.004	00.000	40.400	00.070	40.000	44 700	07.007	20.040
Business bankruptcies	46,224	36,992	43,180	60,870	49,330	41,700	27,287	36,642
Incorporated Businesses	21,224	8,963	12,875	35,627	15,525	10,864	5,545	8,435
Not incorporated businesses	25,000	28,028	30,305	25,243	33,805	30,836	21,743	28,206
New Brunswick								
Business bankruptcies	24.820	36.671	40.936	229.042	37.019	96.205	34.242	32.654
Incorporated Businesses	10,064	18,132	16,240	208,650	8,912	64,440	5.147	4.342
	14,756	18,539	24,695	20,392	28,107	31,765	29,095	28,312
Not incorporated businesses	14,730	10,559	24,095	20,332	20,107	31,703	29,033	20,512
Quebec						444.000	4 880 800	004070
Business bankruptcies	477,165	475,787	771,973	467,859	561,350	414,808	1,758,536	634,276
Incorporated Businesses	387,923	389,615	709,349	418,418	511,685	344,742	1,696,543	562,695
Not incorporated businesses	89,242	86,172	62.624	49,441	49,665	70,066	61,992	71,581
Ontario .								
Business bankruptcies	898,042	1,188,610	1,981,107	3,877,200	2.906.503	1.040,468	844,941	1.262.467
Incorporated Businesses	549,990	762.244	1.540.376	3,428,302	2,528,500	696.427	498.187	874,470
								387,997
Not incorporated businesses	348,053	426,365	440,731	448,898	378,003	344,041	346,754	301,991
Manitoba							40.000	
Business bankruptcies	24,300	21,996	640,397	258,533	65,830	20,553	13,270	37,295
Incorporated Businesses	7,819	7,313	614,066	237,103	47,999	5,635	3,894	18,507
Not incorporated businesses	16,481	14,683	26,330	21,430	17,831	14,918	9,376	18,788
Saskatchewan	,							
Business bankruptcies	64,321	39,046	38,255	30,687	43,605	50,524	49,728	38.040
	60,077	16,618	8,783	3,859	15,890	25.375	8.633	6,965
Incorporated Businesses				26,829	27,716	25,148	41,095	31,075
Not incorporated businesses	4,244	22,428	29,472	20,829	21,110	20,140	41,095	31,075
Alberta								
Business bankruptcies	240,917	553,686	233,484	283,618	154,724	207,403	144,994	93,178
Incorporated Businesses	147,631	461,067	156,834	148,335	44,205	97,822	56,081	35,520
Not incorporated businesses	93,286	92,619	76,650	135,283	110,519	109,582	88,914	57,657
British Columbia	,	<i>'</i>						
Business bankruptcies	249,918	435,648	520,681	1,525,950	237,918	433,461	328,281	178,649
	122,372	343.391	387,719	1,406,504	122,699	323,589	216,379	108,133
Incorporated Businesses					115,218	109,872	111,902	70,516
Not incorporated businesses	127,545	92,258	132,962	119,446	110,210	109,072	111,502	70,510
North-West-Territories								===
Business bankruptcies	639	1,406	433	371	511	996	805	739
Incorporated Businesses	205	548	0	0	465	0	0	251
Not incorporated businesses	434	858	433	371	46	996	805	489
ukon Territory	101							
	633	282	1,551	291	373	1,028	1,162	731
Business bankruptcies						1,020	869	0
Incorporated Businesses	514	0	1,452	0	0			
Not incorporated businesses	118	282	99	291	373	1,028	293	731
lunavut								
Business bankruptcies	0	0	0	0	0	1,218	699	0
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	ő	ő	Õ	1,218	699	0
Not incorporated businesses	U	U	U	U	9	1,210	000	0

Table 6.17
Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Number of o				
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 「	2004	2005	2006
				number				
Total								
Business bankruptcies	10,033	10,060	10,399	9,462	8,843	8,117	7,518	6,747
Incorporated Businesses	2,421	2,290	2,413	2,066	2,098	1,958	1,848	1,855
Not incorporated businesses	7,612	7,770	7,986	7,396	6,745	6,159	5,670	4,892
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and								
Hunting								
Business bankruptcies	442	406	478	382	431	411	402	357
Incorporated Businesses	36	48	55	56	45	55	55	59
Not incorporated businesses	406	358	423	326	386	356	347	298
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction							50	0.0
Business bankruptcies	66	66	31	63	64	66	53	35
Incorporated Businesses	15	24	9	8	11	16	11	7
Not incorporated businesses	51	42	22	55	53	50	42	28
Utilities	_			40		40		4.1
Business bankruptcies	7	6	11	12	4	12	9	14
Incorporated Businesses	2	3	6	1	2	2	0	6
Not incorporated businesses	5	3	5	11	2	10	9	8
Construction	4 440	4 444	4.070	4 000	4.007	4.040	4.040	4.454
Business bankruptcies	1,412	1,441	1,370	1,329	1,367	1,343	1,316	1,151
Incorporated Businesses	171	193	179	156	156	179	172	174
Not incorporated businesses	1,241	1,248	1,191	1,173	1,211	1,164	1,144	977
Manufacturing	700	044	004	044	704	740	000	574
Business bankruptcies	760	811	934	814	791	740	699	571
Incorporated Businesses	302	287	383	325	325	350	341	261
Not incorporated businesses	458	524	551	489	466	390	358	310
Wholesale Trade	440	400	400	440	467	204	220	222
Business bankruptcies	410	468	423	412	467	391	338	322 145
Incorporated Businesses	174	161	154	157	202	142	130	
Not incorporated businesses	236	307	269	255	265	249	208	177
Retail Trade	1,719	1,647	1,573	1,346	1,194	1,200	1,096	988
Business bankruptcies		400	427	321	332	337	281	293
Incorporated Businesses	457 1,262	1,247	1,146	1,025	862	863	815	695
Not incorporated businesses	1,202	1,241	1,140	1,023	002	003	010	030
Transportation and Warehousing	799	954	1,172	1,007	962	803	693	639
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	98	122	150	121	140	114	107	124
Not incorporated businesses	701	832	1,022	886	822	689	586	515
Information and Cultural Industries	701	002	1,022	000	022	003	300	010
Business bankruptcies	321	315	308	337	204	140	114	137
Incorporated Businesses	117	88	96	84	77	59	49	58
Not incorporated businesses	204	227	212	253	127	81	65	79
Finance and Insurance	204	221	212	200	161	01	00	, .
Business bankruptcies	107	115	132	108	114	118	100	81
Incorporated Businesses	40	33	38	27	42	59	40	41
Not incorporated businesses	67	82	94	81	72	59	60	40
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	0,	02	0,	01		00	00	70
Business bankruptcies	215	211	172	173	155	173	166	149
Incorporated Businesses	79	89	62	51	54	55	53	57
Not incorporated businesses	136	122	110	122	101	118	113	92
Professional, Scientific and Technical	,00							02
Services								
Business bankruptcies	594	615	613	588	549	512	424	430
Incorporated Businesses	185	184	160	159	144	126	115	136
Not incorporated businesses	409	431	453	429	405	386	309	294
Management of Companies and							000	20
Enterprises								
Business bankruptcies	24	27	40	46	75	39	39	39
Incorporated Businesses	14	13	24	33	50	26	23	22
Not incorporated businesses	10	14	16	13	25	13	16	17
Administrative and Support, Waste	10	17	10	10	20	10	10	1.1
Management and Remediation								
Services								
Business bankruptcies	587	557	572	607	429	332	244	200
Incorporated Businesses	151	123	122	129	429 82		341	326
	436	434	450	478	347	60	61	82
Not incorporated businesses	430	404	450	4/0	347	272	280	244

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Number of c	ases			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				number				
Educational Services								
Business bankruptcies	29	51	57	38	30	51	57	60
Incorporated Businesses	9	16	32	10	4	17	12	20
Not incorporated businesses	20	35	25	28	26	34	45	40
Health Care and Social Assistance								
Business bankruptcies	123	127	136	117	125	136	115	74
Incorporated Businesses	25	18	19	13	19	28	21	19
Not incorporated businesses	98	109	117	104	106	108	94	55
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation						, , , ,		
Business bankruptcies	179	159	182	178	168	172	155	156
Incorporated Businesses	60	44	56	46	37	50	40	54
Not incorporated businesses	119	115	126	132	131	122	115	102
Accommodation and Food Services								
Business bankruptcies	1,390	1,302	1.304	1.026	1.049	929	833	766
Incorporated Businesses	328	309	273	199	255	206	232	203
Not incorporated businesses	1,062	993	1,031	827	794	723	601	563
Other Services (except Public								
Administration)								
Business bankruptcies	823	753	850	834	645	542	565	44
Incorporated Businesses	147	124	158	156	117	72	104	9
Not incorporated businesses	676	629	692	678	528	470	461	350
Public Administration								
Business bankruptcies	26	26	40	46	20	6	3	11
Incorporated Businesses	11	10	9	15	3	4	1	
Not incorporated businesses	15	16	31	31	17	2	2	8

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Total ass	sets			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	f dollars			
- Totai								
Business bankruptcies	1,009,449	1,951,701	1,566,551	1,273,649	883,685	793,734	850,881	1,564,226
Incorporated Businesses	566,656	1,478,755	1,065,489	811,513	522,807	459,836	513,955	1,207,27
Not incorporated businesses	442,793	472,946	501,062	462,137	360,879	333,898	336,926	356,95
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and								
Hunting		40.470		#0.000	05.004	400 000	05.054	70.04
Business bankruptcies	58,677	49,479	62,392	78,808	65,821	109,230	85,854	70,91 2 23,762
Incorporated Businesses	7,899	15,052	18,886	49,559	26,343	64,873 44,357	40,289 45,565	47,15
Not incorporated businesses	50,778	34,426	43,506	29,249	39,478	44,337	45,505	47,10
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction Business bankruptcies	85,854	297,569	5,266	7,923	5,742	7,863	10,634	6,53
Incorporated Businesses	82,288	295,366	3,834	3,598	1,568	4,806	6,142	4,23
Not incorporated businesses	3,566	2,203	1,433	4,326	4,175	3,057	4,492	2,29
Utilities	0,000	2,200	1,100	.,	,,	-,	.,	,
Business bankruptcies	644	312	6,769	746	929	85	589	48
Incorporated Businesses	208	193	6,576	48	622	3	0	35
Not incorporated businesses	436	119	193	698	307	82	589	12
Construction								
Business bankruptcies	93,829	311,809	144,140	81,872	80,239	95,216	90,271	87,50
Incorporated Businesses	28,906	241,515	76,673	19,638	31,982	44,306	35,619	40,24
Not incorporated businesses	64,922	70,293	67,467	62,234	48,256	50,910	54,653	47,26
Manufacturing	00.400	400.000	400.007	040 400	450.004	400 400	440.450	400 50
Business bankruptcies	68,190	193,282	480,307	216,108	156,364	168,196	118,153	162,53
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	48,773 19,417	164,995 28.287	449,456 30,850	184,398 31,710	132,457 23,907	151,354 16,842	98,778 19,374	142,59 19,94
Wholesale Trade	13,417	20,207	30,030	31,710	25,501	10,042	15,574	10,04
Business bankruptcies	62,419	86,526	109,295	59,063	58,405	60,286	69,290	45,10
Incorporated Businesses	52,865	67,653	93,834	45,101	44,312	47,707	60,811	35,51
Not incorporated businesses	9,554	18,873	15,461	13,962	14,093	12,580	8,479	9,59
Retail Trade	-,	-,-		,	,	,	,	·
Business bankruptcies	140,865	142,454	200,386	194,365	116,260	95,696	90,333	87,77
Incorporated Businesses	68,553	65,788	123,378	128,491	72,571	47,160	41,959	46,34
Not incorporated businesses	72,312	76,666	77,007	65,874	43,690	48,536	48,374	41,43
Transportation and Warehousing	40.004	== 400	444.000	400.000	05.450	======	00 704	== 0=
Business bankruptcies	46,704	75,133	111,976	132,200	65,152	52,012	89,731	55,25
Incorporated Businesses	7,063	20,301 54,832	42,567	73,463 58,737	17,122	13,796	55,930 33,802	21,66
Not incorporated businesses Information and Cultural Industries	39,641	34,032	69,409	30,737	48,029	38,216	33,002	33,59
Business bankruptcies	81,284	20,453	60,318	30,642	18,236	11,135	9,167	10,34
Incorporated Businesses	67,906	8,065	47,588	13,086	10,955	7,076	5,838	7,22
Not incorporated businesses	13,379	12,389	12,730	17,556	7,281	4,059	3,329	3,11
Finance and Insurance	,,,,,	,	,	,	.,	.,	-,	-,
Business bankruptcies	17,819	13,545	16,671	13,016	11,551	8,623	15,643	829,63
Incorporated Businesses	12,482	7,263	8,584	6,318	6,200	5,441	13,118	791,68
Not incorporated businesses	5,337	6,282	8,087	6,699	5,351	3,182	2,525	37,94
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing								
Business bankruptcies	33,311	418,059	49,899	22,459	44,934	23,157	36,102	23,31
Incorporated Businesses	19,142	401,917	42,294	12,229	36,476	13,747	26,822	15,76
Not incorporated businesses	14,169	16,142	7,604	10,230	8,458	9,410	9,280	7,54
Professional, Scientific and Technical								
Services	45.029	97.626	56,990	121,421	33,398	24 567	00.260	20.57
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	45,028 19,113	73,551	30,991	97,595	13,219	34,567 11,086	90,269 73,442	30,57 11,80
Not incorporated businesses	25,916	24,076	26,000	23,826	20,179	23,481	16,827	18,77
Management of Companies and	20,010	24,010	20,000	20,020	20,170	20,701	10,021	10,77
Enterprises								
Business bankruptcies	12,676	8,120	6,135	6,000	5,061	5,997	4,731	19,80
Incorporated Businesses	11,809	7,478	5,031	5,065	3,855	5,367	904	19,56
Not incorporated businesses	867	642	1,104	935	1,206	631	3,826	23
Administrative and Support, Waste							-,	
Management and Remediation								
Services								
Business bankruptcies	61,031	41,861	59,005	97,093	32,191	22,211	14,840	24,55
Incorporated Businesses	38,454	15,936	35,220	70,286	13,878	8,686	5,216	6,78
Not incorporated businesses	22,577	25,925	23,785	26,807	18,313	13,525	9,625	17,76

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

		Total assets								
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006		
				numbe	er					
Educational Services										
Business bankruptcies	1,118	2,400	2,225	2,434	983	3.266	4.096	3.521		
Incorporated Businesses	267	780	334	363	348	1.679	1.538	1,293		
Not incorporated businesses	852	1,620	1,890	2,071	635	1.586	2.558	2.228		
Health Care and Social Assistance		.,	,,,,,,	_,		,,,,,,	2,000	_,		
Business bankruptcies	10,278	10,973	9,530	11.482	11.127	10.693	24.609	5,563		
Incorporated Businesses	1.273	1.212	961	4,720	4.438	4.525	16,646	1,067		
Not incorporated businesses	9.005	9,761	8,569	6,762	6,689	6,168	7.962	4,496		
Arts. Entertainment and Recreation	0,000	0,101	0,000	0,102	0,000	0,100	1,000	1, 100		
Business bankruptcies	15,307	38,572	18,174	16,462	25.929	11,176	11.472	19,216		
Incorporated Businesses	9,518	31,926	11,745	7.031	19,406	7.894	3,757	13.236		
Not incorporated businesses	5.789	6.646	6.430	9.431	6.523	3.282	7.714	5.980		
Accommodation and Food Services	0,700	0,010	0,400	0,401	0,020	0,202	7,7 1-1	0,000		
Business bankruptcies	116,448	79,720	72,206	110,367	109.198	44.167	51.763	46.148		
Incorporated Businesses	65.309	34.840	12,458	62,600	73.556	15.874	18.954	12.328		
Not incorporated businesses	51,139	44.880	59.748	47.767	35.642	28.293	32.809	33,821		
Other Services (except Public	01,100	44,000	00,740	41,101	00,042	20,230	02,000	00,021		
Administration)										
Business bankruptcies	56.826	56,472	91.949	66.015	41.251	29.052	33.128	34.995		
Incorporated Businesses	24.078	19.443	54.345	24,236	13.412	3.350	8.190	11.796		
Not incorporated businesses	32,749	37.029	37,604	41,779	27.839	25.702	24.937	23,199		
Public Administration	32,143	37,023	37,004	41,775	21,000	25,702	24,557	20,100		
Business bankruptcies	1,140	7.336	2.917	5,173	915	1.106	207	458		
Incorporated Businesses	751	5,481	733	3.689	87	1,106	0	8		
incorporated businesses	731	0,401	100	0,000	01	1,100	0	0		

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Total liab	oilities			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	of dollars			
Total								
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and	3,048,862 1,878,802 1,170,060	4,759,640 3,494,896 1,264,744	5,856,337 4,521,110 1,335,227	8,023,845 6,704,247 1,319,598	4,974,094 3,835,586 1,138,508	3,121,835 2,030,490 1,091,346	4,073,410 3,008,655 1,064,754	3,897,194 2,828,558 1,068,636
Hunting Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	120,177 56,870 63,307	92,656 30,144 62,512	130,721 53,614 77,107	1,431,497 1,371,482 60.014	117,276 36,585 80,691	301,348 201,062 100,286	166,984 67,559 99,425	153,211 64,957 88,254
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	162,342 156,693	590,388 585,798	15,968 10,387	15,470 7,326	16,855 6,890	53,739 46,147	24,717 17.056	12,400
Not incorporated businesses Utilities Business bankruptcles	5,649 1,603	4,590 629	5,581 10,689	8,143 2,134	9,965 3,074	7,592 3,043	7,661 1,551	4,926 2,04 4
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Construction	740 863	335 294	10,258 431	366 1,768	2,920 154	681 2,361	1,551 1,551	1,383 660
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	366,216 176,794 189,422	421,879 223,526 198,354	1,045,735 868,700 177,035	258,254 72,601 185,653	366,841 204,333 162,508	386,355 221,262 165,093	276,195 112,899 163,296	275,285 106,568 168,718
Manufacturing Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	265,418 198,093	450,446 361,580	1,050,355 938,495	1,835,124 1,650,204	687,319 595,586	701,961 632,868	562,131 477,138	605,222 536,687
Not incorporated businesses Wholesale Trade Business bankruptcies	67,325 165,269	88,867 330,648	111,860 386,409	184,920 366,363	91,734 266,544	69,093 235,855	84,993 267,100	68,536 164,497
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Retail Trade	127,206 38,063	288,189 42,459	337,323 49,086	321,499 44,864	201,982 64,562 355,509	176,166 59,688 279,303	228,326 38,774 294,343	122,480 42,016 320,77 9
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Transportation and Warehousing	469,771 286,776 182,995	405,831 238,844 166,987	724,830 534,657 190,173	516,900 349,071 167,829	221,637 133,872	141,125 138,179	144,877 149,466	166,920 153,859
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	99,172 19,718 79,453	152,867 42,238 110,629	259,445 108,844 150,601	348,594 228,036 120,559	188,854 64,592 124,263	181,258 64,200 117,058	301,579 207,352 94,227	158,72 54,87 103,85
Information and Cultural Industries Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	257,976 214,595	67,711 28,959	212,444 173,265	102,581 60,658	1,512,795 1,490,717	222,317 210,660	37,006 27,092	74,72 63,17
Not incorporated businesses Finance and Insurance Business bankruptcies	43,381 94,662	38,752 141,933	39,179 122,851	41,923 58,562	22,078 138,843	11,657 49,930	9,914 1,297,670	11,54 1,184,36
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	56,053 38,610	123,219 18,714	97,770 25,081	33,272 25,289	102,332 36,511	30,475 19,455	1,277,609 20,061	1,113,14 71,22
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	115,324 70,419 44,905	611,024 470,142 140,882	194,730 136,036 58,694	90,715 59,786 30,929	305,270 266,440 38,830	81,391 44,441 36,950	92,048 60,948 31,100	96,67 6 71,172 25,504
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Management of Companies and	184,155 96,158 87,997	276,390 209,662 66,728	359,218 265,270 93,948	2,092,405 1,996,379 96,026	286,082 203,652 82,430	145,831 57,067 88,765	210,522 123,423 87,099	130,06 : 60,08 69,98
Enterprises Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	10,300 3,435 6,864	75,742 70,647 5,095	56,519 51,484 5,035	40,544 23,707 16,837	94,846 81,338 13,508	46,357 35,924 10,433	48,964 28,648 20,316	275,33 (271,76) 3,566
Administrative and Support, Waste Management and Remediation Services								
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	169,863 111,544 58,320	637,217 574,578 62,639	190,206 140,919 49,288	192,356 130,852 61,504	95,537 51,200 44,338	84,873 46,416 38,458	106,868 56,080 50,788	80,87 0 32,814 48,056

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Total liabi	lities			
-	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	dollars			
Educational Services								
Business bankruptcies	5,278	11,638	504,520	9.235	4.076	16,218	13.040	9,685
Incorporated Businesses	2,966	2.821	500,776	3,113	682	6,281	6,804	2.966
Not incorporated businesses	2,312	8,817	3.744	6,122	3,394	9,937	6,236	6.719
Health Care and Social Assistance			-,	-,	-,	-,		
Business bankruptcies	36,993	25,778	35.271	27.586	37.958	24.956	55.022	25,501
Incorporated Businesses	8,711	5,290	4.989	7.631	15,469	9,593	28.654	11,507
Not incorporated businesses	28,282	20,488	30,282	19,955	22,489	15,363	26,368	13,994
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation		,	,	,	,	,	,	
Business bankruptcies	37,371	62,908	103,324	58,406	65,993	48,130	32,429	57,266
Incorporated Businesses	23,055	44,576	80,022	36,738	43,885	29,971	15,923	40,698
Not incorporated businesses	14,316	18,332	23,301	21,668	22,108	18,159	16,506	16,568
Accommodation and Food Services								
Business bankruptcies	275,424	250,329	217,459	274,799	228,552	169,304	168,710	186,720
Incorporated Businesses	139,834	131,691	66,886	146,370	111,551	58,723	79,704	74,202
Not incorporated businesses	135,591	118,639	150,573	128,429	117,001	110,581	89,006	112,517
Other Services (except Public								
Administration)								
Business bankruptcies	203,303	144,602	207,068	237,462	197,055	87,760	115,620	81,679
Incorporated Businesses	122,561	56,177	118,207	145,166	133,232	15,581	48,090	24,541
Not incorporated businesses	80,742	88,425	88,862	92,297	63,822	72,179	67,530	57,138
Public Administration								
Business bankruptcies	8,246	9,024	28,575	64,858	4,814	1,899	910	2,149
Incorporated Businesses	6,581	6,483	23,209	59,990	564	1,840	473	1,148
Not incorporated businesses	1,665	2,541	5,366	4,868	4,250	59	437	1,001

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Total defi	iciency			
	1999 ^r	2000 「	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	of dollars			
Total								
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and	2,039,413 1,312,146 727,267	2,807,939 2,016,141 791,797	4,289,786 3,455,622 834,165	6,750,195 5,892,734 857,462	4,090,409 3,312,780 777,629	2,328,101 1,570,654 757,447	3,222,529 2,494,700 727,829	2,332,968 1,621,283 711,685
Hunting Pusings banksuptoins	61,500	43,177	68,329	1,352,688	51,455	192,118	81,130	82,299
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	48,971 12,529	15,091 28,086	34,728 33,600	1,321,923 30,765	10,242 41,213	136,189 55,929	27,270 53,860	41,195 41,104
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	76,488 74,405	292,819 290,432	10,702 6,554	7,546 3,728 3,818	11,113 5,323 5,790	45,876 41,341 4,535	14,083 10,914 3,170	5,865 3,238 2,627
Not incorporated businesses Utilities	2,083	2,387	4,148	3,010	5,790	4,000	3,170	2,021
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	959 533 426	317 142 175	3,921 3,683 238	1,388 318 1,070	2,145 2,298 153	2,958 679 2,279	962 0 962	1,560 1,024 536
Construction Business bankruptcies	272,387	110,070	901,594	176,382	286,602	291,139	185,924	187,778
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	147,887 124,500	17,990 128,060	792,026 109,568	52,964 123,419	172,350 114,252	176,956 114,183	77,280 108,643	66,325 121,454
Manufacturing Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	197,228 149,320	257,164 196,584	570,048 489,039	1,619,016 1,465,806	530,955 463,129	533,765 481,514	443,978 378,359	442,685 394,093
Not incorporated businesses Wholesale Trade	47,908	60,580	81,009	153,210	67,827	52,251	65,619	48,592
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	102,850 74,341	244,122 220,536	277,115 243,489	307,300 276,398	208,139 157,670	175,568 128,460	197,810 167,515	119,393 86,969
Not incorporated businesses Retail Trade	28,509	23,586	33,625	30,902	50,469	47,109	30,295	32,424
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	328,906 218,223 110,683	263,377 173,056 90,321	524,444 411,279 113,166	322,535 220,580 101,955	239,249 149,067 90,182	183,607 93,964 89,643	204,011 102,918 101,092	233,002 120,576 112,426
Transportation and Warehousing Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	52,468 12,656	77,734 21,937	147,468 66,277	216,394 154,573	123,703 47,469	129,246 50,404	211,848 151,423	103,469 33,206
Not incorporated businesses Information and Cultural Industries Business bankruptcies	39,812 176,692	55,797 47,258	81,192 152,126	61,822 71,938	76,233 1,494,559	78,842 211,182	60,425 27,839	70,263 64,376
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Finance and Insurance	146,690 30,002	20,895 26,363	125,677 26,449	47,572 24,367	1,479,762 14,797	203,585 7,597	21,254 6,585	55,950 8,42 6
Business bankruptcies	76,844	128,388	106,180	45,545	127,292	41,307	1,282,027	354,734
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	43,571 33,273	115,956 12,432	89,186 16,994	26,954 18,591	96,132 31,160	25,034 16,272	1,264,491 17,536	321,457 33,277
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses	82,013 51,277	192,966 68,225	144,831 93,741	68,256 47,557	260,336 229,964	58,234 30,694	55,946 34,126	73,364 55,404
Not incorporated businesses Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	30,736	124,740	51,090	20,699	30,372	27,540	21,821	17,960
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	139,126 77,045 62,081	178,764 136,111 42,652	302,228 234,279 67,949	1,970,984 1,898,784 72,200	252,683 190,433 62,251	111,264 45,981 65,284	120,253 49,981 70,272	99,495 48,278 51,217
Management of Companies and Enterprises								
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	2,377 8,374 5,997	67,621 63,168 4,453	50,383 46,453 3,930	34,544 18,642 15,902	89,786 77,483 12,303	40,360 30,557 9,803	44,234 27,744 16,489	255,530 252,205 3,326
Administrative and Support, Waste Management and Remediation Services								
Business bankruptcies Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	108,832 73,090 35,742	595,356 558,642 36,713	131,201 105,699 25,503	95,263 60,566 34,697	63,346 37,321 26,025	62,663 37,730 24,933	92,028 50,865 41,163	56,319 26,029 30,290

Table 6.17 – continued

Business bankruptcies, Canada, by industry

				Total defic	iency			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	dollars			
Educational Services								
Business bankruptcies	4,160	9,238	502.296	6.801	3,092	12.952	8.944	6,165
Incorporated Businesses	2,699	2,041	500,442	2,750	334	4.602	5,266	1,673
Not incorporated businesses	1,460	7,197	1,854	4,051	2,758	8,351	3,678	4,492
Health Care and Social Assistance	,,	.,	.,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,,00	0,00	0,0,0	.,,
Business bankruptcies	26,715	14.805	25,740	16,105	26.831	14,263	30,413	19.938
Incorporated Businesses	7,438	4,078	4,028	2,912	11,031	5,068	12.007	10,440
Not incorporated businesses	19,277	10,728	21,712	13,193	15,800	9,195	18,406	9.497
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	,	,	,	,	,	0,.00	,	-,
Business bankruptcies	22,064	24,336	85,149	41,944	40.065	36,954	20,957	38,050
Incorporated Businesses	13,537	12.650	68,278	29,706	24,479	22.077	12,165	27,462
Not incorporated businesses	8,527	11,686	16,872	12,238	15,585	14,877	8,792	10,588
Accommodation and Food Services	-,	,	,	,	,	,	-,	,
Business bankruptcies	158,977	170,609	145,253	164,432	119,354	125,136	116,946	140,572
Incorporated Businesses	74,525	96.851	54,429	83,770	37,995	42,849	60.749	61.875
Not incorporated businesses	84,452	73,758	90.824	80,662	81,359	82,287	56.197	78,697
Other Services (except Public Administration)	,		,	,			,	,
Business bankruptcies	146,477	88,130	115,120	171,447	155,803	58,708	82.493	46,684
Incorporated Businesses	98.484	36,734	63.862	120,930	119,820	12,231	39,900	12,745
Not incorporated businesses	47,993	51,396	51,258	50,518	35,983	46,477	42,593	33,939
Public Administration	,,	- 1,000	- ,	,0,0		,	,	,
Business bankruptcies	7,106	1.688	25,658	59.685	3.899	793	703	1.691
Incorporated Businesses	5,830	1,002	22,475	56,301	477	734	473	1,140
Not incorporated businesses	1,275	686	3,183	3,384	3,423	59	230	551

Table 6.18
Business proposals, Canada, provinces and territories

				Number of o				
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
	number number 1,568 1,762 1,848 1,906 1,826 1,734 1,630 796 821 838 909 862 824 712 772 941 1,010 997 964 910 918 3 1 2 3 4 3 4 0 0 0 1 0 1 3 3 4 0 0 0 1 0 1 3 3 4 2 1 1 2 2 0 2 0 1 25 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 <td< th=""><th></th></td<>							
- Canada								
Business proposals	1,568	1,762	1,848	1,906	1,826	1,734	1,630	1,424
Incorporated Businesses					862	824	712	637
Not incorporated businesses					964	910	918	787
Newfoundland and Labrador								
Business proposals								1
Incorporated Businesses								9
Not incorporated businesses	3	1	2	2	4	2	7	1
Prince Edward Island				2	0	4	25	:
Business proposals								
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses								1
Nova Scotia Business proposals	27	50	40	25	30	28	1	19
Incorporated Businesses								Ş
Not incorporated businesses								10
New Brunswick								
Business proposals								36
Incorporated Businesses								15
Not incorporated businesses	17	7	16	13	12	18	20	21
Quebec								
Business proposals								502
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses								407 95
·	101	201			, , ,			
Ontario Business proposals	511	544	586	577	602	555	578	457
Incorporated Businesses								128
Not incorporated businesses	341	359	403	404	420	365	380	329
Manitoba								
Business proposals								25
Incorporated Businesses								
Not incorporated businesses	7	1/	20	24	19	22	1/	18
Saskatchewan	00	40	0.5	45	40	50	00	0.
Business proposals								9:
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses								8
Alberta								
Business proposals	162	180	220	273	240	280	239	16
Incorporated Businesses								1
Not incorporated businesses	126	158	202	245	205	240	218	14:
British Columbia								
Business proposals	150	202	182	222	176	154	122	12
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	63 87	81 121	82 100	103 119	73 103	75 79	46 76	4: 8:
· ·	0,	121				, 0	10	0.
Northwest Territories Business proposals	2	1	1	5	4	1	2	
Incorporated Businesses	1	i	i	Ö	Õ	1	1	
Not incorporated businesses	1	0	0	5	4	Ó	1	
rukon Territory								
Business proposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Nunavut								
Business proposals	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	

Table 6.18 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, provinces and territories

				Total ass	sets			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	200
				thousands of	f dollars			
Canada								
Business proposals	598,165	649,122	718,272	694,304	586,948	280,551	337,942	519,08
Incorporated Businesses	494,728	521,572	585,157	569,853	476,159	184,947	238,132	406,32
Not incorporated businesses	103,436	127,550	133,115	124,452	110,789	95,604	99,810	112,76
Newfoundland and Labrador								
Business proposals	559	0	279	553	359	0	26	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not incorporated businesses	559	0	279	553	359	0	26	
Prince Edward Island								
Business proposals	33	361	0	78	0	47	344	34
Incorporated Businesses	13	0	0	42	0	0	93	
Not incorporated businesses	20	361	0	36	0	47	251	34
lova Scotia								
Business proposals	9,261	5,784	10,566	2,612	997	510	0	5,87
Incorporated Businesses	8,016	2,010	6,420	1,086	354	109	Ō	4,82
Not incorporated businesses	1,244	3,774	4,146	1,526	643	401	ő	1,05
lew Brunswick								
Business proposals	14,113	2,933	9,985	1,851	4,355	4,559	9,186	2,03
Incorporated Businesses	12,207	2,545	7,017	353	3,436	4,237	8,843	1,35
Not incorporated businesses	1,906	388	2,969	1,498	919	323	343	67
Quebec								
Business proposals	388,953	358,204	430,743	360,317	344,661	132.943	157,567	298,19
Incorporated Businesses	363,444	327,017	408,078	344.953	332,594	124,979	148,201	288,93
Not incorporated businesses	25,509	31,188	22,664	15,365	12,066	7,964	9,366	9,26
Ontario .								
Business proposals	86.541	139,398	134,586	131,637	134,804	61,885	109,457	131.62
Incorporated Businesses	42.483	95.366	82,178	80,767	87,871	23,499	64,453	85,43
Not incorporated businesses	44,057	44,032	52,408	50,869	46,933	38,386	45,004	46,18
Manitoba								
Business proposals	1,866	2,619	6,333	6,732	7,535	1,891	6,617	4,35
Incorporated Businesses	1,265	1,376	3,776	3,639	3,524	142	5,575	2,60
Not incorporated businesses	601	1,243	2,557	3,093	4,011	1,749	1,042	1,74
Saskatchewan								
Business proposals	2.597	5,565	8,351	6,562	4,400	6,406	13,538	29,96
Incorporated Businesses	463	875	176	2,266	0	488	791	1,14
Not incorporated businesses	2,134	4,690	8,174	4,296	4,400	5,917	12,747	28,81
Alberta								
Business proposals	29,742	39.499	28,657	53,477	35,939	37,815	24,923	18,73
Incorporated Businesses	11,983	19,587	7,087	22,034	10,078	6,519	1,635	2,86
Not incorporated businesses	17,759	19,912	21,570	31,444	25,861	31,296	23,289	15,86
British Columbia								
Business proposals	64,501	94,359	88,772	129,574	53,052	32,150	16,281	24,33
Incorporated Businesses	54,855	72,397	70,424	114,714	38,301	22,629	8,540	15,52
Not incorporated businesses	9,647	21,962	18,348	14,860	14,751	9,521	7,741	8,81
lorthwest Territories								
Business proposas!	0	400	1	911	847	0	2	3,63
Incorporated Businesses	0	400	1	0	0	0	0	3,63
Not incorporated businesses	Ó	0	0	911	847	0	2	
ukon Territory								
Business proposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nunavut								
Business proposals	0	0	0	0	0	2,345	0	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	2,345	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 6.18 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, provinces and territories

				Total liab			0005	000
	1999 「	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	200
				thousands o	of dollars			
Canada								
Business proposals_	1,482,676	1,295,667	1,681,871	2,108,246	2,098,802	1,573,971	1,229,278	1,655,03
Incorporated Businesses	1,222,123	1,086,826	1,451,526	1,897,143	1,771,313	1,311,001	1,014,824	1,493,06
Not incorporated businesses	260,554	208,841	230,345	211,103	327,489	262,970	214,454	161,97
lewfoundland and Labrador	074	400	200	24.047	4 500	15,176	172	35
Business proposals	974	133	299 0	24,047 22,909	1,580 0	14,622	0	33
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0 974	0 133	299	1,139	1,580	554	172	35
Prince Edward Island								
Business proposals	293	150	0	3,463	0	96	29,634	1,49
Incorporated Businesses	92	0	0	3,379	0	0	27,802	1,02
Not incorporated businesses	201	150	0	84	0	96	1,832	46
lova Scotia								40.45
Business proposals	15,330	10,606	14,457	9,832	14,701	6,949	314	13,15
Incorporated Businesses	13,651	5,317	10,880	7,160	10,736	1,295	314	9,12
Not incorporated businesses	1,679	5,288	3,577	2,672	3,965	5,654	0	4,03
New Brunswick	24.677	6 920	13,414	27,648	47,389	33,813	28,335	17,27
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses	24,677 20,698	6,820 6,432	6,643	25,200	44,635	25,140	16,069	12,17
Not incorporated businesses	3,978	388	6,771	2,448	2,754	8,673	12,267	5.09
·	0,010	000	0,771	2,110	2,101	0,0.0	,	-,
Quebec	074 502	742 442	024 644	1,076,697	1,185,497	776,136	651.424	974,17
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses	871,502 837,685	713,112 676,980	921,611 891,497	1,057,716	1,168,828	764,981	640,197	960,86
Not incorporated businesses	33,817	36,132	30,114	18,981	16,668	11,155	11,227	13,31
Ontario								
Business proposals	374,573	289,643	376,186	392,420	358,836	520,425	352,941	428,06
Incorporated Businesses	219,503	192,204	273,582	293,076	251,095	361,698	254,353	359,11
Not incorporated businesses	155,070	97,440	102,604	99,344	107,741	158,727	98,588	68,94
Manitoba	4.040	4.550	40.400	400 740	44.007	0.777	40.454	40.41
Business proposals	4,619	4,559	16,196	138,716	14,307	2,777	13,451 10,779	19,1 3
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	3,266 1,353	2,779 1,779	7,953 8,243	134,135 4,581	9,953 4,354	496 2,282	10,778 2,673	2,28
· ·	.,	.,			·	,	,	
askatchewan Business proposals	3,471	6,808	9,205	12,392	10,144	14,285	26,284	25,9
Incorporated Businesses	1,339	1,476	568	6,858	2,303	5,662	7,979	2,4
Not incorporated businesses	2,132	5,332	8,637	5,534	7,841	8,623	18,305	23,49
Alberta								
Business proposals	84,713	66,764	53,694	123,641	295,516	86,684	80,385	54,1
Incorporated Businesses	47,883	37,793	14,650	77,998	145,309	39,070	29,801	27,3
Not incorporated businesses	36,830	28,971	39,045	45,643	150,207	47,614	50,583	26,7
British Columbia Business proposals	102,225	196,008	276,603	298,012	169,760	109,366	46,018	117,3
Incorporated Businesses	77,739	162,780	245,549	268,714	138,454	89,772	27.234	100,6
Not incorporated businesses	24,486	33,228	31,054	29,298	31,306	19,594	18,783	16,6
Northwest Territories								
Business proposals	300	1,065	205	1,379	1,073	4,676	319	3,3
Incorporated Businesses	267	1,065	205	0	0	4,676	296	3,3
Not incorporated businesses	33	0	0	1,379	1,073	0	23	
ukon Territory		•						
dusiness proposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	
lunavut	0	0	. 0	0	0	3,589	0	5
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	3,589	0	5
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	ő	0	0	0,509	0	5
Trot incorporated businesses	U	0		,	9	0	0	

Table 6.18 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, provinces and territories

				Total defi	ciency			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	of dollars			
Canada								
Business proposals	884,512	646,545	963,598	1,413,942	1,511,854	1,293,420	891,336	1,135,945
Incorporated Businesses	727,394	565,254	866,369	1,327,290	1,295,155	1,126,053	776,693	1,086,739
Not incorporated businesses	157,117	81,291	97,229	86,652	216,699	167,367	114,643	49,206
Newfoundland and Labrador								
Business proposals	415	133	20	23,494	1,221	15,176	146	349
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0 415	0 133	0 20	22,909 586	0 1,221	14,622 554	0 146	0 349
·		.00		000	1,500	00-1	, , ,	0 10
Prince Edward Island Business proposals	261	211	0	3,385	0	50	29,291	1,154
Incorporated Businesses	79	0	Ö	3,337	Ö	0	27,710	1,027
Not incorporated businesses	181	211	0	48	0	50	1,581	126
lova Scotia								
Business proposals	6,069	4,821	3,891	7,220	13,704	6,438	314	7,277
Incorporated Businesses	5,635	3,307	4,460	6,074	10,382	1,186	314	4,300
Not incorporated businesses	435	1,514	569	1,146	3,322	5,252	0	2,977
New Brunswick								
Business proposals	10,563	3,887	3,429	25,797	43,034	29,253	19,150	15,244
Incorporated Businesses	8,491	3,887 0	374	24,847 950	41,199 1,835	20,903 8,350	7,226 11,924	10,819 4,425
Not incorporated businesses	2,072	U	3,803	950	1,030	6,330	11,924	4,420
Quebec	400.540	054007	400.000	740 070	040.000	040.400	402.050	675.070
Business proposals	482,549 474,241	354,907 349,963	490,868 483,418	716,379 712,763	840,836 836,234	643,193 640,002	493,856 491,996	675,979 671,930
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	8,308	4,944	7,450	3,616	4,602	3,191	1,860	4,048
Ontario								
Business proposals	288,032	150,246	241,601	260,783	224,033	458,540	243,484	296,443
Incorporated Businesses	177,019	96,838	191,404	212,308	163,224	338,199	189,899	273,678
Not incorporated businesses	111,013	53,407	50,196	48,475	60,809	120,341	53,584	22,765
Manitoba								
Business proposals	2,753	1,940	9,863	131,984	6,772	886	6,834	14,780
Incorporated Businesses	2,001	1,403	4,177	130,496	6,429	354	5,203	14,241
Not incorporated businesses	752	536	5,685	1,488	343	533	1,631	539
Saskatchewan	074	4.040	0.55	- 000		7.070	40.746	2.000
Business proposals	874	1,242	855 392	5,830 4,592	5,744 2,303	7,879 5,174	12,746 7,188	3,990 1,329
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	876 2	601 642	463	1,238	3,441	2,705	5,559	5,319
,	<i>6</i> -	042	700	1,200	0,771	2,700	0,000	0,010
Alberta Business proposals	54,971	27,266	25,037	70,163	259,577	48,869	55,461	35,419
Incorporated Businesses	35,901	18,206	7,563	55,964	135,231	32,551	28,167	24.514
Not incorporated businesses	19,071	9,059	17,474	14,199	124,346	16,318	27,295	10,905
British Columbia								
Business proposals	37,724	101,649	187,831	168,439	116,708	77,216	29,737	92,998
Incorporated Businesses	22,884	90,383	175,125	154,001	100,153	67,143	18,694	85,134
Not incorporated businesses	14,840	11,266	12,707	14,438	16,555	10,073	11,043	7,865
Northwest Territories	005	005	004	400	220	A 676	247	22.4
Business proposals	299	665 665	204 204	468 0	226 0	4,676 4,676	317 296	234 234
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	267 32	0	0	468	226	4,070	21	0
/ukon Territory								
Business proposals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nunavut								
Business proposals	0	0	0	0	0	1,243	0	52 5
Incorporated Businesses	0	0	0	0	0	1,243 0	0	0 525
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	U	U	U	U	525

Table 6.19
Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Number of				
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	200
				numbe	r			
otal		4.500		4.000	4.000	4 704	4 620	4.42
usiness proposals	1,568 796	1,762 821	1,848 838	1,906 909	1,826 862	1,734 824	1,630 712	1,42
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	772	941	1,010	997	964	910	918	98
griculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting								
usiness proposals	55	59	53	51	69	73 38	76 28	1
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	24 31	21 38	20 33	21 30	32 37	35	48	
ning and Oil and Gas Extraction								
isiness proposals	15	13	9	12	14	14	18	
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	8 7	4 9	2 7	3 9	6 8	2 12	0 18	
lities								
siness proposals	0	1	0	1	3	3	5	
Incorporated Businesses	0	1	0	1	1 2	3 0	3 2	
Not incorporated businesses	U	U	U	U	2	0	2	
nstruction siness proposals	191	233	195	233	283	254	238	2
Incorporated Businesses	75	92	68	90	93	89	84	,
Not incorporated businesses	116	141	127	143	190	165	154	
nufacturing siness proposals	148	170	217	245	259	224	184	
Incorporated Businesses	123	110	154	168	180	162	138	
Not incorporated businesses	25	60	63	77	79	62	46	•
olesale Trade siness proposals	84	85	102	102	88	119	86	
Incorporated Businesses	54	64	68	69	60	73	55	
Not incorporated businesses	30	21	34	33	28	46	31	
tail Trade	219	258	251	245	217	193	188	
siness proposasl Incorporated Businesses	135	129	96	115	95	96	88	
Not incorporated businesses	84	129	155	130	122	97	100	1
nsportation and Warehousing		404	450	440	450	445	404	
siness proposals Incorporated Businesses	99 38	134 61	156 54	148 63	156 64	115 38	124 32	,
Not incorporated businesses	61	73	102	85	92	77	92	
ormation and Cultural Industries								
siness proposals Incorporated Businesses	63 35	75 42	76 44	77 31	62 37	55 36	32 23	
Not incorporated businesses	28	33	32	46	25	19	9	
nance and Insurance								
siness proposals	23 5	34 12	26 13	30 8	32 8	31 17	35 20	
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	18	22	13	22	24	14	15	
al Estate and Rental and Leasing								
siness proposals	52 18	56 20	36	39	48	41	69	
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	34	36	16 20	21 18	22 26	18 2 3	27 42	
ofessional, Scientific and Technical Services								
siness proposals	147	141	181	189	147	152	134	1
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	43 104	42 99	64 117	69 120	54 93	56 96	32 102	
· ·	104	33	117	120	30	90	102	
nagement of Companies and Enterprises siness proposals	0	11	7	16	21	21	16	
Incorporated Businesses	0	10	6	12	17	18	11	
Not incorporated businesses	0	1	1	4	4	3	5	

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Number of	cases			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	200
				number	r			
dministrative and Support, Waste Management								
and Remediation Services								
Susiness proposals	94	84	117	107	72	75	68	5
Incorporated Businesses	49	37	47	48	26	35	31	1
Not incorporated businesses	45	47	70	59	46	40	37	4
ducational Services								
Susiness proposals	3	2	14	10	14	14	10	
Incorporated Businesses	3 2	2	7	2	6	2	5	
Not incorporated businesses	1	ō	7	8	8	12	. 5	
lealth Care and Social Assistance								
Business proposals	60	67	48	46	51	37	37	
Incorporated Businesses	7	15	6	8	10	9	7	
Not incorporated businesses	53	52	42	38	41	28	30	
arts, Entertainment and Recreation								
Business proposals	24	42	49	44	39	49	56	;
Incorporated Businesses	13	23	27	25	15	25	27	,
Not incorporated businesses	11	19	22	19	24	23	29	;
· ·	- 11	19	22	19	24	24	29	`
accommodation and Food Services	169	182	178	154	156	173	163	10
Business proposals	105	93	89	1 34 88		82		
Incorporated Businesses	64	93 89	89	66	94 62	91	72 91	
Not incorporated businesses	04	69	69	00	02	91	91	•
Other Services (except Public Administration)								
Susiness proposals	117	105	115	141	89	88	91	
Incorporated Businesses	58	40	49	62	39	25	29	:
Not incorporated businesses	59	65	66	79	50	63	62	
ublic Administration								
Business proposals	3	9	17	15	6	3	0	
Incorporated Businesses	3	3	8	5	3	0	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	6	9	10	3	3	0	

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Total as	sets			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	of dollars			
Total Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	598,165 494,728 103,436	649,122 521,572 127,550	718,272 585,157 133,115	694,304 569,853 124,452	586,948 476,159 110,789	280,551 184,947 95,604	337,942 238,132 99,810	519,088 87,385 431,703
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	33,933 27,896 6,037	49,473 44,643 4,830	15,022 9,698 5,325	18,319 14,071 4,247	34,367 26,887 7,480	28,427 23,064 5,363	40,663 33,440 7,223	27,089 23,787 3,307
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	6,631 5,834 797	1,463 876 587	3,447 2,042 1,405	3,215 1,973 1,242	711 174 537	1,660 15 1,645	2,757 0 2,757	19,76 3 1,407 18,356
Utilities Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0 0 0	245 245 0	0 0 0	105 105 0	586 0 586	16 16 0	345 60 285	86 ° 38
Construction Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	47,004 34,490 12,514	71,470 53,592 17,878	34,342 16,209 18,133	87,405 69,801 17,604	43,808 26,316 17,492	33,392 17,370 16,022	17,810 3,998 13,812	30,37 7 10,047 20,330
Manufacturing Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	147,654 144,575 3,079	114,076 107,365 6,711	227,710 219,530 8,180	161,933 150,592 11,341	184,786 174,829 9,957	87,276 82,747 4,529	47,468 43,652 3,816	130,15 : 2,608 127,548
Wholesale Trade Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	26,835 22,639 4,196	70,004 68,257 1,746	59,386 54,455 4,931	66,192 62,921 3,271	40,672 37,848 2,824	17,283 11,702 5,581	12,070 7,369 4,700	58,09 2 3,899 54,193
Retail Trade Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	144,648 134,294 10,354	64,223 50,258 13,966	105,249 86,332 18,917	70,223 57,094 13,130	53,022 39,093 13,929	20,369 10,638 9,731	42,874 31,697 11,176	37,02 : 7,77: 29,24:
Transportation and Warehousing Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	28,723 22,452 6,271	63,127 54,802 8,325	43,974 31,984 11,990	35,543 21,820 13,722	34,293 24,038 10,254	21,015 13,630 7,385	11,846 3,469 8,377	29,62 : 6,33(23,28)
Information and Cultural Industries Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	16,348 13,736 2,611	64,659 60,485 4,173	23,420 18,543 4,877	17,306 12,601 4,706	29,606 27,708 1,898	3,092 1,765 1,327	1,337 63 1,273	9,80 1,49 8,31
Finance and Insurance Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	3,069 802 2,267	8,963 3,907 5,056	18,937 17,664 1,273	35,435 33,548 1,888	3,559 933 2,625	9,401 6,901 2,500	75,611 74,622 989	70,50 ° 1,19669,31°
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	31,468 18,249 13,218	13,550 7,939 5,611	29,244 27,710 1,534	8,296 5,307 2,989	56,812 54,672 2,139	3,403 624 2,779	9,610 5,280 4,331	12,33 (5,71)
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	25,072 8,876 16,196	31,064 14,681 16,383	50,877 37,065 13,811	48,895 32,743 16,152	33,999 19,325 14,674	13,459 1,214 12,245	21,484 11,483 10,001	36,12 7,18 28,93
Management of Companies and Enterprises Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0 0 0	648 458 190	276 228 47	8,507 8,173 334	8,200 6,762 1,438	3,147 2,601 546	17,374 16,931 443	5,78 0 17 5,762

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Total ass	sets					
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006		
		thousands of dollars								
Administrative and Support, Waste Management and Remediation Services										
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	26,705 22,587 4,118	25,939 20,393 5,546	24,867 17,962 6,904	22,207 15,849 6,358	10,905 7,011 3,894	7,908 4,602 3,306	4,191 1,519 2,672	10,282 2,020 8,262		
Educational Services Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	439 365 74	300 300 0	1,657 934 722	1,169 167 1,002	3,105 1,978 1,127	537 0 537	455 2 453	907 0 907		
Health Care and Social Assistance Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	11,632 2,078 9,553	18,357 3,481 14,875	10,834 938 9,896	10,654 3,094 7,560	10,251 1,959 8,292	5,736 593 5,143	8,943 1,372 7,571	8,368 5,329 3,038		
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	4,302 3,416 885	12,627 8,374 4,253	17,585 12,311 5,274	23,430 21,332 2,098	2,201 937 1,264	4,733 3,042 1,692	4,818 882 3,935	13,759 1,926 11,833		
Accommodation and Food Services Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	28,671 22,643 6,028	22,300 12,469 9,831	22,312 12,361 9,952	16,401 8,896 7,505	22,078 15,606 6,472	13,496 2,985 10,512	11,600 1,157 10,443	11,530 3,573 7,957		
Other Services (except Public Administration) Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	11,723 6,486 5,237	12,724 6,288 6,436	23,300 14,158 9,142	57,116 49,315 7,801	13,540 9,647 3,892	6,031 1,439 4,591	6,686 1,135 5,551	6,636 3,034 3,602		
Public Administration Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	3,308 3,308 0	3,911 2,758 1,152	5,835 5,033 802	1,952 450 1,502	449 434 15	169 0 169	0 0 0	7 9 (

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Total lia	bilities			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 「	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands	of dollars			
Total								
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	1,482,676 1,222,123 260,554	1,295,667 1,086,826 208,841	1,681,871 1,451,526 230,345	2,108,246 1,897,143 211,103	2,098,802 1,771,313 327,489	1,573,971 1,311,001 262,970	1,229,278 1,014,824 214,454	1,655,033 131,989 1,523,044
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	53,316 46,973 6,343	82,420 76,383 6,037	25,436 21,317 4,119	60,243 55,175 5,068	60,146 50,951 9,194	88,361 81,445 6,916	59,001 43,388 15,613	71,974 19,665 52,309
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	23,758 21,064 2,694	5,374 4,054 1,320	4,418 3,021 1,397	8,337 4,542 3,794	18,009 15,884 2,124	4,092 946 3,146	5,080 0 5,080	29,056 952 28,105
Utilities Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0 0 0	293 293 0	0 0 0	3,812 3,812 0	4,933 916 4,017	536 536 0	714 299 415	975 102 873
Construction Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	159,462 67,931 91,531	133,250 95,692 37,558	63,976 39,998 23,977	155,454 131,527 23,927	215,897 184,805 31,091	97,683 70,965 26,718	88,072 64,021 24,051	101,913 19,708 82,205
Manufacturing Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	394,884 388,597 6,287	179,042 171,955 7,086	439,397 430,587 8,811	617,600 601,603 15,997	718,287 688,306 29,982	393,438 373,700 19,738	247,220 238,612 8,608	491,588 5,954 485,634
Wholesale Trade Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	130,515 124,867 5,648	114,073 111,923 2,150	151,324 144,805 6,520	163,066 158,000 5,066	116,385 112,341 4,044	193,546 179,735 13,812	76,940 68,640 8,300	209,730 5,588 204,142
Retail Trade Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	256,158 243,162 12,996	137,579 115,873 21,706	229,270 175,784 53,486	202,215 183,988 18,227	155,422 133,912 21,510	101,553 80,837 20,716	117,522 102,196 15,325	121,382 13,929 107,453
Transportation and Warehousing Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	46,184 36,645 9,540	178,791 170,797 7,994	106,434 89,725 16,709	57,476 41,534 15,942	93,585 78,358 15,227	53,905 35,012 18,893	71,589 26,226 45,363	69,585 8,453 61,132
Information and Cultural Industries Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	37,355 31,632 5,723	103,808 98,865 4,943	130,336 123,431 6,905	92,067 79,297 12,769	94,835 92,095 2,740	58,639 55,740 2,899	23,071 20,361 2,710	24,594 4,305 20,289
Finance and Insurance Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	44,034 27,974 16,059	24,530 15,154 9,375	72,330 66,640 5,690	53,667 46,255 7,412	168,209 57,824 110,385	44,332 34,410 9,921	257,051 252,940 4,111	128,564 1,362 127,202
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	54,469 37,984 16,485	32,113 18,209 13,903	47,658 44,779 2,880	27,032 19,862 7,170	103,841 97,059 6,782	99,805 93,176 6,629	29,302 20,012 9,290	34,648 7,877 26,771
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	90,947 51,790 39,157	82,659 44,408 38,250	144,275 111,953 32,322	173,487 134,359 39,129	96,337 69,090 27,246	186,633 105,809 80,825	105,285 84,342 20,943	114,248 16,160 98,088
Management of Companies and Enterprises Business proposals Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0 0 0	29,107 28,955 152	1,090 956 134	30,656 28,693 1,963	36,436 35,617 819	13,354 12,396 958	32,784 30,248 2,537	31,651 1,849 29,802

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Total liabi	lities			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	dollars			
Administrative and Support, Waste Management								
and Remediation Services								
Business proposals	50,294	52,803	53,026	107,840	38,722	27,605	20,794	83,856
Incorporated Businesses	43,864	43,312	40,357	98,169	32,369	20,932	16,470	3,027
Not incorporated businesses	6,429	9,491	12,670	9,671	6,352	6,673	4,324	80,830
ducational Services								
Business proposals	853	617	5,150	2,603	11,247	2,331	1.549	3.73
Incorporated Businesses	694	617	4,540	451	9,416	0	286	(
Not incorporated businesses	159	0	611	2,151	1,831	2,331	1,263	3,733
Health Care and Social Assistance								
Business proposals	25.763	29.756	24,291	25,197	33.241	16.045	12,744	21,02
Incorporated Businesses	4,468	7,927	5,581	9.659	15,722	4,102	2.082	9.76
Not incorporated businesses	21,295	21,829	18,710	15,538	17,520	11,943	10,662	11,25
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation								
Business proposals	8,729	17,142	35,752	47,884	12.006	31,103	20.155	44.83
Incorporated Businesses	7,019	14,698	29,191	44,206	8,305	26,583	10.950	2.60
Not incorporated businesses	1,710	2,444	6,561	3,678	3,701	4,519	9,205	42,23
Accommodation and Food Services								
Business proposals	68,738	53.045	77,298	80,431	68,609	141.531	39.840	51.50
Incorporated Businesses	59,675	41,822	64,059	69,214	45,029	125.853	24,858	4.76
Not incorporated businesses	9,063	11,223	13,239	11,217	23,580	15,678	14,982	46,73
Other Services (except Public Administration)								
Business proposals	30.326	36.018	62.739	189.434	50,114	17,627	20,565	19,68
Incorporated Businesses	20.891	24,300	48,170	178,956	41,470	8.823	8.894	5,91
Not incorporated businesses	9,435	11,718	14,569	10,478	8,644	8,804	11,672	13,76
Public Administration								
Business proposals	6,892	3,249	7,668	9,746	2,542	1,851	0	48
Incorporated Businesses	6,892	1,589	6,632	7,840	1,844	0	0	
Not incorporated businesses	0	1,660	1,036	1,905	698	1.851	0	48

161

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Total de	ficiency			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 「	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands	of dollars			
Total								
Business proposals	884,512	646,545	963,598	1,413,942	1,511,854	1,293,420	891,336	1,135,945
Incorporated Businesses	727,394	565,254	866,369	1,327,290	1,295,155	1,126,053	776,693	44,604
Not incorporated businesses	157,117	81,291	97,229	86,652	216,699	167,367	114,643	1,091,341
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting								
Business proposals	19,383	32,947	10,413	41,925	25,779	59,934	18,338	44,885
Incorporated Businesses	19,077 306	31,740 1,207	11,619 1,205	41,104 821	24,064 1,715	58,381 1,553	9,948 8,390	4,122 49,007
Not incorporated businesses	300	1,201	1,200	021	1,710	1,000	0,000	40,001
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction	17,127	3,912	971	5,121	17,297	2,432	2,323	9,293
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses	15,230	3,178	979	2,569	15,710	931	0	455
Not incorporated businesses	1,897	733	8	2,552	1,587	1,501	2,323	9,749
Utilities								
Business proposals	0	47	0	3,707	4,347	520	369	114
Incorporated Businesses	0	47	0	3,707	916	520	239	63
Not incorporated businesses	0	0	0	0	3,431	0	130	51
Construction								
Business proposals	112,458	61,780	29,634	68,049	172,089	64,291	70,262	71,536
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	33,441 79,017	42,101 19,680	23,789 5,844	61,726 6,323	158,489 13,600	53,595 10,696	60,023 10,239	9,661 61,875
Not incorporated businesses	75,017	19,000	3,044	0,323	13,000	10,030	10,233	01,075
Manufacturing						000 400	400 750	004 405
Business proposals	247,230	64,966	211,687	455,667 451,011	533,502 513,477	306,162 290,953	199,752 194,960	361,435 3,347
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	244,023 3,207	64,590 375	211,057 630	4,655	20,025	15,208	4,792	358,089
Wholesale Trade								
Business proposals	103,680	44,070	91,938	96,874	75,712	176,263	64,871	151,638
Incorporated Businesses	102,228	43,666	90,349	95,079	74,492	168,033	61,271	1,688
Not incorporated businesses	1,452	404	1,589	1,795	1,220	8,230	3,600	149,950
Retail Trade								
Business proposals	111,511	73,355	124,021	131,992	102,401	81,184	74,648	84,357
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	108,868 2,642	65,615 7,740	89,452 34,569	126,895 5,097	94,819 7,581	70,199 10,985	70,499 4,149	6,153 78,204
	2,012	7,7 10	01,000	0,001	1,001	10,000	1,110	, 0,20
Transportation and Warehousing Business proposals	17,461	115,664	62,461	21,933	59,292	32,890	59,742	39,961
Incorporated Businesses	14,192	115,995	57,742	19,713	54,319	21,382	22,756	2,117
Not incorporated businesses	3,269	331	4,719	2,220	4,973	11,508	36,986	37,845
Information and Cultural Industries								
Business proposals	21,007	39,150	106,916	74,760	65,229	55,547	21,735	14,787
Incorporated Businesses	17,895	38,380	104,888	66,697	64,387	53,975	20,297	2,814
Not incorporated businesses	3,112	770	2,028	8,064	842	1,572	1,437	11,973
Finance and Insurance	40.005	45 567	F2 202	40.000	464 650	24.024	404 400	50.057
Business proposals Incorporated Businesses	40,965 27,173	15,567 11,247	53,393 48,976	18,232 12,707	164,650 56,890	34,931 27,510	181,439 178,318	58,057 172
Not incorporated businesses	13,792	4,320	4,416	5,525	107,760	7,421	3,122	57,885
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing								
Business proposals	23,001	18,562	18,415	18,736	47,029	96,403	19,692	22,319
Incorporated Businesses	19,734	10,270	17,069	14,555	42,387	92,553	14,733	2,158
Not incorporated businesses	3,267	8,292	1,346	4,181	4,643	3,850	4,960	20,161
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services								
Business proposals	65,875	51,594	93,399	124,592	62,338	173,175	83,801	78,125
Incorporated Businesses	42,914	29,727	74,888	101,616	49,766	104,595	72,859	8,973
Not incorporated businesses	22,961	21,868	18,511	22,976	12,572	68,580	10,941	69,152
Management of Companies and Enterprises		00 450	04.	00.440	00.000	40.000	45.44	
Business proposals	0 0	28,459	814 728	22,148	28,236	10,207	15,410	25,871
Incorporated Businesses Not incorporated businesses	0	28,496 38	87	20,520 1,628	28,855 619	9,794 412	13,317 2,093	1,832 24,040
Hot incorporated businesses		00	07	1,020	019	*114	2,053	£4,040

Table 6.19 – continued

Business proposals, Canada, by industry

				Total defic	eiency			
	1999 ^r	2000 ^r	2001 ^r	2002 ^r	2003 ^r	2004	2005	2006
				thousands of	f dollars			
Administrative and Support, Waste Management and Remediation Services								
Business proposals	23,589	26.864	28,160	85,633	27.816	19.696	16,603	73,574
Incorporated Businesses	21,278	22,919	22.394	82,320	25.358	16.330	14.951	1.007
Not incorporated businesses	2,311	3,944	5,765	3,314	2,458	3,366	1,652	72,568
Educational Services								
Business proposals	414	317	3,494	1,434	8,142	1,794	1,094	2,827
Incorporated Businesses	329	317	3,605	284	7,438	0	284	0
Not incorporated businesses	85	0	112	1,149	704	1,794	810	2,827
Health Care and Social Assistance								
Business proposals	14,131	11,399	13,457	14,543	22,990	10,310	3,801	12,654
Incorporated Businesses	2,389	4,446	4,643	6,565	13,763	3,510	711	4,439
Not incorporated businesses	11,742	6,954	8,814	7,979	9,227	6,800	3,091	8,215
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation								
Business proposals	4,427	4,514	18,167	24,454	9,804	26,370	15,337	31,078
Incorporated Businesses	3,603	6,324	16,880	22,874	7,368	23,542	10,068	679
Not incorporated businesses	824	1,810	1,287	1,580	2,437	2,828	5,269	30,399
Accommodation and Food Services								
Business proposals	40,067	30,745	54,986	64,030	46,531	128,035	28,240	39,973
Incorporated Businesses	37,032	29,354	51,699	60,318	29,423	122,869	23,701	1,194
Not incorporated businesses	3,035	1,392	3,287	3,712	17,108	5,166	4,538	38,779
Other Services (except Public Administration)								
Business proposals	18,603	23,294	39,440	132,318	36,575	11,597	13,879	13,050
Incorporated Businesses	14,405	18,011	34,012	129,641	31,823	7,384	7,759	2,885
Not incorporated businesses	4,198	5,283	5,427	2,677	4,752	4,213	6,121	10,165
Public Administration								
Business proposals	3,584	661	1,834	7,794	2,093	1,682	0	409
Incorporated Businesses	3,584	1,169	1,599	7,390	1,410	0	0	0
Not incorporated businesses	0	508	235	404	684	1,682	0	409

Section 7

International trade

Canada's international trade surplus with the rest of the world shrunk to about \$36 billion dollars in 2006, from about \$51 billion recorded in 2005 (table 7.2). This drop was due to a more pronounced increase in the value of imports and a rather sluggish growth in export receipts. The value of the importation of goods and services rose from about \$467 billion to about \$487 billion (+4.1%) in 2006 while exports increased from \$ 519 billion to \$523 billion (+0.8%) (table 7.2). Exports of goods and services to the US. Canada's largest trading partner, dropped by about \$7.3 billion, due to lower demand for natural gas, autos and lumber in the US. However, payments for the importation of US goods and services increased by about \$5 billion, depressing Canada's trade surplus with the US by about \$12.7 billion (table 7.2).

7.1 International trade in goods

The combination of strong demand and rising prices for Canada's natural resources products, specifically metals, crude petroleum and grains, pushed the nation's total merchandise exports to a record high of \$455.7 billion in 2006, up +0.9% over 2005 (table 7.1-1). Buoyed by lower prices, due to the favourable exchange rate of the Canadian dollar to major international currencies, import values also reached record levels in 2006. Canadians imported merchandise to the tune of \$404.4 billion, up +4.1% from the previous year (table 7.1-3). Consequently, the goods surplus (the difference between value of imports of goods and the value of exports of goods) dropped by \$12.2 billion to \$51.3 billion (table 7.1-2).

Demand for all sorts of industrial raw materials, especially energy and metals, by newly industrialized countries such as China has pushed up world prices. As a major raw materials producer, Canadian companies benefited from these higher prices for their products. Consequently, the exports of industrial goods and materials made the largest contribution to the gain in exports in 2006, as the export value of industrial goods and materials surged to reach a new

record of \$94.0 billion in 2006 on the strength of metal ores and alloys (table 7.1-1). Although both exports and imports of industrial goods advanced in 2006, exports (+11.5%) outpaced imports, which rose +6.9% to \$84.0 billion (table 7.1-3). Industrial goods and materials, which posted a sectoral trade deficit in 2001, was the only sector to register a rising trade surplus in 2006, hitting a record-high of about \$10 billion (table 7.1-2).

However, exports of natural gas, autos and lumber all reported lower export values for the year as US demand for these products declined. For example, receipts from automotive products (automobiles, trucks and parts) dropped by \$5.5 billion, while those from forestry products fell by \$3.1 billion (table 7.1-1). As a result of the drop in these exports, the value of exports to the United States fell for the first time in three years (table 7.2).

Last year's record-high imports were pushed up by strong imports of machinery, electronics, cars and trucks, home furnishings (table 7.1-3). Construction in the oil sands in Alberta expanded and increased demand for industrial goods. The oil boom also acted as a pull factor in encouraging people to move in droves to the province to capitalize on higher wages created by a tight labour market. The rise in household incomes in Alberta in turn contributed to additional consumer spending in 2006, driving auto sales up The increase in sales to their highest level ever. was concentrated in Japanese and German models manufactured outside of North America. There were also increased imports of high definition televisions and other personal electronics equipment, such as cellular phones and DVDs.

While the United States was still by far Canada's largest trading partner in 2006, there is a growing propensity among Canadian companies to do business with countries other than the United States. The United States' share of both exports and imports declined mainly due to rising exports of metals, aircraft, wheat and canola to the rest of the world, combined with lower exports of autos, forestry products and natural gas to the United States (tables 7.1-1, 7.1-3).

For a more in depth information on imports and exports of goods, please consult our free publication "International Merchandise Trade Annual Review."

7.2 International Trade in services

Powered by higher transportation fares and more robust expenditure by Canadians travelling abroad, the deficit on services increased by +\$3.0 billion to about \$15.2 billion in 2006 (table 7.11). This was the highest ever deficit on services recorded and this outcome also pushed both the travel and transportation deficits for the year to their highest level ever recorded.

Canadians continue to spend more money travelling abroad than foreigners spend in Canada. In 2006, travel payments increased to about \$23.3 billion (+5.7%), while revenues from travellers to Canada was slightly down to about \$16.6 billion (-0.5%) from 2005 figures. This pushed up the travel deficit by \$1.3 billion to another record level, \$6.7 billion, more than quadruple its level in 2002. Much of the increase in the travel deficit between 2005 and 2006 stems from higher spending by Canadians in the United States. as Canadians took about 16 million overnight trips to the US (+7.6%) more than the previous year and the highest level since 1993. This situation combined with the lowest number of Americans making overnight trips to Canada since 1997 (13.8 million) and lower spending by the Americans all pushed the travel deficit to record heights.² Increases in fuel prices, coupled with the high exchange rate of the Canadian dollar to the US dollar and other major international currencies are other related factors contributing to the deficit in travel services and transportation.

7.3 Balance of International payment, Investment Income

Investment income is divided into three categories, direct investment, portfolio investment and other investment. Direct investment covers interest income earned by direct investors (Canadian and foreign) on

loans to their direct investment enterprises together with their profits on direct investment. Portfolio investment includes interest earned by portfolio investors (Canadian and foreign) on their holdings of bonds and money market instruments, as well as dividends received on stockholdings (Canadian and foreign). Other investment income consists of income earned on non-bank deposits, international reserve assets, government loans and other claims.

In 2006, there was a +27.8% increase in receipts of investment income in Canada (from \$48.2 billion to \$61.6 billion). Canadian liabilities to the rest of the world went up, primarily due to acquisitions of Canadian companies by foreign direct investors, thus investment income payments by Canadians increased from \$70.7 billion to \$73.4 billion (+3.8%). Consequently, the balance on total investment income (difference between total investment income received in Canada and total investments income paid by Canadians abroad) was about \$11.8 billion in deficit (table 7.13). The increasing profits from investments abroad by Canadian companies, along with more interest earned from Maple bonds, contributed to a reduction of Canada's deficit in investment income to cut by almost two-thirds (about 59%) of what it was 10 years earlier (chart 7.1). This is the result of the growth in Canada's international assets, which came from portfolio, direct and other investments, outpacing increases in Canadian international liabilities.

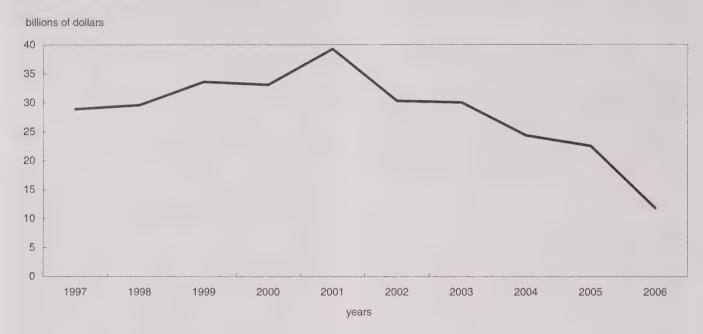
In 2006, as Canadian investments abroad became more profitable, the balance on total direct investment income (the difference between total direct investment income receipts and total direct investment income payments) reached \$1.5 billion in surplus. This was precipitated by a +25.3% increase in direct investment income received by Canada, while there was a 9.1% decline in the amount of direct investments income payments Canadians made abroad.

With the US being Canada's largest trading partner, it was no surprise that the US was responsible for the largest share of investment income (36.3%) received in Canada in 2006. The Americans were also the recipients of 60.6% of all Canadian foreign investment income in that same year (table 7.14).

International Merchandise Trade Annual Review, Catalogue no. 65-203-X
 (accessed August 8th 2007)

⁽accessed August 8th 2007).
2. "International Travel Account" The Daily, February 26th 2007 (accessed August 22nd 2007).

Chart 7.1 Total investment deficit, Canada, 1997 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Canada's Balance of International Payments, Catalogue no 67-001-X and CANSIM table 376-0012.

Table 7.1-1

Receipts and payments by type of goods ¹, Canada — Receipts

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		mill	ions of dollars		
Total	414,039	399,122	429.067	451,783	455,696
Agricultural and fishing products	30,873	29,234	30,691	30,107	31,327
Energy products	49,330	60,521	68,063	86,805	86,784
Forestry products	37,246	34,519	39,283	36,410	33,262
Industrial goods	70,174	66,806	77,967	84,258	93,959
Machinery and equipment	97,091	88,676	91,122	94,111	94,673
Automotive products	96,676	87,385	90,389	88,077	82,539
Consumer goods	17,679	17,187	17.269	17,249	17,959
Special transactions 2	8.233	7.689	7.986	8,288	8,732
Inland freight and other BOP adjustments 3	6.737	7.106	6,296	6.479	6,462

- 1. The individual commodity groups are valued at the point of last consignment (plant) with various commodity-specific balance of payments adjustments applied for valuation (including inland freight), timing and coverage.
- Special transactions is a standard statistical category of goods which covers items not allocated to another commodity grouping and whose source is customs records.
- The inland freight and other balance of payments adjustments cover balance of payments adjustments, notably inland freight, not allocated to specific commodities. The addition of inland freight results in a total goods figure valued at the customs frontier of the exporting country.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Quarterly International Transactions in Commercial Services (survey 1533); Canada's Balance of International Payments (survey 1534); Canada's International Transactions in Securities (survey 1535); Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X and CANSIM table 376-0006.

Table 7.1-2

Receipts and payments by type of goods ¹, Canada — Payments

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		mill	lions of dollars		
Total	356,727	342,710	363,308	388,282	404,395
Agricultural and fishing products	21,780	21,508	21,352	22,039	23,454
Energy products	16,567	19,813	24,782	33,669	34,578
Forestry products	3,138	3,008	3,172	3,135	3,083
Industrial goods	68,891	65,272	73,503	78,556	83,981
Machinery and equipment	105,947	98,684	104,099	110,972	114,638
Automotive products	81,469	76,492	77,365	78,376	79,783
Consumer goods	46.474	46,306	47.714	49,486	52.034
Special transactions 2	5.974	5,310	4,935	4,582	4,765
Inland freight and other BOP adjustments 3	6,487	6,318	6,387	7,467	8,078

- 1. The individual commodity groups are valued at the point of last consignment (plant) with various commodity-specific balance of payments adjustments applied for valuation (including inland freight), timing and coverage.
- Special transactions is a standard statistical category of goods which covers items not allocated to another commodity grouping and whose source is customs records.
- 3. The inland freight and other balance of payments adjustments cover balance of payments adjustments, notably inland freight, not allocated to specific commodities. The addition of inland freight results in a total goods figure valued at the customs frontier of the exporting country.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Quarterly International Transactions in Commercial Services (survey 1533); Canada's Balance of International Payments (survey 1534); Canada's International Transactions in Securities (survey 1535); Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X and CANSIM table 376-0006.

Table 7.1-3 Receipts and payments by type of goods 1, Canada — Balances

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		mill	ions of dollars		
Total	57,311	56,413	65,759	63,501	51,302
Agricultural and fishing products	9,093	7,726	9,339	8,068	7,873
Energy products	32,763	40,708	43,282	53,136	52,205
Forestry products	34,108	31,511	36,111	33,275	30,179
ndustrial goods	1,282	1,534	4,464	5,702	9,978
Machinery and equipment	-8.856	-10,008	-12,976	-16,862	-19,966
Automotive products	15.207	10,893	13,024	9,700	2,757
Consumer goods	-28,795	-29,118	-30,445	-32,237	-34,075
Special transactions 2	2,259	2,379	3,051	3,706	3,967
nland freight and other BOP adjustments 3	250	788	-91	-988	-1,617

The individual commodity groups are valued at the point of last consignment (plant) with various commodity-specific balance of payments adjustments applied for valuation (including inland freight), timing and coverage.

commodities. The addition of inland freight results in a total goods figure valued at the customs frontier of the exporting country.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Quarterly International Transactions in Commercial Services (survey 1533); Canada's Balance of International Payments (survey 1534); Canada's International Transactions in Securities (survey 1535); Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X and CANSIM table 376-0006.

Special transactions is a standard statistical category of goods which covers items not allocated to another commodity grouping and whose source is customs records.

The inland freight and other balance of payments adjustments cover balance of payments adjustments, notably inland freight, not allocated to specific

Table 7.2

Canadian exports ¹ and imports of goods and services, balance of payments basis, by geographical area

		Exports 1			Imports			Balance	
	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	Total	Goods	Services	Total
				mil	lions of dollars	3			
All countries									
2002	414.039	63.483	477.522	356,727	70,707	427,434	57,311	-7,224	50,087
2003	399,122	61,781	460,903	342,710	73,302	416,012			44.892
2004	429,067	64,690	493,757	363,308			56,413	-11,521	
2005	451.783				76,680	439,988	65,759	-11,990	53,769
2006		66,979	518,762	388,282	79,141	467,423	63,501	-12,162	51,339
2006	455,696	67,230	522,926	404,395	82,394	486,789	51,302	-15,165	36,137
United States									
2002	347,052	37,384	384,436	255,232	42,294	297,526	91,819	-4,910	86,909
2003	328,983	35,710	364,693	240,356	43,464	283,820	88.627	-7.755	80.872
2004	350,588	37,128	387,716	250,291	45,429	295,720	100,298	-8,301	91.997
2005	368,250	37.564	405,814	259,795	47,033	306,828	108,454	-9,468	98,986
2006	360,963	37,435	398,398	264.889	47,033	312.111	96.074	-9.787	86,287
	300,303	37,433	330,330	204,009	41,222	312,111	90,074	-9,707	00,207
United Kingdom									
2002	6,162	4,235	10,397	10,181	3,887	14,068	-4,020	347	-3,673
2003	7,695	3,949	11,644	9,183	4,038	13,221	-1,488	-89	-1,577
2004	9,359	4,219	13,578	9,458	3,986	13,444	-99	233	134
2005	9.522	4,561	14.083	9.079	4,211	13,290	443	350	793
2006	11,560	4,396	15,956	9,543	4,200	13,743	2,017	196	2,213
Other European Union countries 2									
2002	16,294	6,448	22,742	25.867	7,367	33,234	-9.573	-919	-10,492
2003	16.423	6,331	22,754	26,001	7,634	33,635	-9.578	-1,303	-10,881
2004	17,318	6,598	23,916	26,993	8,446	35,439	-9,675	-1,848	-11,523
2005	18,973								
		7,628	26,601	29,455	8,844	38,299	-10,482	-1,216	-11,698
2006	21,270	7,683	28,953	32,495	9,825	42,320	-11,224	-2,142	-13,366
Japan									
2002	10,115	1,778	11,893	11,733	2,985	14,718	-1,618	-1,207	-2,825
2003	9.800	1,229	11.029	10.646	2.722	13,368	-846	-1,493	-2,339
2004	9.839	1,565	11,404	10,087	2,685	12,772	-248	-1,120	-1,368
2005	10,319	1,513	11.832	11,216	2,367	13,583	-897	-854	-1,751
2006	10,455	1,487	11,942	11,882	3,288	15,170	-1,427	-1,801	-3,228
Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries ³									
2002	12,671	3,730	16.401	19.687	3.686	23,373	-7.016	44	-6.972
2003	12,754	3,651	16,405	19,697	4,060	23,757	-6,943	-409	-7,352
2004 2005	14,384	3,540	17,924	22,238	3,363	25,601 27,801	-7,854	177	-7,677
2006	15,025 17,561	3,081 3,324	18,106 20,885	24,314 23,683	3,487 3,596	27,801	-9,289 -6,123	-406 -272	-9,695 -6,395
	17,001	0,02-4	20,000	20,000	0,000	21,210	-0,120	-212	-0,000
All other countries	04.747	0.005	04.054	04.00=	40.407	44.544	40.000	F70	40.000
2002	21,745	9,909	31,654	34,027	10,487	44,514	-12,282	-578	-12,860
2003	23,466	10,911	34,377	36,827	11,384	48,211	-13,360	-473	-13,833
2004	27,579	11,639	39,218	44,242	12,770	57,012	-16,664	-1,131	-17,795
2005	29,694	12,633	42,327	54,421	13,199	67,620	-24,727	-567	-25,294
2006	33,887	12,904	46,791	61,902	14,262	76,164	-28,015	-1,359	-29,374

These numbers represent exports including re-exports of previously imported goods.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Quarterly International Transactions in Commercial Services (survey 1533); Canada's Balance of International Payments (survey 1534); Canada International Transactions in Securities (survey 1535); Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X and CANSIM table 376-0001.

Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal
and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta,
Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland,
Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up
to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria,
Finland and Sweden.

Table 7.3

Domestic exports by top twenty-five countries, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted

		Total expo	rts 1		Percentage
	2005	2005	2006	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	millions of dollars	percent distribution	millions of dollars	percent distribution	percent
All Countries	408,420.6	100	411,259.2	100	0.7
Top 25 countries	396,317.7	97.0	397,435.8	96.6	0.3
United States	343.311.4	84.1	336,706.7	81.9	-1.9
Japan	8.966.5	2.2	9,221.1	2.2	2.8
United Kingdom	7.630.7	1.9	9,219.0	2.2	20.8
China	6.647.2	1.6	7,182.8	1.7	8.1
Mexico	3.215.8	0.8	4,017.8	1.0	24.9
Germany	2.912.8	0.7	3,482.2	0.8	19.5
Korea. South	2.743.7	0.7	3,188.3	0.8	16.2
Netherlands	1.930.7	0.5	2,786.3	0.7	44.3
France	2,254.9	0.6	2,411.3	0.6	6.9
Belgium	2.195.5	0.5	2,335.7	0.6	6.4
Norway	1,520.0	0.4	1,854.7	0.5	22.0
taly	1,824.4	0.4	1,805.5	0.4	-1.0
Australia	1,478.0	0.4	1,659.8	0.4	12.3
India	1,033.8	0.3	1,529.6	0.4	48.0
Hong Kong	1,167.7	0.3	1,309.9	0.3	12.2
Taiwan	1,277.9	0.3	1,308.5	0.3	2.4
Brazil	1,061.1	0.3	1,275.7	0.3	20.2
Spain	1,083.7	0.3	1,138.8	0.3	5.1
Switzerland	941.3	0.2	934.4	0.2	-0.7
Russian Federation	513.0	0.1	793.0	0.2	54.6
ndonesia	682.7	0.2	779.5	0.2	14.2
United Arab Emirates	511.9	0.1	706.4	0.2	38.0
Venezuela	512.7	0.1	631.2	0.2	23.1
Singapore	499.7	0.1	582.1	0.1	16.5
South Africa	400.6	0.1	575.5	0.1	43.6

Source(s): International Trade Divison, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, catalogue no. 65-001-X.

Table 7.4 Imports by top twenty-five countries, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted

		Total imp	orts		Percentage
-	2005	2005	2006	2006	change 2005 to 2006
	millions of dollars	percentage distribution	millions of dollars	percentage distribution	percentage
Country of origin					
All countries	380,809.6	100	396,632.0	100.0	4.2
Top 25 countries	356,084.4	93.5	365,793.5	92.2	2.7
United States	215,169.0	56.5	217,636.5	54.9	1.1
China	34.488.1	9.1	34,488.1	8.7	
Mexico	14,593.9	3.8	16,008.4	4.0	9.7
Japan	14,802.8	3.9	15.326.5	3.9	3.5
Germany	10,263.5	2.7	11,126.8	2.8	8.4
United Kingdom	10,430.3	2.7	10,857.2	2.7	4.1
Korea, South	5,374.7	1.4	5,763.1	1.5	7.2
Norway	6,060.7	1.6	5,443.7	1.4	-10.2
France	4,994.5	1.3	5,186.0	1.3	3.8
Algeria	4,170.7	1.1	4,953.6	1.2	18.8
Italy	4,584.8	1.2	4,910.7	1.2	7.1
Taiwan	3,890.7	1.0	3,879.4	1.0	-0.3
Brazil	3,142.7		3.408.8	0.9	8.5
Canada	3,543.2	0.9	3,361.4	0.8	-5.1
	2.610.8	0.7	2.940.4	0.7	12.6
Malaysia Ireland, Republic of (EIRE)	2,054.0	0.5	2,555.9	0.6	24.4
Sweden	2,295.2	0.6	2,355.1	0.6	2.6
Thailand	1,981.1	0.5	2,251.7	0.6	13.7
Switzerland	2,126.3	0.6	2,128.0	0.5	0.1
Peru	1,357.9	0.4	2,094.6	0.5	54.3
Belgium	1,793.0	0.5	1,959.6	0.5	9.3
India	1,785.8	0.5	1,918.3	0.5	7.4
Chile	1,663.0	0.4	1,865.5	0.5	12.2
Saudi Arabia	1,701.3	0.4	1,706.4	0.4	0.3
Iraq	1,206.4	0.3	1,667.9	0.4	38.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Divison, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, catalogue no. 65-001-X.

Table 7.5
Total exports to selected areas, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, 2004 to 2006

	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipment	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special transactions	Total
				m	illions of dollar	s			
United States 2004 2005 2006	18,351.3 18,032.2 18,187.5	65,844.7 83,412.6 83,280.8	31,213.4 29,626.2 25,996.4	53,698.6 57,459.8 63,181.1	62,995.3 64,446.6 62,000.5	84,633.1 82,203.2 76,504.8	12,844.8 12,520.9 13,060.0	18,560.9 18,062.9 17,042.4	348,142.1 365,764.5 359,253.6
Mexico 2004 2005 2006	1,143.8 939.1 1,047.5	52.9 53.7 62.0	135.5 144.7 171.6	562.2 623.0 942.0	593.3 618.2 1,032.2	512.5 901.8 1,014.3	74.1 56.7 62.3	22.0 28.5 39.8	3,096.1 3,365.6 4,371.8
Japan 2004 2005 2006	2,927.5 3,021.7 2,670.1	353.8 852.9 1,010.3	2,360.0 1,838.8 1,842.7	1,709.7 2,074.2 2,505.3	977.1 1,092.1 1,150.7	78.0 111.1 54.0	125.9 138.0 145.5	29.7 41.4 37.4	8,561.6 9,170.1 9,416.0
European Union (EU)									
Germany 2004 2005 2006	171.2 146.1 166.4	146.6 256.4 233.1	480.5 393.1 278.1	590.5 1,020.6 1,022.3	941.2 1,074.6 1,851.6	139.0 107.5 78.3	163.6 177.1 167.1	51.5 61.3 79.7	2,684.1 3,236.6 3,876.5
France 2004 2005 2006	168.7 131.4 150.5	121.1 75.6 86.5	296.4 241.6 234.5	395.6 536.1 514.0	1,093.2 1,206.3 1,517.9	62.6 60.1 52.5	177.3 227.7 261.8	68.1 58.8 64.3	2,383.1 2,537.6 2,881.9
United Kingdom 2004 2005 2006	361.2 361.2 400.1	128.0 258.9 196.3	504.3 479.9 395.2	3,947.2 4,311.7 6,115.8	2,310.2 2,369.5 2,562.0	97.1 84.1 75.6	252.1 284.9 263.2	137.0 104.2 125.6	7,737.1 8,254.5 10,133.7
Italy 2004 2005 2006	321.2 272.0 270.8	55.1 216.3 139.1	537.6 478.9 377.4	228.5 369.3 313.0	507.8 496.4 681.6	19.6 19.7 15.9	68.1 60.4 73.6	9.7 13.7 11.8	1,747.7 1,926.7 1,883.2
Other EU 2004 2005 2006	1,038.9 1,004.8 1,046.4	411.1 526.0 453.2	661.4 632.2 488.5	2,412.1 2,794.0 3,624.2	2,902.1 2,800.7 3,302.8	359.2 430.7 458.3	458.0 509.3 528.9	81.6 115.2 116.6	8,324.4 8,812.7 10,018.9
Total EU 2004 2005 2006	2,061.2 1,915.5 2,034.2	861.9 1,333.2 1,108.2	2,480.2 2,225.7 1,773.7	7,573.9 9,031.7 11,589.3	7,754.5 7,947.5 9,915.9	677.5 702.1 680.6	1,119.1 1,259.4 1,294.6	347.9 353.2 398.0	22,876.4 24,768.1 28,794.2
Newly industrialized countries									
Korea, South 2004 2005 2006	235.5 456.3 396.8	231.8 557.6 529.2	534.0 436.3 493.6	869.6 855.5 1,107.7	339.8 430.6 650.1	16.2 15.8 14.9	32.6 51.5 59.9	12.1 16.8 13.5	2,271.7 2,820.5 3,265.9
Hong Kong 2004 2005 2006	205.6 259.7 267.0	0.5 0.3 0.4	113.1 92.7 77.3	596.3 539.7 632.7	386.2 450.3 522.4	5.8 7.6 7.4	64.2 66.8 68.1	17.6 16.5 20.0	1,389.4 1,433.7 1,595.3
Taiwan 2004 2005 2006	122.8 142.3 116.1	64.6 158.7 160.4	325.8 279.3 340.3	463.2 414.3 505.7	215.1 296.4 224.7	6.3 18.9 9.4	33.0 38.9 31.7	7.4 5.3 7.0	1,238.4 1,354.0 1,395.1
Singapore 2004 2005 2006	35.4 27.4 30.8	14.2 4.1 42.3	10.4 12.3 18.5	277.3 140.3 164.7	382.0 398.8 403.3	15.7 17.0 13.7	15.3 18.1 27.7	11.6 19.3 38.5	761.9 637.4 739.5
Total NIC 2004 2005 2006	599.3 885.7 810.7	311.1 720.7 732.3	983.3 820.6 929.7	2,206.4 1,949.8 2,410.8	1,323.1 1,576.1 1,800.5	44.0 59.3 45.4	145.1 175.3 187.4	48.7 57.9 79.0	5,661.4 6,245.6 6,995.8

Table 7.5 - continued

Total exports to selected areas, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, 2004 to 2006

	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipment	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special transactions	Total
				mi	illions of dollar	s			
Other countries 2004 2005 2006	4,664.9 4,429.9 5,660.0	488.3 779.7 767.7	2,965.5 2,833.0 3,279.1	6,897.0 8,573.9 9,811.4	6,327.9 7,407.6 8,640.7	1,522.2 1,429.6 1,489.6	797.7 1,103.5 1,220.1	293.4 354.6 435.3	23,956.9 26,911.9 31,303.9
Total 2004 2005 2006	29,625.2 29,081.8 30,293.9	67,848.1 86,994.1 86,800.9	39,812.1 37,209.7 33,652.9	72,184.6 79,298.1 89,934.2	79,756.1 82,791.7 84,315.8	87,461.0 85,388.2 79,779.3	15,073.7 15,214.9 15,938.2	19,295.2 18,893.2 18,024.9	411,056.1 434,871.8 438,740.2

Note(s): Related CANSIM matrices: 3618, 3651, 3893, 3896, 3907, 3912, 3913. See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Canadian international merchandise trade, catalogue no. 65-001-XPB.

Table 7.6 Imports from selected areas, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, 2004 to 2006

	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipement	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special transactions	Total
				m	illions of dollars				
United States 2004 2005 2006	12,456.8 12,616.7 13,203.2	6,386.6 8,909.9 8,479.3	2,468.8 2,371.3 2,269.3	48,128.4 50,294.4 52,682.8	54,584.7 56,468.8 55,720.0	59,492.6 59,143.0 58,958.8	21,824.1 21,511.9 22,045.6	3,633.4 3,853.1 4,277.5	208,975.5 215,169.1 217,636.5
Mexico 2004 2005 2006	587.3 660.6 881.8	363.0 797.2 1,001.6	12.6 10.3 9.4	1,075.1 1,125.8 1,213.9	5,152.2 5,549.1 6,264.4	5,035.8 5,331.6 5,565.6	1,178.4 1,091.4 1,039.2	30.4 28.0 32.5	13,434.7 14,593.9 16,008.4
Japan 2004 2005 2006	58.2 58.1 61.2	10.6 27.7 84.5	2.4 2.0 1.6	1,113.4 1,188.3 1,207.5	5,898.2 6,257.8 6,074.9	5,240.0 5,907.2 6,729.3	1,176.8 1,356.9 1,161.8	14.9 4.8 5.6	13,514.5 14,802.8 15,326.5
European Union (EU)									
Germany 2004 2005 2006	201.0 202.4 206.3	18.3 54.2 32.7	27.1 18.5 41.1	2,182.4 2,461.4 2,437.6	3,488.6 3,955.0 4,341.3	2,265.6 2,244.8 2,515.3	1,210.4 1,302.8 1,540.3	25.5 24.3 12.0	9,418.9 10,263.5 11,126.8
France 2004 2005 2006	614.4 629.7 678.0	213.1 65.3 175.6	11.9 5.0 6.1	962.0 1,062.7 988.3	2,179.7 1,737.0 1,876.2	45.7 84.3 85.5	1,210.3 1,254.5 1,358.8	96.9 156.0 17.5	5,334.0 4,994.5 5,186.0
United Kingdom 2004 2005 2006	365.3 362.1 361.5	2,925.1 3,878.0 4,062.3	2.8 4.0 2.8	1,373.4 1,198.5 1,182.5	3,275.4 3,137.3 3,021.9	363.4 436.0 531.1	1,316.7 1,346.1 1,617.9	35.7 68.3 77.2	9,657.8 10,430.3 10,857.2
Italy 2004 2005 2006	449.5 464.2 538.8	86.5 199.1 286.0	24.3 23.0 20.4	1,283.8 1,164.2 1,162.3	1,558.5 1,544.1 1,622.2	184.7 187.5 201.5	970.4 982.9 1,073.3	11.9 19.9 6.2	4,569.7 4,584.8 4,910.7
Other EU 2004 2005 2006	993.8 1,086.7 1,109.3	1,166.8 2,232.7 2,992.4	57.6 64.7 66.0	2,780.8 3,050.6 3,549.8	3,857.3 4,395.3 4,443.6	1,199.2 1,186.6 1,313.2	2,965.5 3,254.4 3,374.1	23.1 84.0 30.4	13,044.0 15,354.9 16,878.8
Total EU 2004 2005 2006	2,624.0 2,745.1 2,893.9	4,409.8 6,429.3 7,549.0	123.7 115.2 136.4	8,582.4 8,937.4 9,320.5	14,359.5 14,768.7 15,305.2	4,058.6 4,139.2 4,646.6	7,673.3 8,140.7 8,964.4	193.1 352.5 143.3	42,024.4 45,628.0 48,959.5
Newly industrialized countries									
Korea, South 2004 2005 2006	50.2 44.6 42.9	42.1 25.7 20.9	0.5 0.3 0.4	872.9 951.4 1,089.3	2,641.2 2,340.6 2,632.7	1,814.2 1,720.5 1,666.2	403.1 287.9 273.0	4.0 3.7 37.8	5,828.2 5,374.7 5,763.2
Hong Kong 2004 2005 2006	41.6 35.1 32.8	0.2 0.1 0.2	1.8 1.0 1.2	41.1 44.9 40.9	182.0 214.3 219.7	1.7 1.5 1.8	449.1 262.1 215.7	1.7 0.7 0.5	719.2 559.6 512.8
Taiwan 2004 2005 2006	58.9 54.3 52.5	0.2 0.2 14.3	12.8 10.8 9.8	806.7 843.2 864.0	2,365.2 2,342.1 2,336.5	178.3 181.3 162.4	501.0 457.0 437.5	7.4 1.8 2.5	3,930.6 3,890.7 3,879.4
Singapore 2004 2005 2006	18.6 19.4 16.3	10.5 0.0 28.5	0.8 2.4 0.5	76.1 65.0 117.7	770.2 789.2 730.1	6.6 5.1 8.8	91.4 89.8 82.2	2.6 1.4 1.9	976.8 972.4 986.2
Total NIC 2004 2005 2006	169.3 153.4 144.5	53.0 26.0 63.9	15.9 14.5 11.9	1,796.8 1,904.5 2,111.9	5,958.6 5,686.2 5,919.0	2,000.8 1,908.4 1,839.2	1,444.6 1,096.8 1,008.4	15.7 7.6 42.7	11,454.8 10,797.4 11,141.6

Table 7.6 - continued

Imports from selected areas, customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, 2004 to 2006

	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipement	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special transactions	Total
			_	m	illions of dollars				
Other countries									
2004	5,456.6	13,182.5	548.7	11,972.7	18,234.0	1,536.8	14,416.9	1,047.3	66,395.4
2005	5,804.9	17,810.5	621.9	14,553.3	22,457.5	1,946.8	16,288.1	335.7	79,818.7
2006	6,270.9	18,204.6	654.8	16,783.6	25,462.0	2,108.4	17,803.0	272.4	87,559.7
Total									
2004	21,293.3	24,405.3	3,159.3	71,862.1	101,822.0	77,186.3	47.213.1	4,927.4	351,868.7
2005	21,984.5	34,000.4	3,124.4	77,160.5	108,846.0	78,194.9	49,028.8	4,579.9	376,919.2
2006	23,403.0	35,368.6	3,073.6	82,456.2	112,409.0	79,685.5	51,584.9	4,771.5	392,752.8

Note(s): Related CANSIM matrices: 3618, 3651, 3896, 3907, 3912, 3913. See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Canadian international merchandise trade, catalogue no. 65-001-XPB.

Table 7.7-1

Domestic exports, customs basis — Canada

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
		mil	llions of dollars		
Total domestic exports	354,302.8	385,525.8	408,457.9	411,390.1	417,772.1
Agricultural and fishing products	27,745.2	29,349.4	28,868.4	29,989.8	33,058.0
Energy products	60,086.9	67,690.3	86,579.5	86,078.8	90,495.3
Forestry products	35,211.5	39,990.7	37,353,4	33,869.8	29,528.7
ndustrial goods and materials	59,113.4	70.626.9	77.338.3	87.809.7	96,760.4
Machinery and equipment	69,375.9	70.836.4	73,114.1	73.135.1	72,615,6
Automotive products	82,200,5	86,009.0	83,934.7	78,232.1	72,952.6
Other consumer goods	13.184.9	13.458.0	13,339.7	13.954.5	14,724.1
Special transactions trade	7.384.5	7,565.6	7,930.1	8.320.4	7,637.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-2

Domestic exports, customs basis — Newfoundland and Labrador

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
		milli	ons of dollars		
Total domestic exports	4,761.6	7,099.7	8,060.7	9,520.1	11,578.7
Agricultural and fishing products	1,005.8	1,002.5	883.7	785.9	796.3
Energy products	2,525.0	4,949.7	5,561.9	6,906.1	8,525.1
Forestry products	552.6	522.2	537.3	454.3	346.8
Industrial goods and materials	558.5	512.4	956.3	1,192.7	1,731.5
Machinery and equipment	45.5	36.3	40.1	103.1	104.0
Automotive products	2.1	3.4	4.8	3.5	2.8
Other consumer goods	1.7	2.4	1.4	0.5	0.9
Special transactions trade	70.3	71.0	74.2	73.9	71.5

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-3

Domestic exports, customs basis — Prince Edward Island

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		millio	ns of dollars		
Total domestic exports	637.6	644.3	772.6	786.6	768.3
Agricultural and fishing products	475.5	440.0	501.0	523.0	512.7
Energy products	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Forestry products	13.1	18.1	16.5	10.4	6.3
Industrial goods and materials	22.2	21.5	23.4	18.5	14.1
Machinery and equipment	55.8	61.4	87.8	82.5	122.1
Automotive products	4.2	4.2	2.6	2.6	3.2
Other consumer goods	12.1	15.8	20.5	22.0	26.3
Special transactions trade	55.2	83.6	120.7	127.4	83.7

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-4

Domestic exports, customs basis — Nova Scotia

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		milli	ons of dollars		
Total domestic exports	5,351.4	5,430.4	5,654.0	5,070.8	5,247.3
Agricultural and fishing products	1,392.5	1,344.9	1,284.4	1,210.7	1,202.7
Energy products	1,274.1	1,202.9	1,422.2	1,113.8	1,140.1
Forestry products	904.3	1,015.1	1,009.3	660.6	873.3
Industrial goods and materials	429.4	461.7	506.6	522.2	542.6
Machinery and equipment	1,070.6	1,104.1	1,122.5	1.256.5	1,183.3
Automotive products	133.2	145.0	126.7	128.8	132.1
Other consumer goods	55.3	60.7	76.0	79.4	81.3
Special transactions trade	91.9	96.5	106.3	98.6	92.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-5

Domestic exports, customs basis — New Brunswick

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007				
_	millions of dollars								
Total domestic exports	8,517.0	9,437.8	10,674.9	10,366.0	11,165.4				
Agricultural and fishing products	1,340.6	1,282.3	1,277.7	1,217.9	1,107.2				
Energy products	3,871.1	4,470.9	6,181.4	5.799.9	6,643.4				
Forestry products	2,027.2	2,191.2	1,755.8	1.788.4	1,614.7				
Industrial goods and materials	587.1	692.3	801.7	852.9	1,095.5				
Machinery and equipment	514.8	565.3	459.0	471.5	470.1				
Automotive products	31.2	35.0	33.3	44.9	39.9				
Other consumer goods	40.8	87.7	49.0	71.3	80.6				
Special transactions trade	105.0	113.0	117.2	119.4	113.9				

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-6 Domestic exports, customs basis — Quebec

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
	millions of dollars					
Total domestic exports	60,995.9	64,568.3	66.897.1	69.078.1	67,146.5	
Agricultural and fishing products	3,627.1	3,760.2	3,771.2	3,764.0	4,112.6	
Energy products	1,437.8	1,546.9	2.167.3	2,123.8	2,506.0	
Forestry products	9,051.2	10,137.2	9,827.5	9.375.7	8.002.4	
Industrial goods and materials	14,576.8	17.020.0	18,559.4	22.696.7	22,429.9	
Machinery and equipment	23,941.6	23,603.0	23.974.3	22.451.4	22,293.6	
Automotive products	2,431.6	2.485.7	2.604.1	2.838.8	2,293.0	
Other consumer goods	4.412.7	4,494.5	4.290.9	3.972.3	3,889.9	
Special transactions trade	1.517.1	1,520.9	1,702.5	1.855.6	1,619.8	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-7 Domestic exports, customs basis - Ontario

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
	millions of dollars					
Total domestic exports	167,669.4	179,053.8	180,204,1	177,368.0	177.019.9	
Agricultural and fishing products	7,825.6	8,079.2	7,871.0	7,741.8	7,833.2	
Energy products	1,995.5	2,530.1	3,001.5	2,834.6	2,992.6	
Forestry products	6,653.5	7.178.4	6.625.0	5,299.4	4,181.4	
Industrial goods and materials	27.532.4	32,506.6	34.542.4	37,958.6	43,222.9	
Machinery and equipment	34,342.7	35,408.7	36,940.4	37,797.3	36,922.7	
Automotive products	78,148.8	81.844.1	79.531.7	73.496.9	68,709.0	
Other consumer goods	7.190.6	7.391.8	7.558.1	7.935.7	9,143.5	
Special transactions trade	3.980.2	4.115.3	4.133.8	4.303.8	4.014.1	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-8 Domestic exports, customs basis - Manitoba

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
_	millions of dollars					
Total domestic exports Agricultural and fishing products Energy products Forestry products Industrial goods and materials Machinery and equipment Automotive products	9,194.2	9,297.0	9,212.7	10,185.1	11,596.5	
	2,958.3	2,902.9	2,668.9	2,476.0	3,074.9	
	938.5	652.5	753.9	821.6	984.2	
	538.2	632.6	636.0	527.5	449.2	
	1,709.6	1,910.8	1,860.8	2,615.3	3,567.1	
	1,745.3	1,828.0	1,919.2	1,833.7	1,969.6	
	566.9	651.8	679.1	716.7	702.2	
Other consumer goods Special transactions trade	506.1	462.5	408.9	892.7	580.0	
	231.2	255.6	285.8	301.7	269.5	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-9

Domestic exports, customs basis — Saskatchewan

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
	millions of dollars					
Total domestic exports	10,274.5	13,318.0	14,822.0	16,159.2	19,642.3	
Agricultural and fishing products	3,084.4	3,492.1	3,543.6	4,696.8	6,283.2	
Energy products	3,261.7	5.132.4	5.809.4	6,404.1	7,157.6	
Forestry products	592.2	753.6	822.0	467.0	331.7	
Industrial goods and materials	2,649.4	3,092.3	3,792.6	3.779.6	4,852.2	
Machinery and equipment	460.3	620.1	634.4	600.7	812.4	
Automotive products	80.4	73.0	67.4	56.6	58.8	
Other consumer goods	31.6	34.0	27.3	28.3	25.8	
Special transactions trade	114.7	120.1	125.2	126.3	120.7	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-10

Domestic exports, customs basis — Alberta

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
_	millions of dollars					
Total domestic exports	57,044.2	63,687.5	76,294.1	77,739.8	80,620.3	
Agricultural and fishing products	3,725.9	4,730.1	4,781.9	5,229.5	5,866.3	
Energy products	39,943.9	42,662.5	53,881.6	53,623.4	54,608.1	
Forestry products	2,645.2	3,273.6	2,898.1	2,492.1	2,101.8	
Industrial goods and materials	5,857.4	7,955.9	9,536.4	10,525.6	11,773.0	
Machinery and equipment	3,611.3	3,868.2	3,880.9	4.397.7	4.769.5	
Automotive products	436.4	401.2	484.2	550.2	643.5	
Other consumer goods	176.0	175.0	190.3	221.2	206.9	
Special transactions trade	648.4	621.8	641.1	699.7	651.4	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-11

Domestic exports, customs basis — British Columbia

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	
_	millions of dollars					
Total domestic exports	28,264.4	31,007.8	34,167.3	33,468.2	31,283.3	
Agricultural and fishing products	2,309.2	2,313.8	2,283.4	2,342.4	2,267.9	
Energy products	4,839.1	4,542.5	7,800.3	6,451.8	5,938.6	
Forestry products	12,233.5	14,268.3	13,224.8	12,793.5	11,620.8	
Industrial goods and materials	3,603.7	4,480.7	5,071.4	6.012.3	5,839.5	
Machinery and equipment	3,585.5	3,738.0	4,050.5	4,133.5	3,961.2	
Automotive products	365.9	364.8	400.3	392.6	368.1	
Other consumer goods	757.4	732.7	715.6	729.7	688.	
Special transactions trade	569.8	566.6	621.0	612.4	599.	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-12 Domestic exports, customs basis — Yukon Territory

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		millio	ns of dollars		
Total domestic exports	3.8	4.1	10.4	38.2	20.9
Agricultural and fishing products	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.
Energy products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Forestry products	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.
ndustrial goods and materials	1.0	1.1	6.3	32.7	16.
Machinery and equipment	1.2	1.3	2.3	3.8	2.
Automotive products	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.
Other consumer goods	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.
Special transactions trade	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034

Table 7.7-13 Domestic exports, customs basis — Northwest Territories

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
_	millions of dollars							
Total domestic exports	1,586.8	1,973.8	1,684.6	1,604.6	1,678.			
Agricultural and fishing products	0.0	0.8	0,5	1.1	0.3			
Energy products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Forestry products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.			
Industrial goods and materials	1.585.5	1,971.1	1.680.9	1.601.5	1,675.			
Machinery and equipment	0.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	2.			
Automotive products	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.			
Other consumer goods	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.			
Special transactions trade	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.5	0.			

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (customs basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0034.

Table 7.7-14 Domestic exports, customs basis — Nunavut

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
_	millions of dollars							
Total domestic exports	2.2	2.7	3.3	5.3	5.1			
Agricultural and fishing products	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.6			
Energy products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Forestry products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Industrial goods and materials	0.2	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.8			
Machinery and equipment	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.9			
Automotive products	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1			
Other consumer goods	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.5			
Special transactions trade	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8			

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 7.8-1 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Canada

355,886.2 21,398.5		396,645.4 23,454.2	406,485.3
21,398.5			
77,367.8	34,000.7 3,134.0 78,025.6 111,137.7 78,383.7	35,381.9 3,083.8 83,323.8 114,759.2 79,849.9	25,491.8 36,962.6 2,989.8 84,298.9 116,751.7 79,907.5 54,778.3
	104,180.0 77,367.8 47,719.0	104,180.0 111,137.7 77,367.8 78,383.7 47,719.0 49,487.9	104,180.0 111,137.7 114,759.2 77,367.8 78,383.7 79,849.9 47,719.0 49,487.9 52,021.6

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-2 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Newfoundland and Labrador

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		milli	ons of dollars		
Total imports	2,567.6	2,552.9	2,654.0	2,892.9	3,156.6
Agricultural and fishing products	83.4	57.3	38.6	26.7	32.9
Energy products	1,868.6	1,798.6	2,110.1	2,511.5	2,806.4
Forestry products	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
ndustrial goods and materials	153.0	207.1	244.0	96.4	111.7
Machinery and equipment	439.2	478.5	237.4	210.3	178.5
Automotive products	4.3	0.6	1.4	0.8	3.8
Other consumer goods	9.9	7.1	9.1	8.1	7.3
Special transactions trade	8.9	3.4	12.8	39.3	15.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-3
Imports by clearance, customs basis — Prince Edward Island

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		
	millions of dollars						
Total imports	19.6	36.4	53.9	49.5	54.6		
Agricultural and fishing products	2.3	3.0	2.7	3.7	4.0		
Energy products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Forestry products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Industrial goods and materials	7.7	24.1	24.1	15.4	16.5		
Machinery and equipment	8.7	8.4	25.4	25.8	27.0		
Automotive products	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6		
Other consumer goods	0.3	0.5	1.3	4.1	5.6		
Special transactions trade	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 7.8-4 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Nova Scotia

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
_	millions of dollars							
Total imports	5,816.2	6,377.3	6,992.6	7,488.5	7,451.5			
Agricultural and fishing products Energy products	366.0 1,117.7	351.1 1,401.4	371.4 1,797.5	375.8 1.724.5	378.6 1,838.5			
Forestry products	8.3	10.9	17.1	14.0	17.8			
Industrial goods and materials	670.2	1,035.6	1,037.1	1,045.0	1,452.2			
Machinery and equipment	1,164.8	945.9	1,096.7	1,308.9	809.6			
Automotive products	2,408.8	2,522.3	2,514.0	2,825.5	2,772.8			
Other consumer goods	63.1	87.6	126.6	177.3	151.5			
Special transactions trade	17.7	22.8	32.3	17.9	30.3			

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-5 Imports by clearance, customs basis — New Brunswick

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
_	millions of dollars							
Total imports	5,974.2	6,899.0	8,002.7	7,521.7	7,459.4			
Agricultural and fishing products	527.2	503.0	496.8	475.9	453.1			
Energy products	3,338.2	4,126.8	5,135.3	5,098.3	4,997.4			
Forestry products	146.6	145.9	170.0	149.3	137.2			
Industrial goods and materials	911.6	952.8	1,042.1	723.1	789.6			
Machinery and equipment	610.7	638.3	713.9	614.5	602.0			
Automotive products	213.8	241.6	278.6	265.9	275.3			
Other consumer goods	181.8	255.5	146.5	170.7	185.5			
Special transactions trade	44.3	35.2	19.4	23.6	19.3			

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-6
Imports by clearance, customs basis — Quebec

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		
	millions of dollars						
Total imports	52,412.8	57,493.8	65,284.9	68,680.8	70,883.6		
Agricultural and fishing products	3,143.6	3,315.3	3,384.0	3,659.6	3,827.4		
Energy products	9,623.4	11,067.2	16,772.7	18,239.7	17,932.5		
Forestry products	816.1	892.9	911.5	890.0	793.6		
Industrial goods and materials	11.559.5	13.986.1	14,296.9	15,609.0	16,083.5		
Machinery and equipment	15.210.6	16,614.7	17.851.4	17,395.5	19,448.8		
Automotive products	2.101.3	1,901.8	1,866.6	2.072.6	2.214.0		
Other consumer goods	9.069.9	8.835.2	9.292.4	10.099.0	9,874.5		
Special transactions trade	888.2	880.4	909.5	715.2	709.0		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 7.8-7 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Ontario

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
	millions of dollars							
Total imports	210,191.7	220,619.5	228,646.7	233,598.0	240,202.2			
Agricultural and fishing products	11,688.5	11,617.9	12,032.6	12,866.4	14,051.4			
Energy products	2,616.8	4,200.3	5,437.9	4,549.0	5,615.5			
Forestry products	1,301.4	1,307.1	1,196.5	1,139.4	1,145.8			
Industrial goods and materials	39,411.6	42,968.7	46,164.5	48,178.3	48,357.6			
Machinery and equipment	60.720.6	63.313.4	65,350.1	66,619.5	66,876.3			
Automotive products	61,566.3	63,500.3	63.871.4	64.228.7	65,078.0			
Other consumer goods	29,365.1	30.351.9	31,397.5	32.493.6	35.021.0			
Special transactions trade	3.521.9	3,359.6	3,196.0	3,522.6	4,056.7			

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-8
Imports by clearance, customs basis — Manitoba

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		
	millions of dollars						
Total imports	10,398.7	10,565.3	11,795.7	12,426.1	13,143.3		
Agricultural and fishing products	829.2	743.7	723.8	722.1	790.2		
Energy products	78.9	72.9	157.1	118.5	112.9		
Forestry products	92.9	83.9	94.1	88.6	84.5		
Industrial goods and materials	2.493.4	2.697.4	2.907.1	3.029.1	3,159.3		
Machinery and equipment	4,314.1	4.347.9	4.986.3	5,295.1	5,746.7		
Automotive products	1,119.0	1.142.8	1.424.5	1.589.9	1,643.7		
Other consumer goods	1.340.8	1.362.6	1.408.5	1.484.8	1.507.9		
Special transactions trade	130.5	114.1	94.4	98.0	98.1		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-9 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Saskatchewan

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		milli	ons of dollars		
Total imports	4,151.6	4,669.2	5,596.4	6,496.2	6,977.7
Agricultural and fishing products	272.3	236.7	247.2	244.5	248.9
Energy products	47.6	46.7	97.4	223.0	232.6
Forestry products	26.3	22.2	21.1	18.5	23.
ndustrial goods and materials	1,263.9	1,397.6	1.485.9	1.720.8	1,872.
Machinery and equipment	1,764.7	2,046.8	2,669.0	3.048.1	3,161.
Automotive products	477.3	638.8	817.6	977.8	1,147.
Other consumer goods	265.4	253.2	237.0	246.3	269.
Special transactions trade	34.2	26.8	21.0	17.4	22.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 7.8-10 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Alberta

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		mill	lions of dollars		
Total imports	13,257.7	13.638.7	16,455.7	18.494.5	18,389.2
Agricultural and fishing products	1,248.1	1,130,2	1,220.9	1,364.4	1,652.2
Energy products	972.7	657.9	1.126.4	1.063.2	1,603.6
Forestry products	66.5	85.7	124.6	144.2	126.3
Industrial goods and materials	3,025.5	3.482.8	4.319.5	5.017.8	4,485.6
Machinery and equipment	5,994.3	6,252.9	7.305.0	8,306.9	7,946.3
Automotive products	803.6	922.3	1.183.6	1,404.1	1,333.9
Other consumer goods	881.5	894.6	984.5	1.034.8	1.071.0
Special transactions trade	265.3	212.4	191.7	159.0	170.3

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-11 Imports by clearance, customs basis — British Columbia

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
		mill	ions of dollars		
Total imports	31,269.5	32,884.8	35,295.9	38,891.5	38,650.1
Agricultural and fishing products	3,296.6	3,387.7	3,476.0	3,676.8	3,998.8
Energy products	652.5	1,023.6	1,352.7	1,837.8	1,801.6
Forestry products	550.2	622.6	599.4	639.4	661.1
Industrial goods and materials	4,817.3	5,922.9	6,503.2	7,887.4	7,969.1
Machinery and equipment	8,633.7	9,451.2	10.883.9	11,889.6	11,917.2
Automotive products	7,795.9	6,496.9	6,425.0	6,481.9	5,437.5
Other consumer goods	5,127.4	5,670.5	5,884.0	6,302.1	6,682.9
Special transactions trade	396.1	310.1	171.6	176.2	182.3

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-12 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Yukon Territory

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		millio	ns of dollars		
Total imports	75.3	85.4	76.9	86.3	95.6
Agricultural and fishing products	50.7	52.8	45.8	38.5	54.1
Energy products	6.9	10.3	13.7	16.6	21.8
Forestry products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial goods and materials	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.3	0.9
Machinery and equipment	11.5	18.6	15.1	26.0	16.4
Automotive products	1.0	0.4	0.8	2.3	0.7
Other consumer goods	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.3
Special transactions trade	2.5	2.0	0.3	1.7	0.1

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 7.8-13 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Northwest Territories

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
		millio	ns of dollars		
Total imports	3.4	63.4	1.0	3.5	3.9
Agricultural and fishing products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Energy products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Forestry products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial goods and materials	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Machinery and equipment	3.3	63.3	1.0	3.5	3.9
Automotive products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other consumer goods	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Special transactions trade	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.8-14 Imports by clearance, customs basis — Nunavut

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
_		millio	ns of dollars		
Total imports	2.9	0.0	2.9	15.9	17.7
Agricultural and fishing products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Energy products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Forestry products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Industrial goods and materials	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Machinery and equipment	2.9	0.0	2.9	15.9	17.
Automotive products	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Other consumer goods	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Special transactions trade	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (custom basis), (survey 2201) and CANSIM table 228-0033.

Table 7.9 Exports by commodity groupings, balance of payment basis

	2002	2003	2004 「	2005 「	2006
_		m	illions of dollars		
Total exports	414,038.5	399,122.1	429,067.1	451,783.0	455,696.5
ive animals	2,506.9	1,318.7	873.4	1,542.8	2,015.6
ood, feed, beverages and tobacco	25,843.1	25,046.9	26,858.1	25,714.9	25,936.2
ish fresh, frozen, preserved and canned	5,239.5	4,987.1	4,858.1	4,673.3	4,462.6
Barley Vheat	194.1	172.1	321.9	360.3	257.4
Wheat flour	3,052.6 91.4	2,809.2 81.3	3,493.1	2,703.6	3,640.4
Other cereals unmilled	288.5	299.2	85.0 310.1	78.8 302.9	82.3 407.8
Other ceral preparations	2,048.0	2,138.6	2.214.0	2.248.6	2.320.1
Meat and meat preparations	4,840.8	4,203.5	4,980.4	5,086.2	4,278.4
Alcoholic beverages	1,185.4	1.300.2	1,228.0	1.036.8	1,000.5
Other food, feed, beverages and tobacco	8,902.9	9,055.8	9,367.5	9,224.4	9,486.8
rude materials, inedible	50,980.7	61,268.0	69,540.0	85,650.5	88,545.7
apeseed	921.1	1,298.0	1,414.4	1,297.6	1,764.1
ther crude vegetables products	1,601.7	1,570.3	1,545.2	1,551.8	1,611.1
on ores, concentrates and scrap	1,634.5	1,743.5	2,042.4	2,703.1	3,289.1
opper in ores, concentrates and scrap	577.2	592.3	844.5	1,370.8	2,288.3
lickel in ores, concentrates and scrap	1,139.1	1,143.9	1,829.4	1,699.8	2,401.1
inc in ores, concentrates and scrap	388.4	228.4	233.9	230.3	326.5
ther ores, concentrates and scrap	2,147.6	2,081.5	2,385.9	2,880.5	3,049.9
rude petroleum	18,550.8	20,644.2	25,512.8	30,355.9	38,574.0
atural gas	18,372.0	26,083.4	27,382.1	35,988.6	27,804.7
coal and other crude bituminous	1,212.1	1,199.1	1,293.3	2,555.0	2,630.5
sbestos unmanufactured	100.7	70.7	71.3	66.2	62.4
other crude animal products ther crude wood products	802.2 1,027.9	720.5 902.9	735.6 832.8	816.2 927.4	889.2 896.4
Other crude wood products Other crude non-metallic minerals	2,014.3	2,495.1	2,846.5	2.681.3	2,423.9
Other crude materials inedible	491.1	494.1	569.8	526.0	534.4
abricated materials, inedible	108,291.9	103,445.4	118,733.4	124,671.7	128,834.2
umber	10,852.7	8,940.4	11,508.3	10,382.3	9,176.6
Other wood fabricated materials	5,877.5	6,650.9	8,184.0	7,479.3	6,148.3
Vood pulp and similar pulp	6,549.5	6,299.3	6,733.0	5,806.8	5,965.5
lewsprint paper	6,714.3	6,300.3	6,343.2	6,365.8	5,963.7
Other paper and paperboard	6,224.4	5,425.1	5,681.9	5,448.8	5,111.6
norganic chemicals	3,095.5	2,835.3	3,121.9	4,204.9	4,594.5
Organic chemicals	4,282.9	4,348.8	5,942.2	6,378.6	6,641.5
ertilizers and fertilizer materials	2,763.8	2,454.0	2,891.2	3,618.4	3,308.3
ynthetic rubber and plastics	11,282.4	11,107.8	12,032.4	12,847.4	13,257.3
Other chemical products	2,806.2	2,823.3	3,118.0	3,132.2	3,179.2
etroleum and coal products	9,382.5	10,742.1	11,867.3	14,751.7	15,281.9
rimary iron and steel	375.0	380.1	370.5	537.1	463.6
iteel bars, rods, plates, sheets	3,247.3	2,811.5	3,340.3	3,675.2	3,856.3
Other iron and steel and alloys	2,245.2	2,006.2	2,737.6	2,941.9 7,602.2	3,130.7
Numinum, including alloys	7,027.1 1,603.1	6,668.9 1,419.0	7,068.8 2.048.7	2,455.2	9,543.7 3,895.5
copper and alloys	1,253.5	1,385.5	2,536.8	2,420.4	3,450.6
lickel and alloys	4,889.7	4,091.7	4.987.5	5,621.2	6,429.3
recious metals and alloys inc and alloys	860.9	768.7	910.8	909.7	1,831.1
	690.0	610.5	952.5	874.2	929.5
other non ferrous metals and alloys Metal fabricated basic products	5,599.2	5,006.4	5,398.0	5,623.3	5,744.2
lectricity	1,812.4	1,851.7	2,007.8	3,153.3	2,492.5
extile fabricated materials	3,708.4	3,473.5	3,370.2	3,152.2	2,967.6
on metallic mineral basic products	2,571.3	2,394.9	2,486.1	2,426.0	2,487.3
Other fabricated materials	2,577.2	2,649.4	3,094.1	2,863.4	2,984.0
nd products, inedible	211,446.2	193,248.4	198,780.7	199,435.8	195,170.6
ndustrial machinery	18,602.5	17,204.4	17,384.2	18,471.4	19,200.5
gricultural machinery, including tractors	1,697.7	1,712.2	1,918.7	1,912.5	1,886.6
assenger automobiles and chassis	49,815.3	43,383.2	47,239.6	44,574.3	42,375.5
rucks, truck tractors and chassis lotor vehicle parts including motor vehicle engines and engine	17,856.4	16,115.0	15,488.0	16,169.0	14,969.1
parts	29,004.4	27,886.6	27,661.5	27,333.3	25,194.5
élévision, telecommunications and related equipment	12,528.3	10,902.6	12,024.4	13,520.9	13,062.9
ircraft, aircraft engiens and parts	16,897.6	15,282.6	13,914.5	14,099.8	14,368.1
Other transportaion equipment	5,535.2	5,341.3	5,618.5	6,050.0	6,172.9
Office machines and equipment	7,156.4	6,713.5	7,363.1	7,227.9	6,643.5
Other equipment and tools	23,861.1	21,454.7	22,108.9	22,207.7	22,953.8
Other consummer goods	17,678.9	17,187.4	17,269.3	17,248.7	17,959.0
Other end products, inedible	10,812.4	10,065.0	10,790.0	10,620.4	10,384.3
Special transactions, trade	8,232.5	7,689.1	7,985.8	8,288.1	8,732.3
Other balance of payments adjustments	6,737.2	7,105.5	6,295.7	6,479.2	6,461.9

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (balance of payments basis), (survey 2202) catalogue no. 65-001-X and CANSIM tables 228-0003 and 228-0001.

Table 7.10 Imports by commodity groupings, balance of payment basis

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
_		mi	llions of dollars		
Total imports	356,727.1	342,709.5	363,308.1	388,281.7	404,394.6
Live animals	236.7	174.3	137.8	144.2	165.4
Food, feed, beverages and tobacco	20,195.2	19,945.4	19,815.1	20,664.8	22,052.4
Meat and meat preparations	1,681.4	1,596.7	1,311.4	1,455.5	1,654.0
ish and marine animals	1,935.4	1,812.2	1,803.8	1,822.6 2.206.8	1,815.5 2,317.7
Fresh fruits and berries	2,020.1	2,013.5 1,061.9	2,070.7 1,100.0	1,136.0	1,235.8
Oried fruits, fruits and fruit preparations	1,075.6 1,700.3	1,638.7	1,633.5	1,718.0	1,786.1
Fresh vegetables Other vegetables and vegetable preparations	1,275.1	1,211.3	1,240.0	1,337.0	1,360.1
Cocoa, coffee, tea and other food preparations	3,340.3	3,427.6	3,590.6	3.697.0	3.921.1
Dairy produce, eggs and honey	583.3	567.3	638.9	616.8	540.2
Corn (maize) shelled	733.0	599.9	366.4	342.5	322.7
Other cereals and cereal preparations	1,484.5	1,416.3	1,453.0	1,488.5	1,559.8
Sugar and sugar preparations	1,179.2	1,220.2	1,131.2	1,228.2	1,408.4
odder and feed, except unmilled cereals	1,041.2	968.0	1,007.1	891.2	983.3
Beverages	2,035.3	2,294.9	2,359.3	2,603.3	2,886.6
obacco	110.6	116.9	109.1	121.3	261.0
Crude materails, inedible	20,405.7	22,813.6	27,950.2	34,393.1	35,791.3
Metal in ores, concentrates and scrap	2,980.1	3,029.2	4,102.5	4,355.7	6,092.4
Coal and other related products	1,932.9	2,838.8	3,715.0	5,076.0	3,887.5
Crude petroleum	11,722.3	13,300.9	16,439.0	21,581.9	22,512.3
Crude animal products	317.6	302.7	285.6	257.2	265.9
Crude vegetable products	1,214.3	1,229.4	1,257.0	1,151.1	1,179.1
Crude wood products	686.0	619.2	632.4 142.4	612.0	562.5 56.6
Cotton	133.7 370.7	159.1 361.4	343.3	78.6 326.0	288.9
Nool and man-made fibres Crude non-métallic minerals	1,048.0	972.9	1,032.9	954.5	946.0
Fabricated materials, inedible	69.538.7	66,667.4	74,906.5	82.196.7	87,087.0
Vood fabricated materials	2,451.8	2,388.9	2,539.8	2,523.0	2,520.4
extile fabricated materials	4,189.9	3,670.2	3,542.3	3,334.9	3,020,2
Organic chemicals	6,073.2	6,024.7	7,096.7	7,404.3	7,893.0
Plastic materials	9,692.3	9,357.9	9,978.2	10,719.0	10,835.7
Other chemicals and related products	9,986.8	9,688.7	9,803.7	10,551.9	11,019.4
Petroleum and coal products	2,912.1	3,673.0	4,627.6	7,011.0	8,178.6
Steel bars, rods, plates and sheets	4,267.1	3,970.8	6,287.3	6,906.5	7,455.7
Other iron and steel products	2,647.0	2,541.3	3,295.6	4,310.9	4,648.2
Precious metals, including alloys	2,678.7	1,724.8	2,399.0	3,061.5	3,716.4
Other non-ferrous metals and alloys	3,899.3	3,697.5	4,882.3	5,321.1	6,212.7
Metal fabricated basic products	9,871.5	8,945.9	9,103.5	9,668.8	10,150.1
Rubber fabricated materials	1,287.8	1,165.6	1,171.6	1,150.8	1,136.5
Oils and fats, animal and vegerable	770.2	812.0	854.1	878.0	890.5
Non-metallic minerals Other fabricated materials	3,053.8 5,757.2	2,957.8 6,048.4	3,121.0 6,203.9	3,107.9 6,247.2	3,289.1 6,120.4
End products, inedible Engines, turbines, electric generators and motors	233,889.6 3,589.2	221,481.5 2,994.8	229,177.3 3,198.8	238,833.8 3,223.0	246,455.0 3,628.1
Orilling and mining machinery	1,010.0	1,120.8	1,035.1	1,396.7	1,830.1
Excavating machinery	1,617.7	1,863.9	2,260.0	2,683.0	3.097.6
Metal working machinery	2,495.9	2,410.6	2,443.7	2,510.9	2,614.1
Other industrial machinery	15,693.0	15,185.2	15,115.8	16,408.1	17,024.9
Agricultural machinery including tractors	3,230.9	3,205.3	3,224.3	3,468.4	3,539.5
Passenger automabiles and chassis	26,227.0	24,519.2	22,347.4	23,476.7	25,103.8
rucks and other motor vehicles	11,776.6	13,026.5	14,090.8	15,285.1	16,750.5
Motor vehicle parts including motor vehicle engines and	43,465.6	38,945.9	40.926.6	20.644.5	27.000.0
engine parts	2,232.6			39,614.5	37,928.3
Television and radio sets and phonographs Otehr communication and related equipment	16,783.1	2,111.9 15,113.0	2,206.9 16,856.2	2,047.1 17,331.8	1,822.0 17,714.0
Office machines and equipment	15,699.8	14,542.0	15,447.0	16,005.7	15,963.1
Other equipment and tools	31,166.9	29,855.9	31,555.3	32,976.1	34,426.5
Aircraft, engines assenblies and parts	10,135.9	7,430.5	7.547.3	9,393.4	8,910.1
Other transportation equipment and parts	4,524.6	4,962.5	5,415.3	5,575.1	5,890.1
pparel and apparel accessories	6,990.9	6,892.2	7,408.0	7,828.0	8,337.1
ootwear	1,615.5	1,512.9	1,541.2	1,604.3	1,712.5
rinted matter	3,564.4	3,566.4	3,553.1	3,573.8	3,662.2
Vatches, sporting goods and toys	4,682.7	4,559.8	4,552.2	4,878.1	5,219.1
louse furnishings, utensils and other household goods	6,810.5	6,790.8	7,181.1	7,398.1	7,863.0
Photographic goods	2,838.8	2,769.9	2,880.2	2,771.7	2,431.3
Miscellaneous end products, inedible	17,738.3	18,101.7	18,391.4	19,384.6	20,987.1
Special transactions, trade	5,973.8	5,309.7	4,934.7	4,581.8	4,764.9
Other balance of payments adjustments	6,487.3	6,317.6	6,386.5	7,467.2	8,078.5

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): International Trade Division, Canadian International Merchandise Trade, (balance of payments basis) (survey 2202) catalogue no. 65-001-X and CANSIM tables 228-0003 and 228-0001.

Table 7.11 Receipts and payments, by type of services, Canada

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 ^r	2004 「	2005 ^r	2006
					millions	of dollars				
Receipts										
Total	43,755	50,223	53,636	59.718	60.065	63,483	61,781	64,690	66.979	67,230
Travel	12,221	14,019	15,141	15,997	16,437	16,741	14,776	16,745	16,674	16,598
Transportation	8,407	9,143	9,691	11,196	10,625	11.060	9,942	11,040	11,750	12,129
Commercial services	21,921	25,882	27,483	31,101	31,545	34,246	35.513	35,318	36.888	36,708
Government services	1,207	1,180	1,320	1,424	1,458	1,435	1,551	1,587	1,666	1,795
Payments										
Total	52,619	56,549	60,272	65,500	67.874	70.707	73,302	76,680	79,141	82,394
Travel	15.873	16,029	17,092	18.444	18,487	18,401	18,727	20,747	22,059	23,311
Transportation	11.417	11,759	12.307	13.916	13.970	14,438	14.509	15,919	17,566	19,194
Commercial services	24.658	28.041	30,110	32,366	34.477	36,903	39.109	39.040	38,503	38,865
Government services	671	721	762	774	940	965	956	973	1,013	1,024
Balances										
Total	-8.864	-6.325	-6,636	-5,782	-7,809	-7,224	-11,521	-11,990	-12,162	-15,165
Travel	-3,652	-2.010	-1.951	-2.447	-2,050	-1,659	-3,951	-4.002	-5,385	-6,713
Transportation	-3,010	-2.616	-2.617	-2.719	-3.345	-3.378	-4.567	-4,880	-5,815	-7,065
Commercial services	-2,737	-2,159	-2.627	-1.265	-2,932	-2,657	-3.596	-3.722	-1,615	-2,157
Government services	536	459	558	650	518	470	594	614	653	770

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X.

Table 7.12 International travel receipts and payments, Canada and other countries

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		mill	ions of dollars		
Receipts All countries United States All other countries	16,741 10,328 6,413	14,776 9,080 5,696	16,745 9,865 6,880	16,674 8,978 7,696	16,598 8,685 7,913
Payments All countries United States All other countries	18,401 10,872 7,529	18,727 10,713 8,014	20,747 11,545 9,202	. 22,059 12,195 9,864	23,311 12,935 10,376
Balances All countries United States All other countries	-1,659 -544 -1,116	-3,951 -1,633 -2,318	-4,002 -1,680 -2,322	-5,385 -3,216 -2,169	-6,713 -4,250 -2,463

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Canada's International Transactions in Services (survey 1536), Canada's International Trade in Services catalogue no. 67-203-X and CANSIM table 376-0031.

Table 7.13
Receipts and payments, by type of investment income, Canada

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 「	2006
					millions of	dollars				
Receipts Total Direct investment Portfolio investment 1 Other investment 1	33,252 15,164 4,972 13,115	32,338 12,955 5,741 13,642	32,905 14,073 6,140 12,692	36,755 15,090 7,189 14,476	25,990 6,391 8,070 11,529	30,502 13,766 8,859 7,877	29,253 13,706 8,654 6,893	38,169 21,253 10,070 6,846	48,213 26,017 12,380 9,816	61,599 32,600 16,867 12,131
Payments Total Direct investment Portfolio investment ² Other investment ²	62,133 18,885 29,519 13,730	61,965 16,271 31,302 14,391	66,518 21,979 30,676 13,862	69,863 24,477 29,838 15,548	65,320 22,266 30,668 12,386	60,799 21,529 30,804 8,466	59,284 23,765 28,816 6,702	62,468 27,652 27,968 6,849	70,735 34,212 27,897 8,625	73,446 31,091 27,094 15,260
Balances Total Direct investment Portfolio investment Other investment	-28,882 -3,721 -24,547 -614	-29,627 -3,316 -25,562 -749	-33,613 -7,906 -24,537 -1,170	-33,109 -9,388 -22,649 -1,072	-39,330 -15,875 -22,598 -857	-30,297 -7,763 -21,945 -589	-30,031 -10,059 -20,163 191	-24,299 -6,399 -17,898 -3	-22,522 -8,195 -15,518 1,191	-11,847 1,509 -10,227 -3,129

1. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Canada's Balance of International Payments (survey 1534), Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X and CANSIM table 376-0012.

Table 7.14
Receipts and payments of investment income, by geographical area, Canada

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006
					millions of	dollars				
eceipts										
Il countries	33,252	32,338	32,905	36,755	25,990	30,502	29,253	38,169	48,213	61,599
nited States	18,062	14,977	15,606	15,392	5,543	10,461	10,487	14,854	20,851	22,390
nited Kingdom	4,389	4,685	4,368	4,365	4,840	4,245	2,992	5,139	7,340	9,884
ther EU 1	2,198	2,817	2,725	3,764	3,577	3,187	4,849	3,841	3,756	6,235
apan	473	366	744	1,103	950	974	491	1,196	875	882
ther OECD 2	1,305	1,328	1,441	2,052	2,132	2,253	3,187	2,390	3,299	5,602
II other	6,825	8,166	8,020	10,078	8,948	9,381	7,246	10,750	12,092	16,607
ayments										
Il countries	62,133	61,965	66,518	69,863	65,320	60,799	59,284	62,468	70,735	73,446
nited States	37,795	38,128	43,130	45,444	43,812	40,937	40,076	41,757	46,535	44,539
nited Kingdom	6,358	5,584	5,859	5,515	5,750	5,591	5,461	6,474	5,779	7,928
ther EU 1	5,922	6,591	6,364	6,960	5,427	5,929	6,252	6,969	8,056	9,08
apan	4,198	3,833	3,921	3,686	3,377	2,909	2,517	2,584	2,756	3,069
ther OECD 2	3,287	2,840	2,889	2,796	2,401	1,588	1,830	1,828	2,537	2,12
Il other	4,574	4,989	4,355	5,462	4,552	3,845	3,149	2,856	5,072	6,698
alances										
Il countries	-28,882	-29,627	-33,613	-33,109	-39,330	-30,297	-30,031	-24,299	-22,522	-11,84
nited States	-19,733	-23,151	-27,524	-30,052	-38,269	-30,475	-29,589	-26,903	-25,684	-22,14
nited Kingdom	-1,970	-899	-1,491	-1,150	-911	-1,346	-2,470	-1.335	1,561	1,95
ther EU 1	-3,723	-3,774	-3,639	-3,196	-1,851	-2,742	-1,402	-3,129	-4,300	-2,85
apan	-3,725	-3,468	-3,177	-2,583	-2,427	-1,935	-2,025	-1,388	-1,882	-2,18
ther OECD 2	-1,982	-1,512	-1,447	-744	-269	665	1,357	562	762	3,47
II other	2,252	3,177	3,665	4.616	4,396	5,536	4,098	7,893	7.020	9,90

Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal
and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta,
Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

Prior to 1993, withholding tax applicable on payments of money market interest was included with interest on other investment. From 1993, it is included in interest on portfolio investment.

Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland,
Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up
to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria,
Finland and Sweden.

Source(s): Balance of Payments Division, Canada's Balance of International Payments (survey 1534), Canada's Balance of International Payments, catalogue no. 67-001-X.

Section 8

Business and industry statistics

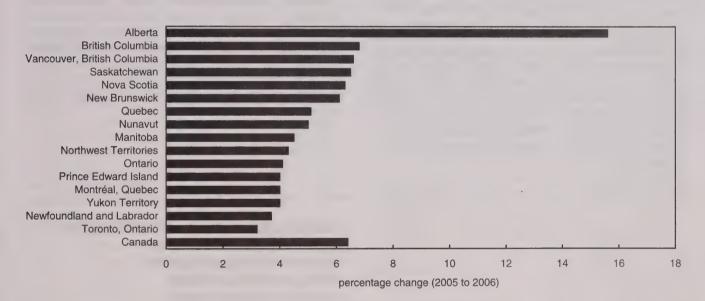
8.1 Retail sales

In 2006, retailers sold \$389.6 billion worth of goods and services, up +6.4% from 2005 and this represents the highest growth rate since 1997. Although all provinces

and territories reported increased retail trade, retailers in Alberta led the way with an impressive 15.6% increase in sales, the highest increase ever recorded. This marked the third consecutive year that Alberta's growth rate led the nation (11.8% in 2005 and 7.7% in 2004). Newfoundland and Labrador (+3.7%) recorded the lowest growth rate in retail sales in 2006 (table 8.3 and chart 8.1).

Chart 8.1

Growth of retail sale, Canada, provinces and the territories, 2005-2006



Source(s): Distributive Trades Division, Retail Trade Survey (Survey 2406) and CANSIM tables 080-0014 and 080-0015.

Nationwide, four of the eighteen trade groups reported double-digit growth rates in 2006, and of these groups, two were related to the housing sector. Canada's ongoing housing boom, higher levels of disposable income, and other factors kept things busy for home hardware and home furnishing retailers. With a growth rate of 13.9%, home furnishing stores made sales of \$5.3 billion (from \$4.7 billion in 2005) and this group was the fastest growing trade group of 2006. Provincially, home furnishing stores in Alberta recorded the biggest increase in sales (+35%) followed by those in New Brunswick (+25.8%) (table 8.5). Similarly, home

centres and hardware stores nationwide reported retail sales of \$20.1 billion (+10.5%) (table 8.5).

Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers recorded the second highest growth rate (+13.6%, up from 5.5% in 2005) with sales rising to about \$17.4 billion from about \$15.3 billion in 2005. This impressive growth was mainly driven by strong sales of recreational vehicles in 2006 and represented the group's strongest growth rate since 1994, the earliest year of data availability (table 8.5).

Pharmacies and personal care stores almost tripled the growth rate of their sales from 2005 to 2006.

The value of sales in these stores grew by +10.3% to about \$26 billion in 2006, representing the fastest growth rate since 1994 (table 8.5) and almost triple the +3.8% increase experienced from 2004 to 2005.

8.2 New motor vehicle sales

In 2006, sales of new motor vehicle recorded their second best year, as consumers in Canada drove off the lot with 1.67 million (+2.2) new cars and trucks. These purchases amounted to a total value of \$54.3 billion (+3.9%) and the average price of a new motor vehicle edged up slightly up by +1.6% from the previous year, to \$32, 609 in 2006 (table 8.7).

Powered by an impressive growth in the number of motor vehicles, especially trucks sold in that province, Alberta (+15.5%) recorded the largest increase in the retail value of motor vehicles in Canada (table 8.6).

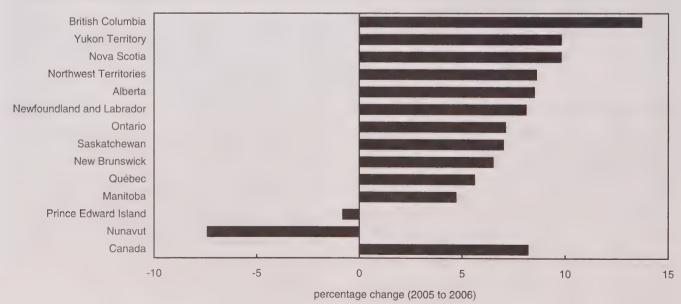
In the rest of Canada, only New Brunswick (+5.7%) and British Columbia (+7.5%) recorded growth rates that were higher than the Canadian average rate (table 8.6). Although Ontario and Quebec together accounted for about 60% of the retail value of new motor vehicles sold in Canada in 2006 (table 8.6), the total value of sales of new motor vehicles in those provinces grew by only +0.6% and +0.8% respectively over the previous year's figures (table 8.6).

8.3 Accommodation services

The number of establishments in the Accommodation industry increased by +7.5%. from 15,463 in 2004 to 16,630 in 2005 (table 8.11). This industry registered an 8.2% increase in its operating revenue (from \$13.2 billion to \$14.3 billion) (table 8.12 and chart 8.2). This can be mainly attributed to increased spending by Canadian tourists on accommodations. Operating revenues in Hotels, motel hotels, and motels, which accounted for about 87% of the industry total, grew +7.9% in 2005 to \$12.4 billion, while revenue accruing to other types of accommodations providers (which represented the remaining 13%) grew by +10.2% to about \$1.9 billion (table 8.12).

The accommodation services industry in British Columbia experienced the largest growth in its operating revenue, +13.7% (from about \$2.6 billion to about \$2.9 billion) (table 8.12 and chart 8.2). Accommodation services establishments in Alberta recorded the highest average operating revenue of about \$1.4 million, while Newfoundland and Labrador recorded the lowest average revenue in the industry (\$378,000) (tables 8.11 and 8.12).

Chart 8.2
Change in operating revenue of accommodation services industry, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Traveller Accomodation Survey (survey 2418) catalogue number 63-204-X and CANSIM table 351-0002.

8.4 Computer systems design and related services

The Computer Systems Design and Related services industry recorded a (4.1%) increase in its operating revenue from \$20.7 billion to \$21.6 billion in 2005 (tables 8.13 and 8.22). The provinces posting the largest year-over-year percentage gains in operating revenue were Nova Scotia (+15.5%), New Brunswick (+10.5%) and British Columbia (+17.9%). Ontario, which accounts for just over-half of combined industry revenues, and Quebec, which accounts for one-fifth of industry revenues, both edged up +2.4% and +4.7% respectively (table 8.22). This industry posted a profit margin of 7.6%, allowing it to record a profit of about \$1.6 billion (table 8.13 and 8.22).

The number of active establishments in the Computer Systems Design and Related service industry decreased from 51,230 to 47,479 (-7.3%). Primarily, Ontario saw the biggest decline in the numbers of Computer systems design establishments (-2,301) (tables 8.13 and 8.22).

Although overall, the number of establishments in this industry dropped, the cost of salaries, wages and benefits increased by 1.1% (from about \$9.1 billion to \$9.2 billion). Nova Scotia (+32.6%) and British Columbia (25.1%) recorded the largest year to year percentage increase in the salaries, wages and benefits of employees in the computer systems design and related services industry (table 8.13).

8.5 Business enterprise expenditure on research and development (BERD)

Business enterprises expenditure on research and development (BERD) remained constant at about \$15.4 billion in 2006. Manufacturing industries continued to account for the most significant portion In the past, the role of R&D and innovation in service industries was underappreciated and consequently it was argued that service sector firms are less likely to initiate research projects and mainly rely on technologically sophisticated suppliers for technology (Pavitt, 1987). However, after having made their mark on the economic landscape, services are now coming of age in the field of technology. Miozzo and Soete (2000)² propound that some service sector firms are increasingly becoming significant R&D performers and that there are multiple patterns of innovation in services.

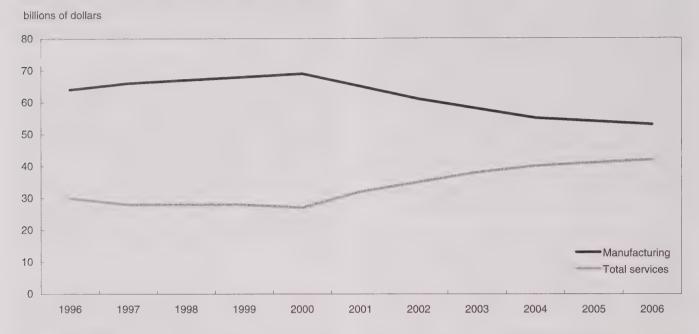
Evidently, in the past decade, the service sector in Canada has been increasing its expenditure on R&D. This is apparent in the fact that this sector's share of total intramural R&D expenditure has grown from 29.5% in 1996 to 42% in 2006 (table 8.32-1 and chart 8.3). The increased tradability of services, growing complementarity between goods and services, and trend towards the globalization of product and factor markets have all pressurized service firms to increase their investments in R&D. The growth in service sector R&D performance between 1996 and 2006 can be mainly attributed to increased R&D performance in three industries, Information and cultural industries, Computer systems design and related services, and Scientific research and development services. While service industries increased their share of total R&D expenditure between 1996 and 2006, R&D expenditure by manufacturing firms as a proportion of total intramural expenditure decreased from about 64% to 53% over the same period (table 8.32-1 and chart 8.3).

of the intra-mural expenditure on research and development (R&D) (about 53%) while Services (42%), Mining and Oil and Gas extraction, Agriculture, Forestry, fishing and hunting, Utilities and construction accounted for the rest of the expenditures (table 8.32-1).

Pavitt, K. (1987). The size distribution of innovating firm in the UK: 1945-1983. Journal of Industrial Economics XXXV (3): 297-316.

Miozzo, M. and Soete, L. (2001) "Internationalization of Services: A Technological Perspective", Technological Forecasting and Social Change, 67(2/3), 159-185.

Chart 8.3
Manufacturing and services R&D expenditures as percentage of total intramural R&D expenditures, 1996 to 2006



Source(s): Statistics Canada CANSIM table 358-0024, Business Enterprise Research and Development (BERD) characteristics by Industry Group (NAICS).

8.6 Engineering services

In 2005, the number of engineering services providing establishments in Canada increased by +5% (from 20,723 to 21,753). Alberta witnessed the biggest increase (+20%) in the number of engineering services firms (5,337 to 6,416 in 2005) (table 8.26).

Correspondingly, nationally, this industry recorded a +13.5% increase in its operating revenue (from \$12.1 billion in 2004 to about \$13.8 billion in 2005). Business investments in the surging resource sector, particularly in Western Canada, were a major factor contributing to this strong expansion. The continuing upturn boosted the industry's operating profit margin to 13.6%, compared with 11.6% in 2004 (tables 8.15 and 8.26).

In recent years, the industry's activities have shifted somewhat from Ontario to Alberta. The industry's revenues grew by +21% in Alberta. Firms in Saskatchewan (+38%) and British Columbia (+27%) also far outpaced the national average in 2005. Meanwhile, firms in Ontario, unable to sustain their growth of 2004, recorded a modest revenue gain of +2% (tables 8.15 and 8.26). Despite the small

growth, engineering service firms operating in Ontario earned 30% of the industry's 2005 revenues. Other significant market shares were recorded in Alberta (26%), Quebec (22%) and British Columbia (14%) (tables 8.14, 8.15, and 8.26).

8.7 Manufacturing

The number of manufacturing establishments decreased by 0.2% from 2004 to 2005 (from 32,657 to 32,582). Nevertheless. revenue from manufactured goods increased by +2.1% (from \$572 billion to about \$584 billion). This marked the second year in a row that revenue from goods manufactured increased, however the growth rate is lower than the +5.6% reported in 2004 (tables 8.18 and 8.19). The largest increases in revenues were experienced in the Petroleum and coal products manufacturing industry (+21.9% or +\$10 billion), Fabricated Metal Product manufacturing (+6.4%), Machinery manufacturing (+6%) and Primary metal manufacturing (+3.8%). However, these increases were offset by revenue declines in clothing manufacturing (-17.5%), textile mills (-10.1%), Computer and electronic product manufacturing (-9.1%), and paper manufacturing (-4.1%) (table 8.19).

Alberta experienced the largest increase in revenues from manufactured goods (+14.4%) (from about \$53 billion to \$60 billion in 2005) while Ontario and Quebec (whose manufacturing industries account for 51% and 23% of total revenues from goods manufactured respectively) registered growth rates of +0% and +1.9% respectively (table 8.18).

From 2004 to 2005, manufacturing industries in Alberta saw the largest increase in employment (+7,306 employees or +5.9%). During the same period, the most significant decline in numerical employment was recorded in Quebec (-11,269 employees or -2.4%), marking the fifth consecutive year of decline in employment in this industry in that province (table 8.18 and chart 8.4).

8.8 The waste management industry

The Waste Management industry provides a comprehensive range of services: the collection and transportation of waste and materials destined for recycling (including composting) or reuse; the operation of non-hazardous and hazardous waste disposal facilities; the operation of transfer stations; the operation of recycling facilities; and the treatment of hazardous waste.

In 2004, expenditure on waste management services by municipal governments increased to about \$1.9 billion (+24.1%) compared to \$1.5 billion recorded in 2002. Expenditure by the business sector on waste management also increased by +11.6% to about \$3.8 billion. About 33.2 million tonnes of solid waste was produced in Canada in 2004, translating to just over 1 tonne (compared to 971 kg in 2002) per person on average. Ontario and Quebec accounted for about 64% of total solid waste produced in that year (table 8.34).

Of the total amount of waste produced, about \$7.2 million tonnes were non-hazardous waste that was prepared for recycling by local waste

management organizations and companies. In 2004, for all of the provinces for which data is available, there was an increase in the amount of non-hazardous waste that was recycled except in Newfoundland and Labrador (-8%), Manitoba (-6.5%) and Saskatchewan (-9.4%) (table 8.34).

8.9 Growth of innovative biotechnology firms

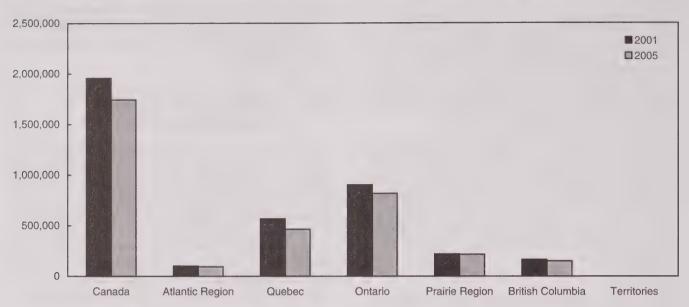
Around the world, many governments are increasingly viewing biotechnology as a potential new growth industry. There is a growing realization that this industry has the potential to boost economic growth, enhance society's ability to cure serious diseases, and improve quality of life. Consequently, investment in biotechnology activities has increased significantly. Biotechnology related to human health remained the most significant biotechnology sector in terms of number of firms, employment, R&D and revenues.

An innovative biotechnology firm is a firm that uses biotechnology for the purpose of developing new products or processes. In 2005, the number of innovative biotechnology firms in Canada grew to 532 from 490 (in 2003,) an increase of +9%, however, this growth rate was lower than the +31% increase recorded between 2001 and 2003 (from 375 to 490 firms) (table 8.37).

Three-quarters of all biotechnology companies were small firms, that is, they had fewer than 50 employees. Large biotech companies, those with at least 150 employees, represented only 10% of the 532 biotech firms in 2005 (table 8.37).

More than 75% of the innovative biotechnology firms were in three provinces: Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia (table 8.37). These provinces continue to comprise the bulk of Canadian biotechnology activity, accounting for more than 90% of biotechnology revenues in 2005. Ontario firms led the way in biotechnology revenues, R&D expenditures and employment, whereas those in Quebec accounted for the largest share of biotechnology firms.

Chart 8.4 Number of people (in thousands) employed in the manufacturing sector, Canada, and the Regions, 2001 and 2005



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Annual Survey of Manufacturing, CANSIM table 301-0003 (2000 to 2002); Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (Survey 2103) CANSIM table 301-0006 (2003, 2004 and 2005).

Table 8.1

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS) and employment size, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS				Size of es	stablishmen	t by numb	er of emplo	yees			
	code	Total	Indeter- minate	Subtotal	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 199	200 to 499	500 and
	code					number o	f establishr	nents				
Total Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Crop production Animal production Forestry and logging Fishing, hunting and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	11 111 112 113 114 115	2,285,090 193,935 63,232 94,114 17,829 8,993 9,767	1,232,732 137,049 44,999 73,214 10,035 3,171 5,630	1,052,358 56,886 18,233 20,900 7,794 5,822 4,137	602,086 43,339 13,465 17,371 5,326 4,343 2,834	178,132 6,885 2,453 2,009 1,024 796 603	124,486 3,789 1,337 995 669 451 337	90,160 2,075 739 406 526 162 242	31,819 541 176 75 162 56 72	15,052 180 46 26 59 12 37	7,576 67 15 16 22 2 12	3,047 10 2 2 6 0
Mining and oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	21 211 212 213	16,110 4,270 1,512 10,328	7,316 2,387 411 4,518	8,794 1,883 1,101 5,810	5,086 1,044 336 3,706	1,116 234 179 703	953 219 197 537	889 187 206 496	369 86 82 201	199 56 42 101	131 42 39 50	51 15 20 16
Utilities Utilities	22 221	2,117 2,117	853 853	1,264 1,264	555 555	213 213	179 179	134 134	62 62	44 44	38 38	39
Construction Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	23 236 237 238	264,844 80,413 29,236 155,195	149,477 46,632 20,437 82,408	115,367 33,781 8,799 72,787	75,164 22,420 4,359 48,385	17,702 5,323 1,310 11,069	11,080 3,212 1,084 6,784	7,476 1,882 1,042 4,552	2,473 576 544 1,353	964 225 259 480	394 107 155 132	114 36 46 32
Manufacturing Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing	31 to 33 311 312 313 314 315 316 321	97,860 9,266 1,103 1,121 1,739 5,083 792 6,955	37,275 2,848 387 488 715 2,401 442 2,687	60,585 6,418 716 633 1,024 2,682 350 4,268	25,471 2,633 395 282 526 1,422 177 1,557	8,987 972 72 73 163 368 56 577	8,195 844 75 99 132 300 50 616	8,467 828 66 70 105 308 34 692	4,597 484 47 50 62 145 17 390	2,882 354 28 35 18 89 11 298	1,574 240 20 22 18 39 4 128	412 63 13 2 0 11
Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing	322 323 324 325 326 327 331	1,254 8,542 411 3,543 3,569 3,680 1,070	308 3,448 108 1,181 1,005 1,208 314	946 5,094 303 2,362 2,564 2,472 756	177 2,781 107 838 636 857 218	96 833 46 339 328 399 74	115 571 33 372 377 432 94	154 493 56 376 499 437 111	126 237 24 206 326 209 96	125 126 12 135 263 98 60	109 49 18 80 111 36 66	44 7 16 24 4 37
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	332 333 334 335	12,788 8,720 3,681 1,964	4,287 3,248 1,578 710	8,501 5,472 2,103	3,144 2,111 785 460	1,383 854 263	1,344 754 307	1,476 882 321 218	697 490 196	328 262 119 68	107 99 83	22 20 29
Transportation equipment manufacturing Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	336 337 339	4,134 7,738 10,707	1,605 3,308 4,999	2,529 4,430 5,708	940 2,190 3,235	300 672 946	270 583 663	349 479 513	218 261 207	183 164 106	188 68 36	81 13
Wholesale trade Farm product wholesaler-distributors Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors	41 411 412 413 414 415 416	116,570 2,343 1,798 11,702 16,936 7,539 14,462	53,364 1,308 733 5,015 8,851 3,045 5,289	63,206 1,035 1,065 6,687 8,085 4,494 9,173	31,288 528 463 3,332 4,429 1,881 3,665	11,700 195 240 1,071 1,193 932 1,917	9,353 131 181 876 992 807 1,722	7,276 124 135 804 915 604 1,317	2,213 36 29 328 313 176 359	938 13 10 171 163 69 145	357 8 7 85 60 18 41	81 0 20 20 7
Machinery, equipment and supplies wholesaler-distributors Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	417 418 419	26,670 21,971 13,149	10,757 11,395 6,971	15,913 10,576 6,178	7,359 5,757 3,874	3,196 1,933 1,023	2,512 1,435 697	1,967 982 428	548 317 107	230 105 32	82 41 15	19 6 2
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores	44 to 45 441 442 443	217,934 21,122 11,750 14,363	83,751 8,819 4,683 6,578	134,183 12,303 7,067 7,785	61,104 4,695 3,498 4,275	32,113 2,421 1,561 1,989	21,413 2,031 1,043 1,023	12,178 1,941 681 387	4,322 869 199 83	2,141 298 57 21	821 46 25 6	91 2 3
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	444 445 446 447 448 451 452 453 454	11,183 37,373 15,969 15,726 27,765 14,344 10,891 28,209 9,239	3,559 13,370 3,764 5,072 8,193 6,067 3,936 13,746 5,964	7,624 24,003 12,205 10,654 19,572 8,277 6,955 14,463 3,275	3,321 11,913 4,005 4,020 7,478 3,816 2,887 9,234 1,962	1,600 4,744 3,285 3,304 6,616 2,028 1,312 2,619 634	1,299 3,108 2,413 2,444 3,861 1,436 998 1,443 314	899 2,023 1,899 757 1,120 767 464 997 243	270 1,262 499 92 312 172 387 116 61	95 800 89 30 101 36 554 30	138 131 13 5 61 15 341 17	23
Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Water transportation	48 to 49 481 482 483	112,849 1,785 156 634	66,033 864 51 293	46,816 921 105 341	30,913 377 18 147	5,925 145 10 48	4,173 140 8 38	3,479 128 18 48	1,275 59 11 28	562 31 10 16	359 25 10 12	130 16 20

Table 8.1 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS) and employment size, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS				Size of es	tablishmen	t by numb	er of emplo	yees			
	code *	Total	Indeter- minate	Subtotal	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 199	200 to 499	500 and more
	code					number of	establishr	nents				
Truck transportation	484	66,656	37,725	28,931	20,441	3,497	2,297	1,741	593	249	96	17
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	18,864	13,748	5,116	3,392	620	408	375	155	95	54	17
Pipeline transportation	486	305	138	167	88	14 47	15 42	28 36	11 13	6 4	5 2	0
Scenic and sightseeing transportation Support activities for transportation	487 488	815 12,565	497 6,203	318 6,362	173 3,598	941	773	651	240	88	52	19
Postal service	491	834	486	348	243	27	21	19	10	5	4	19
Couriers and messengers	492	7,091	4,718	2,373	1,592	243	180	164	76	21	82	15
Warehousing and storage	493	3,144	1,310	1,834	844	333	251	271	79	37	17	2
Information and cultural industries Publishing industries (except internet)	51 511	32,326 7,612	18,618 3,760	13,708 3,852	7,004 1,749	2,130 646	1,677 564	1,668 465	614 218	337 118	184 60	94 32
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	16,881	11,457	5,424	3,134	842	582	598	161	76	27	4
Broadcasting (except internet)	515	1,287	344	943	302	147	161	203	68	30	25	7
Internet publishing and broadcasting	516	390	230	160	91	26	15	17	8	1	2	0
Telecommunications	517	2,437	1,118	1,319	563	173	165	206	83	50	41	38
Internet service providers, web search portals and data processing	518	2,394	1,368	1,026	596	136	99	95	40	40	13	7
Other information services	519	1,325	341	984	569	160	91	84	36	22	16	6
Finance and insurance	52	111,705	73,025	38,680	19,837	6,125	5,070	5,243	1,168	652	375	210
Monetary authorities - central bank	521	16 406	7 220	0.170	2 200	1 626	1 631	2 940	3	150	0 85	1 84
Credit intermediation and related activities Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial	522	16,406	7,236	9,170	2,388	1,636	1,631	2,849	347	150	65	84
investment and related activities	523	78,418	61,311	17,107	10,714	2,222	1,928	1,251	442	303	174	73
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	13,846	2,300	11,546	6,195	2,170	1,432	1,069	349	183	101	47
Funds and other financial vehicles	526	3,025	2,177	848	540	97	79	70	27	15	15	5
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	179,890	138,003	41,887	25,632	6,860	4,505	3,111	1,036	465	210	68
Real estate	531	160,613	127,582	33,031	21,128	4,884	3,244	2,346	829	374	171	55
Rental and leasing services	532	18,200	9,830	8,370	4,320	1,888	1,173	687	178	78	35	11
Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	1,077	591	486	184	88	88	78	29	13	4	2
Brafaccional ecientific and technical convices	54	321,499	202,631	118.868	83,090	15,629	9,933	6,687	2,076	880	437	136
Professional, scientific and technical services Professional, scientific and technical services	541	321,499	202,631	118,868	83,090	15,629	9,933	6,687	2,076	880	437	136
Management of companies and enterprises Management of companies and enterprises	55 551	66,359 66,359	53,401 53,401	12,958 12,958	7,435 7,435	1,901 1,901	1,366 1,366	1,232 1,232	479 479	284 284	172 172	89 89
Administrative and support, waste management and												
remediation services	56	107,716	59,278	48,438	27,595	8,071	5,736	4,135	1,546	762 746	425	168
Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services	561 562	103,481 4,235	57,655 1,623	45,826 2,612	26,291 1,304	7,633 438	5,364 372	3,812 323	1,428 118	716 46	416 9	166 2
Educational services Educational services	61 611	22,769 22,769	10,927 10,927	11,842 11,842	6,158 6,158	1,875 1,875	1,457 1,457	1,053 1,053	414 414	247 247	213 213	425 425
Health care and social assistance	62	96,573	13,454	83,119	47,297	15,729	9,755	5,745	2,077	1,291	803	422
Ambulatory health care services	621	67,981	10,618	57,363	36,070	11,579	5,935	2,563	673	323	187	33
Hospitals	622	1,296	60	1,236	125	82	43	125	163	167	226	305
Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	623 624	7,402 19,894	472 2,304	6,930 17,590	2,276 8,826	1,076 2,992	941 2,836	962 2,095	729 512	596 205	294 96	56 28
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71 711	42,834 22,707	24,587 17,151	18,247 5,556	9,510 3,624	3,237 858	2,382 537	1,885 313	677 120	337 46	162 38	57 20
Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries Heritage institutions	712	1,927	346	1,581	1,034	284	123	75	29	12	20	4
Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	713	18,200	7,090	11,110	4,852	2,095	1,722	1,497	528	279	104	33
Accommodation and food services	72	107,462	33,768	73,694	28,841	14,071	13,593	11,646	4,137	1,023	314	69
Accommodation services	721	17,699	6,581	11,118	4,657	2,005	1,672	1,610	652	307	177	38
Food services and drinking places	722	89,763	27,187	62,576	24,184	12,066	11,921	10,036	3,485	716	137	31
Other services (except Public administration)	81	165,748	69,849	95,899	64,527	16,348	8,796	4,522	1,079	399	175	53
Repair and maintenance	811	72,421	35,410	37,011	24,216	7,070	3,785	1,567	276	72	18	7
Personal and laundry services	812	43,635	19,956	23,679	15,595	4,109	2,304	1,245	296	83	35	12
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations	813	49,689	14,483	35,206	24,715	5,167	2,707	1,710	507	244	122	34
Private households	814	3	0	35,200	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public administration	91	7,990	73	7,917	2,240	1,515	1,081	1,259	664	465	365	328
Federal government public administration	911	567	2	565	117	48	39	81	54	56	73	97
Provincial and territorial public administration	912	1,997	21	1,976	329	248	311	404	235	177	145	127
Local, municipal and regional public administration Aboriginal public administration	913 914	4,629 754	43	4,586 748	1,642 130	1,088 121	574 150	565 207	283 92	192 39	140 7	102
International and other extra-territorial public	914	754	0	740	130	121	150	207	92	28	′	2
administration	919	43	1	42	22	10	7	2	0	1	0	0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Business Register Division, Business Register (survey 1105).

Table 8.2-1
Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU) — Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by business size and life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2002 to 2003

		200	02				200	03			Net change	in ALU's
	Businesses	Payroll	Α	LU's		Businesses	Payroll	А	LU's			
			Number	Size	Life status			Number	Size	Life status	Number	percent
	number	\$000,000	000's	9	6	number	\$000,000	000's	9	V ₀	000's	%
Total, all sizes Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	999,998 879,223 453,344 425,879 0 120,775	521,788 512,940 261,137 251,803 0 8,848	13,946.7 13,679.5 6,811.4 6,868.2 0.0 267.1	100 100 100 100 100	100 98 49 49 	1,014,104 879,223 453,344 425,879 134,881	546,984 538,145 302,674 235,471 8,838 0	14,183.6 13,914.3 8,061.9 5,852.4 269.3 0.0	100 100 100 100 100	100 98 57 41 2	236.9 234.7 1,250.5 -1,015.8 269.3 -267.1	1.7 1.7 18.4 -14.8 0.0 0.0
Less than 5 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	735,582 622,631 327,393 295,238 0 112,951	36,880 33,906 17,687 16,219 0 2,974	1,106.8 1,015.0 502.7 512.3 0.0 91.8	8 7 7 7 34	100 92 45 46 	748,671 622,631 327,393 295,238 126,040 0	41,812 37,987 24,905 13,082 3,825 0	1,240.5 1,128.8 745.8 383.0 111.8 0.0	9 8 9 7 41	100 91 60 31 9	133.7 113.8 243.1 -129.3 111.8 -91.8	12.1 11.2 48.4 -25.2 0.0
5 to 19.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	184,519 178,341 86,996 91,345 0 6,178	51,769 50,151 25,879 24,273 0 1,618	1,781.3 1,725.3 844.4 880.9 0.0 56.0	13 13 12 13 21	100 97 47 49 	185,697 178,341 86,996 91,345 7,356	54,620 52,825 31,747 21,078 1,795	1,819.8 1,754.3 1,056.7 697.6 65.6 0.0	13 13 13 12 24	100 96 58 38 4	38.5 29.0 212.3 -183.3 65.6 -56.0	2.2 1.7 25.1 -20.8 0.0
20 to 49.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	49,364 48,225 23,896 24,329 0 1,139	45,877 44,834 23,456 21,378 0 1,043	1,513.9 1,479.8 733.3 746.5 0.0 34.2	11 11 11 11 11 	100 98 48 49 	49,352 48,225 23,896 24,329 1,127	48,767 47,807 28,392 19,416 960 0	1,540.5 1,506.5 898.1 608.5 34.0 0.0	11 11 11 10 13	100 98 58 39 2	26.6 26.8 164.8 -138.0 34.0 -34.2	1.8 1.8 22.5 -18.5 0.0
50 to 99.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	16,758 16,446 8,186 8,260 0 312	36,233 35,515 18,559 16,956 0 718	1,148.4 1,127.3 561.9 565.4 0.0 21.0	8 8 8 	100 98 49 49 	16,665 16,446 8,186 8,260 219	37,543 37,090 21,470 15,620 453 0	1,145.1 1,130.1 662.4 467.7 15.0 0.0	8 8 8 8 6	100 99 58 41 1	-3.3 2.8 100.5 -97.7 15.0 -21.0	-0.3 0.2 17.9 -17.3 0.0
100 to 499.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	7,529 7,423 3,728 3,695 0 106	34,914 34,389 18,144 16,245 0 525	1,045.9 1,031.0 518.0 513.0 0.0 15.0	7 8 8 7 	100 99 50 49 	7,497 7,423 3,728 3,695 74 0	36,513 36,162 21,225 14,937 351 0	1,060.1 1,049.8 619.9 429.8 10.3 0.0	7 8 8 7 4	100 99 58 41 1	14.2 18.8 102.0 -83.2 10.3 -15.0	1.4 1.8 19.7 -16.2 0.0
500 ALU's and more Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	6,246 6,157 3,145 3,012 0 89	316,115 314,145 157,411 156,733 0 1,970	7,350.4 7,301.2 3,651.1 3,650.1 0.0 49.2	53 53 54 53 	100 99 50 50 	6,222 6,157 3,145 3,012 65 0	327,728 326,273 174,935 151,339 1,455 0	7,377.6 7,344.9 4,079.0 3,265.9 32.7 0.0	52 53 51 56 12	100 100 55 44 0	27.2 43.7 427.9 -384.3 32.7 -49.2	0.4 0.6 11.7 -10.5 0.0

Table 8.2-2
Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU) — Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2002 to 2003

		2002				2003			Net change	in ALU's
	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU'S	Life status	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU'S	Life status	Number	Percent
	number	\$000,000	000's	%	number	\$000,000	000's	%	000's	%
Canada, total all sizes Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified	999,998 879,223 453,344 425,879	521,788 512,940 261,137 251,803	13,946.7 13,679.5 6,811.4 6,868.2 0.0	100 98 49 49	1,014,104 879,223 453,344 425,879 134,881	546,984 538,145 302,674 235,471 8,838	14,183.6 13,914.3 8,061.9 5,852.4 269.3	100 98 57 41 2	236.9 234.7 1,250.5 -1,015.8 269.3	1.7 1.7 18.4 -14.8 0.0
No longer identified	120,775	8,848	267.1	2	0	0	0.0	•••	-267.1	0.0
Newfoundland and Labrador, total all sizes Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	19,541 16,168 8,145 8,023 0 3,373	5,817 5,725 3,388 2,338 0 91	192.3 187.9 99.1 88.7 0.0 4.5	100 98 52 46 	19,853 16,168 8,145 8,023 3,685	6,278 6,088 3,886 2,202 190	199.3 193.2 122.1 71.2 6.1 0.0	100 97 61 36 3	7.0 5.4 23.0 -17.6 6.1 -4.5	3.7 2.9 23.2 -19.8 0.0 0.0
Prince Edward Island, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	7,169 5,984 3,394 2,590 0 1,185	1,630 1,589 830 759 0 41	61.7 60.0 30.5 29.5 0.0 1.7	100 97 49 48 	7,082 5,984 3,394 2,590 1,098	1,730 1,696 980 715 35	63.9 62.2 38.3 23.8 1.7 0.0	100 97 60 37 3	2.2 2.2 7.9 -5.7 1.7	3.5 3.6 25.8 -19.3 0.0
Nova Scotia, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	31,903 27,520 14,852 12,668 0 4,383	12,587 12,018 7,097 4,921 0 568	400.0 383.8 210.9 172.9 0.0 16.2	100 96 53 43 	31,934 27,520 14,852 12,668 4,414 0	13,216 12,970 8,405 4,565 246 0	409.0 400.2 258.8 141.4 8.9 0.0	100 98 63 35 2	9.1 16.4 47.9 -31.5 8.9 -16.2	2.3 4.3 22.7 -18.2 0.0 0.0
New Brunswick, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	27,565 23,471 11,049 12,422 0 4,094	9,660 9,488 5,121 4,367 0 172	322.2 314.9 161.1 153.8 0.0 7.3	100 98 50 48 2	27,360 23,471 11,049 12,422 3,889	10,210 10,036 5,831 4,205 174	326.2 318.9 191.1 127.8 7.3 0.0	100 98 59 39 2	4.0 4.0 29.9 -26.0 7.3 -7.3	1.2 1.3 18.6 -16.9 0.0 0.0
Quebec, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	232,817 207,143 109,707 97,436 0 25,674	110,782 108,746 60,323 48,422 0 2,036	3,260.8 3,192.1 1,732.3 1,459.8 0.0 68.8	100 98 53 45 	233,836 207,143 109,707 97,436 26,693	115,059 113,317 68,910 44,407 1,742	3,307.4 3,249.2 2,034.1 1,215.1 58.2 0.0	100 98 62 37 2	46.6 57.1 301.8 -244.7 58.2 -68.8	1.4 1.8 17.4 -16.8 0.0 0.0
Ontario, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	342,971 299,786 151,751 148,035 0 43,185	222,318 218,812 114,437 104,375 0 3,506	5,460.9 5,365.0 2,659.1 2,705.8 0.0 95.9	100 98 49 50 	349,967 299,786 151,751 148,035 50,181	233,865 229,892 130,997 98,895 3,974	5,514.4 5,401.4 3,084.4 2,317.0 113.0 0.0	100 98 56 42 2	53.5 36.5 425.3 -388.8 113.0 -95.9	1.0 0.7 16.0 -14.4 0.0 0.0
Manitoba, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	36,845 31,822 16,996 14,826 0 5,023	16,130 15,846 9,115 6,731 0 284	549.5 538.7 297.8 240.9 0.0 10.8	100 98 54 44 2	36,835 31,822 16,996 14,826 5,013	16,814 16,553 10,252 6,301 261	564.2 553.4 354.9 198.5 10.8 0.0	100 98 63 35 2	14.8 14.7 57.1 -42.4 10.8 -10.8	2.7 2.7 19.2 -17.6 0.0 0.0
Saskatchewan, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	39,895 34,344 17,530 16,814 0 5,551	12,808 12,426 7,301 5,125 0 382	415.1 401.5 224.6 176.9 0.0 13.6	100 97 54 43 3	39,781 34,344 17,530 16,814 5,437	13,479 13,246 8,456 4,790 233 0	422.2 412.7 270.9 141.9 9.5 0.0	100 98 64 34 2	7.1 11.3 46.3 -35.0 9.5 -13.6	1.7 2.8 20.6 -19.8 0.0 0.0

Table 8.2-2 - continued

Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU) — Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2002 to 2003

		2002				2003			Net change	in ALU's
	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU'S	Life status	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU'S	Life status	Number	Percent
	number	\$000,000	000's	%	number	\$000,000	000's	%	000's	%
Alberta, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	140,673	63,341	1,481.7	100	144,238	66,712	1,560.0	100	78.3	5.3
Continously identified	121,286	62,017	1,449.7	98	121,286	65,273	1,523.1	98	73.4	5.1
increasing ALU's	63,899	35,900	787.9	53	63,899	41,866	988.3	63	200.4	25.4
decreasing ALU's	57,387	26,116	661.8	45	57,387	23,407	534.8	34	-127.0	-19.2
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		22,952	1,439	36.9	2	36.9	0.0
No longer identified	19,387	1,324	32.1	2	0	0	0.0		-32.1	0.0
British Columbia, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	159,306	63,459	1,729.5	100	162,492	66,167	1.742.0	100	12.5	0.7
Continously identified	137,356	62,122	1,688.9	98	137,356	64,592	1,698.6	98	9.7	0.6
increasing ALU's	69,099	31,860	826.8	48	69,099	36,879	992.1	57	165.4	20.0
decreasing ALU's	68.257	30,262	862.2	50	68,257	27,714	706.5	41	-155.7	-18.1
Newly identified	00,237	0	0.0	30	25,136	1.575	43.4	2	43.4	0.0
				_						
No longer identified	21,950	1,337	40.5	2	0	0	0.0	***	-40.5	0.0
Yukon, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	1,689	633	16.0	100	1,704	628	15.5	100	-0.5	-2.9
Continously identified	1,401	595	15.2	95	1,401	618	15.2	98	0.0	0.1
increasing ALU's	700	383	8.6	54	700	429	10.6	68	1.9	22.4
decreasing ALU's	701	211	6.6	41	701	189	4.7	30	-1.9	-29.3
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		303	10	0.3	2	0.3	0.0
No longer identified	288	38	0.8	5	0	0	0.0		-0.8	0.0
Northwest Territories, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	1,846	1,206	27.8	100	1,895	1,294	28.6	100	0.8	2.8
Continously identified	1,453	1,179	27.1	97	1,453	1,255	27.6	97	0.6	2.1
increasing ALU's	775	459	9.9	36	775	601	14.0	49	4.1	40.9
decreasing ALU's	678	720	17.1	62	678	654	13.6	48	-3.5	-20.5
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		442	39	0.9	3	0.9	0.0
	393	27	0.7		0	0	0.0		-0.7	0.0
No longer identified	393	21	0.7	3	U	U	0.0	•••	-0.7	0.0
Nunavut, total all sizes	070	545	40.0	100	700	575	12.5	100	0.0	5.9
Total, all statuses	678	545	12.8	100	732	575	13.5		0.8	
Continously identified	485	527	12.2	95	485	547	12.8	95	0.6	5.0
increasing ALU's	276	388	8.7	68	276	443	10.5	78	1.8	20.8
decreasing ALU's	209	139	3.4	27	209	104	2.2	17	-1.2	-35.2
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		247	29	0.7		0.7	0.0
No longer identified	193	18	0.6	5	0	0	0.0	0	-0.6	0.0

Table 8.2-3
Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU) — Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by business size and life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2003 to 2004

		20	03				20	04 .			Net change	in ALU's
	Businesses	Payroll	Α	LU'S		Businesses	Payroll	A	LU'S			
		Number	Number	Size	Life Status	Number	e	Number	Size	Life Status	Number	Percent
	number	\$000,000	000's		%	number	\$000,000	000's		%	000's	%
Total, all sizes Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	1,014,104 893,353 430,364 462,989 0 120,751	546,984 541,186 248,642 292,544 0 5,797	14,183.6 14,004.8 6,357.7 7,647.1 0.0 178.8	100 100 100 100 100	100 99 45 54 	1,046,573 893,353 430,364 462,989 153,220	575,031 564,984 289,314 275,671 10,046 0	14,268.8 13,974.7 7,497.6 6,477.2 294.0 0.0	100 100 100 100 100	100 98 53 45 2	85.2 -30.1 1,139.8 -1,169.9 294.0 -178.8	0.6 -0.2 17.9 -15.3 0.0
Less than 5 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	744,999 630,252 311,626 318,626 0 114,747	38,625 35,526 17,087 18,439 0 3,099	1,119.5 1,028.5 471.3 557.2 0.0 91.0	8 7 7 7 51	100 92 42 50 	774,250 630,252 311,626 318,626 143,998	44,711 40,072 24,858 15,214 4,639 0	1,246.7 1,120.4 704.4 416.0 126.3 0.0	9 8 9 6 43	100 90 56 33 10	127.2 91.8 233.0 -141.2 126.3 -91.0	11.4 8.9 49.4 -25.3 0.0 0.0
5 to 19.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	187,976 182,788 82,170 100,618 0 5,188	54,395 53,142 24,889 28,253 0 1,253	1,812.6 1,767.0 799.5 967.5 0.0 45.6	13 13 13 13 26	100 97 44 53 	190,483 182,788 82,170 100,618 7,695	58,455 56,394 31,307 25,088 2,061 0	1,828.1 1,761.0 999.0 762.0 67.2 0.0	13 13 13 12 23	100 96 55 42 4	15.5 -6.0 199.4 -205.5 67.2 -45.6	0.9 -0.3 24.9 -21.2 0.0 0.0
20 to 49.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	50,236 49,604 22,414 27,190 0 632	48,325 47,765 22,695 25,070 0 560	1,540.0 1,521.4 688.9 832.6 0.0 18.5	11 11 11 11 11	100 99 45 54 	50,741 49,604 22,414 27,190 1,137	51,505 50,498 27,463 23,036 1,006	1,543.8 1,509.7 831.1 678.6 34.1 0.0	11 11 11 10 12	100 98 54 44 2	3.8 -11.7 142.3 -154.0 34.1 -18.5	0.2 -0.8 20.7 -18.5 0.0 0.0
50 to 99.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	16,943 16,827 7,647 9,180 0	37,900 37,649 17,740 19,909 0 251	1,163.1 1,155.6 526.0 629.6 0.0 7.4	8 8 8 8	100 99 45 54 	17,091 16,827 7,647 9,180 264	39,869 39,297 20,736 18,561 572 0	1,161.2 1,143.3 621.2 522.1 17.9 0.0	8 8 8 8	100 98 54 45 2	-1.9 -12.3 95.2 -107.5 17.9 -7.4	-0.2 -1.1 18.1 -17.1 0.0 0.0
100 to 499.9 ALU's Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	7,705 7,663 3,629 4,034 0	36,688 36,507 17,875 18,632 0	1,074.0 1,068.5 509.5 558.9 0.0 5.5	8 8 8 7 	100 99 47 52	7,735 7,663 3,629 4,034 72 0	38,493 38,203 20,688 17,515 289 0	1,074.8 1,065.3 600.0 465.4 9.4 0.0	8 8 8 7 3	100 99 56 43 1	0.8 -3.1 90.5 -93.6 9.4 -5.5	0.1 -0.3 17.8 -16.7 0.0
500 ALU's and more Total, all statuses Continously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's Newly identified No longer identified	6,245 6,219 2,878 3,341 0 26	331,051 330,597 148,356 182,241 0 453	7,474.4 7,463.7 3,362.4 4,101.3 0.0 10.7	53 53 53 54 6	100 100 45 55 	6,273 6,219 2,878 3,341 54 0	341,998 340,519 164,262 176,257 1,479	7,414.2 7,375.1 3,741.9 3,633.2 39.2 0.0	52 53 50 56 13	100 99 50 49 1	-60.2 -88.7 379.5 -468.1 39.2 -10.7	-0.8 -1.2 11.3 -11.4 0.0 0.0

Table 8.2-4
Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU) — Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2003 to 2004

		2003				2004			Net change	in ALU's
	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU's	Life status	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU's	Life status	Number	Percen
	number	\$000,000	000's	%	number	\$000,000	000's	%	000's	9/
Canada, total all sizes otal, all statuses continously identified increasing ALU's	1,014,104 893,353 430,364	546,984 541,186 248,642	14,183.6 14,004.8 6,357.7	100 99 45	1,046,573 893,353 430,364	575,031 564,984 289,314	14,268.8 13,974.7 7,497.6	100 98 53	85.2 -30.1 1,139.8	0.6 -0.2 17.9
decreasing ALU's lewly identified to longer identified	462,989 0 120,751	292,544 0 5,797	7,647.1 0.0 178.8	54	462,989 153,220 0	275,671 10,046 0	6,477.2 294.0 0.0	45 2	-1,169.9 294.0 -178.8	-15.3 0.0 0.0
ewfoundland and Labrador, total all										
sizes otal, all statuses	19,853	6,278	199.3	100	20,347	6,481	201.1	100	1.7	0.0
ontinously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's	16,435 7,786 8,649	6,200 . 2,556 3,644	195.7 81.2 114.5	98 41 57	16,435 7,786 8,649	6,222 2,931 3,291	192.7 101.1 91.6	96 50 46	-3.0 19.9 - 22.9	-1.0 24.5 -20.0
ewly identified o longer identified	0 3,418	0 78	0.0 3.6	2	3,912 0	258 0	8.4 0.0	4	8.4 -3.6	0.0 0.0
rince Edward Island, total all sizes	7.082	1,730	63.9	100	7,110	1,819	61.8	100	-2.1	-3.
ontinously identified increasing ALU's	5,913 2,692	1,703 670	62.5 22.4	98 35	5,913 2,692	1,762 781	59.3 27.9	96 45	-3.2 5.6	-5. 25.
decreasing ALU's ewly identified o longer identified	3,221 0 1,169	1,033 0 27	40.1 0.0 1.4	63 2	3,221 1,197 0	981 58 0	31.4 2.5 0.0	51 4 	-8.8 2.5 -1.4	-21.8 0.0 0.0
ova Scotia, total all sizes	24.024	40.040	400.0	400	20.444	40.070	207.4	400	44.7	0.1
otal, all statuses ontinously identified increasing ALU's	31,934 27,677 12,396	13,216 13,039 5,987	409.0 402.7 178.5	100 98 44	32,441 27,677 12,396	13,379 13,082 6,667	397.4 386.8 209.5	100 97 53	-11.7 -15.9 31.0	-2. -3. 17.
decreasing ALU's ewly identified o longer identified	15,281 0 4,257	7,053 0 177	224.2 0.0 6.3	55 2	15,281 4,764 0	6,415 298 0	177.3 10.5 0.0	45 3 	-46.9 10.5 -6.3	-20. 0. 0.
ew Brunswick, total all sizes	27.360	10,210	326.2	100	27,731	10,519	318.0	100	-8.2	-2.
ontinously identified increasing ALU's	23,468 10,287	10,093 3,927	321.3 120.5	98 37	23,468 10,287	10,306 4,532	310.2 146.7	98 46	-11.0 26.3	-3 21.
decreasing ALU's ewly identified o longer identified	13,181 0 3,892	6,165 0 117	200.8 0.0 4.9	62 2	13,181 4,263 0	5,773 213 0	163.5 7.7 , 0.0	51 2 	-37.3 7.7 -4.9	-18. 0. 0.
uebec, total all sizes	022.026	445.050	2 207 4	100	227.040	120 604	3,318.4	100	11.0	0.
otal, all statuses ontinously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's	233,836 208,279 105,614 102,665	115,059 113,878 50,870 63,008	3,307.4 3,264.4 1,457.0 1,807.4	99 44 55	237,910 208,279 105,614 102,665	120,694 118,646 58,614 60,032	3,251.3 1,703.9 1,547.4	98 51 47	-13.1 246.9 -260.0	-0. 16. -14.
lewly identified to longer identified	0 25,557	0 1,181	0.0 43.0	1	29,631 0	2,048 0	67.1 0.0	2	67.1 -43.0	0. 0.
ontario, total all sizes otal, all statuses continously identified	349,967 306,360 146,299	233,865 231,154 108,963	5,514.4 5,440.0 2,559.0	100 99 46	363,871 306,360 146,299	242,968 238,896 125,423	5,546.2 5,433.6 3,025.6	100 98 55	31.8 -6.3 466.7	0. -0. 18.
increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's lewly identified to longer identified	160,061 0 43,607	122,191 0 2,711	2,881.0 0.0 74.5	52 1	160,061 57,511 0	113,472 4,072 0	2,408.0 112.6 0.0	43 2 	-473.0 112.6 -74.5	-16. 0. 0.
lanitoba, total all sizes otal, all statuses	36,835	16,814	564.2	100	37,647	17,753	562.0	100	-2.2	-0.
ontinously identified increasing ALU's decreasing ALU's ewly identified	32,007 14,557 17,450 0	16,632 8,616 8,016 0	556.5 257.8 298.7 0.0	99 46 53	32,007 14,557 17,450 5,640	17,442 9,775 7,667 311	550.4 301.0 249.5 11.6	98 54 44 2	-6.1 43.2 -49.2 11.6	-1. 16. -16. 0.
o longer identified	4,828	182	7.7	1	0	0	0.0	•••	-7.7	0.
askatchewan, total all sizes otal, all statuses ontinously identified increasing ALU's	39,781 34,121 17,928	13,479 13,259 7,176	422.2 413.6 207.4	100 98 49	40,004 34,121 17,928	13,853 13,577 8,206	422.1 412.0 243.9	100 98 58	-0.1 -1.6 36.5	0. -0. 17.
decreasing ALU's ewly identified o longer identified	16,193 0 5,660	6,083 0 220	206.3 0.0 8.6	49 2	16,193 5,883 0	5,371 277 0	168.2 10.1 0.0	40 2 	-38.1 10.1 -8.6	-18 0 0

Table 8.2-4 -- continued

Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU) — Employment change based on average labour unit (ALU), by life status, Canada, provinces and territories, study period 2003 to 2004

	2003					2004			Net change	in ALU's
	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU's	Life status	Businesses	Payroll	Number of ALU's	Life status	Number	Percent
	number	\$000,000	000's	%	number	\$000,000	000's	%	000's	%
Alberta, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	144,238	66,712	1,560.0	100	150,129	73,628	1,590.2	100	30.2	1.9
Continously identified	123,958	65,598	1,532.2	98	123,958	71,902	1,548.5	97	16.4	1.1
increasing ALU's	58,849	32,965	720.8	46	58,849	40,213	870.5	55	149.6	20.8
decreasing ALU's	65,109	32,633	811.3	52	65,109	31,689	678.1	43	-133.2	-16.4
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		26,171	1,726	41.7	3	41.7	0.0
No longer identified	20,280	1,114	27.9	2	0	0	0.0	***	-27.9	0.0
British Columbia, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	162,492	66,167	1,742.0	100	170,400	70,283	1,773.3	100	31.3	1.8
Continously identified	141,012	65,244	1,714.5	98	141,012	68,535	1,726.2	97	11.7	0.7
increasing ALU's	66,153	28,706	756.5	43	66,153	34,240	925.0	52	168.5	22.3
decreasing ALU's	74,859	36,538	958.0	55	74,859	34,295	801.2	45	-156.8	-16.4
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		29,388	1,748	47.1	3	47.1	0.0
No longer identified	21,480	923	27.5	2	0	0	0.0	•••	-27.5	0.0
Yukon, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	1,704	628	15.5	100	1,749	668	16.7	100	1.2	7.6
Continously identified	1,393	619	15.2	98	1,393	655	16.3	98	1.1	7.0
increasing ALU's	746	416	9.3	60	746	474	12.1	72	2.8	30.3
decreasing ALU's	647	203	6.0	38	647	181	4.2	25	-1.8	-29.4
Newly identified	0	0	0.0	***	356	13	0.4	2	0.4	0.0
No longer identified	311	9	0.3	2	0	0	0.0	***	-0.3	0.0
Northwest Territories, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	1,895	1,294	28.6	100	1,936	1,362	29.6	100	1.0	3.6
Continously identified	1,480	1,269	28.0	98	1,480	1,335	28.9	98	0.9	3.1
increasing ALU's	780	805	16.6	58	780	921	20.4	69	3.9	23.3
decreasing ALU's	700	464	11.5	40	700	414	8.5	29	-3.0	-26.0
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		456	27	0.7	2	0.7	0.0
No longer identified	415	25	0.6	2	0	0	0.0	***	-0.6	0.0
Nunavut, total all sizes										
Total, all statuses	1,895	1,294	28.6	100	1,936	1,362	29.6	100	1.0	3.6
Continously identified	1,480	1,269	28.0	98	1,480	1,335	28.9	98	0.9	3.1
increasing ALU's	780	805	16.6	58	780	921	20.4	69	3.9	23.3
decreasing ALU's	700	464	11.5	40	700	414	8.5	29	-3.0	-26.0
Newly identified	0	0	0.0		456	27	0.7	2	0.7	0.0
No longer identified	415	25	0.6	2	0	0	0.0	***	-0.6	0.0

Table 8.3
Total retail sales, by trade group, Canada, provinces and territories

	Trade group	Cana	ada	Percentage change	Newfoundla Labrac		Percentage change	Prince Ed		Percentage change
		2005	2006	2005 to 2006 =	2005	2006	2005 to 2006	2005	2006	2005 to 2006
	code	millio	ons	percent	millior	18	percent	millior	าร	percen
Total, all stores		366,170.7	389,567.4	6.4	5,825.9	6,042.4	3.7	1,423.9	1,481.3	4.0
New car dealers	10	71,515.6	74,663.2	4.4	984.5	1,017.0	3.3	223.0	235.4	5.6
Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts										
dealers	20	15,301.4	17,380.5	13.6	447.3	440.8	-1.4	33.9	37.7	11.1
Gasoline stations	130	38,356.8	41,606.9	8.5	750.9	798.7	6.4	168.3	172.0	2.2
Furniture stores	30	8,914.4	9,585.5	7.5	87.5	87.9	0.4	15.9	15.0	-5.6
Home furnishings stores	40	4,686.3	5,339.9	13.9	26.7	30.3	13.6	9.1	9.0	-1.0
Computer and software stores	50	1,557.5	1,517.6	-2.6	26.4	23.5	-11.1	2.3	2.4	3.0
Home electronics and appliance stores	60	10,164.8	11,157.0	9.8	58.2	62.1	6.8	27.6	27.6	-0.
Home centres and hardware stores	70	18,220.7	20,126.5	10.5	372.6	371.5	-0.3	117.4	119.2	1.
Specialized building materials and garden stores	80	4,340.4	4,627.9	6.6	65.8	66.9	1.7	37.5	37.5	-0.
Supermarkets	90	62,196.3	63,512.5	2.1	1,005.0	1,023.8	1.9	310.2	317.8	2.
Convenience and specialty food stores	100	9,128.6	9,356.4	2.5	X	X		X	X	
Beer, wine and liquor stores	110	14,343.9	15,160.3	5.7	Х	X		X	X	
Pharmacies and personal care stores	120	23,642.7	26,070.3	10.3	298.2	335.4	12.5	93.8	102.2	8.
Clothing stores	140	16,069.3	17,248.5	7.3	160.6	169.0	5.2	45.3	50.3	10.
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery stores	150	4,981.3	5,400.3	8.4	41.2	42.5	3.3	14.0	13.7	-2.
Department stores	170	Х	X	X	X	X		X	X	
Other general merchandise stores	180	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	
General merchandise stores	175	43,758.4	46,518.3	6.3	905.9	964.0	6.4	153.6	163.1	6.
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book stores	160	9,379.3	10,003.1	6.7	69.6	74.2	6.6	31.3	34.5	10.
Miscellaneous store retailers	190	9,613.1	10,292.8	7.1	105.1	111.2	5.8	35.5	35.8	0.
Total excluding new, used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers		279,353.7	297,523.7	6.5	4,394.1	4,584.5	4.3	1,167.0	1,208.1	3.
	Trade	Nova S	Scotia	Percentage	New Brun	swick	Percentage	Queb	ec	Percentage
										, ,
	group '	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	
	group '	2005 millio	2006	change =		2006	change -	2005 million		change 2005 to 2006 percen
Total, all stores			2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006			2005 to 200
Total, all stores	code	millio	2006 ons 11,191.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3	2005 millior 8,326.1	2006 ns 8,834.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent	million 82,532.5	ns	2005 to 200
New car dealers	code	millio	2006 ons	change 2005 to 2006 percent	2005 million	2006	change 2005 to 2006 percent	million	ns 86,762.8	2005 to 200 percer 5.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts	code	10,526.9 2,099.4	2006 ons 11,191.8	change = 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6	2006 ns 8,834.8 1,523.0	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4	million 82,532.5 15,561.9	86,762.8 15,832.3	2005 to 200 percer 5.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers	code 10	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6	2006 0ns 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0	change = 2005 to 2006 percent	2005 millior 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5	2006 ns 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations	code 10 20 130	10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5	change = 2005 to 2006 percent = 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores	code 10 20 130 30	10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4	2005 millior 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5	2006 ns 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores	code 10 20 130 30 40	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2	2006 2008 211,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8	82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Computer and software stores Computer and software stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0	2006 2008 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 183.5 118.0 18.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60	10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 18.9 222.3	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3	2005 milliot 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home centres and hardware stores	20 130 30 40 50 60 70	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6 646.3	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 689.0	change = 2005 to 2006	2005 millior 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0	8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 183.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 689.0 110.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3	2005 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9	8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7	milliot 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations urniture stores dome furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden stores Supermarkets	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 222.3 689.0 110.9 x	change = 2005 to 2006	2005 milliot 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6	8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7	milliot 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 3.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Basoline stations rumiture stores dome furnishings stores Computer and software stores dome electronics and appliance stores dome centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden stores Supermarkets Convenience and specialty food stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9 x	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 183.5 118.0 222.3 689.0 110.9 x	change = 2005 to 2006	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 3,431.4	2005 to 200 percei 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 31.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Computer and software stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home centres and hardware stores Expecialized building materials and garden stores Experimented to the stores Experiment	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9 x x	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 222.3 689.0 110.9 x x	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1	2005 millior 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x	8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4	milliot 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 3,431.4 2,336.7	2005 to 200 percei 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 31. 5.
lew car dealers Ised and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations furniture stores dome furnishings stores Computer and software stores forme electronics and appliance stores forme centres and hardware stores specialized building materials and garden stores convenience and specialty food stores deer, wine and liquor stores Pharmacies and personal care stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9 x x 718.0	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 222.3 689.0 110.9 x x 756.4	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1	2005 milliot 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x 536.7	8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 × 569.0	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4	milliot 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 3,431.4 2,336.7 7,308.6	2005 to 200 percel 5 1. 4 6 7 10 -8 9 10 6 3 -1 5 14
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden stores Convenience and specialty food stores Geer, wine and liquor stores Pharmacies and personal care stores Clothing stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9 x x 718.0	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 688.0 110.9 × × 756.4 350.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 2 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1 5.3 7.0	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x x 536.7 245.2	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 × × 569.0 270.1	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4 6.0 10.2	82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 4,112.1	2005 to 200 percei 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 31. 5. 14. 4.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Computer and software stores Computer and software stores Competer and software stores Competer and appliance stores Competer and appliance stores Come centres and hardware stores Experimentes and mardware stores Experimentes and pardware stores Experimentes and pardware stores Experimentes Experimente	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 90 110 120 140 150	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 183.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 689.0 110.9 x x 756.4 350.9 112.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1	2005 millior 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 × × 536.7 245.2 77.1	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7 1,095.2	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 84.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 7,112.1 1,139.5	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 31. 5. 144. 4.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Computer and software stores Computer and hardware stores Computer and hardware stores Computer and particular and garden stores Supermarkets Convenience and specialty food stores Convenience and liquor stores Charmacies and personal care stores Clothing stores Choe, clothing accessories and jewellery stores Chepartment stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 99.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9 x x 718.0 328.0 107.7	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 222.3 689.0 110.9 x x 756.4 350.9 112.9 12.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 2 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1 5.3 7.0	2005 milliot 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 × x 536.7 245.2 77.1 x	8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 × 569.0 270.1 87.4 ×	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4 6.0 10.2	82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 4,112.1	2005 to 200 percei 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 31. 5. 14. 4.
New car dealers Jsed and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden stores Supermarkets Convenience and specialty food stores Geer, wine and liquor stores Pharmacies and personal care stores Clothing stores Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery stores Department stores Other general merchandise stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170 180	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 688.0 110.9 × × 756.4 350.9 112.9 × × ×	change 2005 to 2006 percent 26.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1 5.3 7.0 4.8	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x x 536.7 245.2 77.1 x	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 x x 569.0 270.1 87.4 x x	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4 6.0 10.2 13.4	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7 1,095.2 x	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 4,112.1 1,139.5	2005 to 200 percet 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 10. 8. 9. 10. 6. 31. 4. 4.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Computer and software stores Computer and software stores Competer and software stores Competer and appliance stores Come centres and hardware stores Come centres and hardware stores Experimentes and specialty food stores Experimentes Experimentes Convenience and specialty food stores Experimentes Expe	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 110 120 140 150 170 180 175	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 222.3 689.0 110.9	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1 5.3 7.0 4.8	2005 millior 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x x 536.7 245.2 77.1 x 993.3	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 x 569.0 270.1 87.4 x 1,067.1	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4 6.0 10.2 13.4	milliot 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7 1,095.2 x 8,525.9	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 3,431.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 4,112.1 1,139.5 × 8,845.9	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 11. 5. 14. 4. 4. 4. 3.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170 180	millio 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 688.0 110.9 × × 756.4 350.9 112.9 × × ×	change 2005 to 2006 percent 26.3 7.4 21.2 13.2 10.4 18.9 -29.8 10.3 6.6 0.1 5.3 7.0 4.8	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x x 536.7 245.2 77.1 x	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 x x 569.0 270.1 87.4 x x	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4 6.0 10.2 13.4	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7 1,095.2 x	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 4,112.1 1,139.5	2005 to 200 percer 5. 1. 4. 6. 7. 108. 9. 10. 6. 31. 5. 14. 4. 3. 6.
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers Gasoline stations Furniture stores Home furnishings stores Computer and software stores Home electronics and appliance stores Home electronics and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden stores Specialized building materials and garden stores Supermarkets Convenience and specialty food stores Beer, wine and liquor stores Pharmacies and personal care stores Clothing stores Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery stores Department stores Other general merchandise stores General merchandise stores Sporting goods, hobby, music and book stores	code 10 20 130 30 40 50 70 80 100 1120 140 150 170 180 175 160	millic 10,526.9 2,099.4 331.6 999.1 148.1 199.2 27.0 201.6 646.3 110.9	2006 11,191.8 2,255.5 402.0 1,130.5 163.5 118.0 18.9 222.3 3689.0 110.9 x x 756.4 350.9 112.9 x 1,285.3 238.2	change = 2005 to 2006 = 2005 to 2006 = 2005 to 2006 = 2006 = 2005 to 2006 =	2005 million 8,326.1 1,502.6 394.5 1,200.2 117.5 64.9 21.5 161.7 456.0 74.9 1,665.6 x x 73.6 72.45.2 77.1 x 993.3 143.8	2006 8,834.8 1,523.0 462.8 1,244.4 120.9 81.6 22.8 178.5 481.9 100.2 1,755.8 x 569.0 270.1 87.4 x 1,067.1 146.6	change 2005 to 2006 percent 6.1 1.4 17.3 3.7 2.9 25.8 6.0 10.4 5.7 33.7 5.4 6.0 10.2 13.4 7.4 2.0	million 82,532.5 15,561.9 3,794.5 8,520.5 2,606.2 799.3 447.8 1,705.3 4,575.7 647.8 14,071.6 3,480.4 2,211.2 6,391.3 3,951.7 1,095.2 x x 8,525.9 2,015.1	86,762.8 15,832.3 3,977.4 9,083.1 2,789.4 884.6 411.1 1,874.4 5,057.3 692.5 14,551.4 2,336.7 7,308.6 4,112.1 1,139.5 × 8,845.9 2,143.5	2005 to 2000 percer 5.

Table 8.3 – continued

Total retail sales, by trade group, Canada, provinces and territories

Trade	Onta	rio	Percentage	Manito	oba	Percentage	Saskatch	ewan	Percentage
group *	2005	2006	change = 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006
code	millio	ins	percent	millio	ns	percent	millior	ns	percen
	135,320.6	140,835.4	4.1	12,381.3	12,938.3	4.5	10,796.1	11,494.7	6.5
10	26,178.7	26,268.5	0.3	2,401.1	2,355.3	-1.9	2,152.9	2,245.7	4.3
20	5,123.6	5,650.1	10.3	444.2	536.6	20.8	527.0	598.5	13.6
130	13,317.7	14,239.9	6.9	1,288.5	1,397.2	8.4	1,538.0	1,612.7	4.9
30	3,145.9	3,342.5	6.2	219.6	249.7	13.7	162.4	174.5	7.5
40	2,012.7	2,176.8	8.2	145.1	153.7	5.9	115.2	134.1	16.4
50	450.7	453.6	0.7	43.8	35.4	-19.2	34.8	39.3	13.1
60	3.837.8	4.038.4	5.2	340.5	369.0	8.4	270.8	315.5	16.5
			5.7	723.5	850.9	17.6	477.7	609.8	27.0
					190.9	-15.8	221.3	213.6	-3.
									-1.
									19.
									5.0
	-,								2.
									4.
									7.
			5.2			9.2			1.
									9.
									19.
190	3,678.6	3,850.6	4.7	284.1	315.4	11.0	211.5	225.4	6.
	104.018.3	108,916.7	4.7	9,536.0	10,046.5	5.4	8,116.2	8,650.5	6.0
Trade			Percentage			Percentage			Percentage change
group	2005	2006	2005 to 2006	2005	2006	2005 to 2006	2005	2006	2005 to 2006
code	millio	ens	percent	millio	ns	percent	million	ns	percen
	48 493 0	56 046 6	15.6	49 286 3	52 626 9	6.8	433.9	451.1	4.0
									5.8
10	11,220.1	10,000.7	10.7	3,003.0	3,000.0	0.7	00.0	03.1	0.0
20	0.454.4	2 404 0	30.2	4 007 0	0.000.0				
			30.2					~	
130		E 0 4 0 0		1,697.8	2,023.3	19.2	X	х	
	4,971.9	5,948.8	19.6	5,495.7	5,888.0	7.1	х	х	
30	1,272.7	1,429.4	19.6 12.3	5,495.7 1,131.1	5,888.0 1,205.2	7.1 6.5	x x	X X	
30 40	1,272.7 600.6	1,429.4 811.1	19.6 12.3 35.0	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5	7.1 6.5 15.8	x x x	x x x	
30 40 50	1,272.7 600.6 275.7	1,429.4 811.1 282.6	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1	x x x x	x x x x	
30 40 50 60	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3	x x x x	x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6	x x x x x	x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3	x x x x	x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6	x x x x x	x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6	x x x x x x	x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6	x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0 5.6 8.5	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2	x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5 2,412.0 2,776.9	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8	x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5 2,288.5	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5 2,4112.0 2,776.9 2,096.1	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5	x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5 2,412.0 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2 701.9	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5 2,412.0 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,67.2 701.9	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170 180	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8 x	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9 27.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 2,228.8 8,999.2 993.5 2,412.0 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0 x	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2 701.9	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5 8.2 9.7	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9 ×	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8 x 6,226.6	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9 27.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0 x 5,421.2	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2 701.9 ×	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5 8.2 9.7	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170 180	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9 x x x 5,398.0 1,364.9	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8 x x 6,226.6 1,493.0	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9 27.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5 2,412.0 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0 x x 5,421.2 1,549.2	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2 701.9 x x 5,777.2 1,740.5	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5 8.2 9.7	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9 ×	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 1,579.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8 x 6,226.6	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9 27.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0 x 5,421.2	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2 701.9 ×	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5 8.2 9.7	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 140 150 170 180	1,272.7 600.6 275.7 1,884.3 2,305.3 632.2 8,041.0 847.3 1,344.7 1,995.8 2,026.6 591.9 x x x 5,398.0 1,364.9	1,429.4 811.1 282.6 2,155.5 2,650.6 727.1 8,494.7 919.1 2,263.5 2,288.5 753.8 x x 6,226.6 1,493.0	19.6 12.3 35.0 2.5 14.4 15.0 15.0 5.6 8.5 17.4 13.4 12.9 27.4	5,495.7 1,131.1 805.2 223.5 1,657.8 2,228.8 688.0 8,999.2 993.5 2,412.0 2,776.9 2,096.1 640.0 x x 5,421.2 1,549.2	5,888.0 1,205.2 932.5 223.7 1,895.1 2,621.6 795.4 9,106.9 960.8 2,625.0 2,985.7 2,267.2 701.9 x x 5,777.2 1,740.5	7.1 6.5 15.8 0.1 14.3 17.6 15.6 1.2 -3.3 8.8 7.5 8.2 9.7	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	
	group - code 10 20 130 30 40 50 60 70 100 120 140 150 175 160 190 Trade group - code 10 20	group 2005 code millio 135,320.6 10 26,178.7 20 5,123.6 130 13,317.7 30 3,145.9 40 2,012.7 50 450.7 60 3,837.8 70 6,274.9 90 21,475.6 100 2,676.5 110 6,240.5 120 9,676.8 140 6,444.4 150 2,169.6 170 x 180 x 17,469.0 160 3,519.1 190 3,678.6 104,018.3 Trade Albe 2005 code millio 48,493.0 10 11,220.7 20 2,454.4	group 2005 2006 code millions 135,320.6 140,835.4 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 50 450.7 453.6 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 90 21,475.6 2,1618.6 100 2,676.5 2,876.9 110 6,240.5 6,375.9 120 9,676.8 10,556.4 140 6,444.4 6,926.7 150 2,169.6 2,283.5 170 x x x 17 x x 180 3,519.1 3,599.4 190 3,678.6 3,850.6 </td <td>group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 code millions percent 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 5.7 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 3.5 90 21,475.6 21,618.6 0.7 100 2,676.5 2,876.9 7.5 110 6,240.5 6,375.9 2.2 120 9,678.8 10,556.4 9.1 140 6,444.4 6,926.7 7.5 150 2,169.6 2,283.5 5.2 170 x</td> <td>group change 2005 change 2005 code millions percent million 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 12,381.3 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 2,401.1 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 444.2 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 1,288.5 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 219.6 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 43.8 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 340.5 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 5.7 723.5 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 3.5 226.7 90 21,475.6 21,618.6 0.7 2,461.1 100 2,676.5 2,876.9 7.5 193.2 110 6,240.5 6,375.9 2.2 519.8 120</td> <td>group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 2005 2006 code millions percent millions 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 12,381.3 12,938.3 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 2,401.1 2,355.3 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 444.2 536.6 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 1,288.5 1,397.2 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 219.6 249.7 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 153.7 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 43.8 35.4 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 340.5 369.0 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 5.7 723.5 850.9 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 3.5 226.7 190.9 90 21,475.6 21,618.6 0.7 2,461.1 2,451.5</td> <td>group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 change 2005 to 2006 code millions percent millions percent 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 12,381.3 12,938.3 4.5 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 2,401.1 2,355.3 -1.9 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 444.2 536.6 20.8 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 1,288.5 1,397.2 8.4 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 219.6 249.7 13.7 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 153.7 5.9 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 153.7 5.9 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 43.8 35.4 -19.2 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 340.5 369.0 8.4 70 6,274.9 <</td> <td>group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 Yukoo 2005 to 2006 2005 t</td> <td>group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2007 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2007 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2007 to 2006 <t< td=""></t<></td>	group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 code millions percent 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 5.7 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 3.5 90 21,475.6 21,618.6 0.7 100 2,676.5 2,876.9 7.5 110 6,240.5 6,375.9 2.2 120 9,678.8 10,556.4 9.1 140 6,444.4 6,926.7 7.5 150 2,169.6 2,283.5 5.2 170 x	group change 2005 change 2005 code millions percent million 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 12,381.3 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 2,401.1 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 444.2 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 1,288.5 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 219.6 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 43.8 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 340.5 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 5.7 723.5 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 3.5 226.7 90 21,475.6 21,618.6 0.7 2,461.1 100 2,676.5 2,876.9 7.5 193.2 110 6,240.5 6,375.9 2.2 519.8 120	group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 2005 2006 code millions percent millions 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 12,381.3 12,938.3 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 2,401.1 2,355.3 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 444.2 536.6 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 1,288.5 1,397.2 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 219.6 249.7 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 153.7 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 43.8 35.4 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 340.5 369.0 70 6,274.9 6,631.5 5.7 723.5 850.9 80 1,628.5 1,686.1 3.5 226.7 190.9 90 21,475.6 21,618.6 0.7 2,461.1 2,451.5	group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 change 2005 to 2006 code millions percent millions percent 135,320.6 140,835.4 4.1 12,381.3 12,938.3 4.5 10 26,178.7 26,268.5 0.3 2,401.1 2,355.3 -1.9 20 5,123.6 5,650.1 10.3 444.2 536.6 20.8 130 13,317.7 14,239.9 6.9 1,288.5 1,397.2 8.4 30 3,145.9 3,342.5 6.2 219.6 249.7 13.7 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 153.7 5.9 40 2,012.7 2,176.8 8.2 145.1 153.7 5.9 50 450.7 453.6 0.7 43.8 35.4 -19.2 60 3,837.8 4,038.4 5.2 340.5 369.0 8.4 70 6,274.9 <	group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 Yukoo 2005 to 2006 2005 t	group 2005 2006 change 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2005 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2007 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2007 to 2006 2006 to 2006 2007 to 2006 <t< td=""></t<>

Table 8.3 - continued

Total retail sales, by trade group, Canada, provinces and territories

	Trade	Northwest Territ	tories	Percentage	Nunavut		Percentage
	group	2005	2006	change 2005 to 2006	2005	2006	change 2004 to 2005
	code	millions		percent	millions		percent
Total, all stores	***	574.8	599.6	4.3	249.2	261.8	5.0
New car dealers	10	115.8	126.2	9.1	0.0	0.0	
Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers	20	X	x		X	Х	
Gasoline stations	130	X	X		X	X	
Furniture stores	30	X	X	***	0.0	0.0	
Home furnishings stores	40	X	X		0.0	0.0	
Computer and software stores	50	X	X	•••	X	X	
flome electronics and appliance stores	60	Х	x		X	X	
flome centres and hardware stores	70	X	x		X	X	
Specialized building materials and garden stores	80	X	X	***	X	0.0	
Supermarkets	90	х	x		X	X	
Convenience and specialty food stores	100	X	X		X	X	
Beer, wine and liquor stores	110	X	X		X	X	
Pharmacies and personal care stores	120	Х	X		X	X	***
Clothing stores	140	X	X	***	1	X	
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery stores	150	X	X	•••	X	X	
Department stores	· 170	Х	X		Х	X	***
Other general merchandise stores	180	x	X		X	X	
General merchandise stores	175	127.5	137.7	8.0	X	X	•••
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book stores	160	x	X	***	X	X	
Miscellaneous store retailers	190	×	Х	•••	x	×	•••
Total excluding new, used and recreational motor vehicle							
and parts dealers	***	X	X	х	Х	Х	х

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Distributive Trades Division, Retail Trade Survey (survey 2406) and CANSIM tables 080-0014 and 080-0015.

Table 8.4
Per capita retail sales, by province and by trade group

2000		2001	2002	2003	200	4	2005	2006	Change variation 2005 to 2006
				dollars					percent
9,014 9,334 9,590 9,703 8,868 9,542 8,137 8,295 10,562 9,515 11,815 9,661	1 1 1	9,963 9,692 9,950 9,999 9,187 9,606 8,580 8,724 1,306 1,306 2,559 0,452	10,185 10,409 9,997 10,529 10,378 9,683 9,998 9,146 9,428 12,086 10,513 13,733 12,171 7,907	10,454 11,065 10,068 10,694 10,419 10,051 10,204 9,427 9,910 12,437 10,690 13,791 12,548 7,986	11,12 10,04 10,97 10,58 10,40 10,39 9,98 10,31 13,52 11,23 13,39 12,43	8 1°3 107 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	1,335 1,245 1,080 1,863 1,775 1,545 1,545 1,575 1,575 3,943	11,941 11,855 10,694 11,977 11,793 11,339 11,101 10,986 11,665 16,663 12,209 14,446 14,323 8,504	5.3 4.6 3.8 6.5 6.4 4.4 3.0 4.2 7.0 12.2 5.5 3.6 6.2 2.5
	NAICS	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
_	code				dollars				percent
	010 020 130 040 050 060 070 080 090 110 120 140 150 170 180 190	9,379 1,989 419 869 213 97 72 228 329 114 1,618 237 362 582 439 154 577 570 257	9,685 2,048 452 870 219 104 64 243 344 124 1,661 246 383 612 451 155 612 567 265 266	10,185 2,205 456 897 238 118 63 267 399 135 1,732 245 405 651 453 157 641 584 271 270	10,454 2,153 454 946 250 125 59 287 461 136 1,795 264 420 671 460 155 607 1,263 274 280	10,839 2,130 455 1,043 266 139 49 295 519 137 1,868 275 431 712 479 152 683 634 1317 276 295	11,337 2214 474 1188 276 145 48 315 564 134 1926 283 444 732 498 154 × 1355 290 298	11,941 2289 533 1275 294 164 47 342 617 142 1947 287 465 799 529 166 x x 1426 307 316	5.3 3.4 12.4 7.3 6.5 13.1 -2.1 8.6 9.4 6.0 1.1 1.4 4.7 9.2 6.2 7.8
	9,379 9,014 9,334 9,590 9,703 8,868 9,542 8,137 8,295 10,562 9,515 11,815 9,661 7,334	9,014 9,334 9,590 9,703 8,868 9,542 8,137 8,295 10,562 1 9,515 11,815 1 9,661 1 7,334 NAICS	9,379 9,685 9,014 9,963 9,334 9,692 9,590 9,950 9,703 9,999 8,868 9,187 9,542 9,606 8,137 8,580 8,295 8,724 10,562 11,306 9,515 9,984 11,815 12,559 9,661 10,452 7,334 7,418 NAICS 2000 code code code code 1330 869 030 213 040 97 050 72 060 228 070 329 8 080 114 090 1,618 100 237 110 362 120 582 140 439 150 154 170 577 180 570 175 160 257 190 253	9,379 9,685 10,185 9,014 9,963 10,409 9,334 9,692 9,997 9,590 9,950 10,529 9,703 9,999 10,378 8,868 9,187 9,683 9,542 9,606 9,998 8,137 8,580 9,146 8,295 8,724 9,428 10,562 11,306 12,086 9,515 9,984 10,513 11,815 12,559 13,733 9,661 10,452 12,171 7,334 7,418 7,907 NAICS 2000 2001 Code	10,454	9,379 9,685 10,185 10,454 10,83 9,014 9,963 10,409 11,065 11,12 9,334 9,692 9,997 10,068 10,04 9,590 9,950 10,529 10,694 10,97 9,703 9,999 10,378 10,419 10,58 8,868 9,187 9,683 10,051 10,40 9,542 9,606 9,998 10,204 10,39 8,137 8,580 9,146 9,427 9,98 8,295 8,724 9,428 9,910 10,31 10,562 11,306 12,086 12,437 13,52 9,515 9,984 10,513 10,690 11,23 11,815 12,559 13,733 13,791 13,39 9,661 10,452 12,171 12,548 12,43 7,334 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,86 NAICS 2000 2001 2002 2003 code dollars code dollars code dollars All 18 1 2,559 13,733 13,791 13,39 9,661 10,452 12,171 12,548 12,43 7,334 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,86 NAICS 2000 2001 2002 2003 code dollars code dollars sealers 020 419 452 456 454 130 869 870 897 946 030 213 219 238 250 040 97 104 118 125 050 72 64 63 59 060 228 243 267 287 070 329 344 399 461 50 060 228 243 267 287 070 329 344 399 461 50 070 329 344 399 461 50 080 114 124 135 136 090 1,618 1,661 1,732 1,795 100 237 246 245 264 110 362 383 405 420 120 582 612 651 671 140 439 451 453 460 150 154 155 157 155 170 577 612 641 657 180 570 567 584 607 175 1,263 160 257 265 271 274 190 253 266 270 280	9,379 9,685 10,185 10,454 10,839 17,9334 9,692 9,997 10,068 10,043 10,9590 9,950 10,529 10,694 10,977 17,9703 9,999 10,378 10,419 10,588 17,9703 9,999 10,378 10,051 10,402 10,9542 9,606 9,998 10,204 10,396 11,8137 8,580 9,146 9,427 9,999 11,312 10,562 11,306 12,086 12,437 13,524 14,9551 10,562 11,306 12,086 12,437 13,524 14,9551 10,452 11,815 12,559 13,733 13,791 13,399 13,9661 10,452 12,171 12,548 12,433 13,734 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,868 8,784 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,868 8,784 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,868 8,784 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,868 8,784 7,418 7,907 7,986 7,868 8,784 7,848 7,84	9,379	

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Retail Trade Survey (survey 2406), catalogue no. 63-005-X.

Table 8.5
Home centres and hardware store sales

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		thou	sands of dollars			percent
Canada	12,517,356	14,595,236	16,597,764	18,220,662	20,126,498	10.5
Newfoundland and Labrador	284,560	342,921	372,059	372,566	371,475	-0.3
Prince Edward Island	90,382	104,357	117,433	117,409	119,189	1.5
Nova Scotia	405,592	501,821	617,184	646,329	689,027	6.6
New Brunswick	321,487	368,747	421,582	455,983	481,864	5.7
Quebec	2,908,196	3,506,612	4,192,089	4,575,745	5,057,324	10.5
Ontario	4,841,079	5,394,339	5,821,406	6,274,901	6,631,472	5.7
Manitoba	414.312	482,308	640.965	723,451	850,893	17.6
Saskatchewan	278,656	334,246	402,903	477,738	609,792	27.6
Alberta	1,616,924	1.835.508	1,961,993	2,305,264	2,650,557	15.0
British Columbia	1.316.164	1.688.301	2.013.959	2.228.833	2.621.561	17.6

Source(s): Distributive Trades Division, Retail Trade Survey (survey 2406), catalogue no. 63-005-X and CANSIM table 080-0015.

Table 8.6 Total retail value of new motor vehicles sold, Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
		mill	ions of dollars			percent
Canada Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks ¹	52,227.5 23,191.5 29,036.0	50,493.3 21,685.6 28,807.7	49,639.2 20,489.8 29,149.5	52,311.1 21,220.8 31,090.3	54,337.9 22,056.0 32,281.9	3.9 3.9 3.8
Newfoundland and Labrador Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks ¹	669.9 316.0 353.9	683.8 309.8 374.1	623.6 266.8 356.8	670.4 292.9 377.6	659.0 286.4 372.7	-1.7 -2.2 -1.3
Prince Edward Island Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks 1	131.2 62.3 68.9	127.5 58.3 69.2	124.8 56.5 68.3	126.4 62.3 64.1	130.0 66.9 63.1	2.9 7.3 -1.4
Nova Scotia Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks ¹	1,288.8 636.4 652.3	1,313.1 615.7 697.4	1,282.2 586.9 695.4	1,314.6 604.4 710.2	1,347.5 658.2 689.2	2.5 8.9 -3.0
New Brunswick Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks 1	1,166.4 478.8 687.6	1,089.5 458.6 630.9	1,018.9 405.4 613.5	981.6 412.9 568.7	1,038.0 442.4 595.6	5.7 7.1 4.7
Quebec Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks ¹	11,859.9 6,399.0 5,460.8	11,734.8 6,337.2 5,397.6	11,557.8 6,069.6 5,488.2	11,760.8 6,119.0 5,641.8	11,852.2 6,192.8 5,659.4	0.8 1.2 0.3
Ontario Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks 1	21,236.0 9,763.3 11,472.7	20,093.7 8,696.2 11,397.5	19,665.1 7,996.5 11,668.7	20,366.1 8,382.4 11,983.8	20,488.0 8,706.1 11,781.9	0.6 3.9 -1.7
Manitoba Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks ¹	1,591.4 553.0 1,038.5	1,525.7 516.0 1,009.7	1,501.2 489.2 1,012.0	1,601.1 498.8 1,102.4	1,592.4 491.6 1,100.9	-0.5 -1.4 -0.1
Saskatchewan Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks ¹	1,341.5 415.1 926.4	1,359.9 396.3 963.7	1,289.9 348.6 941.4	1,352.6 352.1 1,000.5	1,401.4 355.5 1,045.9	3.6 1.0 4.5
Alberta Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks 1	6,790.9 2,063.8 4,727.1	6,696.9 1,912.3 4,784.6	6,668.0 1,855.5 4,812.5	7,944.6 2,083.6 5,861.0	9,172.9 2,267.1 6,905.9	15.5 8.8 17.8
British Columbia ² Total, new motor vehicles Passenger cars Trucks [†]	6,151.6 2,503.8 3,647.9	5,868.4 2,385.3 3,483.1	5,907.6 2,414.8 3,492.9	6,192.9 2,412.5 3,780.4	6,656.4 2,589.1 4,067.3	7.5 7.3 7.6

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Distributive Trades Divisions, New Motor Vehicle Sales Survey (Survey 2402) and CANSIM table 079-0001.

Table 8.7 Sales of new motor vehicles, by type of vehicle and origin of manufacture, Canada

	Total vehicles			P	assenger cars		Trucks 1		
	Number	Retail value	Average price per vehicle	Number	Retail value	Average price per vehicle	Number	Retail value	Average price per vehicle
	number	thousands of dollars	dollars	number	thousands of dollars	dollars	number	thousands of dollars	dollars
Total vehicles									
2002	1,733,318	52,227,499	30,132	934,704	23,191,483	24,812	798,614	29,036,014	36,358
2003 2004	1,626,468 1,575,195	50,493,308 49,639,223	31,045 31,513	865,475 820,103	21,685,587 20,489,761	25,056 24,984	760,993 755,092	28,807,720 29,149,463	37,855 38,604
2005	1,630,310	52,311,147	32,087	845,222	21,220,807	25.107	785,082	31.090.339	39,601
2006	1,666,327	54,337,947	32,609	863,161	22.056.012	25,553	803,166	32.281.931	40,193
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	2.2	3.9	1.6	2.1	3.9	1.8	2.3	3.8	1.5
North American manufactured vehicles									
2002	1,350,175	41,154,431	30,481	651,305	15,521,295	23,831	698,870	25,633,136	36,678
2003	1,258,862	39,411,133	31,307	604,726	14,565,218	24,086	654,136	24,845,915	37,983
2004	1,196,451	38,646,314	32,301	542,814	13,261,753	24,431	653,637	25,384,561	38,836
2005	1,247,844	41,083,482	32,924	574,639	14,051,867	24,453	673,205	27,031,615	40,154
2006	1,254,346	42,089,308	33,555	573,102	14,250,869	24,866	681,244	27,838,439	40,864
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	0.5	2.4	1.9	-0.3	1.4	1.7	1.2	3.0	1.8
Overseas manufactured vehicles 2									
2002	383,143	11,073,067	28,901	283,399	7,670,190	27,065	99,744	3,402,877	34,116
2003	367,606	11,082,172	30,147	260,749	7,120,368	27,307	106,857	3,961,804	37,076
2004	378,744 382,466	10,992,911 11,227,667	29,025	277,289	7,228,007 7,168,942	26,067 26,494	101,455 111,883	3,764,904 4,058,725	37,109 36,277
2005 2006	411,981	12,248,639	29,356 29,731	270,583 290,059	7,100,942	26,909	121,922	4,056,725	36,445
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	7.7	9.1	1.3	7.2	8.9	1.6	9.0	9.5	0.5

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Distributive Trades Division, New Motor Vehicle Sales Survey (2402), New motor vehicle sales, catalogue no. 63-007-X and CANSIM table 079-0001.

Table 8.8 Value of sales alcoholic beverages, Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		thou	isands of dollars		
Spirits					
Canada	3,716,100	3,820,639	3,986,238	4,075,024	4,298,105
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	86,333 20,002 148,379 81,636 463,940 1,512,277 175,815 152,471 474,872 576,182 7,558 15,744 891	89,491 21,587 154,447 84,470 497,017 1,542,766 179,015 152,028 470,479 604,581 7,592 16,267 899	103,780 22,478 161,144 90,993 508,016 1,603,664 185,273 157,905 495,885 632,227 7,821 16,129 923	100,768 22,741 163,121 93,326 463,737 1,663,776 190,071 157,732 518,359 676,404 8,000 16,145	106,850 23,197 174,820 96,257 525,098 1,714,708 196,313 165,415 561,683 707,613 8,465 16,683 1,003
Wines					
Canada	3,383,031	3,696,027	3,967,784	4,227,477	4,605,583
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	25,178 8,947 60,345 43,367 1,197,553 1,162,613 69,324 35,361 276,132 496,158 3,888 3,962 203	30,169 8,159 68,320 49,447 1,324,596 1,267,618 73,726 36,904 299,007 529,525 4,112 4,233 211	28,535 8,850 77,484 50,640 1,432,706 1,349,823 79,403 39,101 320,986 570,820 4,458 4,762 216	28,708 9,501 81,483 53,910 1,438,138 1,492,441 85,166 45,535 342,509 640,635 4,712 4,447 293	33,117 10,441 89,912 57,446 1,592,074 1,584,699 94,575 49,043 380,894 703,253 5,175 4,712
Beer					
Canada	7,240,059	7,653,722	7,942,182	8,042,911	8,430,715
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec 1 Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut Total alcoholic beverages	165,936 29,882 214,787 191,587 2,069,098 2,599,719 207,047 184,604 672,415 873,077 11,918 17,294 2,695	169,778 31,214 224,592 192,437 2,266,905 2,692,446 212,687 201,988 712,906 915,801 12,277 17,977 2,715	186,033 32,778 237,496 202,816 2,292,978 2,793,601 226,668 218,258 743,482 973,978 12,952 18,354 2,788	170,157 33,184 244,595 206,987 2,275,887 2,825,559 229,947 218,695 762,922 1,038,875 13,723 19,718 2,663	178,449 34,634 264,881 214,492 2,314,310 3,085,951 229,917 214,518 795,281 1,061,123 14,045 20,095 3,020
Canada	14,339,190	15,170,389	15,896,205	16,345,412	17,334,404
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec 1 Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	277,447 58,831 423,511 316,589 3,730,591 5,274,609 452,186 372,436 1,423,419 1,945,416 23,366 37,001 3,790	289,437 60,960 447,359 326,354 4,088,518 5,502,831 465,429 390,920 1,482,392 2,049,907 23,982 38,477 3,824	318,349 64,107 476,124 344,449 4,233,700 5,747,088 491,343 415,264 1,560,353 2,177,024 25,230 39,244 3,928	299,633 65,425 489,199 354,223 4,177,761 5,981,776 505,183 421,962 1,623,790 2,355,913 26,436 40,310 3,798	318,416 68,272 529,613 368,195 4,431,483 6,385,358 520,805 428,976 1,737,857 2,471,990 27,684 41,490 4,263

^{1.} Imported beer is estimated.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institutions Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages (survey 1726), catalogue no. 63-202-X and CANSIM table 183-0015.

Table 8.9 Volume of sales of alcoholic beverages, Canada, provinces and territories

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
		tho	usands of litres		
Spirits					
Canada	182,313	192,648	197,470	196,952	202,631
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories	3,148 942 6,888 3,993 21,899 80,554 8,353 7,197 19,956 28,619 332 407	3,168 1,073 6,985 4,242 24,953 86,080 8,645 7,174 18,999 30,468 332 508	4,543 1,140 7,530 4,410 24,790 86,247 8,983 7,349 20,020 31,609 358 467	4,457 1,160 7,607 4,426 22,747 86,224 8,564 7,251 20,871 32,781 354 491	4,501 1,158 7,804 4,419 25,520 86,743 8,588 7,385 22,358 33,196 353 579
Nunavut	. 25	23	24	20	26
Wines	040.000	000 004	0.40.000		070 740
Canada	316,688	333,661	343,299	357,480	378,742
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	2,492 575 6,001 4,820 102,777 106,423 7,264 4,025 33,757 47,758 422 361 13	2,808 820 6,188 5,201 107,240 115,546 7,357 3,920 34,458 49,284 440 385	2,160 850 6,710 5,228 111,644 116,219 7,520 4,327 36,239 51,533 468 385 16	2,220 896 7,053 5,448 110,426 125,928 7,864 4,684 37,003 55,036 489 408 25	2,475 960 7,415 5,705 118,796 131,208 8,166 5,210 39,432 58,518 509 330 18
Beer Canada	2,135,765	2,135,403	2,174,396	2,168,725	2,232,045
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec 1 Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	42,210 9,386 61,627 50,864 578,829 768,850 71,302 61,491 223,951 259,686 3,462 3,646 461	40,351 8,748 61,336 49,558 577,378 775,545 70,562 60,687 223,321 260,247 3,493 3,703 474	43,257 8,977 63,382 50,847 580,744 783,122 73,125 63,139 231,325 268,844 3,570 3,587 478	39,897 8,986 63,214 50,603 578,153 783,696 70,562 59,268 236,626 270,117 3,647 3,529	40,791 9,134 65,044 51,152 594,616 812,097 74,239 60,083 245,304 272,023 3,521 3,523

^{1.} Imported beer is estimated.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Public Institutions Division, Control and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages (Survey 1726), catalogue no. 63-202-X and CANSIM table 183-0006.

Table 8.10 Food Services and Drinking Places receipts, Canada, provinces and territories, 2006

	Full-service restaurants	Limited-service eating places	Special food services	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	Total, food services and drinking places
		thousands	of dollars		
Canada Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories Nunavut	20,060,210 125,890 57,975 387,067 307,461 4,765,635 6,919,700 626,049 481,509 2,747,569 3,602,735 x	18,078,434 283,277 87,619 548,020 439,885 2,715,225 7,626,710 591,624 488,359 2,437,432 2,817,285 X	3,615,067 60,016 6,139 116,353 52,275 705,697 1,543,153 F 48,286 474,466 F x	2,464,629 60,326 F 56,247 48,607 756,804 561,736 11,279 70,094 439,520 436,330 x	44,218,340 529,509 162,765 1,107,687 848,228 8,943,361 16,651,299 1,297,144 1,088,248 6,098,987 7,370,968 44,627 69,873 5,644

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Monthly Restaurants, Caterers and Taverns (survey 2419) and CANSIM table 355-0006.

Table 8.11 Number of establishments ¹ of accomodation service industries, Canada, provinces and territories

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 ²	Percentage change 2004 to 2005
			number			percent
Canada Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	16,330 9,015 7,315	16,407 8,814 7,593	16,355 8,62 4 7,731	15,463 8,026 7,437	16,630 8,538 8,092	7.5 6.4 8.8
Newfoundland and Labrador Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	422 139 283	442 142 300	470 147 323	425 115 309	471 130 341	10.8 13.0 10.4
Prince Edward Island Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	197 . 97 101	214 95 119	223 96 127	200 82 118	204 94 110	2.0 14.6 -6.8
Nova Scotia Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	578 292 286	586 293 294	625 297 328	521 260 261	611 303 308	17.3 16.5 18.0
New Brunswick Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	494 233 2 60	509 231 277	544 240 304	467 208 259	514 226 288	10.1 8.7 11.2
Québec Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	3,102 1,652 1,450	3,127 1,630 1,497	3,079 1,590 1,490	2,965 1,534 1,431	3,124 1,554 1,570	5.4 1.3 9.7
Ontario Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	4,865 2,455 2,409	4,696 2,292 2,404	4,498 2,214 2,284	4,302 2,053 2,250	4,601 2,160 2,441	7.0 5.2 8.5
Manitoba Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	704 457 246	705 432 273	696 406 290	654 375 279	713 416 298	9.0 10.9 6.8
Saskatchewan Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	850 570 280	855 575 280	936 587 348	781 454 326	859 493 367	10.0 8.6 12.6
Alberta Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	1,641 - 1,137 504	1,643 1,166 477	1,566 1,081 485	1,569 1,055 515	1,749 1,167 582	11.5 10.6 13.0
British Columbia Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	3,178 1,862 1,317	3,320 1,831 1,489	3,404 1,829 1,575	3,277 1,759 1,518	3,477 1,868 1,609	6.1 6.2 6.0
Yukon Territory Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	170 62 108	170 65 105	173 72 101	167 70 97	170 65 105	1.8 -7.1 8.2
Northwest Territories Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	93 34 59	97 35 62	97 35 61	99 x x	101 x x	2.0 x x
Nunavut Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	38 27 11	42 28 14	43 28 15	37 × ×	37 x x	0.0 x x

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Traveller Accommodation Survey (survey 2418), catalogue no. 63-204-X and CANSIM table 351-0002.

Table 8.12 Operating revenue for accomodation service industries 1, Canada, provinces and territories

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 ²	Percentage change 2004 to 2005
		mill	ions of dollars			percent
Canada Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	12,165.4 10,755.4 1,410.0	12,780.2 11,291.0 1,489.2	12,314.6 10,902.6 1,412.0	13,220.9 11,528.4 1,692.5	14,311.6 12,431.5 1,880.1	8.2 7.8 11.1
Newfoundland and Labrador Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	155.6 124.0 31.7	163.2 127.9 35.2	162.5 131.3 31.3	164.7 133.9 30.8	178.0 143.6 34.4	8.1 7.2 11.7
Prince Edward Island Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	69.2 54.7 14.5	77.9 61.2 16.7	79.0 62.5 16.5	83.1 65.8 17.2	82.4 65.7 16.8	-0.8 -0.2 -2.3
Nova Scotia Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	302.9 273.3 29.5	328.5 295.0 33.5	322.7 291.8 30.9	323.4 294.3 29.1	355.2 325.2 30.0	9.8 10.5 3.1
New Brunswick Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	206.2 182.6 23.6	228.5 201.2 27.3	222.0 194.6 27.5	219.8 188.7 31.1	234.0 207.4 26.5	6.5 9.9 -14.8
Québec Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	1,995.7 1,730.1 265.6	2,139.3 1,847.4 291.9	2,178.1 1,921.9 256.1	2,346.2 2,050.6 295.6	2,478.6 2,136.1 342.5	5.6 4.2 15.9
Ontario Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	3,943.3 3,413.5 529.7	4,181.4 3,609.1 572.4	3,838.3 3,301.9 536.4	3,986.9 3,355.3 631.6	4,268.0 3,552.9 715.0	7.1 5.9 13.2
Manitoba Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	570.2 509.1 61.2	605.1 539.2 65.9	592.9 534.2 58.7	645.3 570.8 74.5	675.9 605.9 70.0	4.7 6.1 -6.0
Saskatchewan Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	452.7 400.6 52.1	470.0 418.3 51.7	479.9 417.5 62.4	487.1 423.2 63.9	521.3 456.6 64.7	7.0 7.9 1.3
Alberta Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	1,941.2 1,791.9 149.3	2,029.6 1,896.1 133.6	2,019.3 1,880.8 138.5	2,214.4 2,024.1 190.3	2,402.8 2,169.0 233.8	8.5 7.2 22.9
British Columbia Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	2,370.0 2,148.4 221.7	2,405.6 2,175.5 230.1	2,260.3 2,032.4 227.9	2,591.1 2,290.2 300.9	2,947.0 2,630.5 316.4	13.7 14.9 5.2
Yukon Territory Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	76.5 60.8 15.7	70.5 54.9 15.6	71.4 59.4 12.0	73.1 59.3 13.8	80.3 64.1 16.2	9.8 8.1 17.4
Northwest Territories Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	58.8 44.0 14.8	55.8 41.2 14.6	58.7 46.1 12.7	53.4 x x	58.0 x x	8.6 x x
Nunavut Accommodation services Hotels, motor hotels and motels ³ Other accommodation industries ⁴	23.2 22.6 0.6	24.9 24.1 0.7	29.4 28.2 1.2	32.6 × ×	30.2 x x	-7.4 × ×

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Traveller Accommodation Survey (survey 2418), catalogue no. 63-204-X and CANSIM table 351-0002.

Table 8.13

Summary statistics computer systems design and related services, Canada, provinces and territories

	2001	2002	2003	2004	200
nada					
umber of active establishments 1 (units)	43,440	42,790	45,377	51,230	47,47
ercent of establishments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
perating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	17,964.9	18,205.8	18,836.1	20,727.0	21,567.
perating revenue (percent)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
perating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	413.6	425.5	415.1	404.6	454.
perating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	17,492.1	17,241.6	17,741.0	19,777.4	19,923.
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	7,935.9	7,797.5	7,842.1	9,148.0	9,248.
erating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	2.6	5.3	5.8	4.6	7.
wfoundland and Labrador					
mber of active establishments 1 (units)	148	153	153	161	15
cent of establishments	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.
erating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	91.4	201.8	197.0	174.2	130.
erating revenue (percent)	0.5	1.1	1.0	0.8 .	0.
erating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	617.6	1,319.0	1,287.6	1,082.0	849.
erating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	103.8	204.2	199.8	165.9	128
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	49.1	87.8	86.1	66.9	55
erating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	-13.6	-1.2	-1.4	4.7	0
nce Edward Island					
nber of active establishments 1 (units)	53	56	58	63	5
cent of establishments	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0
rating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	20.6	23.0	20.7	24.0	16
rating revenue (percent)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0
rating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	388.7	410.7	356.9	381.0	307
rating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	21.1	17.6	15.8	19.3	18
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	9.1	8.8	9.6	11.4	11
rating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	-2.1	23.5	23.7	19.7	-14
va Scotia					
nber of active establishments 1 (units)	508	479	454	563	57
cent of establishments	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1
rating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	222.3	291.1	258.9	312.5	360
rating revenue (percent)	1.2	1.6	1.4	1.5	1
rating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	437.6	607.7	570.3	555.1	627
erating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	205.4	2 62.3	272.8	301.8	356
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	93.5	136.2	134.2	142.0	193
erating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	7.6	9.9	-5.4	3.4	1
v Brunswick					
nber of active establishments 1 (units)	384	323	347	349	33
cent of establishments	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	0
rating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	234.5	184.6	210.1	196.5	217
erating revenue (percent)	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.9	1
erating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	610.7	571.5	605.5	563.0	654
erating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	244.3	171.1	214.1	202.2	214
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	101.8	71.1	97.2	91.8	84
erating profit margin 5 (percent)	-4.2	7.3	-1.9	-2.9	1
ebec					
nber of active establishments ¹ (units)	8,522	8,124	8,992	9,632	8.79
cent of establishments	19.6	19.0	19.8	18.8	18
erating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	3,706.0	4,370.7	4,298.7	4,523.8	4,735
rating revenue (percent)	20.6	24.0	22.8	21.8	22
erating revenue (percent) erating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	434.9	538.0	478.1	469.7	538
erating revenue per establishment (tribusarius of dollars)	3.601.7	4,067.7	4,209.2	4.409.1	4,581
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	1,746.1	1,798.7	1,945.2	2,154.6	2,311
rating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	2.8	6.9	2.1	2.5	2,011
ario nber of active establishments 1 (units)	22.692	22,350	23,686	26,962	24,6
cent of establishments	52.2	52.2	52.2	52.6	51
rating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	9.853.1	9,469.8	9,420.5	10,816.6	11,071
rating revenue (millions of dollars)	54.8	52.0	50.0	52.2	51
erating revenue (percent) erating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	434.2	423.7	397.7	401.2	449
erating revenue per establishment (tribusands of dollars)	9,577.0	9,155.8	8,903.7	10,587.0	10,097
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	4,419.6	4,143.4	3,923.3	4,836.8	4,466
rating profit margin 5 (percent)	2.8	3.3	5.5	2.1	8
nitoba nber of active establishments ¹ (units)	627	601	555	633	6:
cent of establishments	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1
erating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	206.1	351.1	551.3	483.0	415
erating revenue (percent)	1.1	1.9	2.9	2.3	1
	328.7	584.2	993.3	763.0	652
erating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	218.1	250.2	404.0	341.1	373
erating expenses ³ (millions of dollars) Salaries, wages and benefits ⁴ (millions of dollars)		111.6	153.2	172.7	201
paraties wages and penetits * (Millions of dollars)	97.1	111.0			
erating profit margin 5 (percent)	-5.8	28.7	26.7	29.4	10

Table 8.13 - continued Summary statistics computer systems design and related services, Canada, provinces and territories

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Saskatchewan					
Number of active establishments 1 (units)	500	437	471	471	439
Percent of establishments	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
Operating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	142.3	181.9	223.8	246.0	263.8
Operating revenue (percent)	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.2 600.9
Operating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	284.6	416.2 188.5	475.2 257.5	522.3 259.6	252.4
Operating expenses 3 (millions of dollars) Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	135.7 56.8	87.4	106.2	141.1	145.8
Sperating profit margin 5 (percent)	4.7	-3.6	-15.0	-5.6	4.3
	•••				
Alberta Number of active establishments 1 (units)	5.142	5.106	5,403	6.321	5.813
Percent of establishments	11.8	11.9	11.9	12.3	12.2
Operating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	1.958.8	1.527.1	1.853.3	2,093.9	2,154.3
Operating revenue (percent)	10.9	8.4	9.8	10.1	10.0
Operating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	380.9	299.1	343.0	331.3	370.6
Operating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	1,947.1	1,394.4	1,587.0	1,792.3	1,791.8
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	750.4	645.6	681.1	773.6	825.0
Operating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	0.6	8.7	14.4	14.4	16.8
British Columbia					
Number of active establishments 1 (units)	4,820	5,126	5,221	6,039	5,942
Percent of establishments	11.1	12.0	11.5	11.8	12.5
Operating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	1,513.7	1,597.9	1,796.4	1,848.4	2,178.4
Operating revenue (percent)	8.4	8.8	9.5	8.9	10.1
Operating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	314.0	311.7	344.1	306.1	366.6 2.087.8
Operating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	1,422.1 607.4	1,524.2 705.1	1,672.7 704.4	1,692.0 754.4	2,087.8
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars) Operating profit margin 5 (percent)	6.1	4.6	6.9	8.5	4.2
	0,1	7.0	0.3	0.5	4.2
Yukon Territory Number of active establishments ¹ (units)	x	x	x	x	x
Percent of establishments	x	x	x	x	x
Operating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	x	x	x	x	x
Operating revenue (percent)	x	x	x	×	x
Operating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	X	×	×	×	x
Operating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	x	х	x	X	x
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	×	х	×	X	x
Operating profit margin ⁵ (percent)	X	Х	х	X	х
Northwest Territories					
Number of active establishments 1 (units)	х	X	X	Х	x
Percent of establishments	х	×	×	X	x
Operating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	×	Х	X	×	X
Operating revenue (percent)	X	X	X	X	X
Operating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars) Operating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	X X	X X	X X	X X	X X
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	×	X	×	×	×
Operating profit margin 5 (percent)	x	x	x	x	x
Vunavut					
Number of active establishments 1 (units)	x	х	х	x	x
Percent of establishments	X	X	x	X	X
Operating revenue 2 (millions of dollars)	X	X	X	×	×
Operating revenue (percent)	x	X	x	X	×
Operating revenue per establishment (thousands of dollars)	x	X	x	X	x
Operating expenses 3 (millions of dollars)	Х	X	X	X	x
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 (millions of dollars)	X	Х	X	X	×
Operating profit margin 5 (percent)	×	x	×	×	X

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Software Development and Computer Services (Survey 2410) and CANSIM table 354-0005.

Table 8.14

Total operating revenue for selected business service industries, provinces and territories, 2005

	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island		Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Québec	Ontario
				millions of dollar	rs		
Accounting, tax preparation,							
bookkeeping and payroll services	79.8	х		161.3	123.3	1.971.2	4,481.4
Architectural services	9.4	X		31.1	20.0	347.4	897.1
Engineering services	162.0	X		268.7	160.3	3,023.2	4,192.5
Surveying and mapping services Specialized design services and	- 16.1	X		25.9	12.0	211.6	301.5
landscape architecture	5.2	х		19.1	13.2	526.8	1,404.2
Employment services	25.1	×		64.1	65.3	1,126.1	4,214.3
	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavu
			m	illions of dollars			
Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping and payroll							
services	296.4	208.8	1,220.1	1,332.7	Х	X	>
Architectural services	49.8	36.5	262.7	388.3	X	7.7	
Engineering services	199.0	202.5	3,557.2	1,982.7	8.1	26.8)
Surveying and mapping services Specialized design services and	13.6	55.7	1,441.5	182.2	х	X	,
landscape architecture	35.2	8.0	225.4 1,121.8	317.6	х	X	
	59.1	29.0		475.3			

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Service Industries: Accounting and Bookkeeping (survey 4716) and CANSIM table 360-0007; Annual Survey of Architectural Services (survey 2420) and CANSIM table 360-0004; Annual Survey of Engineering Services (survey 2439) and CANSIM table 360-0005; Annual Survey of Service Industries: Surveying and Mapping (survey 4715) and CANSIM table 360-0006; Annual Survey of Service Industries: Employment (survey 4718) and CANSIM table 361-0001.

Table 8.15
Canadian business services summary statistics 1 2005

	Operating revenue ²	Salaries, wages and benefits ³	Operating expenses ⁴	Operating profit margin
	mi	llions of dollars		percent
Automotive equipment rental and leasing	4,724.0	787.7	4,298.5	9.0
Consumer goods and general rental Commercial and industrial machinery and equipment rental	2,473.7	598.6	2,288.1	7.5
and leasing Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping and payroll	5,908.8	1,250.1	5,082.7	14.0
services	9,928.4	3,549.2	6,930.8	30.2
rchitectural services	2,059.0	759.9	1,708.2	17.0
ingineering services	13,793.5	5,726.0	11,919.7	13.6
surveying and mapping services	2,285.4	862.7	2,046.3	10.5
pecialized design services and landscape architecture	2,564.8	763.5	2,276.0	11.3
lanagement, scientific and technical consulting services	9,795.9	3,457.0	7,861.3	19.7
dvertising and related services	5,612.8	1,885.5	5,137.2	8.5
mployment services	7,182.3	5,099.5	6,909.3	3.8
ravel arrangement and reservation services	8,876.0	1,284.1	8,695.0	2.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Automotive Equipment Rental and Leasing (survey 2442) and CANSIM table 352-0008; Annual Survey of Consumer Goods Rental (survey 2434) and CANSIM table 352-0010; Annual Survey of Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment Rental and Leasing (survey 2441) and CANSIM table 352-0009; Annual Survey of Service Industries: Accounting and Bookkeeping (survey 4716) and CANSIM table 360-0007; Annual Survey of Architectural Services (survey 2420) and CANSIM table 360-0004; Annual Survey of Engineering Services (survey 2439) and CANSIM table 360-0005; Annual Survey of Service Industries: Surveying and Mapping (survey 4715) and CANSIM table 360-0006; Annual Service Industries Division, Survey of Service Industries: Survey 4719) and CANSIM table 360-0002; Annual Survey of Advertising and Related Services (survey 2437) and CANSIM table 360-0003; Annual Survey of Service Industries: Employment (survey 4718) and CANSIM table 361-0001 and Annual Survey of Travel Arrangement Services (survey 2423) and CANSIM table 351-0003.

Table 8.16 Life insurance purchases, by type of insurance, selected years, 1960 to 2006

Year	Total	Individual		Group	
	millions of dollars	millions of dollars	percent distribution	millions of dollars	percent distribution
1960	6,129	4,576	74.7	1,553	25.3
1970	14,247	9,024	63.3	5,223	36.7
1980	63,800	37,764	59.2	26,036	40.8
1981	75,053	45,907	61.2	29,146	38.8
1982	93,626	57,848	61.8	35,778	38.2
1983	106,007	66,708	62.9	39,299	37.1
1984	110.307	72,360	65.6	37,947	34.4
1985	120,400	78,805	65.5	41,595	34.5
1986	135,316	82,872	61.2	52,444	38.8
1987	136,797	89,794	65.6	47.003	34.4
1988	148,090	97,106	65.6	50,984	34.4
1989	163,559	97,448	59.6	66,111	40.4
1990	156,692	97,937	62.5	58.755	37.5
1991	154,591	99,826	64.6	54,765	35.4
1992	168,527	108,255	64.2	60,272	35.8
1993	159,654	101,637	63.7	58,017	36.3
1994	166,835	100,457	60.2	66,378	39.8
1995	160,357		62.7		37.3
		100,617	55.6	59,740 82,394	37.3 44.4
1996	185,749	103,355			
1997	215,247	110,826	51.5	104,421	48.5
1998	194,048	116,859	60.2	77,189	39.8
1999	209,976	127,809	60.9	82,167	39.1
2000	242,601	132,966	54.8	109,635	45.2
2001	223,442	145,717	65.2	77,725	34.8
2002	246,591	163,857	66.4	82,734	33.6
2003	257,965	167,515	64.9	90,450	35.1
2004	249,989	171,160	68.5	78,829	31.5
2005	246,470	170,926	69.3	75,544	30.7
2006	276,186	187,599	67.9	88,587	32.1
1980/2006% change-variation	332.9	396.8		240.2	***
1990/2006% change-variation	76.3	91.6		50.8	
2005/2006% change-variation	12.1	9.8	***	17.3	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Canadian Life and Health Insurance Association Inc.

Table 8.17 Wholesale merchant, principal statistics, by industry

	NAICS code	2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006	Percentage change 2003 to 2004	Percentage change 2004 to 2005	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
	code		thousands of	dollars			percent	
Sales								
Total, all trade groups		418,810,210	444.913.501	468,042,978	497,397,632	6.2	5.2	6.3
Farm products	10	4,759,539	5,104,130	5,548,771	5,247,117	7.2	8.7	-5.4
Food products	30	78.038.383	78,240,646	79.308.467	82,974,747	0.3	1.4	4.6
Alcohol and tobacco	40	7,538,362	7,743,290	7,557,962	7,888,610	2.7	-2.4	4.4
Apparel	50	9,102,198	8.634.866	8.923.115	9,015,060	-5.1	3.3	1.0
Home and personal products	60	23,960,619	25,330,929	27,747,574	31,319,988	5.7	9.5	12.9
Pharmaceuticals	70	24,828,977	28,550,970	30,205,404	32,059,740	15.0	5.8	6.1
Motor vehicles	80	73,235,434	72,902,562	71,919,755	75,854,902	-0.5	-1.3	5.5
Motor vehicle parts and accessories	90	15,462,544	18.268,195	18,499,610	18,611,746	18.1	1.3	0.6
Building supplies	100	30,814,809	35,331,435	39,302,539	42,658,252	14.7	11.2	8.5
Metal products	110	9,497,809	12,663,929	13,566,164	15,120,305	33.3	7.1	11.5
Lumber and millwork	120	10,458,538	12,947,474	13,264,829	12,711,938	23.8	2.5	-4.2
Machinery and equipment	130	35,108,400	38,925,394	45,240,054	49,420,662	10.9	16.2	9.2
Computers and other electronic equipment	140	27,561,588	27,259,043	28,606,313	31,479,533	-1.1	4.9	10.0
Office and professional equipment	150	19,992,680	20,516,658	21,687,331	23,887,362	2.6	5.7	10.1
Other products	160	48,450,332	52,493,985	56,665,087	59,147,677	8.3	7.9	4.4
Inventories - End of the year		40.005.400	45 777 000	48.070.000	FO 044 007	8.0	5.7	0.0
Total, all trade groups	40	42,385,496	45,777,339	48,379,330	52,644,837	8.0 49.1	5. 7 -0.8	8.8
Farm products	10	86,816	129,436	128,381	170,449	49.1 -12.9	-0.8 3.3	32.8 -2.3
Food products	30	4,989,385	4,347,518	4,489,891	4,386,507			
Alcohol and tobacco	40	275,116	302,360	291,863	287,519	9.9	-3.5	-1.5
Apparel	50	1,385,916	1,443,149	1,498,339	1,624,645	4.1	3.8 6.2	8.4
Home and personal products	60 70	3,134,019	3,284,359	3,488,555	3,823,573	4.8	6.9	9.6 2.2
Pharmaceuticals		2,555,706	2,914,790	3,115,195	3,183,237	14.1		
Motor vehicles	80 90	3,706,756	4,000,804	4,494,872	4,823,328	7.9	12.3 4.0	7.3 1.8
Motor vehicle parts and accessories		3,089,632	3,045,167	3,166,243	3,221,703	-1.4		11.6
Building supplies	100	4,150,840	4,491,487	5,017,539 2.312.412	5,600,600	8.2 67.6	11.7 -0.7	32.1
Metal products	110	1,390,278	2,329,740		3,053,685		-0.7 -6.7	32.1
Lumber and millwork	120 130	780,382 7,683,957	1,085,755	1,013,177 9,196,774	1,130,871	39.1 9.8	9.0	20.3
Machinery and equipment	140		8,435,958	1,553,587	11,065,668	-11.2	2.6	
Computers and other electronic equipment Office and professional equipment	150	1,705,536 2,432,695	1,514,489 2,392,431	2,380,682	1,730,037 2,664,547	-11.2	-0.5	11.4 11.9
Office and professional equipment Other products	160	5,018,461	6,059,895	6,231,823	5,878,467	20.8	2.8	-5.7
		2003 ^r	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006	Percentage	Percentage	Percentage
						change 2003 to 2004	change 2004 to 2005	change 2005 to 2006
			thousands o	f dollars			percent	
Provinces								
Newfoundland and Labrador		2,514,552	2,504,459	2,588,179	2,766,027	-0.4	3.3	6.9
Prince Edward Island		543,234	591,700	524,807	432,719	8.9	-11.3	-17.5
Nova Scotia		6,854,325	6,256,504	6,241,764	6,472,281	-8.7	-0.2	3.7
New Brunswick		5,281,974	5,234,461	4,863,783	4,908,923	-0.9	-7.1	0.9
Quebec		79,635,430	85,613,585	90,627,611	93,697,298	7.5	5.9	3.4
Ontario		219,780,948	230,987,719	235,850,007	250,920,516	5.1	2.1	6.4
Manitoba		10,608,403	10,838,624	11,547,078	11,901,503	2.2	6.5	3.1
Saskatchewan		11,760,431	11,920,061	13,644,694	13,556,419	1.4	14.5	-0.6
Alberta		41,868,018	47,163,050	54,550,593	61,644,839	12.6	15.7	13.0
British Columbia		39,658,915	43,497,738	47,276,977	50,724,846	9.7	8.7	7.3
Yukon		83,327	85,900	95,086	119,067	3.1	10.7	25.2
Northwest Territories		198,774	192,702	207,583	229,504	-3.1	7.7	10.6
Nunavut		21,881	26,997	24,816	23.684	23.4	-8.1	-4.6

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Distributive Trades Division, Wholesale Trade Survey (survey 2401), catalogue no. 63-008-X and CANSIM tables 081-0007 and 081-0008.

Table 8.18
Principal statistics on manufacturing industries 1,2,3,4,5, Canada, provinces and territories

		Total activity				Manufactu	iring activity	
	Number of establishments ⁸	Number of employees	Salaries and wages	Total cost of energy, water utility and vehicle fuel ⁷	Cost of energy and water utility	Cost of materials and supplies ⁶	Revenue from goods manufactured	Value added
	number				millio	ns of dollars		
Canada 2003 2004 2005	32,657 32,582	1,842,798 1,746,691 1,743,064	81,105 80,946 82,281	14,935 16,440 17,730	14,935 15,879 16,958	322,871 345,601 357,040	541,558 572,011 584,266	199,885 210,915 211,047
Newfoundland and Labrador 2003 2004 2005	x 387 369	17,916 17,320 16,644	473 464 461	121 136 151	121 129 141	1,334 1,346 1,290	2,446 2,465 2,407	982 1,025 934
Prince Edward Island 2003 2004 2005	x 204 196	7,161 6,641 6,492	179 172 197	33 34 37	33 32 34	840 850 815	1,241 1,273 1,279	351 393 460
Nova Scotia 2003 2004 2005	x 747 707	39,124 37,817 37,301	1,418 1,451 1,372	323 324 355	323 311 336	5,433 5,565 5,391	8,697 9,458 9,598	2,933 3,544 3,875
New Brunswick 2003 2004 2005	x 656 631	38,063 35,776 34,043	1,259 1,238 1,159	465 546 460	465 522 438	8,625 9,688 11,226	12,480 14,067 15,542	3,344 3,880 3,981
Quebec 2003 2004 2005	x 8,058 8,059	513,331 475,200 463,931	20,564 20,397 20,082	3,892 4,182 4,395	3,892 4,047 4,212	71,769 75,436 76,924	127,455 131,333 133,791	48,404 52,073 52,743
Ontario 2003 2004 2005	x 13,533 13,451	866,351 818,509 817,312	41,808 41,207 42,220	6,174 6,675 7,063	6,174 6,459 6,750	172,276 184,379 185,434	286,337 298,253 298,343	107,369 107,227 106,407
Manitoba 2003 2004 2005	x 1,034 995	59,527 59,892 60,006	2,152 2,265 2,376	326 354 355	326 332 327	6,819 6,835 7,231	12,149 13,040 13,240	5,149 5,841 5,763
Saskatchewan 2003 2004 2005	x 760 767	24,596 23,709 25,623	991 1,015 1,099	310 348 386	310 337 371	4,723 5,564 6,344	7,544 9,038 9,728	2,544 3,171 3,020
Alberta 2003 2004 2005	x 3,088 3,100	124,279 123,253 130,559	5,412 5,731 6,160	1,910 2,343 2,977	1,910 2,282 2,891	30,157 34,011 39,932	46,221 52,730 60,348	14,180 16,693 17,813
British Columbia 2003 2004 2005	x 4,129 4,241	151,930 148,080 150,607	6,831 6,988 7,134	1,381 1,495 1,549	1,381 1,427 1,455	20,823 21,866 22,378	36,890 40,249 39,876	14,603 17,024 16,015
Yukon Territory 2003 2004 2005	x 32 35	147 177 208	5 7 7	0 1 1	0 0 0	7 9 10	16 21 22	10 11 12

Table 8.18 - continued

Principal statistics on manufacturing industries1,2,3,4,5, Canada, provinces and territories

	Total activity				Manufacturing activity				
	Number of establishments ⁸	Number of employees	Salaries and wages	Total cost of energy, water utility and vehicle fuel ⁷	Cost of energy and water utility	Cost of materials and supplies ⁶	Revenue from goods manufactured	Value added	
	number				millions of dollars				
Northwest Territories 2003 2004 2005	x 18 20	278 218 247	12 10 11	1 0 0	1 0 0	63 50 64	77 79 84	14 30 21	
Nunavut 2003 2004 2005	x 11 11	95 99 91	2 2 2	1 1 1	1 1 1	2 2 2	4 5 6	2 2 3	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging Survey (survey 2103, CANSIM Table 3010006.

Table 8.19
Revenue from goods manufactured 1,2,3,4,5, Canada, by sub-sector (NAICS)

	NAICS	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage change 2004 to 2005
	_		milli	ons of dollars			percent
Manufacturing	31-33	543,782	553,134	541,558	572,011	584,266	2.1
Sub-sectors							
Food manufacturing	311	61,640	63,717	64,362	66,449	65,999	-0.7
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	11,685	11,924	11,897	12,392	12,442	0.4
Textile mills	313	4,224	4,157	3,546	3,522	3,167	-10.1
Textile product mills	314	2,659	2,765	2,534	2,377	2,419	1.8
Clothing manufacturing	315	7,839	7,568	6,753	5,659	4,668	-17.5
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	965	885	756	601	463	-22.9
Wood product manufacturing	321	30,075	32,174	30,600	34,914	33,040	-5.4
Paper manufacturing	322	35,842	34,225	33,300	33,585	32,207	-4.1
Printing and related support activities	323	11,688	11,635	10,765	10,563	10,465	-0.9
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	33,408	33,579	37,476	45,678	55,694	21.9
Chemical manufacturing	325	38,407	40,524	42,149	46,814	48,045	2.6
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	22,950	24,650	25,182	25,273	26,359	4.3
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327	10,480	11,283	11,306	11,895	12,262	3.1
Primary metal manufacturing	331	34,154	36,525	36,712	42,373	43,977	3.8
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	30,165	31,304	30,645	31,430	33,441	6.4
Machinery manufacturing	333	26,445	26,778	26,362	26,636	28,222	6.0
Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component	334	27,308	22,433	19,903	20,282	18,432	-9.1
manufacturing	335	11,609	9,851	9,103	9,286	9,275	-0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	122,361	126,148	118,661	122,797	123,733	8.0
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	13,062	13,273	12,361	12,220	12,537	2.6
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	6,818	7,735	7,186	7,265	7,419	2.1

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division, Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (survey 2103) and CANSIM tables 301-0003 and 301-0006.

Table 8.20 Revenue from goods manufactured 1,2,3,4,5, Canada, provinces and territories

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Percentage change 2004 to 2005		
		millions of dollars						
Canada	543,782.5	553.134.1	541.558.4	572,011.0	584,265.7	2.1		
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,408.6	2,432,4	2,446,4	2.464.6	2.407.0	-2.3		
Prince Edward Island	1,234.7	1,285.3	1,241.5	1.272.6	1.278.9	0.5		
Nova Scotia	8,470.6	8,749.6	8,697.5	9,457.6	9,598.2	1.5		
New Brunswick	11,839.3	12,318.3	12,479.8	14,067.2	15,542.4	10.5		
Quebec	131,945.5	131,564.3	127,455.4	131,333.4	133,791.5	1.9		
Ontario	285,242.8	294,527.2	286,336.5	298,252.9	298,342.8	0.0		
Manitoba	11,330.7	11,739.4	12,149.3	13,040.2	13,240.3	1.5		
Saskatchewan	7,417.7	7,343.5	7,544.0	9,038.5	9,728.0	7.6		
Alberta	45,628.8	45,511.3	46,220.6	52,730.2	60,348.5	14.4		
British Columbia	38,203.8	37,583.5	36,889.7	40,248.6	39,875.8	-0.9		
Yukon Territory	16.6	19.1	16.4	21.0	22.5	7.0		
Northwest Territories	39.2	55.6	76.9	79.4	83.9	5.7		
Nunavut	4.3	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.9	21.4		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division, Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (survey 2103) and CANSIM tables 301-0003 and 301-0006.

Table 8.21 Principal statistics by employment size group, Canada, by sub-sectors (NAICS), 2005¹

Sub-sector		Employment	t size group		Total	
and NAICS code	1 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 199	200 and more		
Fotal All Industries (31-33)						
Establishment count	25,114	3,543	2,233	1,692	32,582	
Number of production workers	284,773	185,932	237,355	604,424	1,312,484	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	76,815,302	64,495,721	96,666,791	346,287,866	584,265,680	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	269.7	346.9	407.3	572.9	445.2	
ood manufacturing (311)	2.135	401	284	282	3,102	
stablishment count lumber of production workers	23,604	21.433	31,480	103,825	180.342	
evenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	10,493,614	9,257,563	10.989.951	35,257,763	65,998,891	
evenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	444.6	431.9	349.1	339.6	366.0	
everage and tobacco product manufacturing (312)						
stablishment count	173	22	23	27	245	
lumber of production workers	1,470	898	2,267	7,789	12,424	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	1,190,961	1,347,976	2,737,254	7,165,947	12,442,138	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	810.2	1,501.1	1,207.4	920.0	1,001.5	
extile mills (313)	294	36	35	16	381	
stablishment count umber of production workers	3.030	2.002	3,951	3,785	12.768	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	675.728	478,136	1,200,061	813,275	3,167,200	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	223.0	238.8	303.7	214.9	248.1	
	22.0.0	200.0	000.1		=	
extile product mills (314) stablishment count	403	34	20	13	470	
lumber of production workers	4,148	1,904	1,814	3.717	11.583	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	674,919	359,617	452,921	931,305	2,418,762	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	162.7	188.9	249.7	250.6	208.8	
Clothing manufacturing (315)						
stablishment count	861	132	78	31	1,102	
umber of production workers	10,550	6,842	8,067	11,825	37,284	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	1,381,567	920,048	1,123,874	1,242,225	4,667,714	
tevenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	131.0	134.5	139.3	105.1	125.2	
eather and allied product manufacturing (316) stablishment count	194	8	11	3	216	
lumber of production workers	1,530	464	1,394	810	4.198	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	183,300	53,011	165,432	61,556	463.299	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	119.8	114.2	118.7	76.0	110.4	
lood product manufacturing (321)						
stablishment count	1,708	306	254	114	2,382	
lumber of production workers	23,153	18,254	31,641	29,828	102,876	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	5,984,358	5,292,191	12,493,665	9,269,733	33,039,947	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	258.5	289.9	394.9	310.8	321.2	
aper manufacturing (322)						
stablishment count	380	109	101	127	71	
lumber of production workers	5,074	5,961	11,078	41,741	63,854	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	1,804,359	2,470,756	5,371,772	22,560,048	32,206,935	
evenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	355.6	414.5	484.9	540.5	504.4	
rinting and related support activities (323) stablishment count	1,776	179	75	57	2,087	
lumber of production workers	16,338	9,202	7,173	14,118	46,83	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	3,395,877	1,990,207	1,718,015	3,360,619	10,464,718	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	207.9	216.3	239.5	238.0	223.5	
etroleum and coal products manufacturing (324)						
Establishment count	187	18	10	19	234	
lumber of production workers	1,138	832	967	5,122	8,059	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	930,273	1,830,815	4,162,467	48,769,953	55,693,508	
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	817.5	2,200.5	4,304.5	9,521.7	6,910.7	

Table 8.21 - continued

Principal statistics by employment size group, Canada, by sub-sectors (NAICS), 20051

Sub-sector Sub-sector		Employment	size group		Total
and NAICS code	1 to 49	50 to 99	100 to 199	200 and more	
Chemical manufacturing (325)					
Establishment count	1,118	177	99	78	1,472
Number of production workers	10,668	8,375	8,389	21,531	48,963
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	8,099,568	9,885,100	13,019,125	17,041,394	48,045,187
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	759.2	1,180.3	1,551.9	791.5	981.3
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (326)					
Establishment count	1,208	264	192	131	1,795
Number of production workers	15,895	14,230	21,112	41,032	92,269
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	4,326,298	4,060,318	6,452,552	11,519,739	26,358,907
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	272.2	285.3	305.6	280.8	285.7
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing (327)					
Establishment count	1,228	160	94	22	1,504
Number of production workers	13,705	8,653	9,880	4,885	37,123
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	3,983,684	2,607,540	3,942,269	1,729,001	12,262,494
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	290.7	301.3	399.0	353.9	330.3
Primary metal manufacturing (331)					
Establishment count	284	77	52	97	510
Number of production workers	3,353	4,088	5,715	48,444	61,600
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	1,528,479	2,083,852	5,618,510	34,745,927	43,976,768
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	455.9	509.7	983.1	717.2	713.9
Fabricated metal product manufacturing (332)					
Establishment count	4,138	451	235	106	4,930
Number of production workers	53,210	23,851	23,822	26,450	127,333
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	11,630,700	6,775,994	7,144,175	7,890,258	33,441,127
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	218.6	284.1	299.9	298.3	262.6
Machinery manufacturing (333)	0.400	440	000	0.7	0.407
Establishment count	2,426	418	206	87	3,137
Number of production workers	31,094	21,103	20,915	27,886	100,998 28,221,969
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	7,200,798 231.6	5,895,433 279.4	6,179,647 295.5	8,946,091 320.8	20,221,969
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	231.0	213.4	250.0	320.0	213.4
Computer and electronic product manufacturing (334)	000	425	77	76	1,216
Establishment count Number of production workers	928 9,598	135 6,019	77 6,650	26.447	48.714
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	2.375.762	1.854.453	2.047.807	12,154,158	18,432,180
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	247.5	308.1	307.9	459.6	378.4
	247.0	000.1	007.0	100.0	0.0.1
Electric equipment, appliance and component manufacturing (335) Establishment count	526	87	50	61	724
Number of production workers	5,677	4,168	5,048	17,565	32,458
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	1.483.427	1,225,622	1,517,212	5,048,514	9,274,775
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	261.3	294.1	300.6	287.4	285.7
Transportation assistant manufacturing (226)					
Transportation equipment manufacturing (336) Establishment count	871	170	165	240	1,446
Number of production workers	9,915	8,859	17,474	132,525	168,773
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	2,852,567	2,685,953	6,572,338	111,622,342	123,733,200
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	287.7	303.2	376.1	842.3	733.1
Furniture and related product manufacturing (337)					
Establishment count	1,629	226	113	78	2,046
Number of production workers	23,406	12,220	12,839	28,043	76,508
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	3,285,132	2,011,258	2,605,082	4,635,036	12,536,508
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	140.4	164.6	202.9	165.3	163.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing (339)					
Establishment count	2,647	133	59	27	2,866
Number of production workers	18,217	6,574	5,679	7,056	37,526
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000)	3,333,931	1,409,878	1,152,662	1,522,982	7,419,453
Revenue from goods manufactured (\$'000) per worker	183.0	214.5	203.0	215.8	197.7

Note(s): See Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables section.

Source(s): Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division and Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (survey 2103).

Table 8.22 Operating revenue ¹ according to type of service, for computer systems design and related services, Canada, provinces and territories

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 ²
		mill	ions of dollars		
Canada Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	5,869.2 2,275.8 17,964.9	5,383.1 2,591.0 18,205.8	5,810.5 2,650.8 18,836.1	6,276.2 2,675.3 20,727.0	6,358.3 2,815.3 21,567.4
Newfoundland and Labrador Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	x x 91.4	x x 201.8	x x 197.0	x x 174.2	x x 130.0
Prince Edward Island Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	x x 20.6	x x 23.0	x x 20.7	x x 24.0	x x 16.6
Nova Scotia Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	20.3 F 222.3	22.5 F 291.1	23.2 F 258.9	27.3 F 312.5	24.5 19.5 360.9
New Brunswick Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	32.8	47.6	32.9	45.9	49.2
	F	F	F	x	x
	234.5	184.6	210.1	196.5	217.2
Quebec Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	1,223.4 345.7 3,706.0	1,044.0 471.3 4,370.7	1,068.0 482.3 4,298.7	1,211.6 350.4 4,523.8	1,207.0 282.7 4,735.8
Ontario Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	3,196.6	3,000.5	3,330.1	3,345.7	3,228.3
	1,618.7	1,741.3	1,643.0	1,633.6	1,757.3
	9,853.1	9,469.8	9,420.5	10,816.6	11,071.6
Manitoba Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	24.6	29.2	55.5	47.2	70.9
	29.8	25.5	38.1	24.0	29.1
	206.1	351.1	551.3	483.0	415.9
Saskatchewan Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	26.6	32.1	23.2	23.0	F
	5.4	5.2	5.4	11.1	11.8
	142.3	181.9	223.8	246.0	263.8
Alberta Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	526.2	387.9	477.7	402.4	564.4
	132.3	196.4	247.5	213.0	249.8
	1,958.8	1,527.1	1,853.3	2,093.9	2,154.3
British Columbia Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	816.3	817.7	798.2	1,164.8	1,185.8
	120.9	126.1	200.9	421.1	459.8
	1,513.7	1,597.9	1,796.4	1,848.4	2,178.4
Yukon Territory Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	X X X	X X X	x x x	x x x	X X X
Northwest Territories Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	X	x	x	x	x
	X	x	x	x	x
	X	x	x	x	x
Nunavut Software publishers Data processing, hosting, and related services ³ Computer systems design and related services	X	x	X	x	x
	X	x	X	x	x
	X	x	X	x	x

^{1.} Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other non-recurring items. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total revenue rather than operating revenue is reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.

^{2.} Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision. Due to rounding, components may not add to total (where applicable).

^{3.} Prior to 2002, data refer to code 51421 Data processing services, North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 1997

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Software Development and Computer Services (survey 2410) and CANSIM table 354-0005.

Table 8.23 Summary statistics for internet service providers (NAICS 518111), Canada

	Number	Number	Revenue			Expenses	
	of firms ¹	of paid — employees	Operating ²	Foreign	Salaries, wages and benefits ³	All other	Operating ⁴
	numbe	er		mi	illions of dollars		
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 ⁵	483 456 458 467 455 Firms	5559.0 5,597.0 6,416.0 6,486.0 6,767.0 Operating revenue	1,435.00 1,555.40 1,699.10 1,854.6 2,052.8 Operating revenue	4.4 4.9 5.8 x x Foreign revenue	386.5 350.4 409.9 436.7 466.5 Employees per firm	1,118.90 960 995.4 1,058.4 1,172.1 Average salary	1,505.40 1,310.40 1,412.20 1,495.1 1,638.6 Operating
			per firm			thousand of	margin ⁶
	percei	nt	dollars	percent	number	dollars	percent
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 ⁵	100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100	2,971.00 3,411.00 3,709.60 3,971.30 4,511.6	0.3 0.3 0.3 x	12.0 12.0 14.0 13.9 14.9	69.5 62.6 63.4 67.3 68.9	-4.9 15.8 16.9 19.4 20.4

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Internet Providers and Related Services (survey 4303).

Table 8.24
Revenue by type of service, Internet service providers (NAICS 518111), Canada

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
_		percent of	operating revenue	9 1	
nternet service provision (ISP) and related services					
nternet access - Dial-up (narrowband)	39.7	30.9	23.1	17.4	13.7
nternet access – xDSL	,	45.2	51.7	54.8	57.6
nternet access - Cable		1.1	0.7	0.8	1.1
nternet access – Wireless		0.3	0.4	0.7	1.2
nternet access – Total broadband (xDSL, cable and wireless)	44.7	46.6	52.8	56.3	59.9
Other access services	0.0	2.1	3.5	3.2	2.9
nternet backbone services	0.5	2.5	3.0	2.8	3.1
nternet telecommunication services	0.9	0.1	0.3	1.5	2.2
ale of on-line advertising space	0,0	0.5	1.9	X	×
Sale of content to be distributed over the Internet	0.1	0.1	0,0	0.0	0.0
omain name registration services	0.4	1.6	0.3	0.4	0.4
Computer systems design and related services					
T technical consulting services	0.2	0.4	1.0	1.7	1.6
Veb site design and development services	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.3
Other custom application design and development services	0.1	0.1	0.1	X	0.2
Pata processing, hosting and related services					
Veb site hosting	2.4	1.6	2.1	1.5	2.8
pplication service provisioning	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4
ollocation services	0.4	0.3	1.1	0.6	1.0
lardware sales, rentals and maintenance					
ales of hardware purchased for resale	0.7	3.2	1.1	1.3	1.1
ales of hardware of own manufacture epair and maintenance, lease, rental and third party maintenance	0.1	0.3	0.3	×	>
of computer equipment	1.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other services	6.7	8.8	8.6	9.5	6.4
otal operating revenue	100	100	100	100	100

^{1.} Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other non-recurring items. Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Internet Service Providers (survey 4303).

Table 8.25
Summary statistics for architectural services industry, Canada, provinces and territories 1

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Québec	Ontario
			millio	ons of dollars			
Operating revenue ²							
2001	1,539.3	9.6	X	28.7	15.7	215.2	732.9
2002	1,824.7	9.1	X	23.2	18.9	286.1	911.9
2003 2004	1,873.1 1,920.3	9.7 9.7	X	29.3	18.1	323.3	901.2
2004	2,059.0	9.7	X X	30.1 31.1	18.6 20.0	323.4 347.4	868.2 897.1
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	7.2	-3.1	x	3.3	7.5	7.4	3.3
Operating expenses 3							
2001	1,306.6	8.3	х	25.8	14.2	163.9	634.0
2002	1,553.4	8.1	x	22.0	16.7	219.8	805.1
2003	1,573.8	8.5	Х	26.8	15.3	250.8	786.9
2004	1,620.3	8.6	X	26.7	16.5	256.9	750.0
2005	1,708.2	8.2	X	27.7	18.1	262.6	770.1
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	5.4	-4.7	×	3.7	9.7	2.2	2.7
Salaries, wages and benefits 4	570.0	2.5		40.4	F.C.	F.F. O.	204.0
2001 2002	570.6 620.9	3.5 3.2	X X	12.1 10.6	5.6 6.5	55.9 82.7	291.2 316.2
2002	656.8	3.2	×	12.1	6.2	86.1	315.9
2004	693.0	3.5	x	10.3	6.1	102.3	325.0
2005	759.9	4.0	x	12.7	6.2	119.1	333.3
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	9.7	14.3	X	23.3	1.6	16.4	2.6
				percent			
Operating profit margin ⁵							
2001	15.1	13.3	x	9.9	9.6	23.9	13.5
2002	14.9	10.7	x	5.3	11.5	23.2	11.7
2003	16.0	11.7	X	8.5	15.3	22.4	12.7
2004	15.6	10.8	х	11.4	11.5	20.6	13.6
2005	17.0	13.3	×	10.9	9.8	24.4	14.2
				units			
Number of establishments 6							
2001	4,193	23	х	66	49	1,037	1,554
2002	4,562	25	X	73	` 56	1,141	1,664
2003	4,655	25	х	77	53	1,118	1,758
2004	4,744	26	X	79	58	1,105	1,829
2005	4,537	24	X	81 2.5	60 3.4	1,101 -0.4	1,684 -7.9
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	-4.4	-7.7	х	2.5	3.4	-0.4	-7.9

229

Table 8.25 - continued Summary statistics for architectural services industry, Canada, provinces and territories 1

Operating revenue ² 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	38.7 41.1 42.6 48.0 49.8 3.8 35.0 35.1 36.5	33.4 24.6 28.7 32.4 36.5 12.7	180.6 227.4 211.1 234.1 262.7 12.2	269.0 268.5 297.6 340.2 388.3 14.1	X X X X	4.0 4.8 5.2 6.9 7.7	X X X X
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004	41.1 42.6 48.0 49.8 3.8 35.0 35.1	24.6 28.7 32.4 36.5 12.7	227.4 211.1 234.1 262.7	268.5 297.6 340.2 388.3	x x x x	4.8 5.2 6.9	x x
2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004	41.1 42.6 48.0 49.8 3.8 35.0 35.1	24.6 28.7 32.4 36.5 12.7	227.4 211.1 234.1 262.7	268.5 297.6 340.2 388.3	x x x x	4.8 5.2 6.9	x x
2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004	42.6 48.0 49.8 3.8 35.0 35.1	28.7 32.4 36.5 12.7	211.1 234.1 262.7	297.6 340.2 388.3	X X X	5.2 6.9	×
2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004	48.0 49.8 3.8 35.0 35.1	32.4 36.5 12.7	234.1 262.7	340.2 388.3	X X	6.9	
2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004	49.8 3.8 35.0 35.1	36.5 12.7	262.7	388.3	X		
Percentage change 2004 to 2005 Operating expenses ³ 2001 2002 2003 2004	3.8 35.0 35.1	12.7					X
2001 2002 2003 2004	35.1	28.7			^	11.6	X
2002 2003 2004	35.1	28.7					
2003 2004			149.4	234.6	Х	3.5	X
2004	36.5	21.4	189.9	223.6	X	4.2 4.2	X
	41.2	26.3 28.6	176.4 196.0	236.7 281.7	X X	4.2 6.4	X
2003	42.6	31.9	219.4	313.3	X	6.5	X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	3.4	11.5	11.9	11.2	x	1.6	x
Salaries, wages and benefits 4							
2001	15.1	11.8	68.1	102.9	х	1.4	Х
2002	13.9	7.7	85.0	91.9	X	1.2	X
2003	14.6	10.8	92.2	112.6	х	1.7	X
2004	18.8	11.6	96.3	114.5	Х	2.4	X
2005	18.6	12.5	110.8	137.2	X	3.2	×
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	-1.1	7.8	15.1	19.8	х	33.3	х
				percent			
Operating profit margin ⁵							
2001	9.7	14.0	17.2	12.8	X	11.5	X
2002	14.6	13.1	16.5	16.7	X	12.1	X
2003	14.3	8.3	16.5	20.5	Х	19.5	X
2004 2005	14.2 14.4	12.0 12.6	16.3 16.5	17.2 19.3	X	7.6 15.1	X
2005	14.4	12.0	10.5	19.5	Х	15.1	х
<u> </u>				units			
Number of establishments 6							
2001	89	62	452	841	х	7	X
2002	75 93	55 57	509	944	Х	7	X
2003 2004	93 87	60	497 502	954 973	X X	10 8	X X
2005	89	65	465	937	X	13	X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	2.3	8.3	- 7.4	-3.7	x	62.5	x

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Services Industries Division, Architectural Services (survey 2420) and CANSIM table 360-0004.

Table 8.26
Summary statistics for engineering services industry, Canada, provinces and territories 1

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Québec	Ontario
			millio	ns of dollars			
Operating revenue 2							
2001	10,446.0	192.5	X	176.4	92.2	2,274.2	3,748.6
2002	10,866.3	170.1	X	178.5	104.5	2,346.1	3,772.5
2003	11,044.5	158.2	X	214.4	127.4	2,369.4	3,686.5
2004	12,147.8	125.4	X	238.5	152.6	2,667.1	4,100.0
2005	_ 13,793.5	162.0	X	268.7	160.3	3,023.2	4,192.5
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	13.5	29.2	х	12.7	5.0	13.4	2.3
Operating expenses 3							
2001	9,324.3	163.2	X	162.8	81.9	2,077.2	3,315.9
2002	9,679.0	154.4	Х	158.6	92.5	2,146.2	3,339.6
2003	9,941.9	145.8	Х	194.0	119.2	2,084.6	3,424.5
2004	10,734.8	113.3	Х	216.4	130.0	2,333.3	3,670.0
2005	11,919.7	151.5	X	242.7	141.3	2,581.0	3,725.3
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	11.0	33.7	х	12.2	8.7	10.6	1.5
Salaries, wages and benefits 4							
2001	4,499.4	76.4	X	81.5	43.4	953.3	1,573.9
2002	4,537.3	74.2	X	72.8	49.7	866.9	1,677.4
2003	4,697.5	67.4	X	98.4	63.1	867.6	1,628.0
2004	5,103.3	61.4	X	105.6	66.6	1,044.8	1,836.5
2005	5,726.0	68.7	X	126.2	59.8	1,133.5	1,903.6
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	12.2	11.9	х	19.5	-10.2	8.5	3.7
				percent			
Operating profit margin ⁵							
2001	10.7	15.2	х	7.7	11.1	8.7	11.5
2002	10.9	9.2	X	11.1	11.4	8.5	11.5
2003	10.0	7.8	Х	9.5	6.5	12.0	7.1
2004	11.6	9.7	X	9.3	14.8	12.5	10.5
2005	13.6	6.5	x	9.7	11.9	14.6	11.1
				units			
Number of establishments 6							
2001	17,660	175	x	344	232	2.860	6.049
2002	19,339	161	x	355	`261	3.013	6,516
2003	19.835	192	x	365	257	3.044	6,793
2004	20.723	188	x	409	279	3,085	7,207
2005	21,753	193	x	409	267	3.080	6,990
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	5.0	2.7	x	0.0	-4.3	-0.2	-3.0
1 discinage change 2007 to 2000							

Table 8.26 - continued Summary statistics for engineering services industry, Canada, provinces and territories ¹

Comparating revenue 2 121.6 117.5 2.252.6 1.438.9 6.4 17.5 12002 146.4 135.7 2.563.2 1.414.6 8.2 17.3 17.5 146.6 2.363.2 1.414.6 8.2 17.3 17.5 146.6 2.363.2 1.414.6 8.2 17.3 17.5 146.6 2.363.2 1.414.6 8.2 17.3 17.5 146.6 2.363.0 1.564.5 8.6 22.1 17.5 146.6 2.363.0 1.564.5 8.6 22.1 17.5 146.6 2.363.0 1.564.5 8.6 22.1 17.5 146.6 2.365.0 1.564.5 8.6 22.1 17.5 17.5 146.6 2.365.0 1.564.5 8.6 22.1 17.5 17		Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
2001				mil	lions of dollars			
2001	Operating revenue 2							
170 2	2001							X
2004								X
199.0 20.5 3,557.2 1,982.7 8.1 26.8					1,512.9			X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005 13.6 38.1 21.2 26.7 -5.8 21.3 Deprating expenses 3 2001 107.8 107.8 101.2 1,974.7 1,314.0 5.0 7.1 16.0 2003 152.4 132.6 2,255.5 1,275.0 7.1 16.0 2003 155.4 136.2 2,269.4 1,374.3 9,4 17.9 2005 181.8 181.6 2,971.7 1,700.1 8.1 25.7 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 17.0 33.3 18.0 19.3 6.6 33.2 Salaries, wages and benefits 4 2001 60.4 56.8 89.5 66.7 2.7 7.1 2002 68.2 61.6 1,085.4 56.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2003 83.6 65.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2004 90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 Percentage change 2004 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2005 8.6 10.3 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2005 8.6 10.3 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2005 8.6 10.3 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 4.4 2001 4.4 4.4 2001 251 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 26 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 277								X
107.8								×
107.8	Percentage change 2004 to 2005	13.6	38.1	21.2	26.7	-5.8	21.3	×
2002								
152.4 132.6 2,269.4 1,374.3 9.4 17.9								X
2004								Х
2005								X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005 17.0 33.3 18.0 19.3 6.6 33.2 Salaries, wages and benefits 4 2001 60.4 56.8 989.5 650.7 2.7 7.1 2002 68.2 61.6 1.085.4 566.7 3.4 6.3 2003 83.6 65.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2004 90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0								X
Salaries, wages and benefits 4 2001 60.4 56.8 989.5 650.7 2.7 7.1 2002 68.2 61.6 1,085.4 566.7 3.4 6.3 2003 83.6 65.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2004 90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 Percent Departing profit margin 5 2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 Pumber of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2003 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								X
2001 60.4 56.8 989.5 650.7 2.7 7.1 2002 68.2 61.6 1,085.4 566.7 3.4 6.3 2003 83.6 65.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2004 90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 Percent **Departing profit margin 5** 2001 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 **Units** **Number of establishments 6** 2001 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 2004 5,181 3,348 24 26 2003 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27	Percentage change 2004 to 2005	17.0	33.3	18.0	19.3	6.6	33.2	×
2002 68.2 61.6 1,085.4 566.7 3.4 6.3 2003 83.6 65.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2004 90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 Percent Deparating profit margin 5 2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 Units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 2004 5,181 3,348 24 26 2003 2004 5,181 3,348 24 26 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24	Salaries, wages and benefits 4							
83.6 65.7 1,185.5 617.0 3.9 7.6 2004 90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 **Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2001 11.3 13.9 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 **Units** **Number of establishments 6** 2001 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 2004 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2003 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								X
90.9 67.9 1,194.2 618.9 2.6 8.6 2005 109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 Percent Deparating profit margin 5 2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 Units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 2 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2003 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27	2002							X
109.9 91.6 1,379.0 838.0 3.0 8.0 Percentage change 2004 to 2005 109.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 percent Deperating profit margin 5 2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 Units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005 20.9 34.9 15.5 35.4 15.4 -7.0 percent Descript Descript Descript Descript Descript 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 Units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 26 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								X
Departing profit margin 5 2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27	2005							X
Operating profit margin 5 2001 2002 3,0 17.0 12.8 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 2003 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27	Percentage change 2004 to 2005	20.9	34.9	15.5	35.4	15.4	-7.0	х
2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 201 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 26 2003 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27					percent			
2001 11.3 13.9 12.3 8.7 21.2 21.5 2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 21.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 2005 2001 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 26 2003 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27	Operating profit margin 5							
2002 9.0 17.0 12.8 9.9 14.0 7.3 2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 Units Number of establishments 6 2001 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27		11.3	13.9	12.3	8.7	21.2	21.5	х
2003 10.4 8.1 13.1 9.2 10.3 9.0 2004 11.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 2005 2001 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 26 2003 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								x
2004 211.3 7.1 14.2 8.9 11.4 12.6 2005 8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4								x
8.6 10.3 16.5 14.2 -0.4 4.4 units Number of establishments 6 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								x
Number of establishments ⁶ 2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								x
2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27					units			
2001 251 204 4,434 3,036 16 35 2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27	Number of establishments 6							
2002 259 291 5,326 3,086 21 24 2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27		251	204	4 434	3.036	16	35	x
2003 278 304 5,181 3,348 24 26 2004 283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								x
283 303 5,337 3,551 24 27								x
								x
								x
Percentage change 2004 to 2005 3.5 1.3 20.2 4.5 4.2 7.4								x

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Services Industries Division, Annual Survey of Engineering Services (survey 2439) and CANSIM table 360-0003.

Table 8.27
Real estate agents, brokers, appraisers and other real estate activities industries, selected expenditures as a percentage of operating revenue, Canada, provinces and territories

	Canada	Newfoundland and labrador	Prince Edward island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				percent			
Salaries, wages and benefits							
2001	10	7.7	10.7	11	11	8.7	9.7
2002	11.6	14.5	14.3	12.6	14.9	10.2	11
2003	14.4	15.7	17.3			12.4	14.
				18.4	15.8		
2004	14.9	15.1	12.1	19.9	14.7	13.5	15.:
2005	14.7	12.6	11.7	16.8	14.2	13.5	15.
Commissions 1							
2001	12.2	12.4	14.2	11.7	11.3	4.8	16.
2002	9.5	11.5	5.5	7	10.6	4.5	12.
2003	10.6	7.8	8	2.7	10.2	5.9	13.3
2004	10.9	10.5	6.1	7.3	11.1	5.9	12.
2005	13.8	18.0	8.7	7.6	18.9	10.6	16.
	13.5	10.0	0.7	7.0	10.9	10.0	10.
Rental and leasing 2		2.0	0.0	4.0	0.4	F 7	
2001	6.2	6.3	2.9	4.8	6.1	5.7	_ '
2002	5.9	5.9	4.5	4.9	6.1	5.5	5.
2003	5.3	4.4	4.1	5.2	6.3	5.2	5.
2004	5.3	5.2	3.3	4.5	5.5	5.2	5.
2005	5.6	5.1	4.1	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.
Advertising							
2001	6.5	7	6.8	6.1	8.2	6.1	6.
2002	6	6.1	8.3	6	6.7	5.4	0.
2003	5.5	5.2	6.6	5.8	6.2	5.1	5.
2004	5.3	5.7	6.4	5.3	5.8	4.9	5.
2005	5.8	5.8	6.5	5.5	6.6	5.5	6.
Other expenses							
2001	31	41.3	37.6	33.7	29.5	32.1	28.
2002	32	33.6	28.7	27.8	29.8	31.8	30.
003	31.5	40.3	29.2	29.6	30.8	32.3	30.
2004	31.1	33.6	34.1	29.5	33.2	32.1	29
2005	23.6	28.6	31.3	25.6	21.9	21	2
	23.0	20.0	31.3	20.0	21.0	21	_
Total expenses	20	747	70.0	07.0	66	57.4	66.
2001	66	74.7	72.2	67.3			
2002	65	71.6	61.4	58.3	68	57.4	6
2003	67.4	73.3	65.1	61.7	69.3	60.8	68.
2004	67.7	70.1	62.1	66.5	70.2	61.6	6
2005	63.4	70.1	62.3	60.3	`65.6	56.1	64.

Table 8.27 - continued

Real estate agents, brokers, appraisers and other real estate activities industries, selected expenditures as a percentage of operating revenue, Canada, provinces and territories

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				percent			
Salaries, wages and benefits							
2001	10.1	13.1	11.1	11.4	Х	Х	X
2002	Х	14.6	13.9	12.1	X	Х	X
2003	18.1	14.3	17.4	13.2	X	X	X
2004	18.1	19.6	18.9	12	X	X	X
2005	16.4	13.8	16.5	13	X	X	×
Commissions 1	10.4	10.0	10.0		^	^	^
2001	2.4	3.1	7.2	6.6	x	x	x
2002	12.9	6	3.5	6.2	x	x	x
2003	5.9	4.2	6.6	10.7	x	x	x
2003	12.8	9.5	4.5	14.3			
2005	8.7	6.4	10.2	12.0	X	X	X
	0.7	0.4	10.2	12.0	X	Х	×
Rental and leasing 2	F 0	^	0.0	0.0			
2001	5.2	6	6.9	6.9	Х	Х	X
2002	5.8	7.1	6.5	6.5	Х	X	Х
2003	5.8	6.9	5.7	5.7	Х	X	Х
2004	5.1	4.9	5.7	5.5	X	X	X
2005	6	6.4	5.7	5.9	X	Х	X
Advertising							
2001	7.4	8.8	7.5	7	X	X	X
2002	6.4	7.4	6.7	6.1	X	X	X
2003	6.2	7.8	6.1	5.6	X	X	X
2004	6	5.8	5.9	5.3	X	X	X
2005	6.9	7.4	6.0	6.2	X	X	X
Other expenses							
2001	43.3	39.6	33.9	36.6	х	Х	X
2002	X	38.7	35.6	34.7	X	X	X
2003	36.5	37.6	35.1	30.5	x	×	×
2004	34.5	38.8	36.6	31	x	x	x
2005	31.1	34	28.1	25.2	x	x	x
Total expenses	31.1	04	20.1	20.2	^	^	^
2001	68.4	70.5	66.7	68.4	V	~	
2002	71.2	73.8	66.2	65.5	X	X	Х
2002	71.2	73.8			Х	Х	Х
			71	65.6	X	Х	Х
2004	76.4	78.6	71.5	68.2	X	X	X
2005	69.2	68.1	66.5	62.3	Х	X	X

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Service Industries Division, Annual Survey of Service Industries: Real Estate Agents, Brokers, Appraisers and Other Real Estate Activities (Survey 4706).

Table 8.28 Advertising and related services revenue and expenses, Canada, provinces and territories ¹

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Québec	Ontario
			million	s of dollars			
Operating revenue ²							
2001	4,943.2	17.6	X	42.0	22.4	1,292.0	2,844.3
2002	4,894.1	20.7	X	43.5	21.6	1,295.7	2,750.4
9003	4,734.6	20.3	X	43.1	18.9	1,236.9	2,697.7
2004	4,984.4	22.3	X	43.2	19.3	1,280.5	2,861.8
005	5,612.8	28.8	X	50.8	19.2	1,340.7	3,255.5
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	12.6	29.1	Х	17.6	-0.5	4.7	13.8
Operating expenses 3							
2001	4,482.7	17.1	X	34.6	20.8	1,163.8	2,598.9
002	4,471.1	19.3	X	33.7	21.5	1,163.2	2,549.4
003	4,396.1	19.3	X	42.1	18.2	1,124.4	2,553.8
004	4,572.1	20.0	X	37.8	17.3	1,175.4	2,644.7
005	5,137.2	27.0	X	45.7	16.8	1,202.4	3,015.8
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	12.4	35.0	Х	20.9	-2.9	2.3	14.0
Salaries, wages and benefits 4							
001	1,811.7	6.9	X	11.9	11.1	434.2	1,123.4
002	1,701.1	8.3	Х	12.1	10.1	417.6	1,036.7
2003	1,724.8	8.9	X	14.6	9.5	413.7	1,075.7
2004	1,760.1	10.0	X	14.7	7.4	433.1	1,078.4
005	1,885.5	11.6	Х	17.6	8.6	413.8	1,151.5
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	7.1	16.0	Х	19.7	16.2	-4.5	6.8
			р	ercent			
Operating profit margin ⁵							
2001	9.3	2.7	X	17.6	7.3	9.9	8.6
2002	8.6	6.8	Х	22.5	0.7	10.2	7.3
2003	7.2	4.7	X	2.3	3.4	9.1	5.3
004	8.3	10.5	Х	12.5	10.2	8.2	7.6
005	8.5	6.3	х	10.1	12.6	10.3	7.4
				units			
- Number of establishments ⁶							
2001	11,462	64	x	179	80	3.272	5,097
2002	12,012	66	x	169	· 95	3,220	5,431
2003	11.975	60	X	178	85	3,235	5,517
004	11,876	63	X	168	84	3,191	5,457
2005	11,776	65	X	159	85	3,137	5,506
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	-0.8	3.2	X	-5.4	1.2	-1.7	0.9

Table 8.28 – continued

Advertising and related services revenue and expenses, Canada, provinces and territories 1

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon Territory	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
			mill	ions of dollars			
Operating revenue 2							
2001	67.4	36.5	257.8	358.6	X	X	X
2002	64.8	40.2	266.9	385.3	х	X	X
2003	67.2	45.1	256.0	344.2	Х	X	×
2004	66.0	50.9	277.3	357.1	X	X	X
2005	69.2	53.5	345.6	445.8	X	X	X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	4.8	5.1	24.6	24.8	х	×	Х
Operating expenses 3			000.0	004.4			
2001	59.7	33.9	228.6	321.1	X	X	Х
2002	57.7	35.8	246.6	338.9	X	X	Х
2003	55.8	41.1	231.9	304.8	X	X	Х
2004	56.2	45.4	247.9	321.6	Х	X	X
2005	60.5	46.4	309.1	410.1	X	X	X
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	7.7	2.2	24.7	27.5	х	х	Х
Salaries, wages and benefits 4	40.0	44.0	00.0	404.5			
2001	18.6	11.2	68.6	124.5	X	X	X
2002	16.7	11.6	71.3	115.8	X	X	Х
2003	17.0	14.5	74.6	95.1 109.6	X	X	Х
2004	17.4	15.9	72.3 97.6		X	X	X
2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	20.7 19.0	15.5 -2.5	35.0	147.5 34.6	X X	X X	X
reicentage change 2004 to 2005	19.0	-2.5	33.0	34.0	^	^	^
				percent			
Operating profit margin ⁵							
2001	11.3	7.0	11.3	10.5	X	X	X
2002	11.0	10.8	7.6	12.0	Х	X	Х
2003	17.0	8.8	9.4	11.4	X	X	X
2004	14.8	10.7	10.6	9.9	х	Х	X
2005	12.5	13.3	10.6	8.0	Х	Х	Х
				units			
Number of establishments 6							
2001	256	156	1,007	1,319	х	х	х
2002	273	162	1,091	1,474	X	X	X
2003	266	158	1,008	1,436	X	X	X
2004	253	157	991	1,479	X	X	x
2005	243	141	1,027	1,384	X	х	x
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	-4.0	-10.2	3.6	-6.4	Х	Х	х

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Services Industries Division, Annual Survey of Advertising and Related Services (survey 2437) and CANSIM table 360-0003.

Table 8.29-1 Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting $^{\rm 1}$

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
			percent			
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	82.0	73.1	81.0	82.5		
E-mail (electronic mail)	63.4	49.4	57.7	70.6	72.5	57.0
Wireless communication	61.8	57.7	39.7	51.0	56.9	64.1
nternet	68.9	64.0	71.5	77.7	81.9	63.5
ntranet	3.6	5.1	1.5	5.0	6.1	5.5
Extranet	1.9	1.9	0.2	0.1	2.1	2.6
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet						
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)		40 "	.:		. "	
lectronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	8.4	13.4	6.4	4.1	1.4	2.2
Network and/or information security technology	53.2	39.5	44.8	50.4	**	

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 11 only includes: sub-sector 113 Forestry and logging and sub-sector 11531 Support activities for
forestry. Sub-sectors 111, 112 and 114 (Crop and animal production industries, Fishing, hunting and trapping industries) are excluded.
 Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-2

Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Mining and oil and gas extraction

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
	percent								
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	88.0	87.7	95.8	96.0					
E-mail (electronic mail)	73.2	81.2	88.9	87.3	88.1	86.2			
Wireless communication	74.5	65.3	71.0	68.2	80.3	83.0			
Internet	77.8	81.7	89.7	87.3	94.0	89.8			
Intranet	15.9	20.4	16.8	16.5	18.8	8.8			
Extranet	7.7	3.3	11.7	6.8	6.5	7.0			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet Electronic funds transfer (EFT)									
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	7.3	28.5	17.5	25.1	19.3	12.1			
Network and/or information security technology	F	70.3	70.0	74.4					

Table 8.29-3
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Utilities

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	97.2	93.4	97.8	99.8	**			
E-mail (electronic mail)	92.2	93.0	91.8	96.7	90.2	95.8		
Vireless communication	72.8	67.4	85.5	87.7	73.6	92.0		
nternet	94.4	93.0	95.1	99.8	95.6	99.1		
ntranet	30.9	37.5	55.2	51.7	34.3	34.4		
Extranet	8.0	22.1	21.6	31.7	16.4	8.0		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet								
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	**		.,		.,			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	23.4	40.0 E	39.0	39.4	22.2	27.6		
Network and/or information security technology	83.8	81.8	90.4	86.2				

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-4
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Construction

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	79.7	82.7	86.0	84.7				
E-mail (electronic mail)	63.4	61.8	65.1	70.1	66.6	67.9		
Wireless communication	67.8	69.2	70.3	67.7	65.4	79.3		
Internet	70.7	68.0	73.8	76.7	72.1	77.0		
Intranet	7.3	4.4	7.6	6.1	7.0	10.9		
Extranet	1.9	1.2	4.1	1.2	2.6	5.0		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet								
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)					,			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	4.8	5.6	8.7	5.8	6.1	6.7		
Network and/or information security technology	43.6	46.6	49.6	51.3				

Table 8.29-5
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Manufacturing

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	92.5	95.8	96.6	96.6	.,			
E-mail (electronic mail)	79.7	86.9	89.3	89.8	87.9	90.4		
Wireless communication	63.7	69.7	68.2	63.6	65.5	84.7		
nternet	82.2	88.7	90.4	90.7	90.0	92.3		
ntranet	19.5	23.9	26.5	24.0	24.5	28.5		
Extranet	5.6	8.4	9.6	11.2	9.3	12.9		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet						4		
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	444	00.0	40.0	40.4	40.0	24.0		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	14.1	20.0	19.6	18.1	16.9	24.8		
Network and/or information security technology	65.0	71.0	68.2	74.9	••	**		

Table 8.29-6
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Wholesale trade

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals E-mail (electronic mail) Wireless communication Internet Intranet Extranet Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet Electronic funds transfer (EFT) Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet Network and/or information security technology	91.6 77.0 67.9 81.4 18.2 7.2 12.2 63.8	93.0 82.7 68.4 86.0 20.4 7.8 15.5 69.2	94.6 86.6 67.1 88.9 21.6 9.5 	94.8 87.6 67.9 91.1 24.5 10.7 17.1 74.1	88.4 72.1 91.2 24.5 11.4 	87.4 86.5 91.8 25.2 10.6		

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-7
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Retail trade

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	81.4	83.3	86.5	87.8				
E-mail (electronic mail)	57.5	66.1	69.0	74.7	76.1	78.9		
Wireless communication	44.9	54.7	49.6	55.0	53.6	69.0		
nternet	65.5	72.3	75.2	81.1	83.8	84.9		
ntranet	12.6	15.2	12.8	19.1	19.2	21.3		
Extranet	3.3	5.7	4.5	7.2	8.0	9.5		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet Electronic funds transfer (EFT)								
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	10.9	15.5	10.4	13.7	15.2	17.6		
Network and/or information security technology	46.2	52.2	52.3	61.0	15.2			

Table 8.29-8
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Transportation and warehousing

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	73.2	76.2	77.1	80.5				
E-mail (electronic mail)	48.7	56.8	58.7	62.7	63.6	58.1		
Wireless communication	63.2	67.8	67.6	61.3	70.2	82.5		
Internet	57.5	63.4	64.6	70.3	74.9	70.7		
Intranet	3.6	6.1	8.9	10.4	9.0	8.7		
Extranet	1.5	1.8	4.0	4.1	4.7	3.7		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet								
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)		**						
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	6.7	9.8	6.6	5.2	10.3	8.0		
Network and/or information security technology	41.7	42.7	43.3	43.6				

Table 8.29-9

Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Information and cultural industries

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	98.0	98.3	99.9	100.0	**			
E-mail (electronic mail)	91.8	94.4	96.1	93.9	94.7	99.0		
Wireless communication	72.9	67.0	72.6	75.2	72.0	91.4		
Internet	91.8	95.6	93.7	94.3	95.0	99.0		
ntranet	38.5	41.2	40.8	37.7	39.7	54.2		
Extranet	16.4	13.8	15.5	17.9	18.6	27.9		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet					,			
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)		**						
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	31.3	22.9	18.0	15.7	16.8	19.6		
Network and/or information security technology	84.4	80.4	75.8	79.9				

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-10
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Finance and insurance

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	87.7	84.9	83.8	90.2	.,			
E-mail (electronic mail)	80.2	79.7	80.5	87.2	86.8	84.2		
Wireless communication	51.9	54.6	57.9	62.4	54.3	79.0		
Internet	81.5	78.6	80.5	90.2	87.9	85.4		
Intranet	44.2	34.2	42.6	49.0	47.3	45.1		
Extranet	15.0	10.6	18.5	16.5	21.8	14.5		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet								
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	•		"	:				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	21.0	23.4	25.2	31.3	24.0	24.6		
Network and/or information security technology	79.7	74.6	77.0	80.4	**			

Table 8.29-11
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Real estate and rental and leasing

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	73.0	77.3	76.9	82.0				
E-mail (electronic mail)	51.8	60.0	61.8	68.0	66.5	72.7		
Wireless communication	45.3	46.9	51.3	47.7	52.9	66.6		
Internet	53.7	65.3	66.9	73.1	71.1	75.0		
Intranet	9.5	12.6	11.0	12.2	15.2	18.3		
Extranet	1.8	4.2	3.5	4.9	5.3	7.1		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet								
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	- · ·	40.0		40.0	40.0	40.0		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	7.8	10.2	8.6	12.8	10.0	10.9		
Network and/or information security technology	34.7	41.8	44.4	53.4				

Table 8.29-12
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Professional, scientific and technical services

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	94.8	96.5	97.2	96.8		.,		
E-mail (electronic mail)	90.1	91.7	93.1	92.7	92.5	95.4		
Wireless communication	63.2	67.9	65.8	65.8	72.9	85.0		
Internet	90.9	92.5	94.5	93.6	93.7	96.6		
ntranet	20.2	20.9	23.9	24.0	29.5	28.0		
Extranet	6.4	9.2	9.3	7.8	10.1	11.0		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet						, , , ,		
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	45.5	40.0	40.0	45.4	47.0	40.0		
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	15.5	16.0	16.9	15.1	17.6	16.8		
Network and/or information security technology	71.3	73.0	73.4	76.8	**			

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-13
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Management of companies and enterprises

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		
	percent							
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	73.4	65.9	74.0	68.5				
E-mail (electronic mail)	59.4	60.3	70.5	58.2	60.4	72.7		
Vireless communication	36.8	41.5	39.7	33.6	38.6	62.1		
nternet	64.7	58.8	67.7	62.5	62.0	75.8		
ntranet	14.6	9.2	17.4	14.8	17.4	19.		
xtranet	3.8	2.4	6.8	6.7	4.5	11.0		
lectronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet lectronic funds transfer (EFT)				•				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	10.9	5.5	5.2	8.4	10.0	12.		
letwork and/or information security technology	47.2	36.0	50.8	37.4		، حــ ، ا		

Table 8.29-14
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
			percent	t		
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	87.8	82.0	90.2	89.2		
E-mail (electronic mail)	77.8	68.9	73.9	73.2	78.8	79.8
Wireless communication	62.8	64.9	63.7	65.0	64.3	81.2
Internet	79.7	73.2	79.8	83.0	83.1	84.3
Intranet	18.3	14.1	15.2	16.2	19.7	20.3
Extranet	7.3	4.9	5.3	4.7	9.7	8.6
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet Electronic funds transfer (EFT)						
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	12.0	9.5	9.4	7.4	9.8	15.2
Network and/or information security technology	64.1	53.3	55.0	61.0	0.0	10.2

Table 8.29-15
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Educational services

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006				
	percent									
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	97.9	95.7	92.9	96.3	.,					
E-mail (electronic mail)	87.9	94.9	90.5	92.6	92.6	91.7				
Wireless communication	51.7	50.3	45.4	47.9	67.2	60.7				
Internet	93.0	95.2	92.9	94.4	96.8	100.0				
Intranet	19.1	19.6	31.6	35.4	31.2	23.3				
Extranet	7.5	3.5	8.2	14.3	12.9	9.5				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet										
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	45.4	00.4	440		47.0					
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	15.4	22.1	14.2	20.6	17.6	8.9				
Network and/or information security technology	75.8	78.2	64.7	80.2	**	**				

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-16

Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Health care and social assistance

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006				
	percent									
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	92.0	93.4	94.1	97.3						
E-mail (electronic mail)	61.6	69.3	72.1	75.4	76.6	74.9				
Wireless communication	42.8	45.0	42.6	48.8	47.5	65.2				
Internet	70.2	73.9	77.7	83.2	84.2	82.6				
Intranet	10.6	10.3	13.3	14.6	15.4	18.4				
Extranet	3.6	3.7	4.6	5.0	4.6	3.0				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet										
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	,,		**							
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	11.6	11.7	14.4	16.6	17.7	24.1				
Network and/or information security technology	51.8	55.6	59.6	62.8						
,,										

Table 8.29-17
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Arts, entertainment and recreation

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
	percent								
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	92.2	89.6	89.2	91.6					
E-mail (electronic mail)	77.1	84.4	86.3	87.4	85.3	87.7			
Wireless communication	48.9	60.5	53.2	53.2	56.5	64.6			
nternet	81.3	86.1	86.8	88.9	91.0	90.9			
ntranet	8.1	10.5	16.2	12.2	12.0	19.1			
Extranet	1.6	1.1	3.8	2.7	3.1	6.2			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet									
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	**				**	**			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	5.5	10.9	10.7	12.2	15.4	8.5			
Network and/or information security technology	51.0	63.6	61.6	58.5					

Table 8.29-18
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Accommodation and food services

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
	percent								
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	66.9	68.7	71.3	73.8	.,				
E-mail (electronic mail)	41.8	48.7	52.1	56.4	55.0	58.2			
Wireless communication	39.0	40.9	39.9	40.7	45.3	56.9			
Internet	48.2	57.9	59.8	64.0	64.5	67.9			
Intranet	6.7	8.8	10.2	12.0	10.0	10.5			
Extranet	1.9	2.3	2.2	3.3	4.7	2.2			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet				0.0	•••				
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	4.4	6.8	9.1	9.0	8.1	9.2			
Network and/or information security technology	30.4	35.8	37.6	44.6	0.1	0.2			

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-19
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Other services (except public administration)

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
	percent								
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	77.6	81.6	82.9	83.4					
E-mail (electronic mail)	52.4	60.6	62.3	67.2	70.0	68.9			
Vireless communication	40.3	44.6	47.4	45.0	49.7	63.0			
nternet	58.7	67.8	68.4	74.3	76.1	74.7			
ntranet	8.7	10.1	11.0	10.6	14.7	11.1			
extranet	1.7	2.8	3.6	2.6	4.7	2.8			
lectronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet									
lectronic funds transfer (EFT)	. ::	- "		_ **					
lectronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	4.7	8.1	8.0	7.4	8.2	8.7			
letwork and/or information security technology	40.4	43.0	47.5	52.5					

Table 8.29-20
Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Public sector

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006				
	percent									
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	100.0	99.9	100.0	100.0		**				
E-mail (electronic mail)	99.7	99.6	99.8	99.9	99.6	99.9				
Wireless communication	71.4	70.7	74.4	76.7	82.2	91.3				
Internet	99.7	99.6	100.0	99.9	99.6	99.9				
Intranet	68.9	77.0	80.7	78.6	84.6	83.8				
Extranet	35.9	38.0	42.1	40.3	47.8	49.7				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet Electronic funds transfer (EFT)					,					
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	36.1	38.4	43.2	39.4	46.8	46.5				
Network and/or information security technology	95.5	95.0	94.8	98.0	40.0					

Table 8.29-21

Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Private sector

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006				
	percent									
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	83.9	85.6	87.4	88.6						
E-mail (electronic mail)	66.0	71.2	73.9	76.6	76.2	77.5				
Wireless communication	53.4	57.7	56.5	56.6	59.5	74.0				
Internet	70.8	75.7	78.3	81.6	81.6	82.8				
Intranet	13.8	14.9	16.4	17.6	18.8	19.7				
Extranet	4.3	5.3	6.1	6.3	7.3	7.5				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet										
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	40.4	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	44.0				
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	10.4	12.8	12.2	12.6	13.0	14.6				
Network and/or information security technology	52.5	55.6	56.8	61.7						

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0007.

Table 8.29-22

Enterprise use of information and communication technologies by industry — Public administration

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006			
	percent								
Personal computers, workstations or terminals	100.0	99.4	100.0	100.0					
E-mail (electronic mail)	100.0	99.4	99.3	99.6	100.0	99.6			
Wireless communication	73.5	65.8	71.4	76.1	82.8	90.6			
Internet	100.0	99.4	100.0	99.6	100.0	99.6			
Intranet	89.1	88.8	92.8	90.8	95.1	90.4			
Extranet	42.2	45.9	55.4	49.0	54.4	53.0			
Electronic data interchange (EDI) not on the Internet									
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)		.,							
Electronic data interchange (EDI) on the Internet	35.7	29.6	35.0	25.9	38.4	37.3			
Network and/or information security technology	94.6	92.9	88.0	98.3	**				

Table 8.30 Enterprises that have a Web site on the Internet, by industry, Canada

	NAICS code	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	code			percent			
Private sector	***	28.7	31.7	34.1	36.8	38.3	39.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 1	11	15.6	9.2	13.8	16.2	19.2	11.0
Mining and oil and gas extraction	21	39.2	35.4	24.8	32.3	30.5	23.1
Utilities	22	46.9	47.5	63.6	71.9	53.4	59.4
Construction	23	24.9	22.6	29.0	24.5	24.8	28.6
Manufacturing	31-33	45.8	55.0	56.9	57.9	58.1	62.7
Wholesale trade	41	37.4	41.7	44.6	51.3	52.4	50.8
Retail trade	44-45	26.9	31.0	36.6	38.2	41.9	46.3
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	11.3	16.2	16.8	18.7	18.5	14.8
Information and cultural industries	51	63.9	67.7	62.3	71.2	74.6	81.9
Finance and insurance	52	47.8	43.9	53.4	60.3	55.8	50.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	22.5	26.1	26.0	27.5	29.7	34.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	31.8	33.4	35.4	39.2	42.2	41.6
Management of companies and enterprises	55	17.5	22.7	20.2	22.8	26.7	38.5
Administrative and support, waste management							
and remediation services	56	39.6	35.3	34.6	40.0	38.0	39.1
Educational services	61	61.6	75.8	71.6	77.7	82.9	74.0
Health care and social assistance	62	18.4	17.7	21.8	26.0	26.4	33.3
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	45.6	50.0	51.6	53.0	59.3	64.2
Accommodation and food services	72	19.9	21.9	26.2	29.0	33.8	33.1
Other services (except public administration)	81	24.4	30.5	33.3	35.0	38.4	39.6
Public sector	***	86.7	87.9	92.7	92.4	94.9	94.4
Public administration	91	96.9	94.8	95.1	96.8	96.7	95.6

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 11 only includes: sub-sector 113 Forestry and logging and sub-sector 11531 Support activities for
forestry. Sub-sectors 111, 112 and 114 (Crop and animal production industries, Fishing, hunting and trapping industries) are excluded.
 Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0008.

Table 8.31
Enterprises that purchase over the Internet, with or without online payment, by industry, Canada

	NAICS code	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	code			percent			
Private sector	***	22.5	31.9	37.3	42.4	43.4	44.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 1	11	12.0	19.6	21.7	31.0	34.9	28.3
Mining and oil and gas extraction	21	14.3	25.6	31.3	37.3	42.7	42.3
Utilities	22	30.6	42.3	50.8	55.8	54.6	61.4
Construction	23	17.0	26.9	26.1	30.7	30.2	29.8
Manufacturing	31-33	29.2	41.1	47.8	53.4	51.6	57.9
Wholesale trade	41	26.0	37.1	45.7	50.8	53.5	49.7
Retail trade	44-45	17.7	29.3	34.8	42.6	45.3	45.7
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	11.4	19.1	27.0	29.9	29.7	27.4
nformation and cultural industries	51	50.5	60.6	56.8	67.9	67.1	77.6
Finance and insurance	52	24.6	36.6	37.5	51.6	54.2	53.0
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	13.4	20.0	23.1	27.2	30.9	34.1
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	42.3	51.0	59.9	61.0	60.2	66.1
Management of companies and enterprises Administrative and support, waste management	55	8.3	20.6	24.1	24.7	29.3	40.8
and remediation services	56	30.9	28.4	36.8	40.6	45.4	44.0
Educational services	61	39.2	47.0	44.7	64.6	65.5	62.5
Health care and social assistance	62	19.9	29.4	32.1	39.2	41.9	45.5
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	22.9	34.7	43.7	59.4	47.8	50.2
Accommodation and food services	72	9.3	18.8	22.4	26.6	28.6	25.9
Other services (except public administration)	81	14.9	23.1	27.6	34.3	40.0	40.1
Public sector	***	56.7	65.1	68.5	77.4	82.5	79.5
Public administration	91	53.8	68.3	72.1	77.5	88.6	80.0

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 11 only includes: sub-sector 113 Forestry and logging and sub-sector 11531 Support activities for forestry. Sub-sectors 111, 112 and 114 (Crop and animal production industries, Fishing, hunting and trapping industries) are excluded.
 Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology (survey 4225) and CANSIM table 358-0011.

Table 8.32-1

Business enterprise research and development characteristics by industry group ^{1, 2,3} — Intramural expenditures ⁴

	NAICS code	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	code					millions of	dollars				
Total all industries	***	9,682	10,399	12,395	14,266	13,541	14.039	14.947	15,356	15,360	15,773
Total agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 5		52	69	X	92	107	94	96	109	X	Х Х
Total mining and oil and gas extraction 6		154	134	182	216	X	283	333	409	398	368
Total utilities 7		218	196	X	×	X	×	242	261	X	X
Construction	23	26	35	Х	X	49	х	53	66	63	64
Manufacturing	31-33	6,505	7,077	8.509	9.236	8.241	8.140	8.177	8.224	8.095	8,316
Total services 8	***	2,728	2.888	3,395	4,498	4.759	5,343	6.045	6.287	6,445	6.667
Wholesale trade	41	562	612	734	617	633	650	774	790	756	780
Retail trade	44-45	45	26	27	45	46	37	27	35	34	34
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	23	25	34	33	45	49	50	56	58	58
Information and cultural industries	51	251	263	310	566	623	1,124	1,346	1.545	1,654	1,671
Finance, insurance and real estate 9	***	134	109	142	173	211	235	318	354	342	356
Architectural, engineering and related services	5413	365	412	418	547	497	501	507	449	420	432
Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific and technical consulting	5415	566	592	784	1,109	1,087	1,119	1,152	1,134	1,212	1,265
services	5416	35	44	63	83	88	79	66	70	69	76
Scientific research and development services	5417	227	264	394	763	889	937	1,209	1,183	1,214	1,267
Health care and social assistance	62	277	319	306	341	383	381	363	404	408	444
All other services 10		242	223	184	222	258	230	232	267	278	283
Total information and communications											
technologies 11		4,123	4,385	6,056	6,630	5,277	5,427	5,555	5,738	5,896	6,041

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Research and Development in Canadian Industry (survey 4201) and CANSIM table 358-0024.

Table 8.32-2

Business enterprise research and development characteristics by industry group 1, 2,3 — Current expenditures

	NAICS code	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	code					millions of	dollars				
Total all industries		8,727	9,361	11,201	12,767	12,490	13,062	13,888	14,246	14,363	14,846
Total agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 3		49	60	70	83	102	90	92	X	103	99
Total mining and oil and gas extraction 4		123	125	153	177	182	211 .	, х	305	273	298
Total utilities 5	***	157	169	165	163	122	122	×	X	156	158
Construction	23	25	32	43	47	48	47	52	65	63	63
Manufacturing	31-33	5,999	6,402	7,717	8,421	7,683	7,715	7,782	7,742	7,720	7,921
Total services 6	,.,	2,375	2,573	3,054	3,876	4,353	4,876	5,594	5,884	6,048	6,307
Wholesale trade	41	529	552	694	549	597	602	728	760	728	753
Retail trade	44-45	20	23	25	40	44	36	26	34	33	33
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	23	23	31	33	42	48	49	56	57	58
Information and cultural industries	51	228	238	272	464	576	953	1,215	1,413	1,494	1,534
Finance, insurance and real estate 7		123	99	132	156	203	229	305	334	329	345
Architectural, engineering and related services	5413	308	360	360	440	424	436	444	411	385	391
Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific and technical consulting	5415	509	538	705	1,014	1,011	1,072	1,102	1,082	1,160	1,221
services	5416	34	41	53	73	74	73	64	68	66	71
Scientific research and development services	5417	201	233	335	620	784	865	1,110	1,105	1,144	1,211
Health care and social assistance	62	221	263	280	284	353	344	331	376	387	422
All other services 8		180	203	166	203	246	219	220	246	263	266
Total information and communications technologies 9		3,773	3,983	5,415	5,884	4,896	5,015	5,217	5,406	5,528	5,673

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Research and Development in Canadian Industry (survey 4201) and CANSIM table 358-0024.

Table 8.32-3
Business enterprise research and development characteristics by industry group 1, 2,3 — Wages and salaries

	NAICS code	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	code					millions of	dollars				
Total all industries		4,700	5,009	5,841	6,913	7,173	7,556	7,899	8,313	8,548	8,810
Total agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 3		27	32	34	40	50	53	55	58	59	60
Total mining and oil and gas extraction 4		43	46	45	52	54	62	X	68	62	70
Total utilities 5		74	73	71	71	71	74	X	79	84	82
Construction	23	15	22	30	33	31	34	38	44	42	42
Manufacturing	31-33	3,072	3,207	3,762	4,162	4,098	4,092	4,198	4,320	4,387	4,540
Total services 6		1,469	1,629	1,897	2,555	2,870	3,241	3,472	3,744	3,913	4,016
Wholesale trade	41	234	254	230	276	309	372	396	414	421	431
Retail trade	44-45	16	20	22	34	35	32	22	29	30	29
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	11	13	19	21	22	31	X	X	X	X
Information and cultural industries	51	157	181	223	322	439	587	×	773	833	853
Finance, insurance and real estate 7		84	67	77	102	148	169	198	X	×	X
Architectural, engineering and related services	5413	191	217	243	298	293	343	363	344	324	310
Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific and technical consulting	5415	409	452	618	841	822	859	888	899	968	1,020
services	5416	26	32	44	57	58	58	54	58	58	61
Scientific research and development services	5417	116	140	187	302	410	454	538	581	609	630
Health care and social assistance	62	102	117	125	148	159	159	173	191	199	215
All other services 8		122	136	111	154	173	175	172	186	198	202
Total information and communications technologies 9		2,274	2,378	2,948	3,499	3,323	3,317	3,328	3,545	3,678	3,826

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Research and Development in Canadian Industry (survey 4201) and CANSIM table 358-0024.

Table 8.32-4
Business enterprise research and development characteristics by industry group ^{1, 2,3} — Other current expenditures

	NAICS code	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	code					millions of	dollars				
Fotal all industries	***	4,027	4,352	5,360	5,853	5,316	5,506	5,989	5,932	5,816	6,037
Total agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 3		22	28	36	43	52	37	37	X	44	39
Total mining and oil and gas extraction 4		80	79	108	125	128	149	173	237	211	228
Total utilities 5		83	96	93	92	50	49	59	×	72	76
Construction	23	9	11	12	14	16	13	14	21	21	21
Manufacturing	31-33	2.927	3.194	3.955	4.259	3.586	3.623	3.584	3,421	3.333	3,382
Total services 6		906	943	1,156	1,320	1,483	1,636	2,121	2.140	2,135	2,290
Wholesale trade	41	295	297	465	273	287	230	333	346	306	322
Retail trade	44-45	4	3	3	7	9	4	4	4	4	4
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	12	11	13	12	20	16	X	×	X	X
nformation and cultural industries	51	71	57	49	142	137	366	×	640	661	681
Finance, insurance and real estate 7	***	39	32	55	54	55	60	108	х	×	X
Architectural, engineering and related services	5413	117	143	117	141	130	94	81	67	61	81
Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific and technical consulting	5415	99	86	87	173	189	212	214	182	192	201
services	5416	7	9	9	16	16	15	10	10	8	10
Scientific research and development services	5417	86	93	148	318	373	411	571	524	535	581
Health care and social assistance	62	119	146	155	136	193	185	158	185	188	208
All other services 8		58	67	55	49	73	43	48	59	65	64
Total information and communications technologies 9	***	1,499	1,606	2,467	2,385	1,573	1,698	1,889	1,862	1,850	1,847

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Research and Development in Canadian Industry (survey 4201) and CANSIM table 358-0024.

Table 8.32-5 Business enterprise research and development characteristics by industry group 1, 2,3 — Capital expenditures

	NAICS code	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
	code					millions of	dollars				
Total all industries	***	955	1,039	1,194	1.499	1.052	977	1.059	1,110	997	927
Total agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 3		4	9	X	9	5	4	4	X	X	X
Total mining and oil and gas extraction 4		31	9	29	40	X	72	×	104	124	70
Total utilities 5		60	28	X	×	X	×	X	X	×	X
Construction	23	1	3	X	X	1	X	1	1	1	1
Manufacturing	31-33	506	675	792	815	558	425	395	482	375	395
Total services 6		353	315	341	623	407	466	451	403	397	360
Wholesale trade	41	32	60	39	68	36	48	45	30	28	27
Retail trade	44-45	25	3	2	4	2	1	1	1	1	1
Fransportation and warehousing	48-49	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	. 1	1
nformation and cultural industries	51	23	25	38	102	46	171	131	132	159	137
Finance, insurance and real estate 7	***	11	10	11	16	8	6	13	20	13	11
Architectural, engineering and related services	5413	56	53	58	107	73	64	63	38	35	41
Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific and technical consulting	5415	58	54	79	95	76	48	51	52	51	44
services	5416	2	3	11	9	14	6	2	3	3	5
Scientific research and development services	5417	25	31	58	143	105	72	100	78	69	56
Health care and social assistance	62	56	56	26	57	31	37	32	28	21	22
All other services 8		62	20	18	19	12	12	12	22	15	16
Total information and communications technologies 9	***	350	402	641	746	380	413	338	332	367	368

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Research and Development in Canadian Industry (survey 4201) and CANSIM table 358-0024.

Table 8.33 Operating and financial detail for the privately owned radio industry, Canada

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
_		tho	ousands of dollars		
Operating revenue, total Sales of air time, total Local National and network	1,105,836 1,084,058 848,186 235,872	1,196,514 1,174,971 902,908 27 2,063	1,234,694 1,214,197 942,687 271,510	1,345,799 1,319,467 996,152 323,315	1,419,489 1,389,459 1,037,791 351,668
Production and other, total	21,778	21,543	20,497	26,332	30,030
Expenses, total Interest expense Operating expenses, total Program Technical services Sales and promotion Administration and general Depreciation	971,331 38,559 932,772 319,275 36,082 276,001 263,092 38,322	1,011,767 42,479 969,288 332,741 36,766 299,510 259,450 40,823	1,046,396 34,613 1,011,782 338,103 37,753 316,874 279,028 40,024	1,092,216 29,258 1,062,958 358,887 39,384 330,076 293,745 40,867	1,163,997 28,502 1,135,495 394,373 43,302 352,247 297,954 47,619
Profit before interest and taxes Net operating income Other adjustments-income (expense) Net profit (loss) before income taxes Provision for income taxes Net profit (loss) after income taxes Salaries and other staff benefits Number of employees (weekly average)	173,063 134,505 25,002 159,507 41,435 118,072,000 485,776 9	227,226 184,747 21,641 206,388 53,030 153,357,000 509,803 9	222,911 188,298 16,461 204,759 51,216 153,543,000 535,206 9	282,840 253,583 7,768 261,350 54,953 206,398,000 559,201 9	283,994 255,492 41,817 297,309 49,639 247,671,000 582,781

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Radio and Television Broadcasting Survey (survey 2724) and CANSIM table 357-0002.

Table 8.34 Characteristics of the waste management industry, 2004

	Disposal ¹	Diversion ²	Business sector operating revenues ^{3,4}	Business sector operating expenditures ^{3,4}	Municipal revenues ⁵	Municipal expenditures ⁶
_	tonnes			thousands of d	ollars	
Canada	25,291,015	7,864,647	4,319,474	3,756,531	951,468	1,905,375
Newfoundland and Labrador	400,048	35.308	32,509	28,606	4,288	8,225
Prince Edward Island	X	X	16,498	14,188	15,890	X
Nova Scotia	399,967	220.316	100,891	90,856	37,692	77,292
New Brunswick	442,173	143.804	68,127	63,918	31,324	43,716
Quebec 7	6,159,960	2,130,100	863,260	794,680	184,820	479,017
Ontario	10,053,154	2,905,953	1,861,250	1,665,355	262,017	756,159
Manitoba	928,118	234,549	105.834	87,371	26,731	45,336
Saskatchewan	833,511	132,763	82,114	72,263	15,651	27.391
Alberta	3,077,311	755,908	466,023	369,272	129,596	181,367
British Columbia	2.841,361	1,251,667	706,594	553,820	238,909	266,986
Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
Nunavut	х	х	16,374	16,201	4,551	x

- 1. Total amount of non-hazardous waste disposed in public and private waste disposal facilities. This includes waste that is exported out of the source province or country for disposal. This does not include waste disposed in hazardous waste disposal facilities nor waste managed by the waste generator on site.
- 2. This information covers only those companies and local waste management organizations that reported they prepared non-hazardous materials for recycling.
- 3. Includes administrative data for businesses that were below the survey threshold for inclusion.
- 4. Includes only those revenues and expenditures related to waste management activities.
- 5. Includes revenues collected specifically for waste management purposes by local governments and other public waste management organizations that provided waste management services in 2002. They do not include general municipal tax revenues.
- 6. Includes current expenditures directed toward waste management services
- 7. Waste disposal and diversion quantity figures are derived from the results of surveys conducted by the province.

Note(s): Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

Source(s): Environment Accounts and Statistics Division, Waste Management Industry Survey: Business Sector (survey 2009) and Waste Management Industry Survey: Business and Government Sectors, 2004, catalogue no. 16F0023X.

Table 8.35 Capital expenditures on environmental protection by type of activity and industry

	Environmental monitoring	Environmental assessments and audits	Reclamation and decommissioning	Wildlife and habitat protection	Pollution abatement and control processes (end-of-pipe)	Pollution prevention processes	Total	Share of total
			million	dollars				percent
2004								
	0.0	0.00			0.5	0.4		0.4
Logging City Subscribes	0.2	0.0 s	X	X	0.5	0.1	2.3	0.1
Oil and Gas Extraction	19.8	23.6	232.5	12.6	65.5	207.3	561.4	19.2
Mining	1.8	6.4	18.6	6.2	85.9	51.8	170.6	5.8
Electric Power Generation, Transmission and								
Distribution	- 6.3	96.3	16.4	11.6	80.1	71.8	282.5	9.7
Natural Gas Distribution	0.1	0.4	X	X	2.2	8.0	14.3	0.5
Food	6.0	0.2	x	Х	34.7	36.0	81.1	2.8
Beverage and Tobacco Products	0.0 s	0.0	0.0 s	0.0	6.0	4.5	10.6	0.4
Wood Products	2.0	0.4	0.2	0.7	30.7	46.4	80.4	2.8
Pulp, Paper and Paperboard Mills	2.6	0.3	7.1	0.2	99.7	53.3	163.1	5.6
Petroleum and Coal Products	15.9	4.0	37.5	3.7	93.1	779.5	933.6	32.0
Chemicals	4.9	2.5	6.4	0.1	32.5	38.3	84.7	2.9
Non-Metallic Mineral Products	3.7	1.3	6.0	12.2	25.7	54.6	103.6	3.6
Primary Metals	9.2	0.7	9.3	0.0 s	103.2	46.7	169.0	5.8
Fabricated Metal Products	1.0	0.1	0.0 s	0.1	12.3	20.3	33.8	1.2
Transportation Equipment	1.4	0.9	0.0 \$	0.0 s	33.1	52.0	87.5	3.0
	0.5	4.4		0.0	4.7	37.3	54.4	1.9
Pipeline Transportation	0.5	4.4	6.5	0.9	4.7	31.3	54.4	1.9
Capital expenditures, excluding 'other								
manufacturing'	75.4	141.5	345.5	52.6	710.0	1 507.9	2 832.9	97.1
Other manufacturing 1							84.8	2.9
Total	**	**		**	**		2 917.6	100.0
Total	**	**	"	**	**	**	2 317.0	100.0
2002								
Logging	0	0	0.1	X	x	0.6	5.8	0.2
Oil and gas extraction	111.3	23.7	92.4	5.5	85.9	243.7	562.4	19.1
Mining	2.5	3.9	21.8	1.6	36.3	31.1	97.3	3.3
Electric power generation, transmission and	2.0	0.0	21.0	1.0	00.0	VI.1	07.0	0.0
distribution	9.3	26.9	15.7	13.5	218.3	228.2	511.9	17.4
			0.8				18	0.6
Natural gas distribution	X	X		X	X 50.5	X		4.3
Food	10.3	2.6	4.0	2.7	59.5	46.4	125.4	
Beverage and tobacco products	0.7	0.1	3.3	0	1.9	6.4	12.3	0.4
Wood products	X	0.4	0.2	0.6	X	29	62.7	2.1
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3.8	0.1	0.8	0.3	57.4	152.9	215.3	7.3
Petroleum and coal products	30.7	7.2	39.8	7	226.7	499.9	811.3	27.5
Chemicals	X	X	10.7	Х	26.4	X	94.5	3.2
Non-metallic mineral products	1.5	0.1	1.1	3.2	38.7	24.4	69	2.3
Primary metals	8.8	1.1	11.2	0.7	87.4	31.1	140.1	4.8
Fabricated metal products	X	X	0.2	X	X	X	14.9	0.5
Transportation equipment	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.5	29.7	27.3	58.9	2
Pipeline transportation	X	X	4.7	X	X	32	49.7	1.7
Capital expenditures, excluding other								
manufacturing	192.3	75.1	207.4	40.0	907.7	1 427.2	2 849.7	96.7
Other manufacturing 1					**		97	3.3
Total	**	**		**	**		2 946.6	100.0

Details of the expenditure breakdown by type of environmental protection activity is only available for the listed industries.

Note(s): Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

Source: Statistics Canada, Environment Accounts and Statistics Division.

Table 8.36
Revenues from sales of environmental goods and services, by industry, 2004

Industry	Environmental	Source of rever	Total	
groups which include environmental establishments 1	establishments ²	Sales of environmental goods (including construction)	11.6 349.5 x 154.7 35.6 6.4 0.0 x 6.1 26.3 7.9 x 59.5 627.0 1.9 x 174.1 3.0 1,163.3 x 211.6 8.3 784.4	revenues
	number	millio	ns of dollars	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	16	7.1	11.6	18.7
Mining and oil and gas extraction	34	4.0	349.5	353.5
Utilities	18	X	x	153.6
Construction	**	2,080.7 3	154.7	2,235.5
Chemical manufacturing	57	321.6	35.6	357.2
Plastic and rubber products				
manufacturing	51	539.9	6.4	546.3
Non-metallic mineral product	0.	000.0	0.,	0.0.0
manufacturing	14	100.1	0.0	100.1
	8			51.9
Primary metal manufacturing	57	226.3		232.4
Fabricated metal product manufacturing		804.7		831.0
Machinery manufacturing	143	004.7	20.3	031.0
Computer and electronic product	50	100.1	7.0	004.4
manufacturing	56	196.1	7.9	204.1
Electrical equipment, appliance and				
component manufacturing	14	X		296.2
Other manufacturing	42	205.2		264.7
Wholesale trade 4	2,884	4,705.0		5,331.9
Retail trade	22	45.1		47.0
Finance and insurance services	21	X		79.3
Legal services	51	0.0	174.1	174.1
Architectural and landscape architectural				
services	15	0.0	3.0	3.0
Engineering services	630	133.0	1,163.3	1,296.3
Surveying and mapping (including				
geophysical) services	20	х	X	28.2
Testing laboratories	109	40.1		251.7
Computer systems design and related				
services	26	12.3	8.3	20.6
Environmental consulting services	1,844	22.0		806.4
Management consulting and other	1,071	22.0	, , , , ,	000.7
scientific and technical consulting				
services	151	V	~	182.6
Scientific research and development	151	X	^	102.0
services	44	36.9	26.4	73.4
	44	36.9	30.4	73.4
All other professional, scientific and	00			00.4
technical services	23	X	×	23.1
Management of companies and		00.5	0.00	
enterprises	24	26.6	29.2	55.8
Administrative and support services	44	26.2	92.7	118.9
Waste management and remediation				
services	1,902	20.1	4,191.7	4,211.9
Other services	54	31.1	73.4	104.5
Total	8,503	10,070.1	8,383.3	18,453.4

^{1.} Environmental establishments are establishments that earned revenues from the sale of environmental goods (including construction) or services. Industry groups are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Refer to Text Box 2.1 for a profile of these industry groups.

2. Excludes establishments involved in environmental engineering construction.

Note(s): Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

Source(s): Statistics Canada, Environment Accounts and Statistics Division.

^{3.} For reference year 2004, a change was made to the methodology for producing estimates of revenues related to environmental engineering construction. For 2004, estimates of revenues for environmental engineering construction are derived from environmental capital expenditures reported by businesses and governments, supplemented with revenues reported to the Environment Industry Survey for renewable energy production facilities only. Previously, estimates of revenues for environmental engineering construction were derived from environmental expenditures reported by businesses and governments, supplemented with revenues reported to the Environment Industry Survey for all types of environmental engineering construction, not only renewable energy production facilities.

^{4.} Includes Recyclable Material Wholesaler-Distributors.

Table 8.37 Innovative biotechnology firms by size, sector and province

	1997	1999	2001	2003	2005
		nur	nber of firms		
Size					
Small	214	270	267	352	397
Medium	37	51	62	77	83
arge	31	37	46	61	52
otal	282	358	375	490	532
Sector					
Human Health	136	150	197	262	310
griculture and food processing	74	119	113	137	146
nvironment	31	35	33	38	60
Other	41	54	32	52	16
otal	282	358	375	490	532
Province					
British Columbia	52	71	69	91	94
lberta	19	28	24	44	51
Saskatchewan	19	16	17	34	18
Manitoba	6	6	11	21	19
Ontario	87	111	101	129	144
Quebec	79	107	130	146	181
tlantic	20	19	23	25	25
Total	282	358	375	490	532

Source(s): Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division, Biotechnology Use and Development Survey (survey 4226) and Maheux, Hélène. 2005; Canadian Trade in Biotechnology. Second edition, www.biostrategy.gc.ca (accessed July 16, 2007).

Section 9

Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations

In 2006, 68% (21.5 million) of Canada's population lived in the 33 census metropolitan areas. About two-thirds of these people (14.1 million) resided in the six census metropolitan areas (CMAs) with a population of more than 1 million: Toronto, Montréal, Vancouver, Ottawa - Gatineau and, Calgary and Edmonton (table 9.1). Population growth in CMAs was robust and accounted for the bulk of the nation's growth. For example, 90% of the growth in the Canadian population between 2001 and 2006 occurred in the census metropolitan areas (CMAs). However, CMAs varied in their population growth rates, for example Barrie, Ontario (+19.2%) recorded the highest rate, while Saguenay, Quebec (-2.1%) experienced the biggest population decline among CMAs (chart 9.1).

Although the population of CMAs in general is relatively young when compared to the rest of the country, CMAs continued to experience population aging during the five years that preceded the 2006 Census. proportion of people aged 65 and over in all CMAs combined rose from 12.6% in 2001 to 13.3% in 2006, while the proportion of people under 15 years declined to 17.5% in 2006 from 18.8% five years earlier (table 9.1). CMAs vary with respect to the proportion of seniors and children under 15 years of age in their population. Barrie (20.8%) was the youngest CMA in 2006, owing mainly to a high fertility rate and the influx of inter-provincial and international immigrants of child-bearing age. On the other hand, Kelowna and Peterborough were the oldest CMA in Canada, with 19% and 18.2% respectively of their population aged 65 and older (table 9.1).

Census Metropolitan areas and Census Agglomerations

The 2006 Census of Canada took place on Tuesday, May 16, 2006. The census provides a statistical portrait of our country and its people. This first part of this section analyses and presents some of the results of the 2006 census relating to total population and the age and sex distribution of the CMAs and CAs in Canada.

A Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) is a region that has a population of at least 100,000, including an urban core of at least 50,000. Canada has 33 CMAs today, up from 27 in 2001. The six new CMAs are Barrie, Guelph, Brantford and Peterborough, Ontario; Moncton, New Brunswick; and Kelowna, British Columbia. census agglomeration (CA), is an urban area that has an urban core with a population of at least 10,000, but is not a census metropolitan area (CMA). Canada now has 111 CAs, down from 113 in 2001. Beside the six CAs that have become CMAs since 2001, mentioned above, seven new CAs were established: Bay Roberts (Newfoundland and Labrador), Canmore (Alberta), Centre Wellington and Ingersoll (Ontario), Miramichi (New Brunswick), Okotoks (Alberta) and Salmon Arm (British Columbia). Two 2001 CAs were no longer CAs in 2006: Gander and Labrador City (Newfoundland and Labrador). Also, Magog is now part of the Sherbrooke CMA.

CMAs and CAs are formed by merging adjacent municipalities centred on a large urban area. The census population count of the urban core must be at least 10,000 to form a census agglomeration and at least 100,000 to form a census metropolitan area. To be included in the CMA or CA, other adjacent municipalities must have a high degree of integration with the central urban area, as measured by commuting flows derived from census place of work data. CMAs can straddle provincial boundaries; for example, Ottawa-Gatineau is formed by neighbouring municipalities some of which are in Ontario and others in Quebec.

Statistics Canada. Portrait of the Canadian Population in 2006, 2006 Census. Statistics Canada Cat no. 97-550-X.

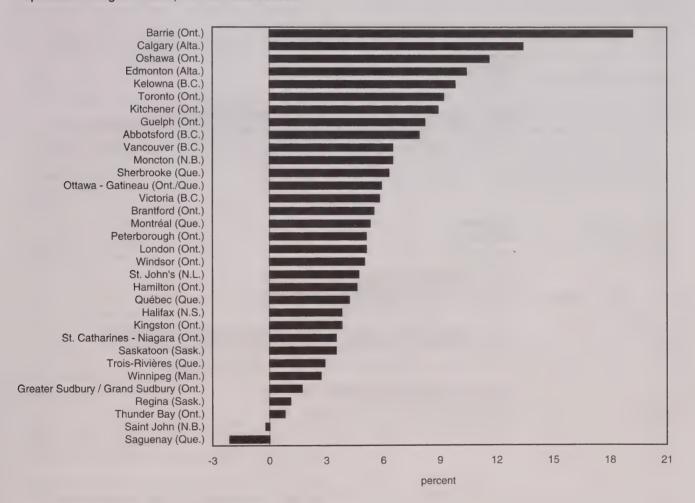
9.1 Households

Although variations exist from one CMA to another, on average, about 6 in every 10 households (62.1%) were one family only households. Looking at individual CMAs, Oshawa (70.1%) recorded the highest percentage of single family households, followed by Barrie (68.8%). Victoria (57.0%) and Vancouver (58.4%) recorded the lowest percentages of one family households (table 9.3).

On the other hand, the smallest proportion of Canadians lived in "Other family households" (which

Chart 9.1 Population change in CMAs, 2001 to 2006 Census

refers to one-census family households with additional persons and to multiple-census family households, with or without additional persons), which accounted for only 6.5% of all CMA households. The rest of Canadians in CMAs (32.4%) resided in non-family households (a non-family household refers to either one person living alone in a private dwelling or to a group of two or more people who share a private dwelling, but who do not constitute a census family). Also, the highest percentage of Canadians living in the CMAs in 2006 lived in two-person households (31.8%).



Source(s): Statistics Canada, Censuses of Population 2001 and 2006.

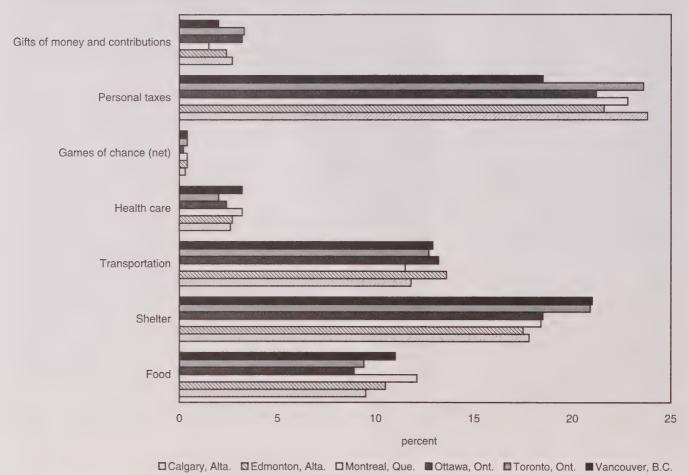
Given the aging of the Canadian population in general and those of the CMAs, it is important to know the housing tenure of particular age groups, especially seniors and those people under 25 years of age. Among the CMAs, Kelowna (31.1%) Victoria (30.2%) and St Catherines – Niagara (29.4%) recorded the highest percentage of household maintainers 65 years and older, who own their own homes. On the other

hand Calgary (15.2%) had the lowest proportion of seniors who own their homes (table 9.4).

Given the life stage that they are in, people aged 25 and below are more likely than the other age groups to maintain rented households. Thus, in all of the CMAs, those under 25 were the least likely to own their own homes. Although nationwide, household maintainers who are under 25 years of age accounted for 9.2% of all those renting, among CMAs, this percentage varies. For example, in Saskatoon, 18.7% of household maintainers who are renting were under 25, the highest percentage among the CMAs, while in Toronto only 5.6% of those renting were under 25 years of age (table 9.4).

In 2005, comparing the three largest CMAs in Canada, households in Montreal spent the lowest proportion of their income on Shelter (18.4%) and Transportation (11.5%) but the highest proportion on Food (12.1%) compared to households in Vancouver and Toronto. Among households in the selected CMAs, those in Toronto spent the lowest proportion of their incomes on Food (9.4%) and Healthcare (2%) but the highest on Personal Taxes (23.6%). While among the 3 largest CMAs, families in Vancouver spent the lowest proportion of their incomes on Personal Taxes (18.5%) but spent the most on Shelter (21%) compared to those in Toronto and Montreal (table 9.8 and chart 9.2).

Chart 9.2
Percentage of household expenditure, selected metropolitan areas, 2005



Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (Survey 3508).

Of all the selected CMAs, households in Toronto (3.3%) and Winnipeg (3.3%) spent the highest proportion of their income on gifts of money and contributions,

while those in Halifax and Winnipeg spent the highest proportion of their income on games of chance.

9.2 Household equipments

In 2005, Ottawa remained the most wired metropolitan area among the selected metropolitan areas. About 88.1% of households in Ottawa reported that they own a computer at home and 85.5% of households reported that they access the internet from home. On the other hand, Saint John (NB) reported both the lowest proportion of households accessing the internet from home (58.3%) and the lowest proportion of households owning a computer at home (66.6%) (table 9.13).

DVD players have become popular electronic gadgets in Canada in recent years. Among the selected metropolitan areas and census agglomerations, households in Yellowknife (93.2%), Ottawa (89.7%) and Calgary (88.6%) reported the highest percentage of ownership of DVD players.

9.3 Business establishments

In 2005, on average, 4.5% of industries in all the CMAs were manufacturing establishments. However, the percentage of manufacturing establishments to the total number of establishments in CMAs varied, ranging from a low of 2.8% in Regina to a high of 6.4% in Kitchener. Only 10 of the 27 CMAs (which was the total number of CMAs in 2005) had higher proportions of manufacturing establishments than the average for all the CMAs (table 9.10).

From 2004-2005, CMAs as a whole lost about 7.3% of their manufacturing establishments. Montreal, which is important more specifically for clothing, leather and aerospace manufacturing, was severely hit by this contraction, losing about 14.8% of its manufacturing establishments. Nevertheless, among the three largest CMAs, Montreal (5.6%) had the highest proportion of business establishments in the manufacturing industry, followed by Toronto (4.9%) and then Vancouver (4.1%). Also, CMAs in Ontario (excluding the National Capital region) accounted for 44% of all manufacturing establishments in all CMAs put together (table 9.10).

Toronto remains the financial capital of Canada, hosting the highest concentration of Finance and Insurance establishments, (about 1 in every 3 establishments or (31.8%) of such establishments in all the selected CMAs). Toronto is also an important arts and cultural centre for English Canada, accounting for about 34% of all establishments in performing arts industry, 38.9% of

the total number of motion picture and sound recording establishments and 30.7% of publishing industries (except internet) in all of the CMAs (table 9.10).

Among the three largest CMAs, Vancouver (1.5%) has the highest proportion of establishments in the Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting industries compared to Toronto (0.6%) and Montreal (1%) (table 9.10).

9.4 The workforce

In 2006, the services sector (79%) employed the largest number of people in all of the CMAs put together (table 9.10.). The main employers were in the Trade (20%) Health Care and Social Assistance (13%) Professional, Scientific and Technical services (10%) and Finance, Insurance, and Real estate industries (9%) (table 9.5).

Halifax (87.7%) and Ottawa (87.5%) recorded the highest share of workers employed in the services sector, while Kitchener (67.8%) had the lowest share of its employed workforce in the services sector. A total of 14 out of the 27 CMAs had a lower proportion of their labour force employed in the services sector than the average for all the CMAs.

The goods producing sector accounted for 21% of employment, with manufacturing accounting for 12.4% of total employment a slight drop from 13% in 2005, and construction, 6% (table 9.5).

Windsor and Kitchener, recorded the highest proportion of their workforce being involved in manufacturing 26.5% (down from 30%) and 24.7% respectively in the previous year. These two CMAs were also the least dependent on employment in the services sector. On the other hand, workers in St John's (3.9%) Sudbury (4.0%) and Victoria (4.2%) were the least likely of employees in the selected CMAs to be engaged in the manufacturing industry (table 9.5).

9.5 Inflation

In 2006, among the selected CMAs, Calgary (+4.6%) recorded the biggest increase in prices between 2005 and 2006 (table 9.12). This increase is attributable primarily to continually rising costs paid by homeowners in Alberta. Calgary's CPI rate was more

than double the annual national rate (2.0%) in 2006.² Also, between 2002 and 2006, Calgary (+12.3%) and Edmonton (+12%) recorded the steepest rise in prices among the selected CMAs. Residents of Thunder Bay (+6.9%) experienced the smallest increase in prices for the same period (table 9.12).

9.6 Property crimes

In 2006, about 1.17 million crimes committed with the intent to acquire property without violence or the threat of violence (property crime) were reported to the police. This represented a 4% decline in the numbers of these crimes compared to 2005. The most common of these crimes were thefts, break and enters, auto thefts and fraud.

Break and Enters accounted for 21.4% of all property crimes in Canada in 2006. There were about 250,000 break-ins reported to the police in 2006, of which almost six in ten were into residences. Both residential and commercial break-ins declined last year, and the rate of break-ins in Canada dropped to its lowest level in over 30 years. The decline in many communities has been attributed to pro-active police crime fighting programs targeting break-ins in specific high-risk neighbourhoods. Another contributing factor

may be an increase in the use of home security devices by Canadians.³

The decline in break-ins was seen all over the country except in Quebec, where it remained stable. Quebec City and Ottawa-Gatineau (Quebec part) were the only CMAs in Quebec that saw declines in the numbers of break and enters (table 9.21).

In a pattern that closely mimics the geographic distribution of crime in Canada, 4 of the 5 CMAs that had rates of over 1000 break ins per 100,000 people in 2006 were in Western Canada. This group includes Regina (1,487 per 100,000) which saw a 15.5% decline in its rate but still holds the unenviable title as the break and entry capital of Canada. Among the 3 largest CMAs, Vancouver had the highest rate of break and enters per 100,000 people (1,120.9) while Toronto had the lowest rate (403.6) (table 9.22). However, Vancouver was the only one among the three largest CMAs to register a decline in the number of break and enters (-4.9%) (table 9.21).

Overall, the auto theft numbers in Canada declined by 2% in 2006. Montreal accounted for about 20% of the total number of auto thefts in all of the 27 CMAs (table 9.20). Thirteen of the twenty-seven CMAs recorded increases in their auto theft rates. The largest increases were in Calgary (47.1%) and Victoria (+46.8%) while the biggest decline in the auto theft rates was recorded in Vancouver (-23.6%) (table 9.20).

The Consumer Price Index, Catalogue no. 62-001-X- (accessed August 10, 2007).

^{3.} Silver Warren. 2006. "Crime Statistics in Canada 2006." Juristat Vol 27, no. 5, Catalogue no. 85-002-X-, (accessed August 10th 2007).

Table 9.1
Population by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006

	Total					A	ge group					
	population -	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 to 84	85 years
		years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years	years	ovei
						numb	er					
Abbotsford, British Columbia Total - Sex	159,020	9,980	10,400	11,635	23,050	20,245	23,825	22,375	16,455	10,475	7,685	2.885
Male	78,840	5,195	5,395	5,985	11,945	10,015	11,965	11,030	8,055	4,950	3,280	1,025
Female	80,185	4,785	5,010	5,650	11,115	10,230	11,860	11,350	8,405	5,520	4,400	1,860
Barrie, Ontario												
Total - Sex	177,065	10,825	11,940	14,090	24,035	22,875	30,645	25,915	16,440	10,610	7,265	2,420
Male	86,660	5,510	6,010	7,265	12,050	11,110	15,045	12,975	7,990	4,970	2,995	745
Female	90,405	5,315	5,930	6,830	11,990	11,770	15,610	12,940	8,445	5,640	4,260	1,675
Brantford, Ontario												
Total - Sex	124,605	6,995	7,660	8,655	16,690	14,750	18,155	19,150	14,375	9,095	6,710	2,350
Male	60,475	3,505	3,915	4,350	8,410	7,255	8,945	9,280	7,105	4,285 4,820	2,735	695 1,665
Female	64,135	3,490	3,755	4,300	8,280	7,495	9,210	9,875	7,275	4,020	3,970	1,000
Calgary, Alberta												
Total - Sex	1,079,310	65,995	64,245	68,850	155,290	171,695	179,255	172,295	100,450	54,420	35,200	11,605
Male Female	538,585 540,725	33,590 32,405	32,875 31,370	35,335 33,520	79,015 76,280	86,010 85,690	90,090 89,170	86,945 85,355	50,430 50,020	25,800 28,615	14,810 20,390	3,695 7,905
remaie	040,725	32,403	31,370	33,320	70,200	00,000	03,170	00,000	30,020	20,010	20,550	7,000
Edmonton, Alberta						100010	450040	404 7700	404 505	04.755	00.045	40.055
Total - Sex	1,034,945 514,030	59,525 30,700	60,170 31,015	67,600 34,300	159,350 80,825	150,315 76,000	156,910 77,980	161,720 80,765	104,535 52,030	61,755 29,375	39,815 16,970	13,255 4,070
Male Female	520,910	28,820	29,150	33,300	78,535	74,315	78,930	80,765	52,500	32,375	22,845	9,185
	020,010	20,020	20,100	00,000	, 0,000	,	. 0,000	00,000	02,000	02,070	,	
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury,												
Ontario Total - Sex	158,260	7,675	8,730	10,280	21,055	18,585	23,560	25,330	19,535	12,805	8,425	2,285
Male	76,875	3,915	4,475	5,240	10,465	9,185	11,530	12,090	9,750	5,930	3,555	745
Female	81,380	3,755	4,250	5,040	10,590	9,405	12,035	13,240	9,785	6,865	4,870	1,535
Guelph, Ontario												
Total - Sex	127,005	7,535	7,825	8,245	18,275	18,110	20,085	18,615	12,565	7,800	5,985	1,970
Male	62,000	3,805	3,965	4,290	9,100	8,970	10,025	9,105	6,045	3,560	2,475	660
Female	65,010	3,730	3,860	3,960	9,180	9,145	10,060	9,505	6,505	4,240	3,515	1,315
Halifax, Nova Scotia												
Total - Sex	372,855	18,205	19,660	22,345	52,485	51,875	60,170	59,810	43,335	24,250	15,045	5,675
Male	178,895	9,255	9,960	11,285	26,075	24,595	29,100	28,655	20,965	11,365	5,960	1,665
Female	193,960	8,950	9,695	11,055	26,410	27,280	31,065	31,155	22,370	12,885	9,080	4,020
Hamilton, Ontario												
Total - Sex	692,910	37,530	40,510	45,955	91,890	83,295	106,030	105,075	78,195	52,455	39,500	12,480
Male	336,335	19,210	20,800	23,555	46,570	40,500	51,855	51,415	37,760	24,455 28,005	16,290 23,200	3,920 8,560
Female	356,575	18,320	19,705	22,405	45,320	42,795	54,170	53,665	40,440	20,000	23,200	0,500
Kelowna, British Columbia							00.045	05.050	00.000	45.040	44.040	0.745
Total - Sex	162,275	7,195	8,330	10,005	20,815	16,800	22,345	25,350 12,165	20,600 9,860	15,910 7,660	11,210 5,020	3,715 1,365
Male Female	78,745 83,530	3,615 3,580	4,225 4,105	5,060 4,940	10,715 10,100	8,355 8,450	10,710 11,630	13,180	10,740	8,255	6,200	2,345
Ferriale	65,550	0,000	4,100	4,040	10,100	0,400	11,000	10,100	,	-,	-,	_,
Kingston, Ontario	450.000	7.075	7.075	0.445	24 200	10.075	22.265	22 205	18,670	12,115	8,425	2,820
Total - Sex Male	152,360 74,175	7,275 3,785	7,875 4,025	9,445 4,845	21,380 10,685	18,675 9,345	22,365 11,110	23,305 11,235	9,010	5,755	3,490	895
Female	78,180	3,495	3,855	4,595	10,690	9,330	11,255	12,065	9,665	6,360	4,930	1,930
	,	-,	.,									
Kitchener, Ontario Total - Sex	451.235	27,450	28,020	30,770	65,740	63,740	72,080	65,945	45,215	26,825	19,015	6.440
Male	222,130	14,005	14,255	15,700	33,495	31,860	35,810	32,515	22,105	12,750	7,695	1,92
Female	229,105	13,440	13,770	15,065	32,240	31,880	36,270	33,430	23,105	14,080	11,310	4,510
London, Ontario												
Total - Sex	457,720	24,330	26,085	30.715	66,105	59,180	68,135	69,250	50,830	31,830	23,250	7,995
Male	221,800	12,440	13,415	15,885	32,990	29,175	33,550	33,205	24,455	14,750	9,445	2,510
Female	235,920	11,895	12,675	14,835	33,115	30,010	34,595	36,040	26,375	17,090	13,810	5,490
Moncton, New Brunswick												
Total - Sex	126,425	6,430	6,540	7,260	16,965	18,110	19,385	19,350	15,090	8,575	6,135	2,585
Male	61,185	3,315	3,365	3,650	8,420	8,905	9,560	9,415	7,390	3,995	2,405	760
Female	65,235	3,115	3,170	3,615	8,545	9,210	9,825	9,930	7,710	4,575	3,725	1,820
Montréal, Quebec												
Total - Sex	3,635,570	190,690	198,960	232,035	461,030	507,120	569,700	563,445	416,905	264,745	175,300	55,63
Male Female	1,763,260 1,872,315	97,030 93,655	101,860 97,105	118,250 113,790	231,785 229,255	249,710 257,405	284,535 285,160	275,770 287,680	199,655 217,260	120,380 144,365	68,765 106,525	15,53 40,11

Table 9.1 – continued

Population by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006

65 19,745 90 9,245 65 10,490 40 70,290 05 32,785 33 37,505 50 10,210 220 4,785 30 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780 00 5,780	13,420 5,540 7,885 45,940 18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665	85 years and over 3,933 1,222 2,703 16,173 4,700 11,466 2,970 2,070 12,27,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,27,70 12,2
65 19,745 90 9,245 65 10,490 40 70,290 05 32,785 335 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 30 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	13,420 5,540 7,885 45,940 18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665	3,933 1,22; 2,70; 16,17; 4,70; 11,46; 2,97; 90; 2,07; 12,27;
90 9,245 65 10,490 40 70,290 05 32,785 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	5,540 7,885 45,940 18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	1,225 2,705 16,175 4,700 11,465 2,970 900 2,070
90 9,245 65 10,490 40 70,290 05 32,785 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	5,540 7,885 45,940 18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	1,225 2,705 16,175 4,700 11,465 2,970 900 2,070
40 70,290 005 32,785 335 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 330 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	7,885 45,940 18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	2,709 16,179 4,700 11,469 2,970 900 2,070
40 70,290 05 32,785 335 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 30 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	45,940 18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	16,17; 4,70; 11,46; 2,97; 90; 2,07;
05 32,785 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	4,700 11,463 2,970 900 2,070
05 32,785 37,505 50 10,210 20 4,785 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	18,425 27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	4,700 11,463 2,970 900 2,070
35 37,505 50 10,210 220 4,785 30 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 110 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	27,515 7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	2,970 900 2,070
50 10,210 20 4,785 30 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	7,995 3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	2,970 900 2,070
20 4,785 30 5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	3,335 4,665 35,785 13,460	90 2,07 12,27
5,425 50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	4,665 35,785 13,460	2,070 12,270
50 54,990 40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	35,785 13,460	12,27
40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	13,460	
40 24,920 10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780	13,460	
10 30,070 35 12,580 00 5,780		2.06
35 12,580 00 5,780		2,96 9,31
00 5,780		
00 5,780	9,355	3.76
		1,11
35 6,800		2,65
60 12,605		2,11
45 5,695 15 6,900		57 1,53
0,300	0,040	1,00
95 8,780	5,845	2,44
50 4,150		65
50 4,625		1,78
05 14,220		4,42
35 6,490 75 7,730		1,30 3,11
75 7,730	0,240	3,11
85 14.055	9 565	3,47
		90
		2,55
		8,46
		2,61
10 10,270	15,340	5,84
85 11.375	6.835	2,55
70 5,340	2,660	68
10 6,040	4,175	1,89
		2,5
		73 1,78
0,070	1,020	1,70
10 325 305	214.060	67,66
		22,38
40 174,005		45,28
		2,77
		71
05 6,990	5,400	2,05
05 141 140	04.925	25.40
		35,48 11,46
25 67 455		24,02
	37,773	
333 333 333 333 333 333 333 333 333 33	\$86 14,055 \$430 7,620 \$420 34,230 \$515 15,965 \$510 18,270 \$610 18	885

Table 9.1 – continued

Population by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006

	Total					A	Age group					
	population —	0 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over
						numb	er					
Victoria, British Columbia Total - Sex Male Female	330,090 157,290 172,800	13,955 7,125 6,835	14,975 7,435 7,540	17,535 9,015 8,515	42,795 21,175 21,620	39,065 19,290 19,770	46,200 22,475 23,730	53,295 25,030 28,260	43,425 20,920 22,505	25,920 12,125 13,795	22,705 9,360 13,335	10,210 3,325 6,885
Windsor, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	323,340 158,700 164,645	19,075 9,795 9,275	20,430 10,560 9,870	22,025 11,280 10,745	43,995 22,210 21,790	42,975 20,855 22,120	50,800 25,280 25,520	47,160 23,465 23,700	34,845 17,125 17,715	21,980 10,335 11,645	15,475 6,400 9,080	4,570 1,385 3,180
Winnipeg, Manitoba Total - Sex Male Female	694,670 337,465 357,205	36,955 19,005 17,945	40,605 20,985 19,625	45,935 23,375 22,560	98,150 49,265 48,885	90,785 44,860 45,920	101,770 50,110 51,655	107,745 53,000 54,740	76,780 37,275 39,510	46,205 21,360 24,850	35,685 14,070 21,620	14,035 4,155 9,880

Table 9.1 – continued

Population by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006

	Total					F	Age group					
	population —	0 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over
	400					perce	ent					
Abbotsford, British Columbia Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	6.3 6.6 6.0	6.5 6.8 6.2	7.3 7.6 7.0	14.5 15.2 13.9	12.7 12.7 12.8	15.0 15.2 14.8	14.1 14.0 14.2	10.3 10.2 10.5	6.6 6.3 6.9	4.8 4.2 5.5	1.8 1.3 2.3
Barrie, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	6.1 6.4 5.9	6.7 6.9 6.6	8.0 8.4 7.6	13.6 13.9 13.3	12.9 12.8 13.0	17.3 17.4 17.3	14.6 15.0 14.3	9.3 9.2 9.3	6.0 5.7 6.2	4.1 3.5 4.7	1.4 0.9 1.9
Brantford, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.6 5.8 5.4	6.1 6.5 5.9	6.9 7.2 6.7	13.4 13.9 12.9	11.8 12.0 11.7	14.6 14.8 14.4	15.4 15.3 15.4	11.5 11.7 11.3	7.3 7.1 7.5	5.4 4.5 6.2	1.9 1.1 2.6
Calgary, Alberta Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	6.1 6.2 6.0	6.0 6.1 5.8	6.4 6.6 6.2	14.4 14.7 14.1	15.9 16.0 15.8	16.6 16.7 16.5	16.0 16.1 15.8	9.3 9.4 9.3	5.0 4.8 5.3	3.3 2.7 3.8	1.1 0.7 1.5
Edmonton, Alberta Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.8 6.0 5.5	5.8 6.0 5.6	6.5 6.7 6.4	15.4 15.7 15.1	14.5 14.8 14.3	15.2 15.2 15.2	15.6 15.7 15.5	10.1 10.1 10.1	6.0 5.7 6.2	3.8 3.3 4.4	1.3 0.8 1.8
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	4.8 5.1 4.6	5.5 5.8 5.2	6.5 6.8 6.2	13.3 13.6 13.0	11.7 11.9 11.6	14.9 15.0 14.8	16.0 15.7 16.3	12.3 12.7 12.0	8.1 7.7 8.4	5.3 4.6 6.0	1.4 1.0 1.9
Guelph, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.9 6.1 5.7	6.2 6.4 5.9	6.5 6.9 6.1	14.4 14.7 14.1	14.3 14.5 14.1	15.8 16.2 15.5	14.7 14.7 14.6	9.9 9.8 10.0	6.1 5.7 6.5	4.7 4.0 5.4	1.6 1.1 2.0
Halifax, Nova Scotia Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	4.9 5.2 4.6	5.3 5.6 5.0	6.0 6.3 5.7	14.1 14.6 13.6	13.9 13.7 14.1	16.1 16.3 16.0	16.0 16.0 16.1	11.6 11.7 11.5	6.5 6.4 6.6	4.0 3.3 4.7	1.5 0.9 2.1
Hamilton, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.4 5.7 5.1	5.8 6.2 5.5	6.6 7.0 6.3	13.3 13.8 12.7	12.0 12.0 12.0	15.3 15.4 15.2	15.2 15.3 15.1	11.3 11.2 11.3	7.6 7.3 7.9	5.7 4.8 6.5	1.8 1.2 2.4
Kelowna, British Columbia Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	4.4 4.6 4.3	5.1 5.4 4.9	6.2 6.4 5.9	12.8 13.6 12.1	10.4 10.6 10.1	13.8 13.6 13.9	15.6 15.4 15.8	12.7 12.5 12.9	9.8 9.7 9.9	6.9 6.4 7.4	2.3 1.7 2.8
Kingston, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	4.8 5.1 4.5	5.2 5.4 4.9	6.2 6.5 5.9	14.0 14.4 13.7	12.3 12.6 11.9	14.7 15.0 14.4	15.3 15.1 15.4	12.3 12.1 12.4	8.0 7.8 8.1	5.5 4.7 6.3	1.9 1.2 2.5
Kitchener, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	6.1 6.3 5.9	6.2 6.4 6.0	6.8 7.1 6.6	14.6 15.1 14.1	14.1 14.3 13.9	16.0 16.1 15.8	14.6 14.6 14.6	10.0 10.0 10.1	5.9 5.7 6.1	4.2 3.5 4.9	1.4 0.9 2.0
London, Ontario Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.3 5.6 5.0	5.7 6.0 5.4	6.7 7.2 6.3	14.4 14.9 14.0	12.9 13.2 12.7	14.9 15.1 14.7	15.1 15.0 15.3	11.1 11.0 11.2	7.0 6.7 7.2	5.1 4.3 5.9	1.7 1.1 2.3
Moncton, New Brunswick Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.1 5.4 4.8	5.2 5.5 4.9	5.7 6.0 5.5	13.4 13.8 13.1	14.3 14.6 14.1	15.3 15.6 15.1	15.3 15.4 15.2	11.9 12.1 11.8	6.8 6.5 7.0	4.9 3.9 5.7	2.0 1.2 2.8
Montréal, Quebec Total - Sex Male Female	100.0 100.0 100.0	5.2 5.5 5.0	5.5 5.8 5.2	6.4 6.7 6.1	12.7 13.1 12.2	13.9 14.2 13.7	15.7 16.1 15.2	15.5 15.6 15.4	11.5 11.3 11.6	7.3 6.8 7.7	4.8 3.9 5.7	1.5 0.9 2.1

Table 9.1 – continued

Population by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006

	Total					<i>F</i>	Age group					
	population —	0 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over
						perce	ent					
shawa, Ontario	400.0											4.0
otal - Sex Male	100.0 100.0	6.0 6.3	6.6 6.8	7.9 8.2	13.6 14.2	12.3 12.2	17.0 16.8	15.4 15.6	10.0 10.0	6.0 5.7	4.1 3.4	1.2 0.8
Female	100.0	5.6	6.5	7.5	13.0	12.2	17.2	15.0	10.0	6.2	4.7	1.6
ttawa - Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.5	5.8	6.7	13.8	13.3	16.2	16.0	11.1	6.2	4.1	1.4
Male	100.0	5.8	6.0	7.0	14.3	13.3	16.3	16.0	11.2	6.0	3.4	0.9
Female	100.0	5.2	5.5	6.3	13.3	13.4	16.1	16.0	11.0	6.4	4.7	2.0
eterborough, Ontario												
otal - Sex Male	100.0 100.0	4.4 4.7	5.1	6.3 6.7	14.7 15.4	10.1 10.3	13.0 12.9	15.6 15.5	12.8 12.9	8.8 8.6	6.9 6.0	2.5 1.6
Female	100.0	4.7	5.3 4.8	6.0	14.0	9.8	13.0	15.6	12.9	8.9	7.7	3.4
uebec, Quebec otal - Sex	100.0	4.6	4.8	5.8	12.6	13.4	14.2	16.7	13.5	7.7	5.0	1.7
Male	100.0	4.8	5.1	6.0	13.1	14.1	14.7	16.7	13.5	7.2	3.9	0.9
Female	100.0	4.4	4.5	5.5	12.2	12.8	13.8	16.6	13.6	8.1	6.0	2.5
egina, Saskatchewan												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.5	5.8	6.6	15.6	13.5	14.2	15.5	10.2	6.5	4.8	1.9
Male Female	100.0 100.0	5.8 5.2	6.0 5.6	7.0 6.3	16.1 15.0	13.6 13.3	14.3 14.2	15.7 15.3	10.2 10.1	6.1 6.7	4.0 5.5	1.2 2.6
	100.0	0.2	0.0	0.5	10.0	10.0	17.2	10.0	10.1	0.1	0.0	2
aguenay, Quebec	100.0	4.4	4.9	6.1	12.9	11.2	13.4	18.3	13.8	8.3	5.4	1.4
otal - Sex Male	100.0	4.4	5.1	6.4	13.7	11.6	13.4	18.7	13.9	7.7	4.3	0.8
Female	100.0	4.3	4.6	5.9	12.1	10.8	13.3	18.0	13.6	8.9	6.5	2.0
aint John, New Brunswick												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.1	5.6	6.7	13.1	12.0	15.0	16.3	12.3	7.2	4.8	2.0
Male	100.0	5.4	6.1	7.3	13.8	11.7 12.3	14.8	16.3 16.2	12.4 12.2	7.1 7.3	3.9 5.6	1.1 2.8
Female	100.0	4.8	5.2	6.2	12.5	12.3	15.1	10.2	12.2	1.3	0.0	2.0
askatoon, Saskatchewan	400.0	<i>E</i> 0	0.0	6.7	46.7	13.8	14.0	15.1	9.5	6.1	4.4	1.9
otal - Sex Male	100.0 100.0	5.8 6.1	6.0 6.3	6.7 7.1	16.7 17.1	13.8	14.0	15.1	9.5	5.7	3.6	1.1
Female	100.0	5.5	5.7	6.3	16.2	13.6	13.9	15.1	9.5	6.4	5.2	2.6
herbrooke, Quebec												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.0	5.5	6.3	14.1	12.7	13.7	15.5	12.7	7.5	5.1	1.9
Male	100.0	5.4	5.9	6.5	14.6	13.2	14.0	15.6	12.6	7.1	4.0	1.0 2.6
Female	100.0	4.7	5.1	6.0	13.7	12.3	13.4	15.5	12.7	7.9	6.1	2.0
t. Catharines - Niagara, Ontario				0.1	40.0	40.0	440	45.0	12.4	8.8	6.8	2.2
otal - Sex Male	100.0 100.0	4.8 5.1	5.4 5.7	6.4 6.7	13.0 13.8	10.8 10.9	14.3 14.3	15.2 15.2	12.4	8.5	5.9	1.4
Female	100.0	4.5	5.1	6.1	12.3	10.7	14.2	15.2	12.4	9.1	7.6	2.9
t. John's, Newfoundland and												
Labrador												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.1	5.3	5.7	14.5	14.3	15.9	15.9	11.8	6.3	3.8	1.4
Male	100.0 100.0	5.4 4.8	5.8 5.0	6.1 5.4	14.8 14.2	14.2 14.3	15.7 16.1	15.9 15.8	12.0 11.7	6.2 6.4	3.1 4.4	0.8 2.0
Female	100.0	4.0	5.0	J.4	17.4	17.0	10.1	10.0	1 1.1	Ų. T		2.0
hunder Bay, Ontario	400.0	4.6	5.4	6.5	13.3	11.0	14.4	16.7	12.1	8.0	6.0	2.0
otal - Sex Male	100.0 100.0	4.0	5.6	6.8	13.8	11.0	14.4	17.0	12.3	7.9	5.1	1.2
Female	100.0	4.3	5.2	6.2	12.8	11.0	14.5	16.5	11.9	8.0	6.9	2.8
oronto, Ontario												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.8	6.1	6.6	13.4	14.1	16.9	15.0	10.2	6.4	4.2	1.3
Male	100.0	6.1	6.5	7.0	13.9	13.8 14.4	16.9 16.9	15.0 15.0	10.2 10.3	6.1 6.6	3.6 4.8	0.9 1.7
Female	100.0	5.5	5.8	6.3	12.8	14.4	10.8	10.0	10.0	0.0	4.0	1.1
rois-Rivières, Quebec	400.0	4.4	4.6	6.0	12.6	11.1	13.5	17.2	13.8	9.0	6.0	2.0
otal - Sex Male	100.0 100.0	4.1 4.4	4.6 4.9	6.0 6.4	12.6 13.2	11.7	13.8	17.6	14.0	8.4	4.6	1.1
Female	100.0	3.9	4.4	5.7	12.1	10.5	13.2	16.9	13.7	9.5	7.3	2.8
ancouver,British Columbia												
otal - Sex	100.0	5.0	5.3	6.1	13.5	13.7	16.4	16.0	11.2	6.7	4.5	1.7
		5.2	5.6	6.4	14.0	13.5	16.3	16.0	11.3	6.5	3.9	1.1
Male Female	100.0 100.0	4.7	5.0	5.7	13.0	13.8	16.5	16.0	11.1	6.8	5.0	2.2

Table 9.1 – continued

Population by selected age groups and sex, census metropolitan areas, 2006

	Total					P	Age group					
	population —	0 to 4 years	5 to 9 years	10 to 14 years	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 to 74 years	75 to 84 years	85 years and over
						perce	ent					
Victoria, British Columbia												
Total - Sex	100.0	4.2	4.5	5.3	13.0	11.8	14.0	16.1	13.2	7.9	6.9	3.1
Male	100.0	4.5	4.7	5.7	13.5	12.3	14.3	15.9	13.3	7.7	6.0	2.1
Female	100.0	4.0	4.4	4.9	12.5	11.4	13.7	16.4	13.0	8.0	7.7	4.0
Windsor, Ontario												
Total - Sex	100.0	5.9	6.3	6.8	13.6	13.3	15.7	14.6	10.8	6.8	4.8	1.4
Male	100.0	6.2	6.7	7.1	14.0	13.1	15.9	14.8	10.8	6.5	4.0	0.9
Female	100.0	5.6	6.0	6.5	13.2	13.4	15.5	14.4	10.8	7.1	5.5	1.9
Winnipeg, Manitoba												
Total - Sex	100.0	5.3	5.8	6.6	14.1	13.1	14.7	15.5	11.1	6.7	5.1	2.0
Male	100.0	5.6	6.2	6.9	14.6	13.3	14.8	15.7	11.0	6.3	4.2	1.2
Female	100.0	5.0	5.5	6.3	13.7	12.9	14.5	15.3	11.1	7.0	6.1	2.8

Source(s): Census of population 2006.

Table 9.2

Census families in private households, by family structure, census metropolitan areas, 2006

	Total number of	census				Family struc	ture			
	families in p		Total couple fa	amilies			Lone-parent	families		
	Hodserion	12			Total lone-pare	ent families	Female parent		Male p	arent
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
Abbotsford, British Columbia	44,365	100.0	37,905	85.4	6,460	14.6	5.315	12.0	1,145	2.6
Barrie, Ontario	50,095	100.0	42,495	84.8	7.600	15.2	6,065	12.1	1.535	3.1
Brantford, Ontario	35,680	100.0	29,805	83.5	5.875	16.5	4,730	13.3	1,150	3.2
Calgary, Alberta	295,345	100.0	253,125	85.7	42,220	14.3	33,610	11.4	8,610	2.9
Edmonton, Alberta	284,400	100.0	238,310	83.8	46.085	16.2	36,800	12.9	9,285	3.3
Greater Sudbury/Grand Sudbury, Ontario	46,340	100.0	38,520	83.1	7.820	16.9	6,370	13.7	1,450	3.1
Guelph, Ontario	- 35,735	100.0	30,385	85.0	5,350	15.0	4.215	11.8	1.135	3.2
Halifax, Nova Scotia	105,200	100.0	87,830	83.5	17,365	16.5	14.470	13.8	2,900	2.8
Hamilton, Ontario	195,905	100.0	163,720	83.6	32,185	16.4	26.545	13.5	5,630	2.9
Kelowna, British Columbia	48.280	100.0	41,210	85.4	7,070	14.6	5.720	11.8	1,350	2.8
Kingston, Ontario	42.995	100.0	36,450	84.8	6,545	15.2	5.295	12.3	1,250	2.9
Kitchener, Ontario	126,205	100.0	107,430	85.1	18,775	14.9	15,150	12.0	3,625	2.9
London, Ontario	127,795	100.0	106,630	83.4	21,170	16.6	17,290	13.5	3.880	3.0
Moncton, New Brunswick	37,130	100.0	31,320	84.4	5.815	15.7	4,845	13.0	975	2.6
Montréal, Quebec	994,960	100.0	814,740	81.9	180,220	18.1	144,735	14.5	35.490	3.6
Oshawa, Ontario	94,575	100.0	78,995	83.5	15,585	16.5	12,515	13.2	3,065	3.2
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario-Quebec	314,310	100.0	262,700	83.6	51.610	16.4	41,405	13.2	10.205	3.2
Peterborough, Ontario	33,505	100.0	28,385	84.7	5.115	15.3	4,235	12.6	880	2.6
Québec, Quebec	200.960	100.0	169,670	84.4	31,290	15.6	23,585	11.7	7,700	3.8
Regina, Saskatchewan	53,720	100.0	43,435	80.9	10,280	19.1	8,390	15.6	1.890	3.5
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario	112,550	100.0	93,480	83.1	19,070	16.9	15,365	13.7	3,705	3.3
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	52,525	100.0	42,755	81.4	9,775	18.6	8,125	15.7	1,650	3.1
		100.0	42,755 37,900				5,135		1,500	3.4
Saguenay, Quebec	44,540	100.0		85.1 81.0	6,635	14.9	5,135	11.5	1,135	3.4
Saint John, New Brunswick	35,565		28,800		6,765	19.0		15.8		
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	63,205	100.0	51,930	82.2	11,275	17.8	9,025	14.3	2,250	3.6
Sherbrooke, Quebec	51,405	100.0	42,805	83.3	8,600	16.7	6,275	12.2	2,325	4.5
Thunder Bay, Ontario	35,055	100.0	28,670	81.8	6,380	18.2	5,160	14.7	1,215	3.5
Toronto, Ontario	1,405,845	100.0	1,168,415	83.1	237,430	16.9	197,595	14.1	39,835	2.8
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	39,685	100.0	32,915	82.9	6,770	17.1	5,410	13.6	1,360	3.4
Vancouver, British Columbia	580,120	100.0	492,005	84.8	88,115	15.2	71,250	12.3	16,870	2.9
Victoria, British Columbia	91,935	100.0	77,295	84.1	14,635	15.9	11,675	12.7	2,960	3.2
Windsor, Ontario	90,350	100.0	74,690	82.7	15,665	17.3	12,760	14.1	2,900	3.2
Winnipeg, Manitoba	189,785	100.0	154,780	81.6	35,010	18.4	28,885	15.2	6,125	3.2

Source(s): 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901).

Table 9.3
Private households, by type of household, showing number of persons per household, census metropolitan areas, 2006 Census

	Total - Household size	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 or more persons	Persons in pr	rivate households
			num	per of persons				number	average number
Abbotsford, British Columbia Total - Household type	55,955	12,750	17,960	8,085	8,750	4,740	3,660	156,280	2.8
One-family households	35,175	0	16,355	6,985	7,455	3,100	1,275	107,055	3
Other family households	6,165	0	0	905	1,250	1,625	2,385	32,425	5.3
Ion-family households	14,610	12,750	1,605	195	45	10	0	16,800	1.1
arrie, Ontario							4.000	474.045	
otal - Household type	63,860	12,520	20,740 18,700	11,200 9,615	12,425 10,880	5,015 3,740	1,955 1,025	174,845 134,965	2.7 3.1
ne-family households ther family households	43,960 4,820	0	10,700	1,225	1,460	1,210	930	21,505	4.5
Ion-family households	15,080	12,525	2,040	365	85	65	0	18,375	1.2
rantford, Ontario									
otal - Household type	47,850	11,635	16,225	7,830	7,710	3,150	1,295	122,565	2.6
ne-family households	32,115	0	15,125	6,880	6,920	2,470	705	95,460	3
ther family households	2,775	0	0	780	750	655	590	12,505	4.5
Ion-family households	12,965	11,635	1,100	170	40	20	0	14,595	1.1
algary, Alberta	44= 00=	400 545	420.070	00.045	67.000	20.005	42 455	4.067.005	0.0
otal - Household type Ine-family households	415,605 257,730	103,545 0	136,270 116,200	69,245 57,440	67,860 59,515	26,225 18,715	12,455 5,860	1,067,665 773,250	2.6
ther family households	28,770	0	0	7,610	7,355	7,255	6,550	132,595	4.6
on-family households	129,105	103,545	20,070	4,195	990	255	45	161,820	1.3
dmonton, Alberta									
otal - Household type	405,270	107,130	134,670	64,275	62,300	25,115	11,780	1,021,000	2.5
One-family households	250,480	0	117,475	53,680	54,395	18,725	6,205	746,475	. 3
Other family households	26,115	107 120	17 100	7,230	7,170	6,175	5,540	118,650	4.5 1.2
on-family households	128,675	107,130	17,190	3,365	735	220	35	155,875	1.4
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario	CE 075	47.540	22.200	40.500	0.025	2 4 4 5	770	455 575	2.4
otal - Household type Ine-family households	65,075 43,035	17,540 0	23,280 21,685	10,500 9,460	9,835 8,975	3,145 2,455	455	155,575 122,795	2.9
ther family households	2,685	0	0	895	790	675	320	11,295	4.2
on-family households	19,360	17,540	1,590	145	70	10	0	21,485	1.1
uelph, Ontario									
otal - Household type	48,775	11,825	16,275	7,935	8,185	3,305	1,240	125,400	2.6
ne-family households	32,200 2,690	0	14,725 0	6,840 760	7,395 660	2,590 685	650 585	96,540 12,185	4.5
ther family households on-family households	13,885	11,825	1,550	340	130	35	0	16,670	1.2
alifax, Nova Scotia otal - Household type	155,125	43,025	55,145	25,720	21,735	7,325	2,175	367,975	2.4
ne-family households	95,480	0	47,900	21,790	19,080	5,520	1,195	272,570	2.9
ther family households	7,770	0	0	2,780	2,295	1,715	970	32,520	4.2
on-family households	51,870	43,030	7,245	1,150	355	85	10	62,885	1.2
amilton, Ontario	000 100	00.000	00.000	40.45	4	4=		001.000	
otal - Household type	266,455	68,060	86,250	43,155	44,035	17,805	7,155	681,325 529,170	2.6
ne-family households ther family households	176,065 15,020	0	79,845 0	38,475 3,945	39,870 4,055	13,835 . 3,910	4,035 3,110	68,305	4.5
on-family households	75,370	68,055	6,405	740	110	60	10	83,850	1.1
elowna, British Columbia									
otal - Household type	67,000	17,135	27,190	9,195	8,765	3,265	1,450	159,800	2.4
ne-family households	42,925	0	24,960	7,540	7,495	2,290	640	117,980	2.
ther family households	4,105	17 125	0	1,220	1,150	940	795	18,185	4.4
on-family households	19,965	17,135	2,235	435	115	35	10	23,630	1.3
ingston, Ontario	00.045	47.405	20 505	0.550	0.040	2.445	046	447.400	
ne-family households	62,045 39,465	17,105 0	22,525 20,315	9,550 8,195	8,810 7,920	3,145 2,495	910 535	147,480 112,680	2. 4 2.9
ther family households	2,820	ő	20,313	1,035	785	640	355	11,780	4.2
on-family households	19,760	17,105	2,210	315	100	10	15	23,020	1.3
itchener, Ontario									
otal - Household type	169,175	39,175	54,705	29,090	29,980	11,435	4,785	444,155	2.6
ne-family households	113,830	0	49,505	25,510	27,035	8,950	2,825	346,515	3
ther family households on-family households	9,590 45,760	0 39,170	0 5,195	2,550 1,030	2,680 265	2,405 80	1,950 10	43,460 54,180	4.5 1.2
,	40,700	00,170	0,190	1,030	200	00	10	J-4, 10U	1.4
ondon, Ontario otal - Household type	184,950	51,975	62,555	28,565	27,110	10,655	4,080	450,745	2.
ne-family households	117,685	0 0	56,570	25,130	24,585	8,585	2,815	347,685	2.4
Other family households	8,125	ő	0	2,530	2,280	2,060	1,255	35,285	4.3
Ion-family households	59,140	51,975	5,990	905	245	10	10	67,775	1.1

Table 9.3 – continued

Private households, by type of household, showing number of persons per household, census metropolitan areas, 2006 Census

	Total - Household size	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 or more persons	Persons in pr	rivate households
			num	ber of persons				number	average number
Moncton, New Brunswick Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	51,595 33,660 2,790 15,145	12,590 0 0 12,590	19,925 17,760 0 2,160	8,885 7,435 1,135 320	7,255 6,395 805 50	2,220 1,630 575 15	715 435 275 0	123,725 94,285 11,250 18,185	2.4 2.8 4 1.2
Montreal, Quebec Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	1,525,740 914,400 64,910 546,430	481,420 0 0 481,420	492,915 437,140 0 55,770	240,565 211,855 21,390 7,325	209,135 190,000 17,690 1,445	73,760 58,575 14,875 310	27,945 16,830 10,955 155	3,574,970 2,669,100 282,465 623,400	2.3 2.9 4.4 1.1
Oshawa, Ontario Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	119,015 83,420 8,575 27,020	23,875 0 0 23,875	36,825 34,135 0 2,695	21,530 19,055 2,090 380	23,910 21,460 2,405 45	9,365 7 ,020 2,325 15	3,510 1,750 1,750 0	327,040 257,310 38,995 30,730	2.7 3.1 4.5 1.1
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario-Quebec Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	449,300 286,560 22,060 140,670	121,305 0 0 121,305	148,150 132,355 0 15,790	74,215 64,955 6,605 2,655	70,110 63,235 6,150 720	25,565 19,850 5,535 180	9,950 6,155 3,775 20	1,112,595 851,115 96,715 164,765	2.5 3 4.4 1.2
Peterborough, Ontario Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	46,680 30,520 2,390 13,765	11,805 0 0 11,810	17,620 16,070 0 1,545	6,960 5,890 775 290	6,670 5,890 705 75	2,640 2,115 495 30	980 555 415 15	114,015 87,400 10,300 16,315	2.4 2.9 4.3 1.2
Quebec, Quebec Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	316,650 192,295 7,320 117,040	104,200 0 0 104,200	113,235 102,075 0 11,165	47,215 42,475 3,400 1,340	38,070 35,890 1,935 240	10,910 9,590 1,245 75	3,015 2,260 735 20	698,270 537,210 29,050 132,010	2.2 2.8 4 1.1
Regina, Saskatchewan Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	80,320 49,380 3,465 27,47 5	23,605 0 0 23,605	27,265 24,245 0 3,025	12,275 10,415 1,230 630	11,370 10,315 915 140	4,140 3,365 710 65	1,660 1,045 605 10	191,885 144,425 14,960 32,500	2.4 2.9 4. 3 1.2
Saguenay, Quebec Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	64,330 42,390 1,775 20,165	18,495 0 0 18,495	23,560 22,105 0 1,455	10,540 9,605 775 150	8,290 7,735 510 45	2,875 2,545 315 20	575 400 170 0	148,380 119,185 7,045 22,145	2.3 2.8 4 1.1
Saint John, New Brunswick Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	49,120 32,305 2,585 14,230	12,520 0 0 12,520	17,525 16,040 0 1,485	8,245 7,170 870 200	7,355 6,500 830 25	2,690 2,100 590 0	785 495 290 0	120,175 93,225 10,765 16,185	2.4 2.9 4.2 1.1
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	95,275 58,135 4,120 33,020	27,480 0 0 27,480	32,520 28,150 0 4,375	14,045 11,775 1,355 915	13,450 12,130 1,115 200	5,600 4,635 920 45	2,170 1,435 730 10	230,300 172,355 17,905 40,040	2.4 3 4.3 1.2
Sherbrooke, Quebec Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	82,765 49,105 1,990 31,670	28,130 0 0 28,130	29,380 26,320 0 3,060	11,285 10,055 880 350	9,485 8,860 515 105	3,355 3,010 335 15	1,125 865 255 0	182,690 138,720 8,120 35,850	2.2 2.8 4.1 1.1
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	156,470 102,790 7,575 46,105	41,840 0 0 41,840	55,080 51,545 0 3,530	24,455 21,535 2,345 575	22,710 20,540 2,060 110	9,080 7,145 1,895 40	3,300 2,020 1,270 10	382,825 298,405 33,095 51,320	2.4 2.9 4.4 1.1
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	70,660 47,450 4,045 19,165	15,780 0 0 15,780	24,135 21,355 0 2,785	14,140 12,310 1,365 470	12,055 10,730 1,210 110	3,525 2, 570 935 15	1,025 490 540 0	178,715 138,400 17,015 23,295	2.5 2.9 4.2 1.2

Table 9.3 – continued

Private households, by type of household, showing number of persons per household, census metropolitan areas, 2006 Census

	Total - Household size	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 or more persons	Persons in p	rivate households
			num	ber of persons				number	average number
Thunder Bay, Ontario Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	51,425 32,890 1,685 16,850	15,425 0 0 15,425	17,515 16,275 0 1,235	7,875 7,185 555 140	7,350 6,790 540 25	2,465 2,100 350 15	785 545 240 0	120,805 95,145 7,145 18,520	2.3 2.9 4. 2 1.1
Toronto, Ontario Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	1,801,255 1, 133,125 189,970 478,160	412,450 0 0 412,450	489,105 436,150 0 52,955	320,940 278,745 32,700 9,495	338,385 293,215 42,855 2,315	151,335 97,105 53,455 770	89,035 27,910 60,955 170	5,057,775 3,543,180 953,515 561,080	2.8 3.1 5 1.2
Trois-Rivières, Quebec Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	63,875 37,740 1,660 24,480	22,190 0 0 22,190	22,740 20,700 0 2,040	9,145 8,260 670 210	7,265 6,705 540 15	1,960 1,665 280 15	570 395 165 0	137,705 103,920 6,690 27,095	2.2 2.8 4 1.1
Vancouver, British Columbia Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	817,225 477,275 71,955 267,995	232,130 0 0 232,130	244,995 214,965 0 30,025	128,635 111,030 13,045 4,560	126,280 109,395 15,960 930	53,055 33,060 19,735 260	32,125 8,820 23,215 90	2,092,640 1,420,855 360,330 311,450	2.6 3 5 1.2
Victoria, British Columbia Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	145,435 82,940 7,190 55,300	48,325 0 0 48,320	53,135 47,375 0 5,765	19,530 16,230 2,380 925	16,710 14,480 2,000 230	5,665 3,990 1,630 45	2,065 865 1,180 20	321,675 226,665 31,145 63,860	2.2 2.7 4.3 1.2
Windsor, Ontario Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	125,840 82,155 6,120 37,565	33,835 0 0 33,830	39,425 36,405 0 3,020	20,235 18,050 1,670 520	20,260 18,450 1,685 120	8,520 6,990 1,455 75	3,565 2,255 1,305 0	320,070 249,990 27,795 42,290	2.5 3 4.5 1.1
Winnipeg, Manitoba Total - Household type One-family households Other family households Non-family households	281,760 170,890 14,320 96,550	85,020 0 0 85,020	90,310 80,745 0 9,570	42,740 37,490 3,745 1,505	41,045 36,720 3,995 325	15,870 12,510 3,250 105	6,770 3,420 3,330 20	682,065 505,330 66,080 110,655	2.4 3 4.6 1.1

Source(s): 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901).

Table 9.4

Occupied private dwellings, by tenure, showing age of household maintainer, census metropolitan areas, 2006 Census

	Total			Age of prima	ary household	maintainer		
	- Age groups of primary household maintainer	Less than 25	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 years and more
				number of d	wellings			
Abbotsford, British Columbia Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	55,950 41,110 14,820 20	2,160 725 1,435 0	8,130 4,570 3,560 0	12,405 8,870 3,530 0	12,345 9,920 2,420 10	8,760 7,175 1,580 0	5,880 4,855 1,025 0	6,265 5,000 1,270 0
Barrie, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	63,860 51,520 12,340 0	1,780 555 1,220 0	10,120 7,425 2,700 0	16,325 13,790 2,540 0	14,470 12,330 2,140 0	9,270 7,960 1,315	6,290 5,225 1,065 0	5,600 4,230 1,365 0
Brantford, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	47,850 35,275 12,575 0	1,625 400 1,220	6,475 4,120 2,355 0	9,585 7,095 2,495 0	10,720 8,460 2,260 0	8,230 6,525 1,710 0	5,630 4,495 1,130 0	5,580 4,175 1,405
Calgary, Alberta Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	415,605 307,920 107,680 0	20,165 5,890 14,275 0	80,190 48,840 31,350 0	97,790 74,980 22,805 0	99,390 82,455 16,935 0	58,425 49,015 9,405	31,665 25,870 5,800 0	27,975 20,865 7,110 0
Edmonton, Alberta Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	405,275 280,635 123,950 685	24,295 5,750 18,490 55	71,225 39,645 31,440 145	85,280 60,960 24,155 165	92,730 72,570 19,995 165	60,585 49,115 11,380 95	37,485 29,510 7,935 45	33,660 23,090 10,550 20
Guelph, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	48,770 34,695 14,075 0	2,200 300 1,900 0	8,520 4,600 3,920 0	10,725 7,935 2,785 0	10,665 8,685 1,985	7,260 5,905 1,350 0	4,530 3,630 900 0	4,875 3,645 1,225 0
Halifax, Nova Scotia Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	155,125 99,240 55,850 30	8,550 840 7,715 0	25,400 10,710 14,690 10	33,135 23,045 10,080 15	34,310 25,705 8,600 0	25,450 19,085 6,350 10	15,050 11,090 3,955 0	13,230 8,765 4,460 0
Hamilton, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	266,460 190,830 75,630 0	7,310 1,340 5,970 0	34,820 19,365 15,460 0	56,615 41,130 15,485 0	59,200 45,685 13,515 0	44,570 35,480 9,090 0	31,895 24,595 7,295 0	32,045 23,225 8,815 0
Kelowna, British Columbia Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	67,000 51,760 15,225 10	2,600 645 1,955 0	7,525 4,195 3,325 0	11,865 9,115 2,745 0	14,635 11,810 2,825 0	11,495 9,900 1,595 0	9,430 8,350 1,080	9,450 7,750 1,700 0
Kingston, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	62,045 41,815 20,225 0	3,215 310 2,910 0	8,555 3,675 4,875 0	12,010 8,345 3,660	12,855 9,705 3,155 0	10,840 8,740 2,095 0	7,380 5,855 1,520 0	7,180 5,180 2,000 0
Kitchener, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	169,175 118,040 51,140 0	7,285 1,350 5,935 0	28,900 16,425 12,475 0	38,990 28,050 10,945 0	36,990 28,860 8,130	26,035 20,590 5,445 0	15,980 12,310 3,665	14,995 10,450 4,545 0

Table 9.4 – continued

Occupied private dwellings, by tenure, showing age of household maintainer, census metropolitan areas, 2006 Census

	Total			Age of prima	ary household	maintainer		
	- Age groups of primary household maintainer	Less than 25	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 years and more
				number of d	wellings			
London, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	184,950 121,965 62,975 0	9,210 1,340 7,870 0	28,295 13,945 14,350 0	37,940 26,340 11,605 0	40,035 29,750 10,285 0	29,935 22,995 6,940 0	19,645 14,665 4,980	19,890 12,930 6,950
Moncton, New Brunswick Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	51,595 36,190 15,400 0	2,895 610 2,280 0	8,750 5,100 3,650 0	10,055 7,840 2,210 0	10,635 8,470 2,165 0	8,575 6,880 1,690 0	5,240 3,990 1,255 0	5,435 3,300 2,140 0
Montréal, Quebec Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	1,525,740 814,310 711,435 0	58,950 6,660 52,290 0	243,760 86,850 156,905 0	323,305 182,695 140,605 0	334,710 210,085 124,630 0	254,440 160,610 93,825 0	166,780 99,400 67,375 0	143,800 68,010 75,790 0
Oshawa, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	119,015 93,525 25,490 0	2,460 610 1,850 0	17,220 12,010 5,210 0	29,545 24,480 5,065 0	28,695 23,975 4,715 0	18,870 15,785 3,080 0	11,505 9,100 2,405 0	10,720 7,560 3,160 0
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	449,300 300,605 148,690 0	18,295 2,330 15,965 0	70,870 35,265 35,605 0	101,315 71,445 29,870 0	105,150 78,565 26,580 0	74,350 57,265 17,085 0	42,800 31,690 11,110 0	36,510 24,040 12,475 0
Peterborough,Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	46,680 33,910 12,755 15	2,140 340 1,800 0	5,065 2,660 2,400 0	8,120 6,105 2,010 10	9,910 7,905 2,000 0	8,650 7,110 1,530 0	5,980 4,930 1,050	6,815 4,850 1,965
Quebec, Quebec Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	316,650 185,595 131,055 0	13,665 1,430 12,240 0	49,040 20,300 28,745 0	57,645 38,265 19,380 0	72,415 49,895 22,525 0	59,620 40,405 19,215 0	35,075 21,745 13,330 0	29,185 13,555 15,620 0
Regina, Saskatchewan Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	80,320 56,325 23,995 0	4,850 915 3,935 0	13,055 7,755 5,290 0	15,485 11,660 3,825 0	17,960 14,635 3,325 0	12,275 9,830 2,440 0	7,940 6,190 1,755 0	8,750 5,330 3,420 0
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	156,470 116,730 39,735 0	4,320 1,070 3,255 0	18,080 10,715 7,370 0	29,710 21,960 7,750 0	33,010 25,755 7,255 0	28,125 22,930 5,195 0	21,065 17,265 3,800 0	22,155 17,035 5,120 0
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	70,660 50,550 20,115 0	2,910 415 2,500 0	11,155 6,195 4,960 0	15,560 11,795 3,760 0	15,890 12,805 3,090	12,350 10,045 2,305 0	7,090 5,425 1,660 0	5,700 3,870 1,835 0
Saguenay, Quebec Total tenure Owned Rented Band housing	64,330 40,720 23,610 0	2,520 510 2,010 0	7,920 4,275 3,645 0	11,420 7,865 3,550	15,910 11,405 4,505	12,390 8,605 3,785	8,005 5,045 2,955 0	6,165 3,015 3,155 0

Table 9.4 - continued

Occupied private dwellings, by tenure, showing age of household maintainer, census metropolitan areas, 2006 Census

	Total			Age of prima	ary household	maintainer		
	- Age groups of primary household maintainer	Less than 25	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 years and more
				number of d	wellings			
Saint John, New Brunswick								
Total tenure Owned	49,125 34,390	1,880 315	6,845 3,475	9,725 7,110	11,240 8,930	8,520 6,735	5,590 4,305	5,330 3,520
Rented	14,735	1,560	3,370	2,610	2,310	1,785	1,285	1,815
Band housing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan								
Total tenure	95,275	7,495	16,590	17,970	20,910	13,370	8,870	10,070
Owned Rented	63,685 31,550	1,580 5,915	8,770 7,805	13,115 4,845	16,305 4,595	10,815 2,545	6,895 1,970	6,205 3,870
Band housing	40	0,515	10	10	10	10	0	0,0,0
Sherbrooke, Quebec								
Total tenure	82,760	5,645	12,905	15,265	17,610	14,445	9,010	7,875
Owned	44,265	490	5,015	9,200	11,610	9,330	5,330	3,285
Rented Band housing	38,495 0	5,155 0	7,885 0	6,065 0	6,000 0	5,115 0	3,680 0	4,595 0
	· ·		· ·					
Sudbury, Ontario Fotal tenure	65,075	2,830	8,885	12,895	14,015	11,490	8,145	6,825
Owned	43,535	325	4,615	9,020	10,410	8,725	6,010	4,420
Rented	21,470	2,500	4,250	3,850	3,595	2,745	2,130	2,405
Band housing	65	0	15	20	10	20	10	0
hunder Bay, Ontario	E4 405	4 500	0.005	0.505	40.040	0.000	C 225	6.040
otal tenure Owned	51,425 37,480	1,590 315	6,285 3,520	9,535 7,155	12,040 9,635	8,800 6,925	6,225 4,985	6,940 4,945
lented	13.915	1,270	2,770	2,375	2,395	1,870	1,240	1,995
Band housing	30	10	0	10	0	10	0	0
oronto, Ontario								
otal tenure	1,801,250	41,135	261,365	443,075	425,510	291,105	178,725	160,330
Owned	1,217,120	8,280 32,855	127,180 134,185	295,745 147,330	312,770 112,735	224,310 66,790	135,595 43,130	113,235 47,095
Rented Band housing	584,130 10	32,000 0	134,105	147,330	0	00,790	43,130	47,093
rois-Rivières, Quebec otal tenure	63,875	3,140	8,205	11,155	14,425	12,225	8,190	6,530
Owned	36,810	255	3,280	7,260	9,910	8,135	4,995	2,975
Rented	27,060	2,885	4,920	3,890	4,520	4,090	3,200	3,555
Band housing	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
/ancouver, British Columbia	0.45.005	00.000	440.400	404.075	402.045	426 460	80.600	77,795
otal tenure Dwned	817,225 531,720	26,960 5,870	118,120 51,650	184,375 113,550	192,915 136,880	136,460 104,195	62,795	56,775
Rented	285,045	21,080	66,430	70,705	55,900	32,185	17,740	20,995
Band housing	460	10	40	115	135	70	65	15
/ictoria, British Columbia								
Total tenure	145,430	6,920	18,930	25,530	30,990	26,115	16,075	20,860
Owned Rented	94,130 51,120	1,000 5,900	6,865 12,030	15,590 9,890	22,175 8,780	20,045 6,055	12,895 3,170	15,560 5,300
Band housing	180	15	30	55	40	15	10	10
Windsor, Ontario								
Total tenure	125,840	4,330	19,190	28,120	26,720	20,530	13,455	13,490
Owned	93,500	970	12,145	21,265	21,375	16,680	10,795 2,660	10,270
Rented Band housing	32,340 0	3,365 0	7,045 0	6,855 0	5,345 0	3,850 0	2,000	3,215 0
	Ů							
Vinnipeg, Manitoba Fotal tenure	281,760	12,425	42,595	56,770	62,620	45,545	29,075	32,725
Owned	189,225	2,355	22,605	40,435	48,105	35,150	21,165	19,410
Rented	92,450	10,060	19,975	16,320	14,495	10,385	7,895	13,315
Band housing	90	10	10	15	25	10	10	0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. **Source(s):** 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901).

Table 9.5 Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas1

_		Labour force			Employment			Unemployme	ent
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
	thousand	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percent
Abbotsford, British Colombia									
Total	83.0	86.3	4.0	78.3	82.4	5.2	4.6	3.9	-15.2
Goods-producing sector	25.3	26.0	2.8	23.8	24.9	4.6	1.5	X	X
Agriculture	6.0	5.1	-15.0	5.4	4.7	-13.0	Х	x	Х
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	0.7	1.0	42.9	0.7	1.0	42.9	Х	X	×
Utilities	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.3	0,3 8.9	0.0 18.7	Х	Х	×
Construction	7.8 10.5	9.0 10.6	15.4 1.0	7.5 9.9	10.0	1.0	X X	X X	X X
fanufacturing ervices-producing sector	56.3	59.2	5.2	54.6	57.5	5.3	1.8	1.8	0.0
rade	12.2	12.4	1.6	11.9	12.0	0.8	х	X	×
ransportation and warehousing	4.6	5.6	21.7	4.5	5.4	20.0	X	×	×
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	4.3	3.9	-9.3	4.2	3.8	-9.5	Х	x	×
rofessional, scientific and technical services	3.7	4.6	24.3	3.6	4.6	27.8	×	x	>
Management, administrative and other support	3.5	3.8	8.6	3.4	3.6	5.9	×	X	×
ducational services	5.5	5.3	-3.6	5.3	5.2	-1.9	X	X	х
Health care and social assistance	8.0	7.5	-6.3	7.8	7.5	-3.8	×	X	×
nformation, culture and recreation	2.4	3.2	33.3	2.3	3.1	34.8	X	X	>
Accommodation and food services	5.0	5.2	4.0	4.6	4.9	6.5	X	X	×
Other services	3.8	3.9	2.6	3.7	3.8	2.7	Х	х	>
Public administration	3.4	3.7	8.8	3.4	3.7	8.8	×	×	х
Inclassified	Х	Х	Х	***	***	***	Х	Х	×
Calgary, Alberta	000.0	070.0	7.0	005.0	055.4	0.4	04.0	04.0	40.4
[otal	630.8	676.9	7.3 21.0	605.9 137.2	655.1 167.4	8.1 22.0	24.9 4.5	21.8 4.0	-12.4 -11.1
Goods-producing sector	141.7 3.5	171.4 3.4	-2.9	3.5	3.4	-2.9			
Agriculture Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	39.8	51.5	29.4	39.0	50.3	29.0	X X	X X	>
Utilities	4.2	7.5	78.6	3.9	7.5	92.3	x	x	x
Construction	51.7	58.6	13.3	49.4	57.0	15.4	2.2	1.5	-31.8
Manufacturing	42.6	50.5	18.5	41.3	49.2	19.1	X	X	х
Services-producing sector	481.7	499.3	3.7	468.7	487.7	4.1	13.0	11.6	-10.8
Trade	94.6	94.9	0.3	91.4	92.9	1.6	3.2	2.0	-37.5
ransportation and warehousing	43.5	38.7	-11.0	42.8	38.2	-10.7	х	X	,
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	40.4	41.0	1.5	39.6	40.2	1.5	X	X)
Professional, scientific and technical services	71.5	77.7	8.7	69.9	76.6	9.6	1.6	х	,
Management, administrative and other support	24.0	26.1	8.8	22.9	24.9	8.7	X	х)
Educational services	38.2	44.4	16.2	37.4	43.3	15.8	Х	×	2
Health care and social assistance	58.7	60.4	2.9	57.9	59.9	3.5	X	2.0	2
nformation, culture and recreation	31.6 36.0	30.3 42.2	-4.1 17.2	30.4 34.1	28.3 40.6	-6.9 19.1	1.9	1.6	-15.8
Accommodation and food services Other services	26.1	25.0	-4.2	25.6	24.6	-3.9	1.9 X	1.0 X	-15.0
Public administration	17.2	18.6	8.1	16.9	18.2	7.7	X	x	ŝ
Unclassified	7.4	6.2	-16.2	10.5	10.2	***	7.4	6.2	-16.2
Edmonton, Alberta									
Total	571.6	584.0	2.2	545.8	561.3	2.8	25.8	22.7	-12.0
Goods-producing sector	126.8	129.0	1.7	121.7	123.8	1.7	5.1	5.2	2.0
Agriculture	2.9	3.7	27.6	2.8	3.7	32.1	×	X)
orestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	16.0	16.0	0.0	15.2	15.0	-1.3	×	X	,
Jtilities	5.6	4.3	-23.2	5.5	4.3	-21.8	X	X)
Construction	54.0	58.6	8.5	51.0	55.3	8.4	3.0	3.3	10.0
Manufacturing	48.3	46.4	-3.9	47.2	45.6	-3.4	X	X	, ,
Services-producing sector	438.2	449.1	2.5	424.1	437.5	3.2	14.1	11.6	-17.7
rade	99.4	97.0	-2.4	95.4	93.5	-2.0	3.9	3.5	-10.3
Fransportation and warehousing	30.7 30.8	32.6 31.6	6.2 2.6	29.6 30.4	32.0 31.2	8.1 2.6	×	X X	,
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing Professional, scientific and technical services	38.9	37.8	-2.8	37.9	37.0	-2.4	X	X	3
Management, administrative and other support	20.3	20.2	-0.5	19.1	18.8	-1.6	X	×	,
Educational services	43.1	43.5	0.9	41.8	42.3	1.2	X	X	,
Health care and social assistance	56.7	60.5	6.7	55.8	59.9	7.3	X	X	,
nformation, culture and recreation	25.2	22.9	-9.1	24.4	22.4	-8.2	X	X	,
Accommodation and food services	36.2	32.0	-11.6	34.0	30.5	-10.3	2.2	1.5	-31.8
Other services	27.1	31.9	17.7	26.2	31.2	19.1	Z.Z X	1.5 X	-51.0
Public administration	29.8	39.2	31.5	29.4	38.8	32.0	x	X	×
Unclassified	6.6	5.9	-10.6			02.0	6.6	5.9	-10.é

Table 9.5 – continued

Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

_		Labour force			Employment			Unemploym	ent
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
_	thousan	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percer
lalifax, Nova Scotia									
Total Total	214.9	215.7	0.4	202.4	204.8	1.2	12.4	10.9	-12.
Goods-producing sector	27.5	27.0	-1.8	25.7	25.4	-1.2	1.7	1.5	-11.
Agriculture	X	X	X	x	X	х	×	×	
orestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	2.0	2.0	0.0	1.7	1.9	11.8	x	×	
Itilities	0.8	8.0	0.0	0.8	0.8	0.0	X	X	
Construction	14.0	12.9	-7.9	13.2	12.2	-7.6	8.0	0.7	-12.
Manufacturing	10.2	11.1	8.8	9.8	10.5	7.1	0.5	0.7	40.
ervices-producing sector	184.0	185.7	0.9	176.7	179.4	1.5	7.3	6.3	-13
rade	37.6	37.3	-0.8	36.2	35.9	-0.8	1.4	1.4	0
ransportation and warehousing	10.4	10.7	2.9	10.0	10.2	2.0	×	0.5	
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	14.3	14.3	0.0	13.9	13.9	0.0	X	X	
rofessional, scientific and technical services lanagement, administrative and other support	13.9 12.8	13.7 15.2	-1.4 18.8	13.4	13.4	0.0	0.5	0.9	-25
ducational services	17.4	16.2	-6.9	11.6 16.8	14.4 15.6	24.1 -7.1	1.2 0.6	0.9	-25
lealth care and social assistance	24.7	27.2	10.1	24.2	26.8	10.7	0.5	0.0 X	U
nformation, culture and recreation	9.9	9.8	-1.0	9.5	9.4	-1.1	0.5 X	X	
ccommodation and food services	15.9	14.9	-6.3	14.9	14.1	-5.4	1.0	0.9	-10
Other services	10.2	8.7	-14.7	9.7	8.3	-14.4	0.5	V.3	-10
Public administration	17.0	17.7	4.1	16.5	17.4	5.5	0.5	×	
Inclassified	3.4	3.0	-11.8				3.4	3.0	-11
amilton, Ontario									
otal	386.6	395.3	2.3	365.2	371.9	1.8	21.4	23.5	9
Goods-producing sector	102.4	98.5	-3.8	97.0	93.1	-4.0	5.5	5.4	-1
griculture	3.1	4.7	51.6	3.0	4.6	53.3	х	Х	
orestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	2.0	2.3	x 15.0	2.0	2.2	X 10.0	X	X	
Jtilities Construction	23.0	29.6	28.7	21.7	28.1	29.5	X X	1.5	
Aanufacturing	73.0	61.3	-16.0	69.2	57.6	-16.8	3.8	3.7	-2
Services-producing sector	278.3	290.1	4.2	268.3	278.8	3.9	10.0	11.3	13
rade	58.7	65.0	10.7	56.7	62.3	9.9	2.0	2.7	35
ransportation and warehousing	17.8	17.0	-4.5	17.1	16.5	-3.5	X		
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	26.1	26.7	2.3	25.5	26.4	3.5	X	×	
Professional, scientific and technical services	20.1	24.5	21.9	19.6	23.9	21.9	х	X	
Management, administrative and other support	17.2	17.7	2.9	15.7	15.5	-1.3	1.6	2.2	37
Educational services	28.3	31.6	11.7	27.4	30.8	12.4	X	X	
lealth care and social assistance	40.5	40.9	1.0	39.8	40.0	0.5	X	X	
nformation, culture and recreation	17.2	16.5	-4.1	16.7	15.7	-6.0	X	X	
accommodation and food services	22.0	18.3	-16.8	20.5	16.8	-18.0	1.5	1.5	0
Other services	16.4	15.8	-3.7	15.8	15.4	-2.5	X	×	
Public administration	13.9	15.9	14.4	13.6	15.5	14.0	X	X	40
Inclassified	5.9	6.7	13.6	***	***	*	5.9	6.7	13
ingston, Ontario otal	80.0	82.4	3.0	75.1	77.3	2.9	5.0	5.1	2
Goods-producing sector	12.5	11.6	-7.2	11.6	11.0	-5.2	X	×	
Agriculture	X	X	×	×	×	X	X	×	
orestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X .	X	X	X	х	х	х	x	
Itilities	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	
Construction	5.1	4.6	-9.8	4.5	4.3	-4.4	X	X	
fanufacturing	6.3	6.1	-3.2	6.0	5.8	-3.3	X	Х	
ervices-producing sector	66.3	69.2	4.4	63.4	66.2	4.4	2.9	2.9	0
rade	11.2	11.5	2.7	10.6	10.9	2.8	×	×	
ransportation and warehousing	2.3	2.5	8.7	2.1	2.4	14.3	X	Х	
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	3.4	4.4	29.4	3.3	4.2	27.3	Х	X	
rofessional, scientific and technical services	3.3	3.3	0.0	3.2	3.2	0.0	X	X	
Management, administrative and other support	4.3	4.0	-7.0	3.9	3.6 12.1	-7.7 10.0	X X	X X	
ducational services	11.5	12.6	9.6	11.0 10.7	12.1	5.6	X X	X	
dealth care and social assistance	10.9	11.4	4.6 21.4	2.7	3.1	14.8	X	X	
nformation, culture and recreation	2.8 6.1	3.4 6.8	21.4 11.5	5.7	6.4	12.3	X	X	
Accommodation and food services	3.3	3.0	-9.1	3.1	2.9	-6.5	X	x	
Other services	7.2	6.3	-9.1 -12.5	7.1	6.1	-14.1	X	X	
Public administration Unclassified	7.2 X	1.6	-12.5 X	7.1	0,1	-11	x	1.6	

Table 9.5 – continued

Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

_	Li	abour force			mployment			nemployme	
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
_	thousand	ds et	percent	thousand	ds .	percent	thousa	nds	percent
Kitchener, Ontario									
Total	265.1	265.2	0.0	250.0	251.4	0,6	15.1	13.8	-8.6
Goods-producing sector	87.9	85.0	-3.3	84.7	81.0	-4.4	3.2	4.0	25.0
Agriculture	3.9	1.9	-51.3	3.7	1.9	-48.6	X	X	X
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	Х	X	X X	X	X	X X	X	X X
Utilities Construction	17.7	X 16.4	-7.3	17.0	15.9	-6.5	X	×	x
Manufacturing	64.8	65.4	0.9	62.6	62.0	-1.0	2.2	3.4	54.5
Services-producing sector	171.7	176.0	2.5	165.3	170.4	3.1	6.5	5.6	-13.8
Trade	37.4	39.9	6.7	35.9	39.0	8.6	X	X	X
Transportation and warehousing	11.0	9.4	-14.5	10.7	9.0	-15.9	X	×	X
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	17.4	18.7	7.5	16.8	18.5	10.1	х	X	X
Professional, scientific and technical services	13.7	14.0	2.2	13.3	13.5	1.5	Х	×	X
Management, administrative and other support	11.7	12.9	10.3	10.6	12.0	13.2	X	X	X
Educational services	19.1	17.7	-7.3	18.4	17.5	-4.9	X	Х	×
Health care and social assistance	21.4	22.4	4.7	21.0	21.9	4.3	Х	Х	X
Information, culture and recreation Accommodation and food services	9.3 12.8	9.3 13.0	0.0 1.6	9.1 12.1	9.0 12.3	-1.1 1.7	×	X	X X
Other services	11.3	11.2	-0.9	10.9	10.7	-1.8	X	X	×
Public administration	6.5	7.4	13.8	6.5	7.3	12.3	x	×	Ŷ
Unclassified	5.5	4.3	-21.8				5.5	4.3	-21.8
London, Ontario									
Total	260.4	261.8	0.5	243.1	245.6	1.0	17.3	16.2	-6.4
Goods-producing sector	60.6	61.3	1.2	57.2	57.6	0.7	3.4	3.7	8.8
Agriculture	4.4	4.7	6.8	4.2	4.5	7.1	Х	X	×
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	. X
Utilities	X	1.6	X	X	1.6	X	X	X	Х
Construction	14.5 40.4	12.4	-14.5 5.0	13.4 38.2	11.6	-13.4	2.2	2.6	X
Manufacturing Services-producing sector	193.5	42.4 195.3	0.9	185.9	39.8 188.0	4.2 1.1	7.5	7.2	18.2 -4.0
Trade	37.8	38.0	0.5	36.1	36.2	0.3	1.7	1.8	5.9
Transportation and warehousing	10.6	9.6	-9.4	10.3	9.4	-8.7	X	X	X
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	18.9	18.4	~2.6	18.4	18.0	-2.2	X	×	X
Professional, scientific and technical services	15.6	14.4	-7.7	14.9	14.0	-6.0	х	x	X
Management, administrative and other support	14.4	12.8	-11.1	13.0	11.8	-9.2	1.5	X	X
Educational services	20.9	24.4	16.7	20.4	23.8	16.7	Х	×	X
Health care and social assistance	33.7	33.6	-0.3	33.0	33.2	0.6	×	X	×
Information, culture and recreation	9.5	11.0	15.8	9.1	10.3	13.2	X	Х	X
Accommodation and food services Other services	14.3 8.7	15.2 10.3	6.3 18.4	13.4 8.4	14.3 9.8	6.7 16.7	Х	Х	X
Public administration	9.0	7.6	-15.6	8.9	7.4	-16.9	X X	X	X
Unclassified	6.3	5.2	-17.5	0.5		-10.5	6.3	5.2	-17.5
Montréal, Quebec									
Total	1,997.2	2,026.7	1.5	1,823.5	1,856.8	1.8	173.7	169.8	-2.2
Goods-producing sector	419.3	399.3	-4.8	388.6	373.4	-3.9	30.7	26.0	-15.3
Agriculture	7.4	9.6	29.7	6.7	8.8	31.3	×	×	×
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	5.0	X	X	4.8	X	Х	X	X
Utilities	14.2	13.1	-7.7	14.1	12.8	-9.2	Х	X	X
Construction	90.0	84.9	-5.7	81.0	78.6	-3.0	8.9	6.4	-28.1
Manufacturing	306.4 1,510.7	286.8 1,559.5	-6.4 3.2	285.4 1.435.0	268.4	-6.0	21.0	18.3	-12.9
Services-producing sector Trade	337.4	336.5	-0.3	317.5	1,483.5 319.8	3.4 0.7	75.8 20.0	76.0 16.7	0.3 -16.5
Transportation and warehousing	84.1	92.3	9.8	82.7	89.0	7.6	20.0 X	3.4	-10.5 X
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	120.6	133.8	10.9	116.7	129.6	11.1	3.9	4.3	10.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	156.8	165.5	5.5	149.8	159.9	6.7	7.0	5.5	-21.4
Management, administrative and other support	82.5	91.0	10.3	73.7	82.1	11.4	8.7	8.9	2.3
Educational services	137.7	138.9	0.9	131.8	132.5	0.5	5.9	6.4	8.5
Health care and social assistance	210.3	228.5	8.7	205.1	221.9	8.2	5.2	6.6	26.9
Information, culture and recreation	114.4	108.0	-5.6	106.9	102.0	-4.6	7.5	5.9	-21.3
Accommodation and food services	110.0	107.1	-2.6	98.5	96.2	-2.3	11.5	11.0	-4.3
Other services	78.6	75.9	-3.4	75.8	72.1	-4.9	2.8	3.8	35.7
Public administration	78.3	82.1	4.9	76.5	78.5	2.6	1.8	3.6	100.0
Unclassified	67.2	67.8	0.9				67.2	67.8	0.9

Table 9.5 – continued

Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas1

-		Labour force			Employment			Unemployme	
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
_	thousan	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percen
Oshawa, Ontario									
Total	188.2	189.7	0.8	176.1	177.3	0.7	12.2	12.4	1.6
Goods-producing sector	54.3	53.7	-1.1	51.7	50.7	-1.9	2.6	3.0	15.4
Agriculture	Х	×	X	×	X	×	х.	X	,
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	X	X	×	x	x	X	X	Ś
Utilities	5.7	5.7	0.0	5.6	5.5	-1.8	x	x	Ś
Construction	13.1	13.2	0.8	12.4	12.1	-2.4	x	x	
Manufacturing	34.2	33.9	-0.9	32.4	32.1	-0.9	1.7	1.8	5.
Services-producing sector	130.0	131.7	1.3	124.4	126.6	1.8	5.6	5.1	-8.
Frade	27.6	27.7	0.4	26.3	26.8	1.9	Х	×	
Fransportation and warehousing	10.4	7.7	-26.0	10.1	7.4	-26.7	X	x	
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	11.4	11.1	-2.6	11.2	11.0	-1.8	X	X	
Professional, scientific and technical services	9.2	11.3	22.8	8.8	10.8	22.7	X	x	
Management, administrative and other support	7.9	8.6	8.9	7.1	7.9	11.3	X	x	
Educational services	11.0	13.3	20.9	10.6	12.8	20.8	X	x	
Health care and social assistance	17.3	17.8	2.9	16.9	17.6	4.1	X	X	
nformation, culture and recreation	8.4	8.4	0.0	7.6	8.0	5,3	X	x	
Accommodation and food services	9.3	9.7	4.3	8.6	9.0	4.7	x	x	
Other services	6.4	7.0	9.4	6.2	6.7	8.1	x	x	
Public administration	11.3	9.0	-20.4	11.0	8.7	-20.9	X	x	
Inclassified	4.0	4.3	7.5				4.0	4.3	7.
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec									
Total	662.1	678.6	2.5	618.4	643.3	4.0	43.7	35.3	-19.
Goods-producing sector	79.8	83.1	4.1	74.0	78.7	6.4	5.7	4.4	-22.
Agriculture	2.9	3.1	6.9	2.6	3.0	15.4	X	x	
orestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	v	X	X	x	X	X	X	x	
Jtilities	2.1	2.0	-4.8	2.1	1.9	-9.5	x	x	
Construction	33.3	33.9	1.8	30.9	31.1	0.6	2.4	2.8	16.
Manufacturing	40.3	43.0	6.7	37.4	41.7	11.5	2.9	x	
Services-producing sector	565.4	582.3	3.0	544.4	564.6	3.7	21.0	17.7	-15.
Trade	82.8	86.5	4.5	78.7	83.1	5.6	4.1	3.4	-17.
Transportation and warehousing	17.7	19.9	12.4	17.3	19.3	11.6	X	X	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	31.6	33.5	6.0	31.0	33.1	6.8	x	x	
Professional, scientific and technical services	60.3	65.2	8.1	58.3	63.8	9.4	2.0	x	
Management, administrative and other support	31.3	28.0	-10.5	28.7	25.7	-10.5	2.6	2.3	-11.
Educational services	47.6	44.8	-5.9	45.9	43.6	-5.0	1.7	x	
Health care and social assistance	64.2	65.1	1.4	63.1	64.3	1.9	×	х	
nformation, culture and recreation	31.2	38.0	21.8	30.0	36.3	21.0	x	1.8	
Accommodation and food services	36.2	41.5	14.6	33.1	38.8	17.2	3.0	2.7	-10.
Other services	29.7	28.8	-3.0	28.2	27.6	-2.1	1.5	X	
Public administration	132.8	130.9	-1.4	130.2	129.1	-0.8	2.6	1.8	-30.
Unclassified	17.0	13.3	-21.8	***	***	2.,	17.0	13.3	-21.
Ottawa-Gatineau - Quebec part									
Total	165.3	169.7	2.7	154.2	160.2	3.9	11.1	9.5	-14.
Goods-producing sector	20.4	22.9	12.3	19.0	21.2	11.6	X	1.6	
Agriculture	X	×	X	×	X	х	х	X	
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	х ,	×	X	×	х	x	X	X	
Utilities	X	X	X	×	×	х	х	x	
Construction	11.0	12.9	17.3	10.2	11.8	15.7	х	X	
Manufacturing	7.5	8.1	8.0	7.1	7.7	8.5	х	X	
Services-producing sector	140.8	143.2	1.7	135.2	139.0	2.8	5.7	4.2	-26
rade	20.2	23.1	. 14.4	19.0	22.1	16.3	Х	X	
ransportation and warehousing	5.0	4.5	-10.0	4.7	4.3	-8.5	х	X	
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	7.8	7.5	-3.8	7.7	7.3	-5.2	x	x	
Professional, scientific and technical services	7.8	7.9	1.3	7.3	7.7	5.5	x	x	
Management, administrative and other support	8.4	7.5	-10.7	7.6	7.1	-6.6	×	х	
Educational services	11.3	11.4	0.9	11.0	11.1	0.9	×	x	
Health care and social assistance	18.4	19.1	3.8	18.0	18.9	5.0	х	x	
nformation, culture and recreation	8.3	7.8	-6.0	8.0	7.4	-7.5	x	×	
Accommodation and food services	9.5	9.4	-1.1	8.8	8.8	0.0	X	X	
Other services	6.6	6.7	1.5	6.1	6.5	6.6	х	х	
Public administration	37.6	38.3	1.9	36.9	37.8	2.4	х	×	
Unclassified	4.0	3.6	-10.0		***	***	4.0	3.6	-10.

Table 9.5 – continued Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

_		Labour force			Employment			Unemployme	ent ——————
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
	thousan	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percent
Ottawa-Gatineau - Ontario part									
Total	496.9	508.9	2.4	464.3	483.1	4.0	32.6	25.9	-20.6
Goods-producing sector	59.4	60.2	1.3	55.0	57.5	4.5	4.3	2.7	-37.2
Agriculture	2.5	2.4	-4.0	2.3	2.4	4.3	Х	X	X
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X
Utilities	X X	21.0	X	20.8	X 19.4	-6.7	x 1.5	1.6	6.7
Construction	22.2 32.7	34.9	-5.4 6.7	30.3	34.0	12.2	2.4	1.0 X	0.7 X
Manufacturing Services-producing sector	424.6	439.1	3.4	409.2	425.6	4.0	15.3	13.5	-11.8
Trade	62.6	63.4	1.3	59.7	60.9	2.0	2.9	2.4	-17.2
Transportation and warehousing	12.8	15.3	19.5	12.5	15.0	20.0	X	×	×
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	23.9	26.0	8.8	23.3	25.8	10.7	X	x	×
Professional, scientific and technical services	52.4	57.2	9.2	51.0	56.1	10.0	1.5	X	X
Management, administrative and other support	23.0	20.5	-10.9	21.1	18.5	-12.3	1.9	2.0	5.3
Educational services	36.3	33.5	-7.7	34.8	32.5	-6.6	×	×	×
Health care and social assistance	45.8	46.1	0.7	45.1	45.4	0.7	х	×	X
Information, culture and recreation	22.9	30.3	32.3	21.9	28.9	32.0	×	×	×
Accommodation and food services	26.7	32.1	20.2	24.3	30.0	23.5	2.3	2.0	-13.0
Other services	23.2	22.1	-4.7	22.1	21.1	-4.5	х	X	X
Public administration	95.2	92.7	-2.6	93.4	91.3	-2.2	1.9	X	X
Unclassified	13.0	9.7	-25.4		•••	***	13.0	9.7	-25.4
Québec, Quebec	200.0	007.4	0.0	077.0	070.7	0.0	00.4	00.0	7.4
Total	399.9	397.4	-0.6	377.6	376.7	-0.2	22.4	20.8	-7.1
Goods-producing sector	65.3	66.6	2.0	62.1	63.0	1.4	3.2	3.6	12.5
Agriculture	2.2	2.0	-9.1	1.8	3.0 x	-5.6	X	X	X
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas Utilities	2.6	3.4	x 30.8	2.6	1.9	x 30.8	X X	X X	X X
Construction	18.5	16.2	-12.4	17.5	14.8	-15.4	X	1.5	×
Manufacturing	40.7	43.6	7.1	39.0	41.9	7.4	1.8	1.7	-5.6
Services-producing sector	328.0	324.6	-1.0	315.4	313.6	-0.6	12.5	11.0	-12.0
Trade	63.9	66.5	4.1	61.3	64.1	4.6	2.6	2.4	-7.7
Transportation and warehousing	15.4	10.9	-29.2	15.1	10.3	-31.8	X	×	×
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	29.4	30.8	4.8	29.4	30.0	2.0	Х	×	×
Professional, scientific and technical services	22.9	23.6	3.1	21.6	22.9	6.0	×	X	×
Management, administrative and other support	15.0	13.9	-7.3	13.8	12.7	-8.0	×	×	X
Educational services	24.9	27.8	11.6	23.9	27.1	13.4	x	x	×
Health care and social assistance	48.3	48.6	0.6	47.2	47.9	1.5	×	X	X
Information, culture and recreation	15.8	15.1	-4.4	14.5	14.1	-2.8	×	X	X
Accommodation and food services	27.8	27.6	-0.7	27.0	26.4	-2.2	x	X	X
Other services	16.7	16.4	-1.8	16.2	15.8	-2.5	Х	X	X
Public administration	47.9	43.5	-9.2	45.7	42.3	-7.4	2.2	Х	X
Unclassified	6.6	6.2	-6.1		***	•••	6.6	6.2	-6.1
Regina, Saskatchewan Total	114.2	115.2	0.9	108.6	109.6	0.9	5.5	5.6	1.8
Goods-producing sector	16.0	18.2	13.8	15.2	17.4	14.5	0.8	0.9	12.5
Agriculture	1.0	1.8	80.0	1.0	1.7	70.0	0.0 X	0.9 X	12.5 X
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	0.7	0.8	14.3	0.6	0.7	16.7	×	X	x
Utilities	1.4	1.5	7.1	1.4	1.5	7.1	x	x	x
Construction	6.2	7.3	17.7	5.8	6.8	17.2	x	0.5	x
Manufacturing	6.7	6.9	3.0	6.5	6.7	3.1	x	X	x
Services-producing sector	96.3	95.2	-1.1	93.4	92.2	-1.3	2.8	3.0	7.1
Trade	18.6	18.2	-2.2	17.9	17.5	-2.2	0.7	0.7	0.0
Transportation and warehousing	5.2	5.4	3.8	5.0	5.2	4.0	х	х	×
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	10.3	8.9	-13.6	10.0	8.7	-13.0	×	×	×
Professional, scientific and technical services	5.5	5.0	-9.1	5.5	4.8	-12.7	Х	х	х
Management, administrative and other support	5.2	5.1	-1.9	4.8	4.8	0.0	Х	х	x
Educational services	8.1	8.9	9.9	7.8	8.7	11.5	Х	x	Х
Health care and social assistance	12.5	12.9	3.2	12.4	12.7	2.4	Х	x	x
Information, culture and recreation	7.8	7.7	-1.3	7.5	7.4	-1.3	X	×	X
Accommodation and food services	8.3	7.6	-8.4	7.9	7.1	-10.1	0.5	0.5	0.0
Other services	4.9	4.5	-8.2	4.8	4.4	-8.3	X	х	х
Public administration	10.0	11.0	10.0	9.9	10.9	10.1	X	×	x
Unclassified	1.9	1.7	-10.5		***	***	1.9	1.7	-10.5

Table 9.5 – continued

Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

-		Labour force			Employment			Unemployme	ent
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
	thousan	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percen
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario									
Total .	206.3	203.1	-1.6	191.9	190.2	-0.9	14.5	12.9	-11.0
Goods-producing sector	48.5	51.2	5.6	45.0	48.2	7.1	3.4	3.0	-11.8
Agriculture	5.5	7.8	41.8	5.1	7.3	43.1	х	X)
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	X	X	X	х	X	×	×)
Utilities	×	×	X	x	X	X	x	X	,
Construction	13.0	13.3	2.3	12.1	12.5	3.3	X	X	
Manufacturing -	28.6	28.3	-1.0	26.4	26.8	1.5	2.2	1.5	-31.
Services-producing sector	153.9	148.2	-3.7	146.8	142.0	-3.3	7.1	6.2	-12.
Trade	32.2	32.6	1.2	30.9	31.4	1.6	X	X	
Transportation and warehousing	7.8	8.5	9.0	7.5	8.2	9.3	X	X	
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	9.1	8.0	-12.1	9.0	7.8	-13.3	x	x	
Professional, scientific and technical services	8.1	7.4	-8.6	7.6	6.9	-9.2	×	x	
Management, administrative and other support	12.1	12.9	6.6	11.2	12.1	8.0	×	x	
Educational services	12.6	11.8	-6.3	11.9	11.3	-5.0	x	x	
Health care and social assistance	21.6	19.6	-9.3	21.2	19.3	-9.0	X	X	
nformation, culture and recreation	12.9	13.3	3.1	12.2	12.3	-9.0		X	
Accommodation and food services	21.4	19.4	-9.3	20.1	18.2	-9.5	X		
	8.9	7.0	-21.3	8.3	6.7	-9.5 -19.3	X	X	
Other services							Х	×	
Public administration	7.3	7.8	6.8	7.0	7.7	10.0	X	X	0
Jnclassified	3.9	3.8	-2.6	***	***	***	3.9	3.8	-2.
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	99.1	404.0	0.5	00.0	00.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	6
otal		101.6	2.5	90.3	93.5	3.5	8.8	8.2	-6.
Goods-producing sector	12.9	14.1	9.3	11.7	12.6	7.7	1.1	1.5	36.
Agriculture	X	X	X	×	X	X	Х	×	
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	1.6	3.1	93.8	1.5	2.9	93.3	×	Х	
Utilities	1.3	0.9	-30.8	1.3	0.9	-30.8	Х	X	
Construction	5.3	5.7	7.5	4.7	4.8	2.1	0.6	0.9	50.
Manufacturing	4.3	4.0	-7.0	3.9	3.6	-7.7	X	X	
Services-producing sector	83.3	85.1	2.2	78.6	80.8	2.8	4.7	4.3	-8.
Trade	18.1	16.1	-11.0	17.1	15.2	-11.1	1.1	0.9	-18.
Transportation and warehousing	4.5	4.0	-11.1	4.1	3.8	-7.3	X	X	
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	4.4	3.6	-18.2	4.3	3.5	-18.6	X	X	
Professional, scientific and technical services	5.7	4.9	-14.0	5.2	4.8	-7.7	0.5	X	
Management, administrative and other support	5.4	5.5	1.9	4.6	5.0	8.7	0.8	0.5	-37.
Educational services	8.8	9.0	2.3	8.5	8.7	2.4	×	X	
Health care and social assistance	11.9	13.8	16.0	11.7	13.6	16.2	X	X	
nformation, culture and recreation	4.7	6.7	42.6	4.5	6.1	35.6	X	0.6	
Accommodation and food services	7.1	7.1	0.0	6.7	6.5	-3.0	х	0.6	
Other services	4.8	5.1	6.3	4.3	4.7	9.3	0.5	X	
Public administration	7.9	9.3	17.7	7.7	8.9	15.6	×	×	
Unclassified	2.9	2.5	-13.8			·	2.9	2.5	-13.
Saguenay, Quebec									
Total .	75.8	77.2	1.8	68.3	70.4	3.1	7.5	6.8	-9.
Goods-producing sector	18.3	18.9	3.3	16.2	17.5	8.0	2.1	1.4	-33.
Agriculture	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	х .	Х	X	X	X	Х	X	X	
Utilities	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	
Construction	4.1	3.9	-4.9	3.2	3.2	0.0	X	X	
Manufacturing	11.0	12.1	10.0	10.3	11.6	12.6	X	X	
Services-producing sector	54.9	56.1	2.2	52.1	52.9	1.5	2.8	3.2	14.
rade	12.6	14.7	16.7	12.0	13.7	14.2	×	×	
Transportation and warehousing	2.8	2.7	-3.6	2.7	2.4	-11.1	X	х	
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	2.5	2.7	8.0	2.5	2.7	8.0	X	X	
Professional, scientific and technical services	3.8	3.5	-7.9	3.5	3.4	-2.9	X	X	
Management, administrative and other support	1.6	2.2	37.5	x	2.0	X	x	X	
Educational services	6.5	6.3	-3.1	6.3	6.1	-3.2	X	x	
		9.6	-1.0	9.6	9.5	-1.0	x	×	
Health care and social assistance	9.7			2.7	1.8	-33.3	×	X	
Information, culture and recreation	2.9	2.1	-27.6			-33.3 -11.4		X	
Accommodation and food services	4.8	4.4	-8.3	4.4	3.9		X		
Other services	4.3	4.1	-4.7	4.0	3.9	-2.5	X	X	
Public administration	3.4	3.9	14.7	3.1	3.6	16.1	X	Х	
Unclassified	2.6	2.2	-15.4				2.6	2.2	-15

Table 9.5 – continued Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

		Labour force			Employment			Unemploym	ent
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
	thousand	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percent
Saint John, New Brunswick									
Total	66.6	65.9	-1.1	61.9	61.9	0.0	4.7	4.0	-14.9
Goods-producing sector	11.5	11.7	1.7	10.3	10.9	5.8	1.1	0.9	-18.2
Agriculture	X	X	X	X	X	X	×	X	X
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	1.4	0.6	-57.1	1.2	0.5	-58.3	X	X	X
Utilities	1.0	0.8	-20.0	1.0	0.8	-20.0	X	X	X
Construction	4.1	4.6	12.2	3.6	4.1	13.9	0.6	0.5	-16.7
Manufacturing	4.5	5.4	20.0	4.2	5.2	23.8	×	X	X
Services-producing sector	54.0	52.9	-2.0	51.6	51.0	-1.2	2.5	1.8	-28.0
Trade	12.2	10.3	-15.6	11.4	10.0	-12.3	8.0	X	X
Transportation and warehousing	3.0	3.4	13.3	2.9	3.4	17.2	х	X	Х
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	2.6	3.2	23.1	2.6	3.1	19.2	х	X	X
Professional, scientific and technical services	4.4	3.4	-22.7	4.2	3.4	-19.0	Х	Х	X
Management, administrative and other support	5.8	5.6	-3.4	5.3	5.4	1.9	0.5	X	x
Educational services	4.6	4.7	2.2	4.4	4.5	2.3	Х	Х	X
Health care and social assistance	9.5	8.5	-10.5	9.3	8.2	-11.8	х	Х	х
Information, culture and recreation	2.8	2.8	0.0	2.7	2.7	0.0	х	X	x
Accommodation and food services	3.6	4.8	33.3	3.3	4.5	36.4	X	х	X
Other services	3.0	3.3	10.0	2.9	3.2	10.3	х	x	X
Public administration	2.7	2.9	7.4	2.6	2.7	3.8	х	х	х
Unclassified	1.1	1.3	18.2	•••	•••	***	1.1	1.3	18.2
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan									40.0
Total	133.0	133.8	0.6	126.4	128.0	1.3	6.6	5.9	-10.6
Goods-producing sector	25.0	25.9	3.6	23.7	24.8	4.6	1.3	1.1	-15.4
Agriculture	1.3	2.1	61.5	1.2	2.0	66.7	x	×	X
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	3.5	3.2	-8.6	3.3	3.1	-6.1	X	X	X
Utilities	8.0	0.6	-25.0	0.8	0.6	-25.0	Х	X	X
Construction	7.2	8.8	22.2	6.7	8.3	23.9	0.6	0.6	0.0
Manufacturing	12.1	11.2	-7.4	11.7	10.9	-6.8	0.5	X	X
Services-producing sector	106.3	106.4	. 0.1	102.7	103.2	0.5	3.6	3.3	-8.3
Trade	21.6	23.0	6.5	20.8	22.4	7.7	8.0	0.6	-25.0
Transportation and warehousing	6.8	7.5	10.3	6.5	7.4	13.8	X	X	X
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	6.5	6.2	-4.6	6.4	6.1	-4.7	X	X	X
Professional, scientific and technical services	7.1	8.2	15.5	6.9	8.0	15.9	X	X	X
Management, administrative and other support	4.1	4.3	4.9	3.8	3.9	2.6	х	X	x
Educational services	13.6	11.4	-16.2	13.2	10.8	-18.2	×	0.6	50.0
Health care and social assistance	17.4	17.4	0.0	17.2	17.3	0.6	х	X	x
Information, culture and recreation	6.1	6.0	-1.6	5.8	5.8	0.0	x	X	х
Accommodation and food services	9.0	9.3	3.3	8.4	8.7	3.6	0.6	0.6	0.0
Other services	6.2	6.1	-1.6	5.9	6.0	1.7	X	Х	х
Public administration	7.9	7.0	-11.4	7.8	6.9	-11.5	х	X	X
Unclassified	1.7	1.5	-11.8	•••	***	***	1.7	1.5	-11.8
Sherbrooke, Quebec	87.3	88.9	1.8	80.9	81.9	1.2	6.4	7.0	9.4
Total	87.3 22.6	20.6	1.8 -8.8	20.7	18.8	-9.2	1.9	1.8	9.4 -5.3
Goods-producing sector									
Agriculture	X	x	Х	X	X	Х	X	X X	×
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X X	X X	Х	X X	X X	X	X		X
Utilities	4.1	4.1	X 0.0	3.6	3.8	X	Х	Х	X
Construction Manufacturing	4.1 16.8	14.5	-13.7	3.6 15.5	13.2	5.6 -14.8	X X	X X	. x
	63.1	65.8	4.3	60.2	63.0	4.7	2.9	2.8	-3.4
Services-producing sector	11.8	13.6	4.3 15.3	11.0	12.8	4.7 16.4			
Trade Transportation and warehousing	2.7		-22.2				X	X	X
Transportation and warehousing		2.1	-22.2 17.9	2.6	2.0	-23.1	Х	Х	X
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	3.9	4.6		3.8	4.5	18.4	X	Х	X
Professional, scientific and technical services	4.0	4.4	10.0	3.8	4.4	15.8	X	X	X
Management, administrative and other support	3.0	2.7	-10.0	2.8	2.3	-17.9	X	X	X
Educational services	9.0	9.1	1.1	8.7	8.9	2.3	X	X	Х
Health care and social assistance	12.9	12.8	-0.8	12.7	12.6	-0.8	X	х	x
Information, culture and recreation	2.3	2.9	26.1	2.2	2.7	22.7	X	X	х
Accommodation and food services	5.8	5.2	-10.3	5.4	4.8	-11.1	Х	х	X
Other services	3.7	4.4	18.9	3.4	4.2	23.5	X	X	×
Public administration	4.0	4.1	2.5	3.9	3.9	0.0	X	х	х
Unclassified	1.5	2.4	60.0			***	1.5	2.4	60.0

Table 9.5 – continued

Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

_	La	bour force		E	mployment		U	nemployme	ent
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
	thousand	s	percent	thousand	ds	percent	thousar	nds	percen
Greater Sudbury/Grand Sudbury, Ontario									
Total	82.6	84.2	1.9	76.2	78.1	2.5	6.4	6.1	-4.7
Goods-producing sector	17.6	19.3	9.7	16.6	18.1	9.0	×	×	>
Agriculture	X	X	X	х	×	х	×	Х)
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	7.5	9.0	20.0	7.2	8.8	22.2	X	×)
Jtilities	X	Х	X	X	X	×	X	×	1
Construction	4.9	6.2	26.5	4.4	5.6	27.3	X	×	,
Manufacturing	4.5	3.5	-22.2	4.4	3.1	-29.5	X	×	
Services-producing sector	63.0	63.1	0.2	59.6	60.1	0.8	3.4	3.1	-8.8
Trade	14.1	13.5	-4.3	13.3	12.7	-4.5	×	Х	
Transportation and warehousing	3.3	3.8	15.2	3.2	3.7	15.6	×	, X	
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	3.9	3.4	-12.8	3.8	3.4	-10.5	X	X	
Professional, scientific and technical services Management, administrative and other support	3.3 3.5	3.6 3.8	9.1	3.2	3.5	9.4	X	X	
Educational services	7.0	6.8	8.6 -2.9	3.1 6.7	3.4 6.5	9.7 -3.0	Х	X X	
Health care and social assistance	10.0	9.7	-3.0	9.8	9.5	-3.1	X X	X	
nformation, culture and recreation	3.1	3.2	3.2	2.7	3.0	11.1	X	X	
Accommodation and food services	5.6	5.1	-8.9	5.2	4.8	-7.7	X	X	
Other services	3.6	3.9	8.3	3.4	3.6	5.9	x	x	
Public administration	5.5	6.4	16.4	5.2	6.1	17.3	x	x	
Unclassified	2.1	1.7	-19.0				2.1	1.7	-19.0
Thunder Bay, Ontario									
Total	68.6	66.5	-3.1	63.8	61.5	-3.6	4.9	5.0	2.0
Goods-producing sector	12.1	12.3	1.7	11.1	11.0	-0.9	X	X	
Agriculture	X	х	X	X	X	X	X	×	
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	2.0	2.0	0.0	1.9	1.7	-10.5	x	×	
Jtilities	x	X	X	x	X	X	X	×	
Construction	3.4	3.8	11.8	2.8	3.2	14.3	X	×	
Manufacturing	5.2	5.6	7.7	5.0	5.3	6.0	X	X	
Services-producing sector	55.1	53.1	-3.6	52.7	50.5	-4.2	2.4	2.6	8.3
Trade	11.4	10.0	-12.3	11.0	9.4	-14.5	Х	X	
Transportation and warehousing	4.4	4.2	-4.5	4.2	4.0	-4.8	×	×	
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	2.1	2.9	38.1	2.0	2.9	45.0	×	X	
Professional, scientific and technical services	2.2	3.3	50.0	2.1	3.2	52.4	X	Х	
Management, administrative and other support	3.0	3.3	10.0 3.5	2.7 5.4	2.9 5.7	7.4 5.6	X	X	
Educational services Health care and social assistance	5.7 10.6	5.9 9.6	-9.4	10.4	9.4	-9.6	X X	X X	
Information, culture and recreation	3.3	2.5	-24.2	3.1	2.3	-25.8	x	x	
Accommodation and food services	6.1	4.5	-26.2	5.7	4.0	-29.8	x	Ŷ	
Other services	2.4	2.9	20.8	2.2	2.7	22.7	x	x	
Public administration	4.1	4.0	-2.4	3.9	3.9	0.0	x	x	
Unclassified	×	x	X	***		·	x	Х	
Foronto, Ontario									
Fotal	2.970.6	2,998.6	0.9	2,763.4	2,802.1	1.4	207.3	196.6	-5.
Goods-producing sector	689.3	649.5	-5.8	652.0	613.8	-5.9	37.3	35.8	-4.
Agriculture	10.0	8.0	-20.0	8.8	7.6	-13.6	X	X	-66.
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	3.9	5.4	38.5	3.5	4.5	28.6	X	×	125.
Utilities	15.9	12.3	-22.6	15.6	12.2	-21.8	×	X	-66.
Construction	171.4	174.9	2.0	162.8	166.5	2.3	8.7	8.4	-3.
Manufacturing	488.2	448.9	-8.0	461.3	422.9	-8.3	26.8	26.0	-3.
Services-producing sector	2,197.8	2,270.1	3.3	2,111.4	2,188.3	3.6	86.4	81.8	-5
rade rade	467.4	477.9	2.2	445.0	459.9	3.3	22.4	18.0	-19
ransportation and warehousing	132.7	144.0	8.5	127.5	139.6	9.5	5.2	4.5	-13
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing	278.1	292.3	5.1	271.9	286.9	5.5	6.1	5.5	-9
Professional, scientific and technical services	262.6	262.0	-0.2	255.1	253.7	-0.5 2.5	7.5 12.5	8.3 11.4	10. -8.
Management, administrative and other support	142.7	144.8 184.5	1.5 6.1	130.2 168.9	133.5 178.3	2.5 5.6	5.0	6.1	-o. 22.
Educational services	173.9	184.5 234.6	2.8	224.2	230.9	3.0	4.0	3.7	-7.
Health care and social assistance	228.2 153.4	168.4	9.8	146.8	161.4	9.9	6.6	7.0	6.
nformation, culture and recreation	153.4 153.3	149.7	-2.3	142.3	139.3	-2.1	11.0	10.5	-4.
Accommodation and food services	153.3	122.2	-2.3 8.4	108.8	117.8	8.3	3.9	4.4	12.
Other services Public administration	92.8	89.6	-3.4	90.8	87.1	-4.1	2.0	2.5	25.
rubiic auministration	83.6	79.0	-5.5	00.0	07.1		83.6	79.0	-5.

Table 9.5 – continued Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas¹

_	Lá	abour force		E	mployment			Unemployn	nent
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change
_	thousand	s	percent	thousand	ls	percent	thousa	inds	percent
Trois-Rivières, Quebec									
Total	76.4	73.2	-4.2	69.4	67.3	-3.0	7.1	5.9	-16.9
Goods-producing sector	18.9	18.4	-2.6	17.3	17.3	0.0	1.6	x	X
Agriculture	×	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	×
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	х	X	X	X	X	X	X	×
Utilities	2.0	1.5	-25.0	1.9	1.5	-21.1	X	X	X
Construction	3.6	4.2	16.7	3.2	3.8	18.8	X	X	X
Manufacturing	12.1	11.5	-5.0	11.2	10.9	-2.7	X	X	X
Services-producing sector	55.4	52.7	-4.9	52.1	50.1	-3.8	3.3	2.6	-21.2
Trade	12.9	11.9	-7.8	12.3	11.2	-8.9	Х	X	×
Transportation and warehousing	2.4	2.7	12.5	2.3	2.6	13.0	Х	X	×
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	3.5	2.9	-17.1	3.4	2.8	-17.6	Х	Х	×
Professional, scientific and technical services	2.9	3.3	13.8	2.7	3.2	18.5	X	X	×
Management, administrative and other support	1.9	1.9	0.0	1.7	1.6	-5.9	Х	Х	×
Educational services	6.1	5.8	-4.9	5.8 10.0	5.6 10.4	-3.4 4.0	X	X	×
Health care and social assistance	10.5	10.7	1.9				Х	X	X
Information, culture and recreation	2.8	2.0	-28.6	2.4	1.8	-25.0	Х	X	X
Accommodation and food services Other services	4.6 3.7	5.4 3.1	17.4 -16.2	4.1 3.2	4.9 2.9	19.5 -9.4	×	X X	X
	4.3	3.1	-27.9	4.1	2.9	-29.3	X		X X
Public administration Unclassified	2.1	2.1	0.0	4.1	2.9	-29.5	2.1	2.1	0.0
Vancouver, British Columbia									
Total	1,226.0	1,241.9	1.3	1,155.7	1,187.1	2.7	70.3	54.8	-22.0
Goods-producing sector	218.9	220.0	0.5	209.2	211.9	1.3	9.7	8.1	-16.5
Agriculture	13.6	11.2	-17.6	12.2	10.0	-18.0	X	×	×
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	6.9	8.5	23.2	6.5	8.1	24.6	X	×	X
Utilities	5.8	3.9	-32.8	5.7	3.7	-35.1	X	X	X
Construction	83.5	88.2	5.6	80.4	85.3	6.1	3.1	2.9	-6.5
Manufacturing	109.2	108.2	-0.9	104.3	104.7	0.4	4.8	3.5	-27.1
Services-producing sector	978.9	1,000.3	2.2	946.6	975.2	3.0	32.3	25.1	-22.3
Trade	190.8	196.3	2.9	183.7	191.7	4.4	7.1	4.6	-35.2
Transportation and warehousing	72.0	69.0	-4.2	70.0	67.6	-3.4	2.1	X	X
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	80.9 114.1	89.5	10.6	78.7	88.0	11.8	2.1	1.5	-28.6
Professional, scientific and technical services		114.5 56.3	0.4 0.9	110.8	112.0	1.1	3.4 2.1	2.5	-26.5
Management, administrative and other support	55.8			53.7	54.5	1.5	2.1	1.8 2.0	-14.3
Educational services	91.0	94.4	3.7	88.2	92.4	4.8			-31.0
Health care and social assistance	110.6 73.9	117.8	6.5	108.6	115.8	6.6	2.0	2.0	0.0
Information, culture and recreation		73.3 91.0	-0.8	70.4	70.3 86.9	-0.1 0.5	3.5	2.9	-17.1
Accommodation and food services Other services	91.4 51.8	54.4	-0.4 5.0	86.5 50.3	52.7	4.8	4.9	4.1 1.7	-16.3
Public administration	46.8	43.9	-6.2	45.9	43.3	-5.7	×		X
Unclassified	28.2	21.6	-23.4	45.9	45.5	-5.7	28.2	21.6	-23.4
Victoria, British Colombia	20.2	21.0	20.7	•••	•••	***	20.2	21.0	40.7
Total	177.1	182.0	2.8	169.3	175.3	3.5	7.9	6.8	-13.9
Goods-producing sector	22.8	25.0	9.6	21.6	24.1	11.6	7.5 X	0.8 X	×13.5
Agriculture	X X	20.0 X	X	X X	Z-T. T	11.0	x	X	x
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	×
Utilities	x	x	x	x	X	x	x	x	x
Construction	12.7	15.2	19.7	12.0	14.7	22.5	x	x	x
Manufacturing	7.9	7.6	-3.8	7.7	7.4	-3.9	x	X	x
Services-producing sector	151.9	154.9	2.0	147.6	151.2	2.4	4.3	3.7	-14.0
Trade	26.0	30.0	15.4	25.5	29.3	14.9	X	X	X
Transportation and warehousing	6.0	7.0	16.7	5.9	6.8	15.3	x	x	x
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	10.9	9.2	-15.6	10.8	9.1	-15.7	x	x	x
Professional, scientific and technical services	13.0	14.1	8.5	12.7	13.9	9.4	x	x	x
Management, administrative and other support	7.3	8.4	15.1	6.8	8.1	19.1	x	x	x
Educational services	12.9	14.4	11.6	12.5	13.8	10.4	x	x	x
Health care and social assistance	21.5	24.2	12.6	20.8	23.9	14.9	X	X	×
Information, culture and recreation	9.1	7.1	-22.0	8.8	6.9	-21.6	x	x	x
Accommodation and food services	17.7	16.7	-5.6	17.1	15.8	-7.6	x	X	x
Other services	6.9	5.8	-15.9	6.7	5.7	-14.9	x	X	x
Public administration	20.5	18.1	-11.7	20.0	17.9	-10.5	×	X	×
Unclassified	2.4	2.0	-16.7	***			2.4	2.0	-16.7

Table 9.5 - continued

Labour force statistics, by industry, census metropolitan areas1

		Labour force			Employment		Unemployment			
	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	2005	2006	Percentage change	
	thousan	ds	percent	thousan	ds	percent	thousa	nds	percen	
Windsor, Ontario										
Total	175.1	181.4	3.6	161.3	165.1	2.4	13.8	16.3	18.1	
Goods-producing sector	59.9	57.6	-3.8	56.8	52.9	-6.9	3.1	4.7	51.6	
Agriculture	1.8	2.1	16.7	1.6	1.8	12.5	×	X)	
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	X	×	X	X	×	X	X	×		
Utilities	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
Construction	7.1	7.2	1.4	6.4	6.7	4.7	×	×		
Manufacturing ~	50.0	47.5	-5.0	47.8	43.7	-8.6	2.2	3.8	72.	
Services-producing sector	109.2	117.9	8.0	104.5	112.2	7.4	4.8	5.7	18.8	
Trade	22.7	24.6	8.4	21.6	23.4	8.3	х.	X X	10.	
Fransportation and warehousing	6.7	7.2	7.5	6.4	6.8	6.2	x	X		
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	7.2	8.1	12.5	7.0	7.9	12.9	X	X		
Professional, scientific and technical services	6.1	8.4	37.7	5.7	8.1					
	4.8					42.1	X	X		
Management, administrative and other support		5.8	20.8	4.1	5.0	22.0	Х	×		
Educational services	12.2	11.0	-9.8	11.8	10.6	-10.2	×	X		
Health care and social assistance	19.1	20.7	8.4	18.7	20.5	9.6	×	X		
nformation, culture and recreation	7.3	6.0	-17.8	6.9	5.7	-17.4	X	X		
Accommodation and food services	12.4	15.5	25.0	11.5	14.3	24.3	X	Х		
Other services	5.7	6.4	12.3	5.6	5.8	3.6	X	X		
Public administration	5.1	4.2	-17.6	5.1	4.2	-17.6	X	Х		
Unclassified	5.9	5.9	0.0				5.9	5.9	0.	
Ninnipeg, Manitoba										
Total	393.7	400.7	1.8	374.7	382.2	2.0	19.0	18.5	-2.	
Goods-producing sector	73.9	73.8	-0.1	70.5	70.8	0.4	3.4	2.9	-14.	
Agriculture	1.8	1.9	5.6	1.7	1.8	5.9	×	×		
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	1.0	1.5	50.0	0.8	1.3	62.5	×	Х		
Jtilities	4.4	4.3	-2.3	4.4	4.2	-4.5	×	X		
Construction	19.7	19.1	-3.0	18.1	17.7	-2.2	1.6	1.3	-18.	
Manufacturing	47.1	47.1	0.0	45.6	45.8	0.4	1.5	1.3	-13.	
Services-producing sector	313.9	321.0	2.3	304.1	311.4	2.4	9.8	9.6	-2.	
Frade	56.6	62.6	10.6	54.3	60.4	11.2	2.3	2.3	0.	
	23.7	24.0	1.3	22.8	23.5	3.1	0.9	0.5	-44.	
Fransportation and warehousing	26.5	25.7	-3.0	26.1	25.4	-2.7	0.9 X	0.5 X		
inance, insurance, real estate and leasing					18.9	-6.0				
Professional, scientific and technical services	20.6	19.4	-5.8	20.1			X	X	44	
Management, administrative and other support	16.3	15.6	-4.3	15.4	14.3	-7.1	0.9	1.3	44.	
Educational services	30.5	30.3	-0.7	29.7	29.3	-1.3	0.7	1.0	42.	
Health care and social assistance	49.5	53.1	7.3	49.1	52.3	6.5	0.5	0.7	40.	
nformation, culture and recreation	19.9	18.1	-9.0	19.1	17.5	-8.4	0.7	0.6	-14.	
Accommodation and food services	27.2	29.3	7.7	25.3	27.9	10.3	1.9	1.3	-31.	
Other services	18.4	16.8	-8.7	17.7	16.4	-7.3	0.6	0.5	-16.	
Public administration	24.8	26.2	5.6	24.3	25.5	4.9	0.5	0.6	20.	
Unclassified	5.8	6.0	3.4			*	5.8	6.0	3.	

^{1.} The CMAs in this table do not include the six new ones created during the 2006 census.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Labour Statistics Division, Labour Force Survey (survey 3701).

Table 9.6 Labour income 1, census metropolitan areas⁶

	Labour force		Employment in	come 2	Self-employment income		
	Number reporting ³	Dollars	Number reporting ³	Median ⁴	Number reporting ³	Dollars	
	number	thousands	number	in dollars	number	thousands	
Abbotsford, British Columbia 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	78,840 81,210 83,510 85,540 2.4	2,315,042 2,410,288 2,560,208 2,725,236 6.4	77,980 80,270 82,600 84,650 2.5	22,300 22,400 23,200 23,900 3.0	14,250 14,560 15,130 15,600 3.1	153,788 163,688 182,967 211,157 15.4	
Calgary, Alberta 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	593,180 605,530 631,300 654,990 3.8	25,164,314 26,263,772 29,153,499 33,248,581 14.0	589,550 601,690 627,700 651,900 3.9	28,500 28,900 30,000 31,500 5.0	90,360 90,480 93,580 94,300 0.8	1,511,094 1,497,730 1,620,966 1,764,209 8.8	
Edmonton, Alberta 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	560,090 572,430 594,250 614,170 3.4	20,503,347 21,424,118 23,357,301 25,827,244 10.6	557,030 569,280 591,180 611,390 3.4	27,100 27,800 29,000 30,800 6.2	72,380 72,800 74,100 74,570 0.6	870,900 877,477 945,118 1,049,982 11.1	
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	84,890 85,230 87,430 88,680 1.4	2,691,540 2,760,783 2,999,704 3,213,908 7.1	84,200 84,570 86,730 88,050 1.5	22,900 23,700 24,700 26,200 6.1	8,240 7,910 8,100 7,880 -2.7	178,711 175,605 182,045 181,797 -0.1	
Halifax, Nova Scotia 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	200,930 203,500 205,980 208,890 1.4	6,649,533 6,869,343 7,109,363 7,510,932 5.6	199,570 202,020 204,640 207,710 1.5	25,400 26,000 26,700 27,600 3.4	21,740 21,780 22,500 22,510 0.0	397,741 400,014 411,708 397,729 -3.4	
Hamilton, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	361,440 366,670 371,410 376,130 1.3	13,421,622 14,071,313 14,562,401 15,296,381 5.0	359,380 364,560 369,370 374,150 1.3	28,500 29,200 29,700 30,400 2.4	45,240 45,630 46,880 47,590 1.5	959,053 968,642 1,011,764 1,036,150 2.4	
Kingston, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	79,690 81,170 81,730 82,660 1.1	2,575,148 2,729,741 2,812,416 2,939,743 4.5	79,290 80,820 81,350 82,330 1.2	24,700 25,700 26,300 26,600 1.1	11,470 11,250 11,350 11,390 0.4	226,960 230,718 241,809 245,209 1.4	
Kitchener, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	247,710 253,940 258,890 263,610 1.8	9,098,185 9,536,515 10,121,945 10,443,673 3.2	246,440 252,670 257,560 262,300 1.8	29,200 29,800 30,400 31,100 2.3	31,160 31,520 32,140 32,580 1.4	586,736 594,408 612,692 614,721 0.3	
London, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	240,300 244,900 248,270 252,800 1.8	8,215,603 8,613,080 9,031,182 9,444,222 4.6	239,010 243,850 247,100 251,690 1.9	26,500 27,000 27,800 28,600 2.9	34,420 34,170 34,250 34,550 0.9	724,267 732,631 778,169 783,453 0.7	

Table 9.6 – continued

Labour income ¹, census metropolitan areas⁶

	Labour fo	orce	Employment in	come ²	Self-employment income		
	Number reporting ³	Dollars	Number reporting ³	Median ⁴	Number reporting ³	Dollars	
	number	thousands	number	in dollars	number	thousands	
Montréal, Quebec 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1,909,480 1,938,920 1,959,000 1,975,830 0.9	63,140,866 65,452,224 68,213,381 70,528,956 3.4	1,891,390 1,921,740 1,941,570 1,960,000 0.9	24,800 25,200 25,800 26,400 2.3	217,150 221,150 228,660 235,080 2.8	4,580,346 4,877,569 5,270,919 5,357,770 1.6	
Oshawa, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	167,970 177,580 182,950 186,730 2.1	6,405,329 7,038,890 7,419,922 7,717,017 4.0	167,080 176,740 182,060 185,950 2.1	31,400 32,900 33,400 33,900 1.5	20,340 21,080 22,080 22,680 2.7	305,122 315,804 324,654 326,168 0.5	
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario-Quebec 5 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	606,870 612,740 622,190 632,780 1.7	24,470,788 24,942,656 26,002,337 27,262,668 4.8	601,450 608,460 618,570 629,820 1.8	62,900 64,000 65,400 67,000 2.4	84,080 84,170 86,560 87,800 1.4	1,871,788 1,876,307 1,964,010 1,989,008 1.3	
Québec, Quebec 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	400,270 411,930 416,910 417,230 0.1	12,754,675 13,419,532 13,976,352 14,447,075 3.4	397,910 409,830 414,790 415,130 0.1	26,000 26,600 27,400 28,300 3.3	43,600 44,410 45,450 45,920 1.0	1,021,829 1,083,452 1,153,056 1,179,165 2.3	
Regina, Saskatchewan 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	109,710 110,560 111,560 112,810 1.1	3,646,940 3,802,425 3,952,309 4,138,606 4.7	109,290 110,160 111,150 112,480 1.2	26,700 27,600 28,500 29,200 2.5	16,450 16,270 16,310 16,370 0.4	262,707 247,574 235,666 238,320 1.1	
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	212,430 213,260 215,510 216,950 0.7	6,569,836 6,753,198 6,927,893 7,110,266 2.6	211,290 212,150 214,300 215,800 0.7	22,500 23,100 23,400 23,800 1.7	26,340 26,310 26,700 27,270 2.1	426,894 418,797 428,903 437,674 2.0	
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	95,970 97,470 98,340 99,760 1.4	3,052,208 3,248,929 3,342,790 3,483,088 4.2	94,590 96,050 96,940 98,460 1.6	23,500 24,600 25,100 25,900 3.2	8,420 8,630 8,810 9,010 2.3	205,664 223,982 223,569 208,859 -6.6	
Saguenay, Quebec 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	83,880 83,830 83,700 83,200 -0.6	2,500,139 2,546,700 2,622,233 2,676,208 2.1	83,090 83,150 83,000 82,470 -0.6	21,700 22,100 23,100 23,500 1.7	6,510 6,480 6,600 6,510 -1.4	139,356 145,240 157,208 160,567 2.1	
Saint John, New Brunswick 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	66,830 67,440 67,600 67,920 0.5	2,025,019 2,122,793 2,254,082 2,275,856 1.0	66,160 66,850 67,040 67,380 0.5	22,100 23,200 24,100 24,800 2.9	5,540 5,460 5,570 5,630 1.1	103,342 99,540 101,819 96,004 -5.7	

Table 9.6 - continued Labour income 1, census metropolitan areas6

	Labour force		Employment in		Self-employment income		
	Number reporting ³	Dollars	Number reporting ³	Median ⁴	Number reporting ³	Dollars	
	number	thousands	number	in dollars	number	thousands	
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	127,180 129,330 130,370 132,780 1.8	3,939,845 4,116,746 4,395,471 4,694,119 6.8	126,590 128,710 129,800 132,270 1.9	23,600 24,100 25,000 26,400 5.6	22,680 23,140 23,000 22,180 -3.6	299,931 285,377 305,088 297,998 -2.3	
Sherbrooke, Quebec 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	86,570 88,600 89,640 89,900 0.3	2,484,167 2,603,670 2,703,828 2,783,573 2.9	86,010 88,040 89,120 89,350 0.3	22,800 23,400 24,000 24,500 2.1	11,300 11,490 11,810 12,110 2.5	206,496 219,931 233,136 237,809 2.0	
Thunder Bay, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	66,820 67,370 66,820 66,100 -1.1	2,179,628 2,259,019 2,279,381 2,345,796 2.9	66,480 67,000 66,460 65,740 -1.1	26,300 27,000 27,000 28,500 5.6	6,350 6,210 6,150 5,990 -2.6	133,799 129,797 129,462 126,927 -2.0	
Toronto, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	2,691,400 2,713,070 2,779,250 2,836,310 2.1	108,844,140 111,915,447 117,924,554 123,791,112 5.0	2,670,540 2,692,430 2,758,170 2,816,290 2.1	28,200 28,500 29,000 29,600 2.1	424,460 427,580 451,200 465,060 3.1	9,404,541 9,581,360 10,344,827 10,523,211 1.7	
Trois-Rivières, Quebec 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	73,390 75,010 75,210 75,320 0.1	2,129,540 2,229,775 2,292,071 2,393,141 4.4	72,640 74,450 74,600 74,670 0.1	21,600 22,100 22,800 23,900 4.8	7,510 7,570 7,700 7,850 1.9	145,201 149,358 163,060 167,867 2.9	
Vancouver, British Columbia 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1,092,540 1,109,870 1,144,190 1,180,290 3.2	38,046,242 39,460,123 42,115,441 45,071,608 7.0	1,083,030 1,100,510 1,135,210 1,172,010 3.2	25,400 25,400 25,800 26,700 3.5	187,830 190,580 195,870 200,890 2.6	2,782,690 2,964,034 3,245,606 3,429,361 5.7	
Victoria, British Columbia 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	169,390 174,700 179,590 184,570 2.8	5,555,728 5,784,811 6,099,860 6,455,148 5.8	168,420 173,720 178,670 183,750 2.8	26,100 26,000 26,000 26,500 1.9	29,660 30,240 31,150 32,100 3.0	392,886 419,859 462,250 493,598 6.8	
Windsor, Ontario 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	172,660 174,730 174,550 174,940 0.2	6,659,514 6,819,522 6,864,205 6,981,144 1.7	171,640 173,790 173,430 173,830 0.2	28,800 29,400 29,400 29,700 1.0	17,560 17,680 18,030 18,070 0.2	350,109 353,053 350,156 337,309 -3.7	
Winnipeg, Manitoba 2002 2003 2004 2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	383,880 388,010 388,990 393,830 1.2	12,082,717 12,448,341 13,020,910 13,535,676 4.0	381,750 385,990 386,850 391,910 1.3	24,400 25,000 25,900 26,500 2.3	49,180 49,640 49,770 49,550 -0.4	812,148 820,844 862,138 845,852 -1.9	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Small Area and Adminstrative Data Division, Annual Estimates for Census Families and Individuals (T1 Family File) (survey 4105) and CANSIM table 111-0024.

Table 9.7 Income distribution of taxfilers ¹, census metropolitan areas

	Number	Number Taxfilers (and non-filing spouses) with income									
	ot taxfilers	taxfilers Number Percent with total income greater than							Media	me ³	
		of persons with total income ²	\$ 15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	Male	Female	Both sexes
Abbotsford, British Columbia											
2001	105,000	104,850	63	43	29	14	4	1	28,800	16,300	20,900
2002	106,490	105,830	64	44	30	15	4	2	29,100	16,600	21,200
2003 2004	108,560	107,770	64	44	30	15	5	2	29,400	16,800	21,600
2005	110,590 112,430	109,870 111,720	66 67	46 47	32 33	17 18	5 6	2 2	30,700 31,700	17,400 17,900	22,400 23,200
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.7	1.7	1.5	2.2	3.1	5.9	20.0	0.0	3.3	2.9	3.6
Calgary, Alberta											
2001	728,130	719,530	70	53	39	23	11	6	34,800	20,900	27,100
2002	731,640	721,580	71	54	40	24	11	6	35,500	21,500	27,600
2003 2004	747,560 7 77,590	736,980 765,830	71 72	54 56	41 42	25 27	12 13	6 7	35,900 37,300	22,000 22,900	28,100 29,200
2005	804,200	791,640	74	58	45	29	15	8	39,400	24,100	30,800
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	3.4	3.4	2.8	3.6	7.1	7.4	15.4	14.3	5.6	5.2	5.5
Edmonton, Alberta											
2001	713,700	706,820	68	50	35	20	8	3	34,000	18,700	25,100
2002 2003	713,910 727,910	706,530 720,040	69 71	51 52	37 38	21 22	8	4	34,900 35,500	19,500 20,100	25,900 26,600
2004	753,510	743,890	72	54	40	24	10	4	37,000	21,000	27,700
2005	774,010	764,460	74	56	43	27	12	5	39,600	22,200	29,500
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.7	7.5	12.5	20.0	25.0	7.0	5.7	6.5
Greater Sudbury / Grand Sudbury, Ontario				4.0						47 400	0.4.000
2001 2002	118,670 118,790	118,760	67 67	48 49	33 35	18 19	6 6	2 2	32,900 33,400	17,400 17,900	24,000 24,600
2002	119,270	118,470 118,760	68	50	36	20	6	2	34,500	18,400	25,200
2004	121,360	120,660	70	52	38	22	9	3	36,100	19,200	26,400
2005	122,380	121,640	71	54	40	24	11	4	37,400	20,100	27,700
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.8	0.8	1.4	3.8	5.3	9.1	22.2	33.3	3.6	4.7	4.9
Halifax, Nova Scotia	000 400	005 700	07	40	00	40	^	0	04 400	40.000	04.400
2001 2002	266,400 267,690	265,780 266,310	67 68	49 50	33 34	18 19	6	3	31,400 32,200	18,800 19,500	24,100 24,900
2003	271,080	269,590	69	51	36	20	7	3	32,900	20,200	25,600
2004	274,540	272,730	70	52	37	21	7	3	33,400	20,900	26,300
2005	277,330	274,920	71	54	39	23	8	4	34,700	21,900	27,500
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.0	0.8	1.4	3.8	5.4	9.5	14.3	33.3	3.9	4.8	4.6
Hamilton, Ontario	400.000	405.040	60	50	37	21	7	3	34,900	19,700	26,000
2001 2002	496,630 496,950	495,040 493,270	69 70	52 52	38	22	8	4	35,200	20,100	26,400
2003	504,020	499,980	70	53	39	23	9	4	36,000	20,600	27,100
2004	509,620	504,950	71	54	40	24	9	4	36,700	21,400	27,900
2005	514,550	509,550	72	55	42	26	11	5	37,700	22,300 4.2	28,800
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.9	5.0	8.3	22.2	25.0	2.7	4.2	3.2
Prince Edward Island 2001	103,030	103,200	63	38	21	8	2	1	23,700	16,500	19,600
2002	103,160	102,980	64	39	22	10	3	1	24,200	17,000	20,100
2003	104,330	104,120	65	41	24	10	3	1	25,000	17,700	20,900
2004	105,130	104,820	67	43	25	11	3	1	25,500	18,300	21,600
2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	105,400 0.3	105,050 0.2	69 3.0	45 4.7	27 8.0	13 18.2	33.3	100.0	26,600 4.3	19,000	22,400 3.7
Kingston, Ontario											
2001	109,650	109,580	68	50	35	19	6	3	32,000	20,000	25,000
2002	109,590	109,060	69	51	36	20	7	3	32,900	21,000	26,000
2003	111,400	110,680	70	53 54	38 40	22 23	8	3	33,800 34,400	21,700 22,700	26,900 27,700
2004 2005	112,110 112,960	111,350 112,140	71 72	55	41	24	9	4	35,300	23,500	28,500
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.8	0.7	1.4	1.9	2.5	4.3	12.5	33.3	2.6	3.5	2.9
Kitchener, Ontario											
2001	314,180	312,230	71	53	37	20	7	3	35,900 36,800	20,300 20,700	26,900 27,500
2002	316,240 324,070	313,690 321,120	72 72	54 55	39 40	21 22	8	4	37,400	21,200	28,000
2003 2004	330,040	321,120	73	56	41	24	9	4	38,100	22,100	28,900
2005	335,280	331,960	74	57	43	25	10	4	39,000	22,900	29,800
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.8	4.9	4.2	11.1	0.0	2.4	3.6	3.1

Table 9.7 – continued Income distribution of taxfilers ¹, census metropolitan areas

	Number			Taxfi	lers (and no	n-filing spou	ises) with in	come			
	of taxfilers	Number		Percent	with total in	come greate	r than		Media	n total inco	ome 3
		of persons with total income ²	\$ 15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	Male	Female	Both
London, Ontario											
2001	326,790	325,020	68	50	34	19	6	3	31,900	20,000	25,000
2002	328,030	325,320	69	51	36	20	7	3	32,600	20,500 21,000	25,600
2003 2004	333,410 337,320	330,480 333,870	70 71	52 53	37 39	21 22	8	3	33,200 34,200	22,000	26,100 27,100
2005	341,260	337,660	72	54	40	24	9	4	35,300	22,800	28,000
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.6	9.1	12.5	33.3	3.2	3.6	3.3
Montrial Oughan											
Montréal, Quebec 2001	2,640,390	2,634,760	65	45	30	16	6	3	28,000	17,700	22,000
2002	2,667,230	2,656,200	65	46	31	16	6	3	28,500	18,300	22,500
2003	2,693,380	2,678,040	66	47	32	17	6	3	29,100	18,800	23,10
2004	2,720,600	2,703,660	67	48	33	18	7	3	29,800	19,400	23,80
2005	2,749,130	2,725,440	69	50 4.2	35 6,1	19 5.6	7 0.0	33.3	30,400 2.0	20,600 6.2	24,900 4,0
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.0	0.8	3.0	4.2	0,1	0.0	0.0	33.3	2.0	0.2	4.0
Oshawa, Ontario										04.000	
2001	214,890	213,860 212,650	71 72	56 57	42 43	25 26	9 10	3 4	39,800 40,600	21,000 21,700	29,300 29,900
2002 2003	214,350 225,570	223,530	73	58	45	28	11	4	41,900	22,600	31,00
2004	231,830	229,610	73	59	46	29	12	5	42,800	23,400	31,90
2005	236,360	234,190	74	60	47	30	13	5	43,500	24,200	32,600
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.7	2.2	3.4	8.3	0.0	1.6	3.4	2.2
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario-Quebec											
2001	798,110	792,450	142	110	81	47	17	8	69,900	47,100	57,40
2002	802,980	795,230	143	113	85	50	20	8	71,500	48,900	59,200
2003 2004	812,820 825,060	804,040 815,730	144 146	114 115	87 90	52 54	20 22	8	72,700 74,400	50,100 51,900	60,300
2004	836,450	826,890	148	118	92	59	25	10	76,200	54,400	64,200
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.6	2.2	9.3	13.6	11.1	2.4	4.8	3.5
Québec, Quebec 2001	542,380	543,830	67	47	31	15	5	2	29,900	18,200	23,400
2002	546,250	546,360	68	49	32	16	5	2	31,000	19,200	24,500
2003	556,880	555,950	70	51	34	17	5	2	31,800	20,100	25,400
2004	562,060	560,790	71	52	36	18	6	3	32,900	21,000	26,400
2005	568,460	566,390	73	54	38	20	6	3	33,700	22,300	27,600
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.1	1.0	2.8	3.8	5.6	11.1	0.0	0.0	2.4	6.2	4.5
Regina, Saskatchewan											
2001	143,470	143,050	69	50	34	18	6	2	30,900	21,000	25,100
2002 2003	144,050 145,250	143,360 144,420	70 71	52 53	36 37	19 20	6	2 3	32,000 32,700	21,900 22,700	26,100 27,000
2004	146,110	145,210	73	54	39	22	8	3	33,700	23,700	27,900
2005	147,110	146,040	74	56	41	23	9	3	34,800	24,500	28,900
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.7	0.6	1.4	3.7	5.1	4.5	12.5	0.0	3.3	3.4	3.6
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario											
2001	293,600	294,340	68	47	31	16	5	2	31,800	17,700	23,400
2002	294,370	293,490	68	48	32	17	6	2	32,100	18,200	23,900
2003	296,130	294,830	69 70	49 50	33	18 19	6 7	2	32,500	18,700	24,300
2004 2005	298,730 300,260	297,160 298,440	70	51	35 36	20	8	3	33,000 33,500	19,500 20,100	25,000 25,600
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.5	0.4	1.4	2.0	2.9	5.3	14.3	0.0	1.5	3.1	2.4
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador 2001	131,480	130,830	63	43	28	14	5	2	26.200	17.200	21.000
2002	132,020	131,140	64	45	29	15	5	2	26,900	17,800	21,600
2003	134,060	133,090	65	46	31	17	6	3	27,900	18,500	22,500
2004	135,290	134,280	67	47	32	18	6	3	28,600	19,000	23,200
2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	136,680 1.0	135,530 0.9	68 1.5	49 4.3	34 6.2	19 5.6	7 16.7	0.0	29,600 3.5	19,800 4.2	24,100 3.9
	1.0	0.5	1.0	7.5	0.2	5.0	10.7	0.0	0.0	7.2	5.8
Saguenay, Quebec	440 500	440 540	60	40	00	45		4	20 500	44.000	20.20
2001 2002	118,580 119,710	118,510 119,480	60 62	43 43	28 29	15 16	4	1	30,500 30,700	14,000 14,500	20,300
2002	119,710	118,390	63	45	30	17	5	1	31,500	15,100	21,600
2004	119,310	118,350	65	46	32	18	6	2	32,600	15,600	22,400
2005	119,870	118,540	67	48	33	18	6	2	33,000	16,500	23,500
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.5	0.2	3.1	4.3	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	5.8	4.9

Table 9.7 – continued Income distribution of taxfilers ¹, census metropolitan areas

	Number			Taxfi	lers (and no	n-filing spou	ises) with in	come				
	of taxfilers	Number								Median total income 3		
		of persons with total income ²	\$ 15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	Male	Female	Both sexes	
Saint John, New Brunswick												
2001	93,000	92,920	64	43	27	14	5	2	27,900	16,600	20,900	
2002	93,450	93,020	64	44	28	15	5	2	28,200	17,200	21,400	
2003	93,630	93,130	66	46	30	16	5	2	29,500	18,000	22,400	
2004	93,860	93,320	68	47	31	17	6	3	30,600	18,500	23,200	
2005	93,850	93,230	69	49	33	18	7	3	31,600	19,300	24,200	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.0	-0.1	1.5	4.3	6.5	5.9	16.7	0.0	3.3	4.3	4.3	
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan												
2001	164,870	164,350	66	46	31	15	5	2	30,100	18,300	22,900	
2002	165,570	164,710	67	48	32	17	5	2	30,800	19,100	23,700	
2003	168,370	167,400	68	49	33	18	6	2	31,300	19,700	24,300	
2004	169,570	168,430	70	50	35	19	7	3	32,500	20,400	25,200	
2005	171,530	170,220	72	52	38	21	8	3	34,300	21,500	26,600	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.2	1.1	2.9	4.0	8.6	10.5	14.3	0.0	5.5	5.4	5.6	
Sherbrooke, Quebec 2001	440 400	440.070	0.4	40	0.5	40			00 700	40.000	00.000	
2002	119,190 120,380	119,270	64	42	25	12	3	2	26,700	16,800	20,800	
2002	120,380 122,480	120,250	65	44	26	12	4	2	27,500	17,400	21,600	
2003	123,940	122,120	67 68	45 46	28 29	13	4	2 2	28,100	18,000	22,300	
2005	125,550	123,500 124,930	70	46	31	14	4 5	2	28,900	18,600	22,900	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	125,550	124,930	2.9	48	6.9	15 7.1	25.0	0.0	29,400 1.7	19,700 5.9	23,800	
Thunder Bay, Ontario	,,,			4.0	0.0	***	20.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	
2001	93,090	93,090	69	50	35	18	5	2	34,400	18,300	25,100	
2002	93,350	93,090	69	51	36	19	6	2	35,100	18,900	25,600	
2003	93,860	93,480	71	52	38	21	7	2	35,700	19,700	26,400	
2004	93,720	93,240	72	53	38	21	7	2	35,400	20.700	27,100	
2005	93,320	92,800	72	54	40	23	8	3	36,800	21,500	28,000	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	-0.4	-0.5	0.0	1.9	5.3	9.5	14.3	50.0	4.0	3.9	3.3	
Toronto, Ontario 2001	3,565,770	3,522,580	66	50	36	21	9	5	30,500	20.500	05.000	
2002			66	50	36	21	9	5 5	30,500	20,500 20,600	25,000 24,900	
	3,628,290	3,572,210										
2003 2004	3,671,930 3,754,540	3,612,120 3,687,280	66 67	50 51	37 38	22 23	10 10	5 5	30,600 31,200	20,700 21,200	25,000 25,500	
				51				6				
2005 Percentage change 2004 to 2005	3,827,610 1.9	3,758,600 1.9	67 0.0	0.0	39 2.6	24 4.3	11 10.0	20.0	31,900 2.2	21,700 2.4	26,100 2.4	
Trois-Rivières, Quebec												
2001	107,830	108,380	60	39	25	13	3	1	26,800	14,800	19,200	
2002	108,530	108,710	62	41	26	14	4	1	27,500	15,300	19,900	
2003	110,350	110,100	63	42	27	15	4	2	28,200	15,700	20,500	
2004	111,600	111,230	65	43	29	15	À	2	28,700	16,300	21,200	
2005	112,600	112,080	67	45	30	16	5	2	29,800	17,300	22,300	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.9	0.8	3.1	4.7	3.4	6.7	25.0	0.0	3.8	6.1	5.2	
Vancouver, British Columbia												
2001	1,506,030	1,495,570	63	46	33	18	6	3	27,900	18,500	22,300	
2002	1,527,790	1,510,460	63	46	33	18	7	3	27,800	18,500	22,300	
2003	1,545,810	1,526,640	63	46	34	19	7	3	28,000	18,700	22,500	
2004	1,580,320	1,565,010	64	47	35	20	8	4	28,900	19,100	23,100	
2005	1,614,570	1,599,830	65	49	36	21	9	4	30,200	19,800	24,000	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	2.2	2.2	1.6	4.3	2.9	5.0	12.5	0.0	4.5	3.7	3.9	
Victoria, British Columbia												
2001	239,730	240,020	70	51	36	19	6	2	32,300	21,500	26,000	
2002	239,260	238,450	71	52	38	20	7	3	32,900	22,000	26,500	
2003	243,150	242,090	71	53	39	21	7	3	33,500	22,500	27,100	
2004	247,130	246,210	72	54	40	22	8	3	34,500	23,300	27,900	
2005	250,750	249,860	74	56	41	24	9	4	35,700	24,100	28,800	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	1.5	1.5	2.8	3.7	2.5	9.1	12.5	33.3	3.5	3.4	3.2	
Windsor, Ontario												
2001	231,760	230,330	69	53	39	24	9	4	37,500	19,300	27,000	
2002	233,370	231,030	69	53	40	25	10	4	38,100	19,700	27,400	
2003	236,220	233,420	70	54	41	26	11	5	38,400	20,200	27,900	
2004	237,520	234,360	70	54	41	26	12	5	38,400	20,600	28,200	
2005	238,680	235,360	71	55	42	27	12	5	39,000	21,200	28,700	
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.5	0.4	1.4	1.9	2.4	3.8	0.0	0.0	1.6	2.9	1.8	

Table 9.7 - continued

Income distribution of taxfilers 1, census metropolitan areas

	Number of taxfilers	Taxfilers (and non-filing spouses) with income									
		Number		Percent	with total in	come greate	r than		Media	n total inco	me ³
		of persons with total income ²	\$ 15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000	Male	Female	Both sexes
Winnipeg, Manitoba											
2001	511,670	511,300	68	47	30	14	4	2	29,300	19,300	23,400
2002	513,120	510,660	69	48	31	15	5	2	29,800	20,000	24,100
2003	518.310	515,350	70	49	33	16	5	2	30,200	20,600	24,600
2004	520,710	517,430	71	51	34	18	6	3	31,100	21,400	25,400
2005	523,570	520,200	72	52	36	19	7	3	31,800	22,000	26.200
Percentage change 2004 to 2005	0.5	0.5	1.4	2.0	5.9	5.6	16.7	0.0	2.3	2.8	3.1

1. Taxfilers are people who filed a tax return for the reference year and were alive at the end of the year.

Total income is income from all sources. A detailed definition of what is included in total income is available from the User's Guide to this series, available at http://www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/4105.htm.

3. Median is the middle number in a group of numbers. Where a median income, for example, is given as \$26,000, it means that exactly half of the incomes reported are greater than or equal to \$26,000, and that the other half is less than or equal to the median amount. Median incomes in the data tables are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. Zero values are not included in the calculation of medians for individuals.

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Small Area and Adminstrative Data Division, Annual Estimates for Census Families and Individuals (T1 Family File) (survey 4105) and CANSIM table 111-0004.

Table 9.8

Average household expenditure, selected metropolitan areas, 2005

	Calgary, Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta	Halifax, Nova Scotia	Montreal, Quebec	Ottawa, Ontario ¹	Quebec, Quebec	Regina, Saskatchewan	St.John's, Newfoundland and Labrador
Estimated number of households	381,220	373,360	147,410	1,505,850	309,160	297,710	74,870	71,550
Household size Household income before tax (dollars)	2.68 93,282	2.61 7 6,477	2.42 69,049	2.29 60,307	2.71 96,242	2.30 58,417	2.54 65,384	2.45 64,628
				d	ollars			
Average household expenditure								
Food	8,097	7,575	6,917	6,988	7,732	7,017	6,428	6,577
Shelter	15,270	12,662	12,661	10,605	16,081	9,567	11,865	10,876
Household operation	3,763	3,390	3,367	2,459	3,909	2,082	3,039	2,994
Household furnishings and equipment	3,063	2,040	1,833	1,683	2,775	1,639	2,031	2,256
Clothing	3,471	2,888	2,492	2,330	3,005	2,127	2.568	2.684
Transportation	10.090	9,813	8,394	6,651	11,494	7,571	8,995	7,798
Health care	2,260	1.932	1,894	1.829	2,076	1.920	1,559	1,676
Personal care	1,393	1,187	1,087	1,061	1,279	1.039	1,198	1.144
Recreation	5,359	4,561	3,866	3,108	5,091	3,844	3,883	3,466
Reading materials and other printed	0,000	7,001	0,000	0,100	0,001	0,044	0,000	0,100
	338	317	331	239	422	255	288	294
matter				801		736	1,023	1,178
Education	1,746	1,471	1,310	001	2,447	730	1,023	1,170
Tobacco products and alcoholic	4.007	4.504	4.500	4.057	4 500	4.050	4 400	4.545
beverages	1,887	1,534	1,506	1,257	1,533	1,259	1,433	1,515
Miscellaneous	1,326	1,023	1,083	884	1,775	734	796	748
Games of chance (net)	283	278	418	241	194	125	264	249
Total current consumption	58,345	50,672	47,161	40,138	59,813	39,916	45,371	43,455
Personal taxes	20,344	15,587	14,891	13,123	18,396	11,718	12,174	13,722
Personal insurance payments and								
pension contributions	4,517	4,236	4,160	3,557	5,788	4,092	4,447	4,101
Gifts of money and contributions	2,347	1,720	1,678	842	2,791	1,063	1,533	1,195
Total expenditure	85,553	72,215	67,891	57,659	86,788	56,789	63,525	62,474
				p	ercent			
Percentage of total expenditure						40.4	40.4	40.5
Food	9.5	10.5	10.2	12.1	8.9	12.4	10.1	10.5
Shelter	17.8	17.5	18.6	18.4	18.5	16.8	18.7	17.4
Household operation	4.4	4.7	5	4.3	4.5	3.7	4.8	4.8
Household furnishings and equipment	3.6	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.2	2.9	3.2	3.6
Clothing	4.1	4	3.7	4	3.5	3.7.	4	4.3
Transportation	11.8	13.6	12.4	11.5	13.2	13.3	14.2	12.5
Health care	2.6	2.7	2.8	3.2	2.4	3.4	2.5	2.7
Personal care	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.8
Recreation	6.3	6.3	5.7	5.4	5.9	6.8	6.1	5.5
Reading materials and other printed								
matter	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
Education	2	2	1.9	1.4	2.8	1.3	1.6	1.9
Tobacco products and alcoholic	_							
beverages	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.4
Miscellaneous	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	2	1.3	1.3	1.2
Games of chance (net)	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4
	68.2	70.2	69.5	69.6	68.9	70.3	71.4	69.6
Total current consumption	23.8	21.6	21.9	22.8	21.2	20.6	19.2	22
Personal taxes	23.0	21.0	21.3	22.0	21.2	20.0	10.2	
Personal insurance payments and	5.0	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.7	7.2	7	6.6
pension contributions	5.3		2.5	1.5	3.2	1.9	2.4	1.9
0.0					3.7.	1.9	4.4	1.0
Gifts of money and contributions	2.7 100.0	2.4 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 9.8 - continued Average household expenditure, selected metropolitan areas, 2005

	Saint John, New Brunswick	Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	Toronto, Ontario	Vancouver, British Columbia	Victoria, British Columbia	Winnipeg, Manitoba ²	Whitehorse, Yukon	Yellowknife, N.W.T.
Estimated number of households Household size Household income before tax (dollars)	47,270 2.62 65,717	87,810 2.45 68,616	1,872,920 2.75 87,324	816,450 2.60 71,708	132,620 2.29 57,039	269,010 2.48 64,864	7,410 2.48 76,321	7,030 2.74 115,294
` '				doll	ars			
Average household expenditure								
Food	6,553	6.109	8.035	8,004	6,746	6,608	7,616	10,162
Shelter	10.481	11.847	17,771	15,250	13,463	10,882	12.990	22.312
Household operation	3,265	3,214	3,586	3,303	3,317	2,797	3,075	4,405
Household furnishings and equipment	1.674	1,961	2,160	1,947	2,235	1.759	1,698	2,113
	2.562	2.513	3,420	2,950	2,368	2.390	2.112	3.864
Clothing	9.016	8,275	10.842	9.414	8,230	8.349	9.791	10.273
Transportation						1.560	1.008	1,634
Health care	1,735	1,737	1,688	2,311	1,742			
Personal care	1,055	1,145	1,308	1,152	1,052	1,052	886	1,353
Recreation	3,485	4,190	3,982	4,169	4,111	3,858	4,945	6,466
Reading materials and other printed								
matter	276	318	316	312	282	307	374	392
Education	1,120	1,261	1,924	2,027	1,132	1,237	583	657
Tobacco products and alcoholic	,		,	,	, i			
beverages	1,459	1.234	1.177	1.764	1,383	1,273	1,876	2,819
Miscellaneous	691	1,110	1,185	1,216	940	1,025	710	1,351
Games of chance (net)	223	182	299	326	164	380	297	390
		45.097	57.693	54,145	47.162	43,479	47,961	68,191
Total current consumption	43,596							
Personal taxes	13,769	13,894	20,105	13,487	10,002	14,569	14,098	25,527
Personal insurance payments and								
pension contributions Gifts of money and contributions	3,460 1,487	4,354 1,859	4,476 2,849	3,695 1,454	3,357 1,375	4,061 2,141	3,804 1,356	6,251 1,369
Total expenditure	62,313	65,203	85,123	72,782	61,896	64,250	67,219	101,339
				perc	ent			
Percentage of total expenditure								
Food	10.5	9.4	9.4	11	10.9	10.3	11.3	10
Shelter	16.8	18.2	20.9	21	21.8	16.9	19.3	22
Household operation	5.2	4.9	4.2	4.5	5.4	4.4	4.6	4.3
Household furnishings and equipment	2.7	3	2.5	2.7	3.6	2.7	2.5	2.
Clothing	4.1	3.9	4	4.1	3.8	3.7	3.1	3.8
Transportation	14.5	12.7	12.7	12.9	13.3	13	14.6	10.1
Health care	2.8	2.7	12.7	3.2	2.8	2.4	1.5	1.6
Personal care	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.3
Recreation	5.6	6.4	4.7	5.7	6.6	6	7.4	6.4
Reading materials and other printed								
matter	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4
Education	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.8	1.8	1.9	0.9	0.6
Tobacco products and alcoholic								
beverages	2.3	1.9	1.4	2.4	2.2	2	2.8	2.8
Miscellaneous	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.3
Games of chance (net)	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4
Total current consumption	70	69.2	67.8	74.4	76.2	67.7	71.4	67.3
Personal taxes	22.1	21.3	23.6	18.5	16.2	22.7	21	25.2
	22.1	21.3	23.0	10.0	10.2	22.1	21	23.2
Personal insurance payments and	5.0	0.7	F.0	F 4	F 4	0.0		
pension contributions	5.6	6.7	5.3	5.1	5.4	6.3	5.7	6.2
Gifts of money and contributions	2.4	2.9	3.3	2	2.2	3.3	2	1.4
						100.0		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508).

Table 9.9
Residential building permits issued, by selected types of structure, census metropolitan areas

	Singles, includ	es mobile homes	Do	ubles	R	ows	Apai	tments
	Number of units	Value	Number of units	Value	Number of units	Value	Number of units	Value
	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars
Abbotsford, British Columbia	110111001	donard	Hambol	donars	Halliber	donars	Humber	donara
2002	653	86,048	0	0	96	8,720	312	28,000
2003	772	101,324	4	325	84	8,652	60	3,001
2004	7 27	112,196	0	0	20	2,775	254	17,927
2005	585	95,061	2	166	83	11,786	441	41,783
2006 Percentage change 2005 to 2006	445 -23.9	74,406 -21.7	-100.0	-100.0	82 -1.2	10,864 -7.8	682 54.6	65,602 57.0
	-20.0	-21.7	-100.0	-100.0	-1.2	-7.0	54.0	57.0
Barrie, Ontario 2002								
2003								
2004								
2005	*							
2006	941	218,617	27	4,159	89	10,490	226	30,950
Percentage change 2005 to 2006								
Brantford, Ontario								
2002 2003								
2004								
2005								
2006	506	65,018	4	541	69	5,173	65	7,700
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	**			••				
Calgary, Alberta								
2002	9,732	1,407,056	693	78,405	1,324	102,610	4,305	314,499
2003 2004	8,546 8,292	1,299,505 1,366,179	760 798	76,709 86,056	1,189 1,063	101,139 92,433	3,282 4,501	241,652 313,355
2005	9,745	1,666,073	1,013	100,876	1,121	100,809	3,770	331,698
2006	10,052	1,828,948	1,056	110,802	1,512	168,873	6,024	685,593
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	3.2	9.8	4.2	9.8	34.9	67.5	59.8	106.7
Edmonton, Alberta								
2002	7,502	845,170	1,008	82,126	459	30,930	3,563	223,376
2003	6,377	775,018	832	68,066	807 610	57,650 47,526	4,056 4,139	241,887 319,499
2004 2005	6,711 8,333	834,304 1,360,006	1,050 1,045	105,862 100,896	811	62,095	4,139	321,239
2006	9,318	1,833,700	1,438	163,203	896	92,365	2,872	262,369
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	11.8	34.8	37.6	61.8	10.5	48.7	-35.5	-18.3
Greater Sudbury, Ontario								
2002	304	41,985	0	0	0	0	6	358
2003	307	42,252	12	1,033	0	, 0	2	106
2004 2005	343 417	46,188 58,342	0	0	0	0	11 12	981 897
2005	465	76,411	6	324	0	0	18	1,969
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	11.5	31.0					50.0	119.5
Guelph, Ontario								
2002	.,							
2003								
2004								
2005 2006	484	83,809	 88	10,455	235	25,645	36	4,375
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	404	05,005						.,
Halifax, Nova Scotia 2002	1,851	240,781	52	3,547	93	7,320	1,128	110,726
2003	1,521	217,293	228	19,663	114	12,207	1,210	119,386
2004	1,547	242,425	82	8,005	102	10,340	1,384	130,806
2005	1,314	226,069	76	7,891 6,390	126 78	12,533 7,615	1,066 1,962	100,872 197,920
2006 Percentage change 2005 to 2006	1,174 -10.7	210,773 -6.8	60 -21.1	-19.0	-38.1	-39.2	84.1	96.2
	10.7	0.0						
Hamilton, Ontario 2002	2,293	363,871	55	6,475	1,239	123,283	155	16,049
2002	1,750	310,627	121	16,261	1,183	124,958	203	13,091
2004	2,195	406,628	112	15,704	1,002	110,720	631	63,162
2005	1,433	310,799	214	28,328	953 921	110,127 116,750	641 438	99,553 50,710
2006	1,767	359,074 15.5	118 -44.9	18,943 -33.1	-3.4	6.0	-31.7	-49.1
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	23.3	10.0	-44.3	-00.1	0.7	3.0	0	10.1

Table 9.9 – continued

Residential building permits issued, by selected types of structure, census metropolitan areas

	Singles, include	es mobile homes	Do	ubles	R	Rows	Apar	rtments
	Number of units	Value	Number of units	Value	Number of units	Value	Number of units	Value
	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars
Kelowna, British Columbia								
2002								
2003 2004								
2004								
2006	1,046	278,150	16	3,003	165	29,244	984	112,779
Percentage change 2005 to 2006			**		**			
Kingston, Ontario								000
2002	836	99,679	34 66	2,570 5,235	0 51	0 4,801	4 291	220 15,342
2003 2004	713 740	84,650 94,150	24	2,143	36	2,822	214	13,732
2005	578	76,731	40	3,427	11	915	271	21,235
2006	488	63,793	24	1,866	72	6,083	188	29,425
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-15.6	-16.9	-40.0	-45.6	554.5	564.8	-30.6	38.6
Kitchener, Ontario								
2002	3,063	437,344	133	12,513	568	58,691 91,571	551 611	46,060 63,548
2003	2,719 2,322	410,846 387,058	145 154	15,021 16,158	858 765	81,571 86,743	736	53,522
2004 2005	2,322	375,615	133	16,641	735	83,679	653	53,460
2006	1,450	285,491	214	27,717	546	68,480	406	32,143
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-30.4	-24.0	60.9	66.6	-25.7	-18.2	-37.8	-39.9
London, Ontario								
2002	1,899	235,212	32	3,830	393	38,901	251	23,748
2003	1,848 2,211	243,133 318,680	37 16	3,562 1,426	393 464	42,196 52,948	503 640	43,745 62,161
2004 2005	1,944	315,207	42	4,146	471	58,861	825	63,408
2006	1,998	340,169	49	5,435	521	66,916	1,405	149,974
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	2.8	7.9	16.7	31.1	10.6	13.7	70.3	136.5
Moncton, New Brunswick								
2002								
2003 2004				**				
2005								
2006	632	77,466	284	25,286	9	1,034	491	33,908
Percentage change 2005 to 2006			**					
Montréal, Quebec						00 505	0.005	004.000
2002	10,408	1,604,560	586 683	61,742 66,495	705 515	63,587 50,259	8,325 12,775	604,999 1,066,477
2003 2004	10,690 11,790	1,790,805 2,160,378	951	89,403	899	71,478	15,741	1,458,633
2005	9,811	1,953,879	848	84,701	505	74,761	15,105	1,436,357
2006	8,560	1,811,160	760	96,190	459	76,446	13,284	1,405,689
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-12.8	-7.3	-10.4	13.6	-9.1	2.3	-12.1	-2.1
Oshawa, Ontario		050 750	- 4-7	07.004	0.47	04.550	20	0.000
2002 2003	2,377 2,551	358,753 499,093	547 663	65,991 98,546	347 526	34,550 55,562	30 184	2,236 16,095
2004	1,595	325,882	586	90,782	588	67,313	34	3,517
2005	2,018	447,322	471	78,785	301	35,805	87	8,848
2006	1,828	414,094	160 -66.0	28,162	440 46.2	53,459 49.3	491 464.4	52,056 488.3
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-9.4	-7.4	-00.0	-64.3	40.2	49.3	404.4	400.0
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	5,494	794,868	517	50,615	2,198	207,943	1,986	154,614
2002 2003	4,793	789,605	638	68,075	2,196	257,283	2,237	184,615
2004	4,757	826,381	683	73,319	2,583	293,300	2,372	226,740
2005	3,794	689,017	434	50,845	1,720	199,396	1,224	131,477
2006 Percentage change 2005 to 2006	3,659 -3.6	675,349 -2.0	798 83.9	87,858 72.8	2,098 22.0	233,889 17.3	1,881 53.7	163,210 24 .1
	0.0	2.0	30.0	. 2.0			20	21.
Peterborough, Ontario 2002								
2003								
2004				**				
2005 2006	315	55,330	0	0	84	8,052	65	4,605

Table 9.9 – continued

Residential building permits issued, by selected types of structure, census metropolitan areas

	Singles, includ	es mobile homes	Do	ubles	R	lows	Apa	rtments
	Number of units	Value						
	number	thousands of dollars						
Québec, Quebec								
2002	2,344	277,378	143	11,588	126	9,272	1,682	121,675
2003	2,745	348,627	300	26,223	128	10,869	2,411	177,827
2004	2,589	359,439	410	38,390	270	27,430	2,599	220,557
2005	2,678	391,516	555	49,107	296	31,400	2,534	227,053
2006 Percentage change 2005 to 2006	2,372 -11.4	362,362 -7.4	361 -35.0	35,454 -27.8	253 -14.5	28,538 -9.1	1,644 -35.1	129,854 -42.8
	-11.4	-1.4	-35.0	-21.0	-14.5	-8.1	~35. I	-42.0
Regina, Saskatchewan		=						=
2002 2003	514 569	54,102 66,886	0	0	24	1,383	112	7,249 23,975
2004	594	83,260	2 2	254 140	89 0	5,044 0	330 · 414	30,433
2005	606	84,054	4	480	166	11,512	297	18,931
2006	825	129,726	14	1,820	168	12,137	97	7,782
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	36.1	54.3	250.0	279.2	1.2	5.4	-67.3	-58.9
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario								
2002	1,122	161,825	70	6,113	220	20,360	33	3,977
2003	1,223	192,485	52	4,821	178	17,496	34	5,375
2004	1,331	226,580	81	9,039	243	30,836	155	20,423
2005	1,044	197,170	63	9,068	255	32,875	17	1,503
2006	910	186,637	104	15,356	181	27,794	242	30,623
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-12.8	-5.3	65.1	69.3	-29.0	-15.5	1,323.5	1,937.5
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador								
2002	1,149	132,228	4	327	3	250	246	18,731
2003	1,278	162,143	14	1,408	79	9,568	261	21,433
2004	1,471 1,133	199,195	153 38	15,860 4,176	42 17	3,879 1,752	242 278	22,493 29,706
2005 2006	1,133	168,107 162,584	60	6,454	46	5,332	210	20,370
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-6.6	-3.3	57.9	54.5	170.6	204.3	-24.5	-31.4
	0.0	0.0	00					
Saguenay, Quebec	272	30,855	7	740	0	0	230	16,651
2002 2003	244	29.019	2	120	12	510	84	4,987
2004	303	37,154	36	2,173	2	275	97	6,859
2005	282	37,776	31	3,441	6	730	112	9,407
2006	299	40,315	16	1,534	16	1,881	194	14,030
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	6.0	6.7	-48.4	-55.4	166.7	157.7	73.2	49.1
Saint John, New Brunswick								
2002	383	43,857	8	1,180	34	3,052	21	1,163
2003	447	51,708	5	508	14	1,556	139	6,218
2004	495	58,304	6	660	2	205	110	6,343
2005	515	64,742	4 7	448 716	3 46	345 5,002	74 158	6,663 7,466
2006 Percentage change 2005 to 2006	461 -10.5	62,927 -2.8	75.0	59.8	1,433.3	1,349.9	113.5	12.1
	-10.5	-2.0	70.0	00.0	1,100.0	1,01010	,,,,,	
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	077	76.204	46	3,402	6	472	638	31,450
2002 2003	677 675	76,294 76,744	48	3,273	362	20.481	520	33,957
2004	744	89,732	94	7.080	322	17,909	349	30,091
2005	746	95,233	84	6,745	7	862	290	28,784
2006	982	127,896	68	5,397	88	8,272	254	15,957
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	31.6	34.3	-19.0	-20.0	1,157.1	859.6	-12.4	-44.6
Sherbrooke, Quebec								
2002	476	59,548	47	3,751	46	2,650	439	27,334
2003	609	82,075	12	765	0	0	598	35,845
2004	580	82,640	38	3,385	0	0	727 324	45,693 22,444
2005	611 611	91,196 96,334	46 57	3,833 5,267	3	340	963	82,144
2006 Percentage change 2005 to 2006	0.0	5.6	23.9	37.4			197.2	266.0
		2.0						
Thunder Bay, Ontario	219	29.534	5	500	0	0	38	3,887
2002 2003	223	29,599	8	751	ő	Ö	77	6,985
2004	25 5	40,197	10	1,012	5	459	0	0
2005	205	34,659	3	245	0	0	77	5,626
2006	170	27,387	2	210	4	538	70	6,947
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-17.1	-21.0	-33.3	-14.3		***	-9.1	23.5

Table 9.9 - continued Residential building permits issued, by selected types of structure, census metropolitan areas

	Singles, includ	es mobile homes	Do	ubles	R	ows	Apa	rtments
	Number of units	Value						
	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars	number	thousands of dollars
Toronto Ontorio								
Toronto, Ontario 2002	22,834	4,283,095	4,782	647,333	6,122	730,014	11,415	1,083,495
2003	19,656	4,117,237	5,257	749,248	5,930	723,549	12,841	1,342,152
2004	20,215	4,454,058	3,430	506,748	6,176	802,847	12,660	1,425,558
2005	14,214	3,332,697	2,970	448,216	7,489	979,323	17,892	2,132,464
2006	14,340	3,731,166	2,467	416,335	5,656	727,085	11,512	1,615,026
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	0.9	12.0	-16.9	-7.1	-24.5	-25.8	-35.7	-24.3
Trois-Rivières, Quebec								
2002	283	34,974	58	3,914	12	680	152	8,730
2003	359	47,628	128	10,298	14	953	179	10,277
2004	401	55,496	100	9,118	0	0	292	19,821
2005	458	67,315	37	2,595	35	3,475	373	26,355
2006	390	62,494	46	3,830	58	7,042	470	32,933
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-14.8	-7.2	24.3	47.6	65.7	102.6	26.0	25.0
Vancouver, British Columbia								
2002	5,193	1,243,280	342	45,570	2,699	285,143	6,495	703,018
2003	5,412	1,350,773	327	51,734	2,572	317,536	6,560	793,879
2004	5,360	1,394,984	248	38,601	4,251	545,624	10,587	1,239,064
2005	5,168	1,406,136	236	43,590	3,642	471,343	10,772	1,621,811
2006	5,284	1,488,521	333	61,572	3,260	456,485	11,851	1,874,685
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	2.2	5.9	41.1	41.3	-10.5	-3.2	10.0	15.6
Victoria, British Columbia								
2002	918	143,712	28	3,605	286	30,388	364	27,216
2003	1,133	180,628	30	3,478	273	30,267	714	54,741
2004	1,132	190,789	38	4,272	196	26,710	845	89,497
2005	1,138	212,972	25	3,639	139	16,499	953	115,730
2006	1,013	196,579	53	9,301	220	32,952	1,181	196,705
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-11.0	-7.7	112.0	155.6	58.3	99.7	23.9	70.0
Windsor, Ontario								
2002	1,695	266,407	306	31,530	207	22,711	246	20,451
2003	1,685	275,588	200	19,177	155	16,846	350	25,828
2004	1,530	262,610	179	18,223	262	31,503	313	25,426
2005	1,138	198,817	92	9,785	139	17,660	102	7,469
2006	642	121,107	51	5,333	75	10,672	226	38,760
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-43.6	-39.1	-44.6	-45.5	-46.0	-39.6	121.6	418.9
Winnipeg, Manitoba								
2002	1,541	182,003	16	1,503	0	0	162	13,465
2003	1,750	212,445	51	4,918	31	2,196	899	48,751
2004	2,338	298,408	48	3,996	6	644	546	38,988
2005	2,042	267,784	76	8,260	103	13,568	502	39,171
2006	1,988	278,614	33	2,938	202	23,733	1,502	134,835
Percentage change 2005 to 2006	-2.6	4.0	-56.6	-64.4	96.1	74.9	199.2	244.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Investment and Capital Stocks Division, Building Permits Survey (2802), Building permits, catalogue no. 64-001-X and CANSIM table 026-0001.

Table 9.10

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS code =				Cer	sus metrop	olitan area	S			
	code	Total	Abbotsford, British Columbia	Calgary, Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta		Halifax, Nova Scotia	Hamilton, Ontario	Kingston, Ontario	Kitchener, Ontario	London, Ontario
_	code					numb	er				
Total Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Crop production Animal production	11 111 112	1,460,157 27,308 9,972 11,605	11,644 1,179 456 546	103,197 1,807 563 999	80,013 2,783 791 1,697	7,971 90 27 15	22,542 384 50 42	40,439 737 336 301	8,466 250 39 192	28,143 776 164 545	27,296 1,406 536 773
Forestry and logging Fishing, hunting and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	113 114 115	2,115 1,142 2,474	64 18 95	70 7 168	86 5 204	27 2 19	74 173 45	24 2 74	5 2 12	19 6 42	21 4 72
Mining and oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	21 211 212 213	6,781 2,990 501	17 0 10	3,733 2,447 28 1,258	944 140 26 778	51 0 10	71 22 7	22 4 5	10 0 5	19 1 9	61 31 11
Utilities Utilities	22 221	1,046 1,046	10 10	164 164	88	7 7	12 12	28 28	9 9	25 25	24
Construction Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	23 236 237 238	168,034 52,075 18,027 97,932	2,271 685 212 1,374	13,667 3,688 1,401 8,578	11,308 2,987 1,314 7,007	1,046 324 104 618	2,901 869 344 1,688	5,333 1,507 417 3,409	1,180 372 101 707	3,738 961 278 2,499	3,473 1,015 282 2,176
Manufacturing Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	31 to 33 311 312 313	65,184 4,946 662 811	573 61 5	2,949 194 14 20	2,962 196 18 19	293 16 7 6	671 78 16 8	1,983 118 23 17	257 16 4 6	1,812 95 10 18	1,167 83 20 11
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing	314 315 316 321 322	1,178 4,182 545 2,703 892	9 7 3 120 3	63 86 18 137 25	52 65 23 135 17	6 3 2 13 3	10 15 4 46 8	49 46 13 68 29	9 6 2 14 3	36 42 18 87 15	14 34 6 48 16
Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	323 324 325 326	6,758 270 2,546 2,637	26 0 13 20	304 47 117 98	218 14 150 125	19 1 8 9	74 6 29 25	170 11 82 72	24 0 13 5	119 9 54 92	130 4 46 49
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing	327 331 332 333 334	2,104 735 8,811 5,899 3,061	24 0 69 55 10	115 31 397 337 177	96 45 571 362 127	18 6 46 53 14	24 2 80 34 25	77 47 383 255 78	12 1 36 22 10	65 22 354 276 82	41 21 150 137 57
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	1,544 2,406	7 23	69 95	66 116	10 12	19		2	55 78	26
Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	337 339	4,841 7,653	51 64	197 408	140 407	9 32	43 93	98 211	18 36	117 168	58 134
Wholesale trade Farm product wholesaler-distributors Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors	41 411 412 413	85,666 1,139 751 8,119	548 18 5	4,550 62 122 361	3,943 80 46 259	466 2 12 37	1,344 5 19 133	2,320 36 25 148	323 7 7 7 33	1,621 17 16 89	1,380 29 17 111
Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors	414 415	14,715 5,013	54 47	489 302	401 376	36 45	133 66	275 163	34 30	209 110	152 121
Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors Machinery, equipment and supplies	416	10,468	102	590	581	74	184	395	42	220	202
wholesaler-distributors Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	417 418 419	19,301 16,173 9,987	105 101 66	1,287 753 584	1,236 587 377	138 64 58	356 216 232	570 436 272	74 61 35	463 297 200	344 244 160
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores	44 to 45 441 442 443	134,634 11,494 7,923 9,758	977 117 64 54	6,700 545 387 477	6,586 602 367 444	1,097 124 54 67	2,300 264 116 153	4,274 421 256 281	1,097 99 59 75	2,777 263 181 193	3,153 333 167 243
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores	444 445 446	5,375 23,078 11,002	67 133 73	251 1,119 509	261 1,057 603	68 196 87	92 371 146	188 696 335	46 176 59	124 389 206	140 474 216
Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores	447 448 451 452	7,704 19,669 8,969 6,022	84 94 71 34	496 879 489 203	495 897 446 251	78 124 71 59	118 291 179 90	270 492 276 310	68 143 104 64	154 367 212 169	174 377 228 246
Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	453 454	17,753 5,887	130 56	995 350	834 329	136 33	349 131	561 188	173 31	381 138	442 113

Table 9.10 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS				Cer	sus metrop	olitan area	s			
	code -	Total	Abbotsford, British Columbia	Calgary, Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta	Greater Sudbury, Ontario	Halifax, Nova Scotia	Hamilton, Ontario	Kingston, Ontario	Kitchener, Ontario	London, Ontario
	code					numb	ег				
Transportation and warehousing	48 to 49	64,876	800	4,033	4,631	350	876	1,777	310	1,434	1,212
Air transportation	481	892	13	82	51	10	20	21	4	8	11
Rail transportation	482	87	0	6	6	0	13	1 6	0	4 2	4
Water transportation Truck transportation	483 484	362 32,978	3 564	1,985	5 2,782	209	335	1,026	135	841	646
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	14,221	65	934	870	46	199	255	101	273	268
Pipeline transportation	486	153	0	68	24	1	1	5	0	2	2
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	399	7	14	16	0	12	4	6	3	4
Support activities for transportation	488	7,975	78	420	362	33	137	246	26	134	121
Postal service	491	516	4	33 346	21 364	3 37	8 116	17 142	5 27	10 111	8 100
Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	492 493	5,258 2,035	48 18	141	130	10	33	54	5	46	48
Information and cultural industries	51	26,204	78	1,155	799	66	514	447	78	246	220
Publishing industries (except internet)		5,875	17	351	245	17	89	121	38	103	72
Motion picture and sound recording industries	511	14,986	40	499	314	14	308	200	16	58	76
Broadcasting (except internet)	512 513	794 324	2 3	35 17	31 21	10 2	24	18 5	5 0	11 5	13 4
Internet publishing and broadcasting Telecommunications	514	1,672	5	76	84	6	46	54	7	26	19
Internet service providers, web search portals and	0.,	.,							·		
data processing	518	1,910	8	143	68	12	24	40	8	37	30
Other information services	519	643	3	34	36	5	16	9	4	6	6
Finance and insurance	52	83,827	438	5,372	3,744	403	1,387	1,988	400	1,568	1,478
Monetary authorities - central bank	521	8	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	11,928	58	709	533	66	215	280	65	217	213
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial	500	E0 000	207	2.04.4	2 562	254	947	4 252	262	4 000	982
investment and related activities Insurance carriers and related activities	523 524	59,689 9,539	307 61	3,914 565	2,563 528	254 76	187	1,352 317	262 67	1,098 218	252
Funds and other financial vehicles	526	2,663	12	183	120	7	37	39	6	35	31
								2.502	705	0.040	0.540
Real estate and rental and leasing Real estate	53 531	129,822 117,262	959 829	8,192 7,238	6,790 5,886	736 640	1,843 1,643	3,583 3,260	735 664	2,610 2,373	2,543 2,257
Rental and leasing services	532	11,663	116	879	863	94	182	296	65	2,373	271
Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except		,									
copyrighted works)	533	897	14	75	41	2	18	27	6	11	15
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	259,799	1,048	27,368	12,831	835	3,110	6,337	1,231	3,915	3,403
Professional, scientific and technical services	541	259,799	1,048	27,368	12,831	835	3,110	6,337	1,231	3,915	3,403
Management of companies and enterprises	55	49,923	297	3,010	2,473	240	909	1,280	179	1,041	923
Management of companies and enterprises	551	49,923	297	3,010	2,473	240	909	1,280	179	1,041	923
Administrative and support, waste management											
and remediation services	56	77,433	545	5,028	3,809	338	1,108	2,118	395	1,288	1,283
Administrative and support services	561	75,318	510	4,875	3,658	328	1,043	2,038	377	1,258	1,255
Waste management and remediation services	562	2,115	35	153	151	10	65	80	18	30	28
Educational services	61	16,585	142	1,083	939	102	267	507	133	324	294
Educational services	611	16,585	142	1,083	939	102	267	507	133	324	294
Health care and social assistance	62	64,569	465	3,737	4,000	539	1,320	1,982	507	1,218	1,528
Ambulatory health care services	621	47,950	328	3,061	3,149	427	1,014	1,570	392	977	1,213
Hospitals	622 623	525 3,761	4 48	18 101	23	4 34	20	13 136	6 25	6 80	11
Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	624	12,333	85	557	160 668	74	56 230	263	84	155	89 215
Arts, entertainment and recreation Performing arts, spectator sports and related	71	28,344	128	1,323	1,145	148	431	695	151	429	430
industries	711	18,398	51	779	615	38	230	396	64	211	194
Heritage institutions	712	696	5	25	32	6	26	17	11	8	17
Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	713	9,250	72	519	498	104	175	282	76	210	219
Accommodation and food services	72	66.050	364	3,610	3,301	472	1,075	1,858	486	1,070	1,237
Accommodation services	721	5,263	42	303	360	91	136	104	87	75	74
Food services and drinking places	722	60,787	322	3,307	2,941	381	939	1,754	399	995	1,163
Other services (except Public administration)	81	101,373	795	5,659	6,585	688	1,737	3,163	724	2,223	2,063
Repair and maintenance	811	40,122	411	2,297	3,051	300	586	1,247	296	891	792
Personal and laundry services	812	30,430	202	1,740	1,553	204	465	916	199	646	596
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and		0.7.7.									
similar organizations	813	30,819 2	182	1,622	1,981	184	686	1,000	229	686	675
Private households	814	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 9.10 - continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS				Cen	sus metrop	olitan area	s			
	code	Total	Abbotsford, British Columbia	Calgary, Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta	Greater Sudbury, Ontario	Halifax, Nova Scotia	Hamilton, Ontario	Kingston, Ontario	Kitchener, Ontario	London, Ontario
	code					numb	er				
Public administration	91	2,699	10	57	352	4	282	7	11	9	18
Federal government public administration	911	442	1	40		0	42	1	0		0
Provincial and territorial public administration	912	1,535	0	3	289	0	236	0	0		0
Local, municipal and regional public administration	913	611	7	11	47	2	4	6	11	9	15
Aboriginal public administration International and other extra-territorial public	914	69	2	3	7	2	0	0	0	0	3
administration	919	42	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 9.10 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS code '					Census metr	opolitan ar	eas			
	code	Total	Montréal, Quebec	Oshawa, Ontario	Ottawa- Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec	Québec, Quebec	Regina, Saskat- chewan	St. Catharines- Niagara Falls, Ontario	St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	Saguenay, Quebec	Saint John New Brunswick
	code					nui	mber				
Total Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Crop production Animal production	11 111 112 113	1,460,157 27,308 9,972 11,605 2,115	230,289 2,343 1,022 708 252	14,470 317 106 175 14	70,428 1,064 260 608 107	39,528 936 255 410 147	12,675 1,226 879 303 5	22,179 971 645 257	10,570 174 30 53 5	6,964 300 37 137 86	6,027 143 14 26 47
Forestry and logging Fishing, hunting and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	114 115	1,142 2,474	18 343	0 22	5 84	10 114	1 38	8 45	69 17	3 37	47 9
Mining and oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining and oil and gas	21 211 212	6,781 2,990 501	1 79 27 72	9 2 4	57 4 31	58 3 31	61 39 7	22 5 11	64 7 4	16 0 8	9 0 5
extraction	213	3,290	80	3	22	24	15	6	53	8	4
Utilities Utilities	22 221	1,046 1,046	121 121	16 16	43 43	12 12	13 13	24 24	8 8	8 8	5 5
Construction Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	23 236 237 238	168,034 52,075 18,027 97,932	20,275 7,295 1,945 11,035	2,307 597 156 1,554	8,015 2,605 778 4,632	3,585 1,208 373 2,004	1,370 365 110 895	3,055 851 307 1,897	1,311 431 160 720	582 198 58 326	763 232 94 437
Manufacturing Food manufacturing	31 to 33 311	65,184 4,946	12,962 953 85	583 27 8	1,719 132 19	2,032 173 13	351 29 6	1,026 86 71	332 57 14	353 34 3	221 31 4
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills	312 313 314 315	662 811 1,178 4,182	309 238 1,918	6 4 11 14	28 21 57	17 38 90	1 6 7	7 7 20 19	1 1 6 13	3 8 13	3 4 7
Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	316 321 322	545 2,703 892	162 318 185	0 23 9	7 80 26	39 92 26	1 12 3	6 44	0 26 6	3 29 4	1 28 8
Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	323 324 325	6,758 270 2,546	1,251 49 541	72 1 19	265 3 59	243 5 67	48 3 12		33 0 4	18 2 8	19 4 9
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing	326 327 331	2,637 2,104 735	474 331 125	30 23 7 91	34 61 9	66 68 15 248	17 18 5 43		10 14 2 30	10 25 22 51	7 7 1 19
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component	332 333 334	8,811 5,899 3,061	1,413 855 539	65 23	156 80 203	129 101	25 11		11 18	27 7	11
manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	1,544 2,406	331 377	14 30	38 51	38 55	5 13	63	4 23	6	2
Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	337 339	4,841 7,653	1,106 1,402	40 72	131 259	245 264	25 61	103	18 42	38 34	16 30
Wholesale trade Farm product wholesaler-distributors Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors	41 411 412	85,666 1,139 7 51	16,327 190 105	676 7 7	2,349 30 21	2,153 39 27	599 14 10	61	579 2 8	341 3 14	28 6
Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors Personal and household goods	413	8,119	1,778	53	241	275	58	113	80	51	23
wholesaler-distributors Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors Machinery, equipment and supplies	414 415 416	14,715 5,013 10,468	3,570 770 1,667	92 59 90	334 150 308	326 120 279	37 43 102		36 28 83	39 35 56	24 21 53
wholesaler-distributors Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	417 418 419	19,301 16,173 9,987	3,145 3,041 2,061	155 120 93	611 412 242	436 315 336	172 104 59	197	152 96 94	76 39 28	85 46 29
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores	44 to 45 441 442	134,634 11,494 7,923	23,205 1,938 1,192	1,503 129 101	6,256 515 339	4,476 440 198	1,137 111 63	268	160	927 98 32	742 103 30
Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden equipment and	443 444	9,758 5,375	1,700 945	102 72	427 293	294 234	79 45			54 42	40 31
supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations	444 445 446 447	23,078 11,002 7,704	4,724 1,776 1,178	250 119 102	1,215 470 421	729 383 312	45 128 98 105	364 177	212 116	157 73 95	120 43 54
Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores	448 451 452	19,669 8,969 6,022	3,945 1,380 624	158 90 88	780 481 285	642 310 104	172 74 42	358 157	154 79	143 63 22	78 51 53
Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	453 454	17,753 5,887	2,945 858	231 61	769 261	634 196	162 58	494	139	109 39	102 37

Table 9.10 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS code =					Census metr	opolitan ar				
	0000	Total	Montréal, Quebec	Oshawa, Ontario	Ottawa- Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec	Québec, Quebec	Regina, Saskat- chewan	St. Catharines- Niagara Falls, Ontario	St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	Saguenay, Quebec	Sair John Ne Brunswid
	code					nui	mber				
Fransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	64,876	9,878	611	2,088	1,838	653	884	456	378	29
Air transportation Rail transportation	481 482	892 87	113 25	3	36	36	9	9	12	9	
Water transportation	483	362	62	0	1 8	1 16	1 0	1 6	0 23	1	
Truck transportation	484	32,978	5,030	385	726	868	355	569	159	226	17
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	14,221	2,011	72	848	470	119	62	102	69	2
Pipeline transportation Scenic and sightseeing transportation	486 487	153 399	12 23	2	1	2	7	0	0	. 4	
Support activities for transportation	488	7,975	1,514	75	12 205	19 194	2 40	15 139	13 69	35	5
Postal service	491	516	86	4	31	19	10	9	3	2	
Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	492 493	5,258 2,035	731 271	57 13	173 47	186 27	80 30	42 32	50 25	26 5	1
information and cultural industries	51	26,204	5,203	159	1,102	547	218	208	190	60	5
Publishing industries (except internet)		5,875	1,112	31	352	193	24	87	47	19	1
Motion picture and sound recording industries Broadcasting (except internet)	511 512	14,986 794	3,181 110	74 5	400 36	208 28	146 9	64 9	87 10	13 6	
nternet publishing and broadcasting	512	324	54	3	14	3	5	3	0	0	
elecommunications	514	1,672	319	20	119	44	14	16	26	10	
nternet service providers, web search portals and	540	1.010			105		4.0		_		
data processing Other information services	518 519	1,910 643	285 142	21 5	135 46	50 21	15 5	19 10	7 13	5 7	
inance and insurance	52	83,827	14,158	620	3,130	2,101	637	960	454	353	4
Monetary authorities - central bank	521	8	14,130	0	1	2,101	1	0	0	0	
redit intermediation and related activities	522	11,928	1,927	112	492	266	106	159	81	47	
securities, commodity contracts, and other financial	522	50 600	10 550	206	2 150	4 425	408	628	275	244	2
investment and related activities	523 524	59,689 9,539	10,556 1,415	396 97	2,150 409	1,435 369	110	161	87	60	
unds and other financial vehicles	526	2,663	259	15	78	31	12	12	11	2	
teal estate and rental and leasing	53	129,822	19,587	1,216	5,181	3,180	1,049	1,936	909	589	4
Real estate	531	117,262	17,714	1,092	4,704	2,814	940	1,736	800	515	3
Rental and leasing services	532	11,663	1,746	115	438	347	105	195	100	71	
essors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	897	127	9	39	19	4	5	9	3	
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	259,799	37,905	2,241	19,667	5,704	1,375	2,317	1,352	641	6
Professional, scientific and technical services	541	259,799	37,905	2,241	19,667	5,704	1,375	2,317	1,352	641	6
Management of companies and enterprises Management of companies and enterprises	55 551	49,923 49,923	8,126 8,126	359 359	1,670 1,670	1,048 1,048	489 489	544 544	328 328	150 150	2 2
dministrative and support, waste management											
and remediation services	56	77,433	14,331	858	3,822	2,537	542	1,046	466	348	3
Administrative and support services	561 562	75,318	13,976 355	835 23	3,742 80	2,475 62	523 19	1,013 33	447 19	332 16	2
Vaste management and remediation services		2,115	2,110	190	1,087	458	165	230	128	78	
ducational services ducational services	61 611	16,585 16,585	2,110	190	1,087	458	165	230	128	78	
lealth care and social assistance	62	64,569	9,900	656	3,224	1,962	684	1,095	810	435	4
mbulatory health care services	621	47,950	6,135	513	2,391	1,156	467	831	500	223	3
lospitals lursing and residential care facilities	622 623	525 3,761	90 776	7 24	23 192	22 218	6 78	10 61	8 79	7 51	
ocial assistance	624	12,333	2,899	112	618	566	133	193	223	154	
arts, entertainment and recreation	71	28,344	5,657	249	1,256	883	219	552	201	164	1
Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries	711	18,398	4,146	108	740	488	97	238	83	57	
Heritage institutions	712	696	93	15	33	49	7	34	15	12	
musement, gambling and recreation industries	713	9,250	1,418	126	483	346	115	280	103	95	
Assumm adollar and feed control	70	66.050	11,227	692	3,371	2,156	551	1,590	609	442	3
accommodation and food services	72 721	66,050 5,263	606	34	209	301	52	349	85	56	
ood services and drinking places	722	60,787	10,621	658	3,162	1,855	499	1,241	524	386	2
Other services (except Public administration)	81	101,373	16,523	1,200	5,179	3,731	1,064	1,945	877	790	5
Repair and maintenance	811	40,122	6,411	534	1,709	1,505	361	809	314	331	2
Personal and laundry services	812	30,430	5,001	419	1,529	1,026	269	531	244	199	1
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and	042	30,819	5,110	247	1,941	1,200	434	605	319	260	2
similar organizations Private households	813 814	30,619	3,110	247	1,541	0	0	0		0	-

Table 9.10 - continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas1, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS					Census metr	opolitan ar	eas			
	code	Total	Montréal, Quebec	Oshawa, Ontario	Ottawa- Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec	Québec, Quebec	Regina, Saskat- chewan	St. Catharines- Niagara Falls, Ontario	Newfoundland and Labrador	Saguenay, Quebec	Sain John New Brunswick
	code					nur	mber				
Public administration	91	2,699	272	8	148	131	272	13	107	9	15
Federal government public administration	911	442	62	0	108	4	34	0	33	1	C
Provincial and territorial public administration	912	1,535	52	0	3	75	219	0	51	3	3
Local, municipal and regional public administration	913	611	147	8	20	48	18	13	23	5	12
Aboriginal public administration International and other extra-territorial public	914	69	2	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	(
administration	919	42	9	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	(

Table 9.10 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS code -					sus metropol	itan areas				
		Total	Saskatoon, Saskat- chewan	Sherbrooke, Quebec	Thunder Bay, Ontario	Toronto, Ontario	Trois- Rivières, Quebec	Vancouver, British Columbia	Victoria, British Columbia	Windsor, Ontario	Winnipeg, Manitoba
	code					number	r				
Total Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Crop production Animal production Forestry and logging Fishing, hunting and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	11 111 112 113 114 115	1,460,157 27,308 9,972 11,605 2,115 1,142 2,474	16,481 1,800 994 748 9 2	9,834 448 98 228 100 0 22	6,702 405 24 52 290 3 36	411,439 2,531 831 1,181 147 17 355	7,497 348 73 227 17 2	185,192 2,835 860 610 368 595 402	25,134 455 81 88 88 133 65	16,866 484 293 165 7 3 16	38,171 1,116 508 519 20 7 62
Mining and oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	21 211 212 213	6,781 2,990 501	82 25 18	22 1 18	28 1 8	419 75 72 272	7 1 5	715 121 72 522	39 16 7	13 6 4	53 12 13
Utilities Utilities	22 221	1,046 1,046	8	10 10	7 7	240 240	3 3	112 112	17 17	8	24 24
Construction Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	23 236 237 238	168,034 52,075 18,027 97,932	1,785 522 154 1,109	980 306 123 551	803 255 113 435	45,432 14,374 4,717 26,341	726 214 67 445	22,549 7,279 3,218 12,052	3,306 1,090 520 1,696	2,292 705 303 1,284	3,981 1,140 378 2,463
Manufacturing Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	31 to 33 311 312 313 314 315	65,184 4,946 662 811 1,178 4,182	572 70 7 3 17	553 32 1 11 8 24	233 22 0 4 3 3	20,113 1,507 171 225 326 1,123	395 28 3 8 7 19	7,649 663 84 54 147 436	816 60 26 6 24 25	1,007 41 12 4 10 16	1,600 144 18 15 36 84
Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	316 321 322 323 324 325	545 2,703 892 6,758 270 2,546	3 27 4 48 5 18	8 41 9 41 3 18	1 30 8 25 0 6	156 587 346 2,479 59 810	5 24 11 25 6 17	46 524 83 738 20 286	6 54 3 71 1 27	2 31 5 52 4 23	10 65 26 175 6 72
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing	326 327 331 332 333 334	2,637 2,104 735 8,811 5,899 3,061	22 23 4 77 50 20	32 17 9 75 52 18	5 14 2 32 14 9	920 548 186 2,869 1,998 998	9 21 10 57 26	279 285 91 916 563 352	21 38 6 74 32 54	77 37 17 198 233 28	102 52 19 202 110 51
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	335 336 337 339	1,544 2,406 4,841 7,653	10 22 40 92	7 17 65 65	2 12 13 28	523 621 1,514 2,147	7 12 47 43	169 343 542 1,028	13 67 65 143	13 74 42 88	35 75 104 199
Wholesale trade Farm product wholesaler-distributors Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors	41 411 412	85,666 1,139 751	833 24 19	477 7 6	299 4 8	26,356 258 133	330 4 8	12,587 146 66	872 25 7	655 13 8	2,410 55 2 2
Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors Personal and household goods	413	8,119	54	58	31	2,401	50	1,282	103	58	189
wholesaler-distributors Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors Building material and supplies	414 415	14,715 5,013	71 73	58 36	18 29	5,351 1,355	28 27	2,334 626	154 57	65 69	280 167
wholesaler-distributors Machinery, equipment and supplies	416	10,468	129	69	56	2,849	47	1,616	112	128	293
wholesaler-distributors Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	417 418 419	19,301 16,173 9,987	217 137 109	104 101 38	87 50 16	5,809 5,443 2,757	86 57 23	2,479 2,592 1,446	205 137 72	160 112 42	545 415 444
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores Publisher material and appliance stores	44 to 45 441 442 443	134,634 11,494 7,923 9,758	1,567 150 79 91	1,128 144 57 91	843 95 53 47	35,285 2,516 2,404 2,785	1,003 129 63 77	15,425 1,113 995 1,200	2,408 166 134 166	2,073 190 115 138	3,761 461 211 226
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	444 445 446 447 448 451 452 453 454	5,375 23,078 11,002 7,704 19,669 8,969 6,022 17,753 5,887	78 171 139 148 235 120 45 190	67 180 78 82 142 74 28 144 41	41 135 47 75 100 76 53 96 25	1,093 6,124 3,188 1,620 5,616 2,099 2,023 4,305 1,512	63 154 69 72 146 71 17 105 37	600 2,527 1,312 724 2,253 1,176 594 2,148 783	100 343 198 138 311 225 76 449 102	85 422 156 138 287 109 165 221	151 512 326 265 485 258 150 509 207

Table 9.10 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS					sus metropol	itan areas				
	code -	Total	Saskatoon, S Saskat- chewan	Sherbrooke, Quebec	Thunder Bay, Ontario	Toronto, Ontario	Trois- Rivières, Quebec	Vancouver, British Columbia	Victoria, British Columbia		Winnipeg, Manitoba
	code					number					
- Fransportation and warehousing	48 to 49	64,876	902	425	385	18,619	332	7,984	825	825	2,076
Air transportation	481	892	14	2	15	184	5	162	22	3	37
Rail transportation	482	87	1	1	1	12	0	10	0	1	5
Vater transportation	483	362	0	3	4	28	1	135	18	6	7
Truck transportation	484	32,978	530	238	270	9,650	179	3,395	246	432	1,025
ransit and ground passenger transportation	485	14,221	155	85	14	4,059	47	2,044	321	215	497
Pipeline transportation	486	153	2	0	1	12 52	1 2	123	0 51	0 2	3
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487 488	399 7,975	2 75	36	45	2,455	46	1,042	83	87	224
Support activities for transportation Postal service	491	516	5	5	3	142	1	59	6	9	12
Couriers and messengers	492	5,258	87	48	19	1,452	35	658	58	46	201
Varehousing and storage	493	2,035	31	7	10	573	15	348	20	24	63
nformation and cultural industries	51	26,204	126	102	47	9,233	69	4,232	333	108	607
Publishing industries (except internet)		5,875	31	34	13	1,805	26	721	138	35	141
Motion picture and sound recording industries	511	14,986	60	33	7	5,835	23	2,845	100	33	335
Broadcasting (except internet)	512	794	11	8	8	269	7	66	13	6	36
nternet publishing and broadcasting	513	324	3	1	3	84	0	64	12	1	8
Telecommunications	514	1,672	7	9	5	473	4	204	22	10	36
nternet service providers, web search portals			4.4		•	242	_	000	40	40	0.0
and data processing	518	1,910	11	8	8	613	7	263	43	16	30
Other information services	519	643	3	9	3	154	2	69	5	7	21
inance and insurance	52	83,827	1.028	531	345	26,625	363	10,612	1,273	905	2,540
Monetary authorities - central bank	521	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	11,928	113	63	41	3,944	58	1,448	177	128	352
Securities, commodity contracts, and other											
financial investment and related activities	523	59,689	765	392	244	18,916	232	7,754	951	629	1,756
nsurance carriers and related activities	524	9,539	137	70	53	2,457	69	1,069	125	130	379
Funds and other financial vehicles	526	2,663	13	6	7	1,308	4	340	20	18	52
Cool actata and rantal and lancing	53	129,822	1,254	809	630	37,489	595	19,604	2,541	1,699	3,136
Real estate and rental and leasing Real estate	531	117,262	1,137	730	542	34,359	514	17,814	2,335	1,553	2,788
Rental and leasing services	532	11,663	1,137	75	85	2,827	77	1,686	195	139	323
Lessors of non-financial intangible assets	332	11,000	100	7.5	00	2,021		1,000	100	100	020
(except copyrighted works)	533	897	9	4	3	303	4	104	11	7	25
(except copyrighted works)	000	001	Ŭ	-	Ŭ	000	,			•	
Professional, scientific and technical											
services	54	259,799	1,738	1,239	629	81,420	720	31,197	4,604	1,749	4,617
Professional, scientific and technical services	541	259,799	1,738	1,239	629	81,420	720	31,197	4,604	1,749	4,617
Management of companies and enterprises	55	49,923	872	248	187	15,852	229	6,320	719	615	1,586
Management of companies and enterprises	551	49,923	872	248	187	15,852	229	6,320	719	615	1,586
		.,				.,		,			,
Administrative and support, waste											
management and remediation services	56	77,433	623	553	273	21,871	436	9,524	1,285	823	1,878
Administrative and support services	561	75,318	605	532	261	21,461	411	9,218	1,248	799	1,809
Vaste management and remediation services	562	2,115	18	21	12	410	25	306	37	24	69
Educational services	61	16,585	176	87	78	4,402	88	2,436	376	151	486
Educational services	611	16,585	176	87	78	4,402	88	2,436	376	151	486
hanlah anna and anaist anaistana		04.500	200	547	270	44.704	457	0.005	4 700	0.40	2 202
Health care and social assistance	62	64,569	886	517	378	14,704	457	8,225	1,769	842	2,292
Ambulatory health care services Hospitals	621 622	47,950	630 8	289 4	293 7	11,657 86	262	6,507 81	1,342	700 4	1,610 19
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	525 3,761	67	69	24	612	68	374	24 122	37	140
Social assistance	624	12,333	181	155	54	2,349	120	1,263	281	101	523
Journal assistance	024	12,000	101	100	J-	2,040	120	1,200	201	101	020
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	28,344	263	163	110	8,332	163	3,712	456	288	676
Performing arts, spectator sports and related											
industries	711	18,398	116	73	33	6,191	76	2,648	241	118	337
Heritage institutions	712	696	10	10	6	110	6	71	25	15	29
Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	713	9,250	137	80	71	2,031	81	993	190	155	310
Accommodation and food services	72	66,050	673	557	381	17,309	465	8,368	1,207	1,001	1,654
Accommodation services	721	5,263	98	59	83	693	44	744	240	63	213
Food services and drinking places	722	60,787	575	498	298	16,616	421	7,624	967	938	1,441
•											
Other services (except Public administration)	81	101,373	1,254	964	626	24,911	746	10,985	1,672	1,322	3,385
Repair and maintenance	811	40,122	480	440	249	10,005	349	4,284	572	534	1,154
Personal and laundry services	812	30,430	303	206	171	8,309	190	3,525	515	444	896
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional											
and similar organizations Private households	813	30,819	471	318	206	6,596	207	3,176	585	344	1,335
	814	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Table 9.10 - continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), census metropolitan areas¹, December 2005 for Canada

	NAICS				Cens	sus metropoli	tan areas				
	code	Total	Saskatoon, Saskat- chewan	Sherbrooke, Quebec	Thunder Bay, Ontario	Toronto, Ontario	Trois- Rivières, Quebec	Vancouver, British Columbia	Victoria, British Columbia	Windsor, Ontario	Winnipeg, Manitoba
	code					number					
Public administration	91	2,699	39	21	15	296	22	121	161	6	293
Federal government public administration	911	442	3	0	0	12	0	46	1	0	46
Provincial and territorial public administration Local, municipal and regional public	912	1,535	0	7	0	229	8	12	127	0	218
administration	913	611	30	14	11	42	12	49	23	6	18
Aboriginal public administration International and other extra-territorial public	914	69	6	0	4	1	2	8	10	0	11
administration	919	42	0	0	0	12	0	6	0	0	0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Business Register Division.

Table 9.11 New housing price indexes, metropolitan areas

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
					1	997=100						percent
anada otal (house and land)	99.3	100.0	101.0	101.8	104.1	107.0	111.3	116.7	123.2	129.4	142.0	9.7
louse only and only	98.7 100.0	100.0 100.0	101.5 100.4	103.0 100.6	106.2 101.3	109.9 102.2	115.9 103.5	123.0 105.0	131.1 108.0	137.6 113.4	151.7 122.9	10.2 8.4
calgary, Alberta otal (house and land)	93.8	100.0	107.6	112.7	115.3	118.2	124.4	130.9	138.2	147.8	212.2	43.6
louse only and only	92.8 96.1	100.0 100.0	109.2 104.3	114.5 108.9	117.6 110.8	120.2 114.6	127.7 118.0	135.3 122.7	143.1 128.6	154.3 134.8	227.6 179.4	47.5 33.1
narlottetown, Prince Edward Island tal (house and land)	100.1	100.0	99.1	100.7	102.6	103.8	104.5	105.5	109.4	114.0	116.5	2.2
ouse only and only	100.2 98.9	100.0	98.0 104.7	99.4 108.1	101.0 111.2	101.6 115.4	101.1 122.2	101.9 125.2	106.0 128.1	110.4 134.3	112.5 139.1	1.9 3.6
dmonton, Alberta	00.2	400.0	102.4	105 5	107.7	109.4	117.3	124.0	129.3	137.7	177.5	28.9
ouse only	98.3 97.6	100.0	103.4	105.5 106.1	108.8	110.4	120.2	128.0	133.5	141.4 128.0	178.5 172.9	26.2 35.1
and only reater Sudbury and Thunder Bay	100.0	100.0	102.2	103.9	105.0	106.8	110.1	114.4	118.5	120.0	172.9	35.1
otal (house and land)	100.6 101.0	100.0 100.0	97.8 96.9	96.7 95.5	95.5 93.9	94.6 92.9	95.5 93.5	96.4 94.4	98.3 96.5	100.0 98.1	101.7 99.4	1.7 1.3
and only	99.6	100.0	100.6	100.8	100.6	100.1	102.5	103.7	105.0	107.6	111.2	3.3
alifax, Nova Scotia otal (house and land)	102.4	100.0	100.8	104.0	107.4	110.5	114.4	119.1	121.6	125.0	130.4	4.3
ouse only and only	102.2 103.0	100.0 100.0	101.1 101.1	104.6 104.4	108.7 105.4	112.0 107.8	115.9 111.9	120.8 115.8	123.6 117.0	127.1 120.2	132.5 126.3	4.2 5.1
amilton, Ontario tal (house and land)	96.2	100.0	103.2	104.3	106.8	109.0	113.8	120.9	127.4	134.6	142.0	5.5
ouse only and only	94.6 100.0	100.0	104.3 101.1	105.4 102.4	109.4 103.2	112.0 103.8	119.1 104.4	128.8 106.7	136.8 109.8	145.9 113.4	154.8 119.1	6.1 5.0
tchener, Ontario tal (house and land)	99.2	100.0	102.2	104.0	108.2	111.4	116.0	119.8	125.1	131.4	136.8	4.1
ouse only and only	98.5 100.4	100.0	103.2 100.0	106.0	112.0 100.0	115.9 102.5	122.4 103.3	127.8 103.3	134.9 105.2	141.8 110.9	147.7 114.2	4.2
ndon, Ontario							400.0	445.0	400.4	400.0	400.0	F 4
otal (house and land) buse only	99.1 98.7	100.0 100.0	100.4 100.5	101.3 101.7	104.2 105.0	106.8 108.2	109.8 112.6	115.0 119.5	120.4 126.5	126.3 134.2	132.8 142.4	5.1 6.1
and only ontréal, Quebec	99.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	101.6	102.3	101.7	102.9	104.7	105.4	107.1	1.6
otal (house and land) ouse only	100.1 99.9	100.0 100.0	100.4 100.4	102.5 102.8	106.3 107.0	111.7 112.9	118.1 119.3	126.8 128.2	135.0 136.8	141.8 143.6	147.7 149.3	4.2 4.0
and only	100.6	100.0	101.2	102.0	104.6	107.8	115.0	123.1	129.8	136.4	142.8	4.7
ttawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec otal (house and land)	99.4	100.0	100.7	103.3	110.9	123.7	133.3	138.3	147.4	154.2	158.9	3.0
ouse only and only	98.6 102.3	100.0 100.0	100.5 101.4	103.6 101.9	112.7 103.6	128.4 106.2	140.8 105.6	146.9 106.8	156.7 114.2	164.4 117.7	170.5 118.1	3.7 0.3
uébec, Quebec otal (house and land)	100.4	100.0	100.6	102.3	104.5	107.1	111.7	121.9	129.3	134.9	141.9	5.2
ouse only and only	100.3	100.0	100.1 103.2	102.1	104.7 104.4	107.5 106.5	112.9 108.6	124.7 113.4	132.0 120.9	137.2 127.1	141.6 141.8	3.2 11.6
egina, Saskatchewan												
otal (house and land) ouse only	96.5 95.7	100.0 100.0	104.2 105.0	107.8 109.4	110.7 112.0	113.5 115.1	117.7 118.0	124.9 124.8	133.7 135.3	142.2 143.8	154.5 156.2	8.6 8.6
Cotherines Niegers Ontario	99.8	100.0	101.0	102.4	106.0	108.2	116.7	126.3	129.4	138.2	149.8	8.4
: Catharines-Niagara, Ontario tal (house and land)	96.3	100.0	103.1	105.7	110.1	112.7	114.9	120.5	128.8	137.8	144.2	4.6
ouse only and only	95.5 98.2	100.0 100.0	103.9 100.3	107.5 100.6	113.0 102.1	116.6 102.2	119.8 102.2	128.0 102.3	137.8 107.9	146.1 118.2	153.4 122.9	5.0 4.0
t. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador otal (house and land)	102.1	100.0	98.7	99.1	101.2	103.2	107.7	112.5	118.6	125.2	129.8	3.7
louse only and only	102.3 101.9	100.0	98.3 99.7	98.6 99.7	101.6 99.8	104.2 100.6	108.2 106.5	113.2 111.0	119.6 116.2	126.7 122.4	131.6 126.1	3.9 3.0

Table 9.11 - continued

New housing price indexes, metropolitan areas

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 2005 to 2006
					1	997=100						percent
Saint John, Fredericton, and Moncton, New Brunswick												
Total (house and land)	103.3	100.0	97.7	98.2	97.9	98.0	100.1	102.9	105.0	109.2	112.9	3.4
House only	103.6	100.0	97.5	98.0	97.6	97.5	99.8	102.8	105.0	109.6	113.2	3.3
Land only	102.6	100.0	98.5	98.7	98.9	99.8	101.1	102.8	104.4	106.5	110.3	3.6
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan												
Total (house and land)	98.1	100.0	102.2	103.7	105.8	108.8	110.5	113.6	119.8	126.5	138.0	9.1
House only	97.7	100.0	102.5	104.4	105.7	108.2	109.8	113.6	120.3	128.4	139.6	8.7
Land only	99.0	100.0	101.2	101.6	106.0	111.0	112.4	113.6	118.3	119.8	131.8	10.0
Toronto and Oshawa, Ontario												
Total (house and land)	97.9	100.0	103.2	105.0	107.8	110.5	114.2	119.5	126.6	132.3	137.3°	3.8
House only	96.6	100.0	104.8	107.4	111.8	115.8	121.8	130.3	140.7	146.9	153.3	4.4
Land only	100.1	100.0	100.2	100.5	101.0	101.1	101.3	101.2	103.1	107.8	111.1	3.1
Vancouver, British Columbia												
Total (house and land)	103.3	100.0	95.0	91.2	90.2	90.9	93.2	96.2	101.0	105.4	112.7	6.9
House only	105.2	100.0	92.8	88.3	87.3	88.2	91.4	95.8	101.8	105.4	115.2	9.3
Land only	100.6	100.0	98.7	96.9	96.6	96.6	96.7	97.5	98.7	103.3	105.5	2.1
Victoria, British Columbia												
Total (house and land)	103.1	100.0	94.4	89.7	85.8	86.2	89.3	96.2	105.0	113.3	117.7	3.9
House only	103.4	100.0	91.7	86.0	80.9	81.9	85.9	92.5	100.2	106.6	106.8	0.2
Land only	103.0	100.0	98.5	95.8	95.0	94.0	95.6	104.5	115.6	128.9	142.7	10.7
Windsor, Ontario												
Total (house and land)	96.5	100.0	100.3	100.9	101.6	101.5	102.0	102.1	102.5	105.5	105.4	-0.1
House only	94.9	100.0	100.4	101.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.2	102.4	103.5	103.2	-0.3
Land only	100.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	101.6	101.8	102.4	109.6	110.2	0.5
Winnipeg, Manitoba												
Total (house and land)	98.6	100.0	100.8	102.4	105.3	107.2	110.0	114.1	121.6	132.0	144.5	9.5
House only	97.8	100.0	101.0	103.0	106.8	109.3	112.5	116.8	124.7	134.2	143.4	6.9
Land only	101.2	100.0	100.2	100.4	100.4	100.5	102.1	105.3	111.6	123.9	146.2	18.0

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Prices Division, New Housing Price Index (Survey 2310), Capital Expenditure Price Statistics, catalogue no. 62-007-X and CANSIM table 327-0005.

Table 9.12
The all-item consumer price index, annual average, selected urban centres

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	Percentage change 1997 to 2006
					(1992=	100)					percent
Calgary, Alberta	109.7	111.3	114.2	118.4	121.3	125.8	130.2	132.5	135.1	141.3	28.8
Edmonton, Alberta	108.7	109.7	112.2	115.9	118.4	121.9	128.4	129.7	132.4	136.5	25.6
Halifax, Nova Scotia	107.1	107.9	109.8	113.2	115.5	119.1	122.9	125.0	128.1	130.7	22.0
Montréal, Quebec	104.8	106.5	108.2	110.7	113.4	115.7	118.4	120.7	123.4	125.6	19.8
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	109.2	110.1	112.2	115.6	119.3	121.9	124.9	127.3	130.2	132.4	21.2
Québec, Quebec	105.7	107.3	108.9	111.3	113.8	116.2	119.1	121.4	124.1	126.2	19.4
Regina, Saskatchewan	110.8	112.7	114.7	117.7	121.3	124.6	127.5	130.3	133.1	135.6	22.4
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	108.1	108.5	110.2	113.2	114.5	117.3	120.6	122.8	125.9	128.0	18.4
Saint John, New Brunswick	106.7	107.2	109.0	112.5	114.5	118.2	122.2	124.0	126.9	129.1	21.0
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	109.7	111.3	113.4	116.3	119.7	123.1	125.8	128.4	131.4	134.2	22.3
Thunder Bay, Ontario	108.7	109.4	111.3	114.3	117.5	119.3	122.1	123.6	125.7	127.6	17.4
Toronto, Ontario	107.9	109.0	111.2	114.5	118.1	120.6	124.2	126.3	128.6	130.7	21.1
Winnipeg, Manitoba	111.5	113.0	115.3	118.1	121.5	123.3	125.5	127.9	131.2	133.8	20.0
Vancouver, British Columbia	109.8	110.4	111.4	113.9	116.0	118.6	121.0	123.4	125.7	128.1	16.7
Victoria, British Columbia	109.7	110.0	111.1	113.0	114.3	117.4	120.0	122.8	125.5	127.5	16.2
Charlottetown and Summerside, Prince Edward											
Island	106.4	106.2	107.4	111.4	114.2	117.1	120.9	123.5	127.1	130.0	22.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Prices Division, Consumer Price Index (Survey 2301), catalogue no. 62-001-X and CANSIM table 326-0002.

Table 9.13
Percentage distribution of household equipment, selected metropolitan areas, 2005

			P	ercentage of ho	useholds with			
_	Compact disc player	Cablevision	Satellite dish	Digital video disc (DVD) player	Compact disc writer	Digital video disc (DVD) writer	Home computer	Internet use from home
_				perce	nt			
Calgary, Alberta Charlottetown-Summerside,	90.1	80.3	13.3	88.6	61.5	36.6	86.1	81
Prince Edward Island	80.6	70.6	23	74.1	38.4	15.3	67.5	61.8
Edmonton, Alberta	84.5	71.1	16.9	83.4	51.2	31.4	73.6	66.9
Halifax, Nova Scotia	83.1	79.2	12	81.1	49.2	25.8	75	69.1
Montreal, Quebec	75.9	61.7	14.8	71.9	37.9	21.8	69.6	59
Ottawa 1, Ontario	90.6	81.9	F	89.7	69	34.1	88.1	85.5
Quebec, Quebec	84	61.9	16.4	76.3	38.7	19.9	68.5	61.8
Regina, Saskatchewan St. John's, Newfoundland and	88.1	74.8	19.7	81	51.5	30.5	76.6	72
Labrador	84.2	84.4	12.4	76.4	48.3	28.4	68.5	61.6
Saint John, New Brunswick	85.8	70.2	20.8	83.9	38.3	24.1	66.6	58.3
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	83.4	69	15.2	82	54.7	29.4	77.5	70.8
Toronto, Ontario	82	83.4	11.2	80.2	48.1	27.8	81.6	75.3
Vancouver, British Columbia	81.6	82.8	8.8	81.8	53.9	37.6	79.6	73.7
Victoria, British Columbia	86.7	78.1	F	81.7	57.5	28.2	79.2	76.3
Winnipeg 2, Manitoba	82	82.1	10.8	77.3	44.7	28.3	68.8	62.4
Whitehorse, Yukon Yellowknife, Northwest	84.1	64.2	F	86.9	49.5	23.9	73.5	67
Territories	88	66.1	33	93.2	68.8	51	85.8	81
			Perc	entage of house	holds with type o	f Internet conn	ection	
		Regu telepho connecti to a compu	ne on co	High-speed telephone onnection to a computer	Cable connection to compute	a	Other type of nection	With a vehicle (owned or leased)

		i oroontago or nouoc	moras with type of mitor	1101 0011110011011	
	Regular telephone connection to a computer	High-speed telephone connection to a computer	Cable connection to a computer	Other type of connection	With a vehicle (owned or leased)
			percent		
Calgary, Alberta	F	28.7	45.4	F	89.3
Charlottetown-Summerside, Prince Edward Island	13.9	41.5	F	F	84.9
Edmonton, Alberta	7.6	28.3	29.1	F	83.8
Halifax, Nova Scotia	6.4	31.7	29.8	F	78.4
Montreal, Quebec	12.6	25.6	19.6	F	72.4
Ottawa, Ontario	F	30.6	39.7	F	88
Quebec, Quebec	17	24.1	20.3	F	86.7
Regina, Saskatchewan	F	44.9	17.2	F	90.8
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	F	20.7	33.3	F	81.3
Saint John, New Brunswick	13.4	34.4	F	F	84.7
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	F	38.3	27.8	F	86.1
Toronto, Ontario	10.1	26.9	37.6	F	80.7
Vancouver, British Columbia	5.4	26	40.9	F	81.8
Victoria, British Columbia	F	23.5	47.8	F	84.8
Winnipeg, Manitoba	7.2	26.9	27.3	F	79.3
Whitehorse, Yukon	F	26.3	28.5	F	85.6
Yellowknife, Northwest Territories	F	19.6	47	F	93.2

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): Income Statistics Division, Survey of Household Spending (survey 3508) .

Table 9.14 Migration by census metropolitan area

	In tota	1	Out total	al	Net tot	al
	2003 to 2004	2004 to 2005	2003 to 2004	2004 to 2005	2003 to 2004	2004 to 2005
_			number of m	igrants		
Abbotsford, British Columbia	10,808	10,563	9,015	9,454	1.793	1,109
Calgary, Alberta	46,684	56,189	34.084	34,301	12,600	21,888
Edmonton, Alberta	38,217	46,771	31,448	32,354	6.769	14,417
Greater Sudbury/Grand Sudbury,						
Ontario	5,591	5,755	5.329	5,236	262	519
Halifax, Nova Scotia	14,448	14,932	13,696	14.585	752	347
Hamilton, Ontario	25,877	26,151	21,480	23,107	4,397	3.044
Kingston, Ontario	7,889	7,718	7,184	7,792	705	-74
Kitchener, Ontario	20,400	21,080	14.869	16,354	5,531	4.726
London, Ontario	18,312	18.543	14,664	15,606	3,648	2,937
Montreal, Quebec	93,730	94,012	68,286	70.264	25,444	23,748
Oshawa, Ontario	18,927	17,988	12.111	13,179	6.816	4,809
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec	43,311	44,135	36,854	38,126	6.457	6,009
Quebec, Quebec	22,210	21,417	17,187	18,476	5,023	2,941
Regina, Saskatchewan	7,572	7,670	7,216	8,006	356	-336
Saguenay, Quebec	3,881	4,093	5,143	5,402	-1,262	-1,309
Saint John, New Brunswick	3,194	3,220	3,120	3,514	74	-294
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	10,862	11,151	10,084	11,143	778	8
Sherbrooke, Quebec	8,338	8,281	6,965	6,681	1,373	1,600
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario	11,298	11,377	8,970	9,681	2,328	1,696
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	6,708	6,329	4,958	5,810	1,750	519
Thunder Bay, Ontario	3,885	3,764	3,838	4,192	47	-428
Toronto, Ontario	179,936	185,461	98,761	100,846	81,175	84,615
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	5,645	5,696	4,835	5,015	810	681
Vancouver, British Columbia	75,845	81,798	47,437	48,313	28,408	33,485
Victoria, British Columbia	14,822	15,342	12,461	12,442	2,361	2,900
Windsor, Ontario	10,434	9,984	8,550	9,087	1,884	897
Winnipeg, Manitoba	22,795	22,464	18,728	21,408	4,067	1,056

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Small Area and Administrative Data Division and Annual Migration Estimations by Census Division/Census Metropolitan Area (survey 4101).

Table 9.15 Number of families and median income by type of family and by number of children, 2005

	Couple	families	Lone-pare	nt families	All fa	milies
	number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
– Abbotsford, British Columbia						
No children	16,700	49,700			16,700	49,700
1 child	7,160	67,600	3,690	25,800	10,850	52,700
2 children	8,430	71,200	2,040	26,800	10,480 5,660	62,500 67,000
3 children and over	4,780	74,100	870	26,500	5,000	67,000
Calgary, Alberta No children	112,590	70,600			112,590	70,600
1 child	55,460	86,100	24,910	36,600	80,370	69,000
2 children	61,430	99,100	12,390	37,000	73,820	88,300
3 children and over	25,060	94,100	4,290	30,000	29,350	83,900
Edmonton, Alberta					105 100	07.100
No children	105,100	67,100	27 200	34,500	105,100 77,460	67,100 66,900
I child 2 children	50,260 55,640	86,800 96,600	27,200 13,180	34,300	68,830	85,500
3 children and over	25,510	92,000	6,000	29,100	31,500	79,700
Greater Sudbury/Grand Sudbury,						
Ontario						
No children	18,120	57,900	F 000	20.200	18,120	57,900
child	8,620 8,570	86,900	5,020	28,300 28,400	13,650 10,920	63,700 81,500
? children 3 children and over	8,570 2,960	94,200 96,600	2,350 830	27,500	3,780	81,300
falifax, Nova Scotia						
No children	40,980	61,600			40,980	61,600
child	20,090	80,700	11,010	29,100	31,100	61,400
2 children	17,830	86,400	5,170	28,800	23,000	74,300
children and over	6,290	83,700	1,750	25,300	8,040	70,000
lamilton, Ontario lo children	71,480	61,100			71,480	61,100
child	37,120	88,100	18,890	34,100	56,000	68,900
children	36,760	94,200	9,460	32,700	46,220	82,700
children and over	16,280	90,000	3,720	28,900	20,000	78,400
ingston, Ontario	47.700	00.000			47.700	00.000
lo children child	17,700 7,750	62,600 82,000	4,290	31,600	17,700 12,040	62,600 62,300
children	7,730	88,600	2,000	32,200	9,430	77,100
children and over	2,690	87,500	690	28,800	3,370	75,300
litchener, Ontario						
lo children	45,900	63,000			45,900	63,000
child	25,350	85,500	11,470	34,300	36,820	69,300
children children and over	26,090 10,970	91,100 89,200	5,580 2,110	34,500 31,600	31,670 13,090	82,500 80,300
ondon, Ontario	-,		,,,,,,		,	
lo children	48,430	60,600			48,430	60,600
child	23,110	82,700	12,840	31,400	35,950	63,200
children	23,250	90,100	6,280	31,900	29,530	78,100
children and over	10,590	86,300	2,560	28,100	13,150	74,000
Montreal, Quebec lo children	388,480	53,600			388,480	53,600
t child	183,820	71,800	103,250	31,600	287,080	55,000
2 children	178,460	82,600	45,300	33,100	233,760	71,800
children and over	70,600	75,400	15,660	30,100	86,260	65,000
Oshawa, Ontario						
lo children	31,030	67,700	0.040	00.400	31,030	67,700
child ! children	18,740 19,930	95,100 97,800	9,010 4,830	36,100 36,400	27,750 24,760	76,000 87,200
Schildren and over	8,110	94,900	1,820	32,300	9,930	84,000
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec						
lo children	117,200	73,400			117,200	73,400
child	62,460	95,500	31,250	37,200	93,700	73,600
2 children 3 children and over	57,550	100,900	14,400	37,700	71,940	88,200
	23,050	92,600	5,520	29,000	28,570	78,300

Table 9.15 – continued

Number of families and median income by type of family and by number of children, 2005

	Couple	families	Lone-pare	nt families	All fa	milies
	number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
Quebec, Quebec						
No children	86,880	57,100			86,880	57,100
1 child	37,700	77,200	19,010	36,600	56,770	63,400
2 children	34,770	87,300	7,650	38,600	42,430	79,300
3 children and over	11,640	90,900	2,020	37,000	13,650	83,200
Regina, Saskatchewan						
No children	20,080	64,900			20,080	64,900
1 child	9,190	87,300	6,020	31,600	15,210	63,800
2 children	9,680	93,000	2,790	31,900	12,470	80,900
3 children and over	4,380	90,400	1,550	25,600	5,930	71,600
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario						
No children	45,740	54,700			45,740	54,700
1 child	19,720	77,100	11,580	30,600	31,300	58,900
2 children	19,440	83,900	5,540	30,600	24,980	73,000
3 children and over	8,690	81,900	2,160	28,500	10,850	71,300
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador						
No children	18.270	55,300			18,270	55.300
1 child	11,040	73,200	6.150	26,100	17,190	55,300
2 children	9,710	83,200	2,860	25,200	12,570	71,200
3 children and over	2,740	86,700	810	27,100	3,550	71,900
Saguenay, Quebec						
No children	18,410	50.000			18,410	50,000
1 child	9,050	71,800	3,790	29,800	12,840	59,300
2 children	7,810	81,100	1,570	32,400	9,370	74,100
3 children and over	2,880	81,600	460	33,400	3,340	75,400
Saint John, New Brunswick	42.000	E2 600			13.900	53,600
No children 1 child	13,900 6,560	53,600 72,900	4,320	25,900	10,870	52,200
2 children	6,230	81,600	1,890	26,000	8,120	68,500
3 children and over	2,430	81,000	640	25000	3,070	68,300
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan						
No children	24,390	60,700			24,390	60.700
1 child	10,420	77,700	6,400	27,000	16,820	56,900
2 children	11,600	85,400	3,110	28,400	14,700	74,300
3 children and over	5,990	82,600	1,760	25,400	7,750	68,000
Sherbrooke, Quebec						
No children	18,960	50,300		***	18,960	50,300
1 child	7,510	69,000	4,520	30,400	12,030	52,900
2 children	7,470	78,000	2,030	34,400	9,490	68,700
3 children and over	3,280	75,600	650	31,900	3,930	68,100
Thunder Bay, Ontario					40.405	
No children	13,420	60,800			13,420	60,800
1 child	6,270	85,100	3,840	31,800	10,110	64,900
2 children	6,220	90,900	1,780	30,000	8,010	79,800
3 children and over	2,350	88,800	710	25,800	3,060	74,400
Toronto, Ontario		EE 460			47E 690	EE 400
No children	475,680	55,100	447.070	24 600	475,680 461,190	55,100 59,700
1 child	313,520	77,200	147,670 69,190	31,600 32,400	364,950	72.000
2 children	295,760	82,400 77,800	27,370	30,300	147,280	66,900
3 children and over	119,910	77,000	21,510	00,000	147,200	00,000
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	47.040	47.400			17,640	47,400
No children	17,640	47,400	4,150	29,400	11.320	54,500
1 child	7,170 6,650	71,200 81,800	1.730	31,300	8,380	71,700
2 children 3 children and over	2,090	80,100	510	26,900	2,600	67,800
3 Children and Over	2,000	00,100	0,0		_,	

Table 9.15 - continued Number of families and median income by type of family and by number of children, 2005

	Couple	families	Lone-pare	nt families	All fa	milies
	number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
Vancouver, British Columbia						
No children	227,460	56,100			227,460	56,100
1 child	117,590	69,300	52,580	30,000	170,170	54,400
2 children	112,870	75,300	23,460	29,800	136,330	66,500
3 children and over	42,090	75,000	7,680	27,900	49,770	66,700
Victoria, British Columbia						
No children	42,350	64,800		***	42,350	64,800
1 child	14.950	82,700	8,950	34,400	23,900	62,800
2 children	13.730	87,200	3,840	33,100	17,570	75,900
3 children and over	4,500	82,700	1,120	28,600	5,620	72,400
Windsor, Ontario						
No children	32,020	62,500			32,020	62,500
1 child	17,300	89.300	9.520	31,100	26.820	67,900
2 children	16,750	95,500	4,720	29,400	21,470	81,800
3 children and over	8,130	91,900	2,040	26,000	10,170	78,500
Winnipeg, Manitoba						
No children	72,400	58,100			72,400	58,100
1 child	33,330	75,900	19,840	31,100	53,170	58,100
2 children	34.760	82,600	9,500	30,700	44,270	72,100
3 children and over	15,660	75,300	4,700	27,600	20,360	63,200

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Small Area and Administrative Data Division and Annual Estimates for Census Families and Individuals (T1 Family File) (survey 4105).

Table 9.16

Number of families and median income by type of families and by age of older partner or parent, 2005

	Couple f	amilies	Lone-pare	ent families	Non-fami	ily person
	number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
Abbotsford, British Columbia						
0 to 24	1,030	35,600	440	13,300	3,110	12,600
25 to 34	5,780	54,600	1,430	19,400	2,640	27,400
35 to 44 45 to 54	8,310 8.380	68,600	2,200	25,800	2,390	31,700
55 to 64	6,330	84,300 70,300	1,520 490	37,700 47,200	2,750 2,670	29,300 24,400
65 years and more	7,240	40,900	530	44,500	6,720	18,800
Total	37,070	61,500	6,600	26,300	20,270	20,400
Calgary, Alberta						
) to 24	5,470	37,800	2,110	14,100	28,130	15,400
5 to 34	44,240	70,500	7,600	22,900	38,230	35,400
5 to 44	64,060	86,400	13,370	32,600	25,740	41,200
5 to 54	65,710	107,500	11,330	49,400	25,280	39,700
55 to 64	40,200 34,870	94,700 54,600	3,420 3,760	61,800 55,400	18,100 35,720	31,600 21,200
65 years and more Total	254,540	82,800	41,590	36,000	171,200	28,700
Edmonton, Alberta						
) to 24	6,010	40,600	3,120	13,300	28,300	15,200
5 to 34	38,580	70,100	9,020	21,900	30,490	33,900
5 to 44	53,840	86,100	14,320	32,500	22,570	38,900
5 to 54	59,210	104,300	11,310	46,200	24,940	37,200
5 to 64	40,390	93,400	3,860	58,200	19,440	29,800
5 years and more fotal	38,490 236,510	52,700 80,800	4,750 46,380	53,000 33,500	41,180 166,920	20,600 26,100
Greater Sudbury/Grand Sudbury, Ontario			,		,	·
) to 24	780	28,200	580	12,700	3,240	9,200
5 to 34	5,010	68,300	1,850	20,100	3,170	24,900
5 to 44	7,970	87,600	2,630	28,500	3,380	29,400
5 to 54	9,060	102,000	1,750	41,100	4,010	25,900
5 to 64	7,700	76,700	550	53,100	3,590	25,000
5 years and more otal	7,750 38,270	49,200 75,100	850 8.190	51,000 28,200	8,420 25,800	22,600 21,600
	30,270	73,100	0,100	20,200	20,000	21,000
lalifax, Nova Scotia to 24	1,410	30,500	1,080	12,900	8,810	10,900
5 to 34	12,030	62,500	3,770	20,600	11,080	26,900
5 to 44	20,190	80,400	5,680	27,600	8,880	32,300
5 to 54	21,350	89,900	4,040	39,500	9,840	30,300
5 to 64	16,050	76,100	1,390	48,000	8,400	24,600
5 years and more	14,160 85,190	52,900 72,800	1,980 17,930	47,300 28,500	16,000 63,030	21,800 23,00 0
lamilton, Ontario						
to 24	2.280	29.400	1,550	13,700	11,810	9,800
5 to 34	20,240	68,600	5,650	20,700	12,910	30,800
5 to 44	36,740	85,100	10,290	29,000	12,280	35,800
5 to 54	38,170	99,800	7,880	43,300	14,560	33,400
55 to 64	29,450	88,200	2,860	59,100	13,450	28,200
5 years and more	34,770	52,200	3,830	57,600	36,170	23,500
otal	161,640	77,500	32,070	32,900	101,200	24,400
lingston, Ontario	750	29 000	400	13,100	3,700	10.000
to 24	750	28,900	1,300	21.000	3,480	26,200
5 to 34	4,600	60,400 81.800	2,340	29,500	2,980	31,200
5 to 44	7,320	92,400	1,660	42,100	3,530	29,600
5 to 54	8,070 6,910	92,400 81,000	550	50.300	3,310	27.900
55 to 64	7.920	59,200	730	53,000	7,830	26,600
35 years and more	35,570	73,800	6,970	31,300	24,830	23,600

Table 9.16 – continued

Number of families and median income by type of families and by age of older partner or parent, 2005

	Couple f	amilies	Lone-pare	ent families	Non-fam	ily person
_	number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
Kitchener, Ontario						
0 to 24	2,240	35,500	1,200	14,400	9,240	12,100
25 to 34	17,550	71,000	3,840	23,400	10,170	34,100
35 to 44	26,900	84,900	6,310	33,100	8,240	38,800
45 to 54	25,690	97,400	4,490	45,500	8,370	35,700
55 to 64	18,210	83,500	1,520	55,800	7,500	28,800
65 years and more	17,730	50,600	1,800	55,600	18,080	22,500
Total	108,320	77,900	19,160	34,000	61,600	25,900
London, Ontario	0.000	20.400	4.050	42.000	40.700	10.200
0 to 24	2,220	30,400	1,350	13,600	10,760	10,200 29,200
25 to 34	14,860 23,430	64,700 82,500	4,160 6,970	20,800 29,500	10,940 9,020	33,400
35 to 44	24,810	95,100	5,390	41,300	10,470	31,300
45 to 54 55 to 64	19,150	81,400	1,720	53,300	9,570	27,300
65 years and more	20,930	53,400	2,080	53,900	22,790	24,700
Total	105,380	73,800	21,670	31,000	73,540	24,100
Montréal, Quebec						
0 to 24	13,360	31,200	5,350	14,700	81,800	10,800
25 to 34	122,160	58,700	26,540	21,800	112,650	26,100
35 to 44	193,280	72,100	55,660	30,000	92,680	30,400
45 to 54	195,420	84,000	42,480	38,500	107,450	29,700
55 to 64	146,690	70,200	12,950	45,300	101,580	23,600
65 years and more	150,440	45,000	21,240	45,200	198,740	18,400
Total	821,360	65,500	164,210	31,900	694,890	20,700
Oshawa, Ontario			0.40	40.000	F 000	40.000
0 to 24	1,090	31,400	910	13,800	5,330	10,200
25 to 34	11,210	77,800	3,130	22,700	5,310	36,600
35 to 44	20,270	92,900	5,460	35,200	5,370	45,600
45 to 54	19,450	107,900	3,750	49,000	5,940	42 ,300 32 ,100
55 to 64	13,050	90,800 52,500	1,080 1,340	60,900 58,200	5,160 12,600	23,700
65 years and more Total	12,730 77,810	85,400	15,660	35,700	39,710	27,600
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario - Quebec						
0 to 24	4,230	29,800	2,060	14,400	25,770	10,500
25 to 34	37,140	74,300	9,060	22,400	31,290	32,800
35 to 44	63,500	92,700	17,700	33,200	25,930	39,600
45 to 54	65,210	106,100	13,120	46,900	29,430	38,800
55 to 64	47,330	93,500	4,090	60,800	24,980	33,000
65 years and more	42,840	63,600	5,130	59,300	48,220	26,100
Total	260,260	86,100	51,160	36,100	185,600	27,600
Quebec, Quebec						
0 to 24	3,110	34,000	630	15,300	16,700	11,300
25 to 34	26,370	63,200	4,180	24,400	20,680	26,900
35 to 44	34,370	78,900	9,600	34,100	17,950	31,500
45 to 54	41,220	89,100	8,310	44,700	24,880	31,800
55 to 64	35,140	72,100	2,250	51,300	24,390	25,900
65 years and more Total	30,850 171,050	46,100 70,100	3,710 28,680	47,800 37,200	42,730 147,320	18,800 22,300
	,	,	,	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
Regina, Saskatchewan 0 to 24	1,050	33,400	1,000	14,200	4,740	12,000
25 to 34	6,490	66,000	2,370	22,600	5,070	30,100
35 to 44	9,150	85,500	2,960	31,900	4,120	34,700
45 to 54	11,070	103,200	2,230	46,600	4,930	35,100
55 to 64	7,440	85,700	750	49,000	4,090	28,300
65 years and more	8,120	54,400	1,050	47,700	10,340	21,000
Total	43,320	78,200	10,360	30,300	33,290	23,900
St. Catharines-Niagara Falls, Ontario						
0 to 24	1,520	28,100	1,000	13,800	7,530	9,500
25 to 34	10,620	59,000	3,460	20,200	6,950	24,700
35 to 44	18,790	74,300	6,150	27,100	7,010	30,600
45 to 54	21,250	89,600	4,610	40,600	8,570	28,300
55 to 64	18,350	75,500	1,620	49,900	8,560	25,200
65 years and more	23,060	49,000	2,460	49,800	23,560	23,200
Total	93,590	67,300	19,280	30,300	62,180	22,300

Table 9.16 – continued

Number of families and median income by type of families and by age of older partner or parent, 2005

St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador 16.20		Couple f	amilies	Lone-pare	ent families	Non-fam	ily person
Labrador		number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
0 to 24	St. John's, Newfoundland and						
25 to 34							
15 to 44							8,900
45 to 54							22,600
55 to 64 65 years and more 70 years 8 years 8 years 8 years 8 years 9 years							27,900
65 years and more							25,300
Total 41,750 68,900 9,830 26,100 26,730 1							20,200
0 16 24							18,100 18,400
25 to 34							
35 to 44							9,400
45 to 54							22,400
55 to 64 8,110 66,400 400 46,200 4,490 1 65 years and more 7,160 43,100 670 43,400 8,200 1 Total 38,150 63,500 5,810 30,800 26,530 1 Total 3,500 63,500 5,810 30,800 26,530 1 Total 540 28,200 560 14,100 2,410 2 2,400 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,300 2,290 2,280 2 2,							28,100
65 years and more 7,160 41,100 670 43,400 8,820 1 Saint John, New Brunswick 0 26,530 1 25 to 34 540 28,200 560 14,100 2,410 25 to 34 3,780 60,400 1,670 20,500 2,560 2 35 to 44 6,330 76,000 2,040 25,900 2,380 2 45 to 54 7,330 82,400 1,370 36,200 2,380 2 55 to 64 5,790 65,700 440 39,000 2,620 2 65 years and more 5,350 45,200 780 44,200 6,570 1 Total 29,120 65,400 6,850 25,800 19,740 1 Saskaton, Saskatchewan 1 1 420 3,600 1,120 13,400 6,320 2 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 2 25 to 44 11,360 77							24,100
Total Saint John, New Brunswick Saint John, New Brun							19,500
Saint John, New Brunswick							17,400
0 to 24 540 28,200 560 14,100 2,410 25 to 34 3,780 60,400 1,670 20,500 2,560 2 35 to 44 6,330 76,000 2,040 25,900 2,390 2 45 to 54 7,330 82,400 1,370 36,200 2,990 2 55 to 64 5,790 65,700 440 39,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 5,350 45,200 780 44,200 6,570 1 Total 29,120 65,400 6,850 25,800 19,740 1 Saskatchewan Total 1,420 32,600 1,120 13,400 6,320 1 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 1 25 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 3 35 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3		38,150	63,500	5,810	30,800	26,530	18,200
25 to 34		540	28 200	560	14 100	2 410	8.900
\$\frac{1}{5} \text{ to } 44\$							25,900
45 to 54 7,330 82,400 1,370 36,200 2,990 2 55 to 64 5,790 65,700 440 39,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 5,350 45,200 780 44,200 6,870 1 Total 29,120 65,400 6,850 25,800 19,740 1 Saskatoon, Saskatchewan U to 24 1,420 32,600 1,120 13,400 6,320 2 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 2 35 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 3 45 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3 55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,100 2 65 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec U to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec U to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 3 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 55 to 64 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 2 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 2 65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,700 9,930 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario U to 24 4 3,20 63,000 430 11,400 2,420 420 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario U to 24 4 3,20 63,000 430 11,400 2,420 420 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario U to 24 4 3,20 63,000 430 11,400 2,420 420 45 to 54 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,800 770 55,700 2,510 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,800 770 55,700 7,130 2 56 years and more 6,680 5,550 81,800 480 56,000 2,820 2 56 years and more 6,680 5,550 81,800 770 55,700 7,130 2							27,900
55 to 64 5,790 65,700 440 39,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 5,350 45,200 780 44,200 6,570 1 Total 29,120 65,400 6,850 25,800 19,740 1 Saskatcon, Saskatchewan 0 to 24 1,420 32,600 1,120 13,400 6,320 1 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 2 35 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 3 45 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3 55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,100 2 55 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 5 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100							24,400
65 years and more 5,350 45,200 780 44,200 6,570 1 Total 29,120 65,400 6,850 25,800 19,740 1 Saskatoon, Saskatchewan 0 Very 100 25,800 1,120 13,400 6,320 1 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 2 35 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 3 45 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3 55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,100 2 65 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Total 52,400 71,900 11,260 26,800 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec 0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23							20.000
Total 29,120 65,400 6,850 25,800 19,740 1 Saskatoon, Saskatchewan 0 to 24 1,420 32,600 1,120 13,400 6,320 2 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 2 35 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 3 45 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3 55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,110 2 65 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec 0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100							19,500
0 to 24 1,420 32,600 1,120 13,400 6,320 1 25 to 34 8,390 59,500 2,600 21,000 6,320 2 35 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 3 45 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3 55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,100 2 65 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Total 52,400 71,900 11,260 26,800 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec 0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 45 to 54 8,740 7,9300 1,880 38,900 5,450							19,700
25 to 34							40.400
35 to 44 11,360 77,700 3,200 27,900 4,660 34 45 to 54 13,170 93,300 2,560 39,900 5,350 3 55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,100 10,990 26,800 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec 0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 23 51 50 54 55 to 64 8,740 79,300 1,880 32,100 3,810 23 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 25 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 25 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 26 59 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 10 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 2,420 2,430 2,420 2,430 2,420 2,510 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 10 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 2,430 2,420 2,430 2,420 2,510 3,810 3,220 6,500 1,510 4,7190 9,500 1,510 4,600 3,810 2,420 2,420 2,420 2,430 2,420 2,430 2,420 2,420 2,420 2,430 3,220 6,500 1,510 4,600 3,810 3,810 2,420 2,420 2,420 2,420 2,420 2,430 3,220 6,500 1,510 4,600 3,810 3,880 3,880 1 2,420 2,430 2,430 2,430 2,430 2,430 2,430 2,430 2,420 2,430 3,220 3,180 3,							12,100
45 to 54							27,000
55 to 64 8,650 81,100 800 46,900 4,100 2 65 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Total 52,400 71,900 11,260 26,800 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec Use of the colspan="6">Total 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 45 to 54 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 2 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 2 65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 0 430 1,87							32,000
65 years and more 9,420 51,300 990 46,100 10,990 2 Total 52,400 71,900 11,260 26,800 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec U 0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 45 to 54 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 2 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 2 65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 0 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000							32,300
Total 52,400 71,900 11,260 26,800 37,730 2 Sherbrooke, Quebec 0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 45 to 54 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 2 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 2 65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,870 27,900 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>26,900</td></td<>							26,900
0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 45 to 54 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 2 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 2 65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 2 25 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820							20,800 22,300
0 to 24 1,060 32,200 310 15,200 4,820 1 25 to 34 6,010 56,800 1,340 23,100 4,580 2 35 to 44 7,590 71,900 2,480 32,100 3,810 2 45 to 54 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 2 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 2 65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 2 25 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820	Sherbrooke, Quebec						
25 to 34		1,060	32,200	310	15,200		11,200
45 to 54 8,740 79,300 1,880 38,900 5,450 25 to 64 7,180 63,100 410 43,000 5,290 26 5,901 27 55 to 64 7,180 63,100 780 39,700 9,930 11 70tal 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 11 70tal 7,200 7,2	25 to 34	6,010	56,800	1,340	23,100		24,400
45 to 54	35 to 44	7,590	71,900	2,480			27,200
65 years and more 6,650 40,100 780 39,700 9,930 1 Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 2 35 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,555 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2		8,740	79,300	1,880			25,900
Total 37,220 61,800 7,200 31,800 33,880 1 Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 2 35 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2	55 to 64	7,180					21,300
Thunder Bay, Ontario 0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 25 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2	65 years and more						17,400
0 to 24 430 23,900 430 11,400 2,420 25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 2 35 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2	Total	37,220	61,800	7,200	31,800	33,880	18,700
25 to 34 3,220 63,000 1,280 18,900 2,430 2 35 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2		430	23 900	430	11 400	2.420	9.900
35 to 44 5,700 82,400 1,870 27,900 2,510 3 45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2							24,500
45 to 54 7,190 96,500 1,510 44,000 3,180 3 55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2							32,200
55 to 64 5,550 81,300 480 56,000 2,820 2 65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2							32,700
65 years and more 6,180 51,800 770 55,700 7,130 2							28,000
ob years and more							22,500
							22,600
Toronto, Ontario			00.000	0.000	42.700	05 500	9.000
14,020							
23 [0 34	25 to 34						29,100
320,000 72,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000							34,300
40 10 04							32,800
55 (0 04							26,700 20,000
05 years and more 24.000 730.960							22,600
Total 1,204,870 69,900 244,230 31,600 730,860 2	Total	1,204,870	69,900	244,230	31,000	7 30,000	22,000

Table 9.16 - continued Number of families and median income by type of families and by age of older partner or parent, 2005

	Couple f	amilies	Lone-pare	ent families	Non-fam	ly person
	number	median income	number	median income	number	median income
Trois-Rivières, Quebec						
0 to 24	670	29,900	260	14,700	3,470	10,500
25 to 34	4,190	56,100	1,070	20,700	3,470	23,400
35 to 44	6,150	73,200	2,150	29,200	3,360	26,400
45 to 54	8,370	82,300	1,660	38,200	4,980	24,700
55 to 64	7,110	61,800	420	41,900	5.040	17,700
65 years and more	7,070	38,000	820	39,700	10.120	17,000
Total	33,550	60,800	6,390	29,700	30,430	17,700
Vancouver, British Columbia						
0 to 24	7.390	28,000	2,440	12,900	40,760	11,000
25 to 34	64,210	56,000	11,970	18,000	62,240	27,500
35 to 44	121,460	67,500	27,590	23,300	53,610	33,800
45 to 54	125,280	78,800	23,140	36,800	54,000	32,000
55 to 64	91,470	78,700	8,500	53,500	47,020	26,600
65 years and more	90,190	48,300	10,090	52,400	98,950	19,400
Total	500,010	65,000	83,720	29,700	356,570	22,600
Victoria, British Columbia						
0 to 24	1,470	31,100	540	13,000	8,270	13,200
25 to 34	8,820	58,200	2,200	19,700	9,450	26,100
35 to 44	14,200	78,600	4,340	29,200	7,690	33,700
45 to 54	17,060	92,100	3,900	42,100	9,670	33,200
55 to 64	15,610	83,600	1.320	55.700	9,110	28.800
65 years and more	18,360	59,500	1,610	54,200	21,510	26,500
Total	75,520	73,400	13,910	33,400	65,690	25,600
Windsor, Ontario						
0 to 24	1,050	26,500	1,080	13,800	6,310	8,400
25 to 34	10,590	71,700	3,530	20,200	7,220	31,300
35 to 44	18,070	87,800	5,310	27,500	6,380	36,900
45 to 54	17,530	102,600	3,430	44,700	6,940	33,200
55 to 64	13,110	85,900	1,240	56,000	6,580	28,100
65 years and more	13,850	52,100	1,690	58,400	15,300	23,900
Total	74,200	79,100	16,280	29,700	48,740	24,300
Winnipeg, Manitoba						
0 to 24	3,290	29,600	2,550	13,300	15,250	10,700
25 to 34	21,870	57,400	6,830	21,500	18,440	26,500
35 to 44	33,770	73,700	9,720	29,500	15,500	30,900
45 to 54	38,590	88,900	7,640	41,600	17,340	30,700
55 to 64	28,920	77,000	3,050	48,900	15,300	26,400
65 years and more	29,720	50,400	4,260	47,200	38,360	21,100
Total	156,150	68,900	34.040	30,200	120,190	22,600

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Small Area and Administrative Data Division and Annual Estimates for Census Families and Individuals (T1 Family File) (survey 4105).

Table 9.17
Population by selected age¹ groups and sex, selected census agglomerations, 2006

	Total				Age gro	up			
	population	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39
				r	number				
Belleville, Ontario									
Both sexes	91,515	4,635	5,055	6,155	6,470	5,720	4,995	4,995	5,690
Male	44,295	2,325	2,565	3,175	3,310	2,890	2,470	2,420	2,750
Female	47,220	2,315	2,485	2,985	3,160	2,830	2,520	2,575	2,935
Cape Breton, Nova Scotia									
Soth sexes	105,925	4,540	5,350	6,765	7,575	6,275	4,665	5,220	5,970
fale fall	49,900	2,320	2,720	3,460	3,890	3,085	2,110	2,335	2,810
emale	56,025	2,220	2,630	3,305	3,685	3,190	2,555	2,880	3,160
harlottetown, Prince Edward Island									
oth sexes	58,625	2,885	3,295	3,815	4,150	4,255	3,640	3,490	3,845
ale .	27,675	1,455	1,660	1,975	2,060	2,055	1,690	1,625	1,820
emale	30,955	1,430	1,625	1,840	2,095	2,200	1,945	1,865	2,025
hilliwack, British Colombia									
oth sexes	80,890	4,885	5,260	6,055	5,690	4,680	4,035	4,595	5,285
lale	39,570	2,510	2,635	3,145	2,915	2,400	1,965	2,165	2,580
emale	41,320	2,375	2,625	2,915	2,770	2,280	2,070	2,430	2,705
rummondville, Quebec	70.440	4.0==	4.00=	4.000	5040	4.700	E 505	4.005	4.00
oth sexes	78,110	4,075	4,325	4,870	5,040	4,720	5,505	4,805	4,825
fale	38,235	2,130	2,170	2,505	2,605	2,455	2,790	2,440	2,530
emale	39,870	1,945	2,150	2,365	2,430	2,265	2,720	2,355	2,295
redericton, New Brunswick	05.000	4.545	4.750	5.000	£ 000	0.005	0.450	5.870	6.01
oth sexes	85,690	4,515	4,750	5,220	5,390	6,905	6,150 3,005	2,840	2,93
lale	41,410	2,290	2,410 2,340	2,650 2,570	2,745 2,645	3,325 3,580	3,145	3,035	3,080
emale	44,280	2,225	2,340	2,570	2,040	3,300	3,143	3,033	3,000
amloops, British Columbia oth sexes	92.880	4,305	4,930	5,955	6,615	6,625	5,020	5,030	6.000
ale	45,490	2,205	2,575	3,040	3,360	3,275	2,445	2,450	2.865
emale	47,395	2,100	2,355	2,910	3,260	3,340	2,575	2,580	3,140
	,								
orth Bay, Ontario	63,425	2,955	3,415	4,105	4,550	4.620	3,525	3,500	3.885
ale	30,520	1,490	1,765	2,080	2,340	2,255	1,710	1.680	1.90
emale	32,900	1,465	1,645	2,025	2,215	2,365	1,810	1,820	1,985
rince George, British Columbia									
oth sexes	83,225	4,775	5,255	5,940	6,355	6,000	5,005	5,500	6,040
lale	41,790	2,440	2,705	3,070	3,280	2,985	2,455	2,685	2,960
emale	41,440	2,325	2,550	2,870	3,070	3,015	2,550	2,820	3,080
t-Jean-sur-Richelieu, Quebec						•			
oth sexes	87,490	4,450	4,825	6,055	5,795	5,410	5,745	5,370	5,820
ale	42,805	2,275	2,475	3,200	2,950	2,685	2,845	2,635	2,900
emale	44,685	2,175	2,350	2,855	2,845	2,730	2,900	2,730	2,920
arnia, Ontario								4.505	
oth sexes	88,790	4,200	4,615	5,800	6,380	5,725	4,560	4,530	5,08
ale	42,895	2,125	2,295	2,950	3,200	2,870	2,220	2,215	2,49 2,58
emale	45,905	2,075	2,315	2,845	3,180	2,850	2,345	2,315	2,58
ault Ste. Marie, Ontario						F 0.40	4.425	2.050	4.00
oth sexes	80,100	3,480	3,935	5,000	5,550	5,040	4,135	3,950	4,60
lale _	38,535	1,750	2,050	2,610	2,845	2,475	1,955	1,845 2,105	2,20 2,39
emale	41,565	1,725	1,885	2,390	2,705	2,565	2,175	2,105	2,39
hawinigan, Quebec			0.005	0.00-	0.050	0.450	2.050	2.425	2.00
oth sexes	56,435	1,985	2,265	3,085	3,250	3,150	2,850	2,435	2,68
fale _	26,895	1,020	1,125	1,600	1,700	1,585	1,465 1,385	1,200 1,235	1,319 1,370
emale	29,540	965	1,140	1,485	1,555	1,565	1,300	1,233	1,370

Table 9.17 – continued

Population by selected age¹ groups and sex, selected census agglomerations, 2006

	Total				Age gro	up			
	population	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39
				ŗ	percent				
Belleville, Ontario									
Both sexes	100.0	5.1	5.5	6.7	7.1	6.3	5.5	5.5	6.2
Male	100.0	5.2	5.8	7.2	7.5	6.5	5.6	5.5	6.2
Female	100.0	4.9	5.3	6.3	6.7	6.0	5.3	5.5	6.2
Cape Breton, Nova Scotia								4.0	= 0
Both sexes	100.0	4.3	5.1	6.4	7.2	5.9	4.4	4.9	5.6
Male	100.0	4.6	5.5	6.9	7.8	6.2	4.2	4.7	5.6
Female	100.0	4.0	4.7	5.9	6.6	5.7	4.6	5.1	5.6
Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island					= 4	~ 0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Both sexes	100.0	4.9	5.6	6.5	7.1	7.3	6.2	6.0	6.6
Male	100.0	5.3	6.0	7.1	7.4	7.4	6.1	5.9	6.6
Female	100.0	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.8	7.1	6.3	6.0	6.5
Chilliwack, British Colombia									
Both sexes	100.0	6.0	6.5	7.5	7.0	5.8	5.0	5.7	6.5
Male	100.0	6.3	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.1	5.0	5.5	6.5
Female	100.0	5.7	6.4	7.1	6.7	5.5	5.0	5.9	6.5
Drummondville, Quebec									
Both sexes	100.0	5.2	5.5	6.2	6.5	6.0	7.0	6.2	6.2
Male	100.0	5.6	5.7	6.6	6.8	6.4	7.3	6.4	6.6
Female	100.0	4.9	5.4	5.9	6.1	5.7	6.8	5.9	5.8
Fredericton, New Brunswick									
Both sexes	100.0	5.3	5.5	6.1	6.3	8.1	7.2	6.9	7.0
Male	100.0	5.5	5.8	6.4	6.6	8.0	7.3	6.9	7.1
Female	100.0	5.0	5.3	5.8	6.0	8.1	7.1	6.9	7.0
Kamloops, British Columbia									
Both sexes	100.0	4.6	5,3	6.4	7.1	7.1	5.4	5.4	6.5
Male	100.0	4.8	5.7	6.7	7.4	7.2	5.4	5.4	6.3
Female	100.0	4.4	5.0	6.1	6.9	7.0	5.4	5.4	6.6
North Bay, Ontario									
Both sexes	100.0	4.7	5.4	6.5	7.2	7.3	5.6	5.5	6.1
Male	100.0	4.9	5.8	6.8	7.7	7.4	5.6	5.5	6.2
Female	100.0	4.5	5.0	6.2	6.7	7.2	5.5	5.5	6.0
Prince George, British Columbia									
Both sexes	100.0	5.7	6.3	7.1	7.6	7.2	6.0	6.6	7.3
Male	100.0	5.8	6.5	7.3	7.8	7.1	5.9	6.4	7.1
Female	100.0	5.6	6.2	6.9	7.4	7.3	6.2	6.8	7.4
St-Jean-sur-Richelieu, Quebec									
Both sexes	100.0	5.1	5.5	6.9	6.6	6.2	6.6	6.1	6.7
Male	100.0	5.3	5.8	7.5	6.9	6.3	6.6	6.2	6.8
Female	100.0	4.9	5.3	6.4	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.1	6.5
Sarnia, Ontario									
Both sexes	100.0	4.7	5.2	6.5	7.2	6.4	5.1	5.1	5.7
Male	100.0	5.0	5.4	6.9	7.5	6.7	5.2	5.2	5.8
Female	100.0	4.5	5.0	6.2	6.9	6.2	5.1	5.0	5.6
Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario									
Both sexes	100.0	4.3	4.9	6.2	6.9	6.3	5.2	4.9	5.7
Male	100.0	4.5	5.3	6.8	7.4	6.4	5.1	4.8	5.7
Female	100.0	4.2	4.5	5.8	6.5	6.2	5.2	5.1	5.8
Shawinigan, Quebec									
Both sexes	100.0	3.5	4.0	5.5	5.8	5.6	5.1	4.3	4.8
Male	100.0	3.8	4.2	5.9	6.3	5.9	5.4	4.5	4.9
Female	100.0	3.3	3.9	5.0	5.3	5.3	4.7	4.2	4.6

Table 9.17 – continued

Population by selected age¹ groups and sex, selected census agglomerations, 2006

Total			P	ge group			
population	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 74	75 years and more
			number				
91,515	7,645	7,365	6,610	6,065	4,850	7,860	7,420
44,295	3,795	3,630	3,220	2,930	2,320	3,675	2,825
47,220	3,850	3,735	3,390	3,135	2,535	4,185	4,600
							8,785
							3,080
56,025	4,305	4,785	4,520	4,285	3,390	5,420	5,685
E0 00E	4.545	4.000	4.405	4.000	0.000	4.045	0.000
							3,960
							1,355 2,600
30,955	∠,385	∠,405	∠,335	2,220	1,610	2,325	2,000
80.800	6.315	6,000	5.420	4 975	4 155	7.045	6.500
							2,780
41,320	3,270	3,020	2,800	2,510	2,150	3,675	3,70
78 110	6.090	6 485	6.060	5 570	4 475	5 735	5.535
							1,875
39,870	3,105	3,340	3,025	2,855	2,280	3,100	3,655
85,690	6,905	6,705	6,355	5,895	4,300	5,815	4,895
41,410	3,370	3,245	2,985	2,905	2,085	2,760	1,870
44,280	3,540	3,460	3,370	2,995	2,210	3,050	3,035
							6,030
							2,640
47,395	3,815	4,145	3,790	3,440	2,645	3,895	3,400
00.40	5.000	F 000	4.005	4.440	2.255	E 450	4.390
							1,655
							2,735
32,500	2,755	2,733	2,400	۷,۳۰۵	1,775	2,000	2,700
83 225	6.970	7 160	6.700	5 690	3.980	4 840	3,020
					2.070	2,535	1,330
41,440	3,540	3,600	3,350	2,755	1,905	2,310	1,700
87,490	7,140	7,485	6,755	5,965	4,745	6,290	5,630
42,805	3,580	3,685	3,325	2,895	2,355	2,940	2,065
44,685	3,555	3,800	3,430	3,070	2,395	3,350	3,585
88,790							7,455
							2,925
45,905	3,435	3,840	3,655	3,250	2,585	4,085	4,535
20.45	0.405	0.070	0.505	E 905	4.600	7.540	6.050
							6,850 2,730
							4,125
41,565	3,230	3,000	3,200	2,040	2,700	0,000	7,160
56,435	4.195	5,250	5,080	4,500	3.915	5,690	6.090
				7,000		0,000	0,00
26,895	2,040	2,540	2,550	2,225	1,925	2,510	2,095
	91,515 44,295 47,220 105,925 49,900 56,025 58,625 27,675 30,955 80,890 39,570 41,320 78,110 38,235 39,870 85,690 41,410 44,280 92,880 45,490 47,395 63,425 30,520 32,900 83,225 41,790 41,440 87,490 42,805 44,685 88,790 42,895 45,905 80,100 38,535 41,565	91,515 7,645 44,295 3,795 47,220 3,850 105,925 7,890 49,900 3,590 56,025 4,305 58,625 4,515 27,675 2,130 30,955 2,385 80,890 6,315 39,570 3,045 41,320 3,270 78,110 6,090 38,235 2,990 39,870 3,105 85,690 6,905 41,410 3,370 44,280 3,540 92,880 7,225 45,490 3,410 47,395 3,815 63,425 5,230 30,520 2,475 32,900 2,755 83,225 6,970 41,790 3,425 41,440 3,540 87,490 7,140 42,805 3,580 44,685 3,555 88,790 6,495 42,895 3,060 45,905 3,435 80,100 6,135 38,535 2,906 41,565 3,230	91,515 7,645 7,365 44,295 3,795 3,630 47,220 3,850 3,735 105,925 7,890 9,005 49,900 3,590 4,225 56,025 4,305 4,785 58,625 4,515 4,630 27,675 2,130 2,165 30,955 2,385 2,465 80,890 6,315 6,000 39,570 3,045 2,975 41,320 3,270 3,020 78,110 6,090 6,485 38,235 2,990 3,145 39,870 3,105 3,340 85,690 6,905 6,705 41,410 3,370 3,245 44,280 3,540 3,460 92,880 7,225 7,870 44,280 3,410 3,725 47,395 3,815 4,145 63,425 5,230 5,380 30,520 2,475 2,640 32,900 2,755 2,735 83,225 6,970 7,160 41,790 3,425 3,560 41,440 3,540 3,600 87,490 7,140 7,485 42,895 3,580 3,685 44,685 3,555 3,800 88,790 6,495 7,445 42,895 3,060 3,610 45,905 3,435 3,840 80,100 6,135 6,970 38,535 2,906 3,290 41,565 3,290 3,680	Population	Population 40 to 44 45 to 49 50 to 54 55 to 59	Number N	Population 40 to 44 45 to 49 50 to 54 55 to 59 60 to 64 65 to 74

Table 9.17 – continued

Population by selected age¹ groups and sex, selected census agglomerations, 2006

	Total			/-	lge group			
	population	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 to 54	55 to 59	60 to 64	65 to 74	75 years and more
				percent				
elleville, Ontario								0.4
oth sexes	100.0	8.4	8.0	7.2	6.6	5.3	8.6	8.1
fale emale	100.0 100.0	8.6 8.2	8.2 7.9	7.3 7.2	6.6 6.6	5.2 5.4	8.3 8.9	6.4 9.7
ape Breton, Nova Scotia								
oth sexes	100.0	7.4	8.5	8.4	8.0	6.2	9.5	8.3
ale	100.0	7.2	8.5	8.8	8.3	6.3	9.2	6.2
emale	100.0	7.7	8.5	8.1	7.6	6.1	9.7	10.1
harlottetown, Prince Edward Island					7.0	5.0	7.4	0.0
oth sexes	100.0	7.7	7.9	7.7	7.3	5.2	7.4	6.8
lale	100.0	7.7	7.8 8.0	7.8 7.5	7.5 7.2	5.1 5.2	7.3 7.5	4.9 8.4
emale	100.0	7.7	6.0	7.5	1.2	5.2	1.3	0.4
hilliwack, British Colombia oth sexes	100.0	7.8	7.4	6.7	6.2	5.1	8.7	8.0
oth sexes ale	100.0	7.7	7.5	6.6	6.2	5.1	8.5	7.0
aie emale	100.0	7.9	7.3	6.8	6.1	5.2	8.9	9.0
rummondville, Quebec								
oth sexes	100.0	7.8	8.3	7.8	7.1	5.7	7.3	7.1
ale	100.0	7.8	8.2	7.9	7.1	5.7	6.9	4.9
emale	100.0	7.8	8.4	7.6	7.2	5.7	7.8	9.2
edericton, New Brunswick								
oth sexes	100.0	8.1	7.8	7.4	6.9	5.0	6.8	5.7
ale	100.0 100.0	8.1 8.0	7.8 7.8	7.2 7.6	7.0 6.8	5.0 5.0	6.7 6.9	4.5 6.9
emale	100.0	0.0	7.0	7.0	0.0	3.0	0.9	0.0
amloops, British Columbia oth sexes	100.0	7.8	8.5	8.1	. 7.4	5.6	8.3	6.5
ale	100.0	7.5	8.2	8.2	7.5	5.6	8.3	5.8
emale	100.0	8.0	8.7	8.0	7.3	5.6	8.2	7.2
orth Bay, Ontario								
oth sexes	100.0	8.2	8.5	7.4	7.0	5.3	8.6	6.9
ale	100.0	8.1	8.7	7.3	7.1	5.2	8.4	5.4
emale	100.0	8.4	8.3	7.4	6.8	5.4	8.8	8.3
rince George, British Columbia	400.0	0.4	9.6	0.4	6.0	4.0	5.8	3.6
oth sexes	100.0 100.0	8.4 8.2	8.6 8.5	8.1 8.0	6.8 7.0	4.8 5.0	5.8 6.1	3.2
ale emale	100.0	8.2 8.5	8.5 8.7	8.0 8.1	6.6	4.6	5.6	4.1
-Jean-sur-Richelieu, Quebec								
oth sexes	100.0	8.2	8.6	7.7	6.8	5.4	7.2	6.4
ale	100.0	8.4	8.6	7,8	6.8	5.5	6.9	4.8
emale	100.0	8.0	8.5	7.7	6.9	5.4	7.5	8.0
arnia, Ontario								
oth sexes	100.0	7.3	8.4	8.2	7.4	5.7	8.6	8.4
ale	100.0	7.1	8.4	8.4	7.7	5.7	8.3	6.8
emale	100.0	7.5	8.4	8.0	7.1	5.6	8.9	9.9
ault Ste. Marie, Ontario	400.0		^=	0.4	7.0		0.4	2.4
oth sexes	100.0	7.7	8.7 8.5	8.1 8.4	7.2	5.7 5.7	9.4 9.3	8.6 7.1
ale emale	100.0 100.0	7.5 7.8	8.5 8.9	8.4 7.9	7.4 7.1	5.7 5.8	9.3 9.5	9.9
	100.0	7.0	0.0	7.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
hawinigan, Quebec oth sexes	100.0	7.4	9.3	9.0	8.0	6.9	10.1	10.8
lale	100.0	7.6	9.4	9.5	8.3	7.2	9.3	7.8
emale	100.0	7.3	9.2	8.6	7.7	6.7	10.8	13.6

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. Source(s): 2006 Census of Population (survey 3901).

Table 9.18
Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS		Name						
	code -	Total				Breton, Nova	Prince Edward	British	Drummondville, Quebec
	code				n	number			
Total Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Crop production Animal production Forestry and logging Fishing, hunting and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	11 111 112 113 114 115	5,309 1,293 2,035 1,082 327	359 85 231 19 0	233 43 163 13 0	67 28 28 4 0	297 19 12 21 234	380 100 196 8 58	659 143 372 82 6	4,485 177 46 107 8 0
Mining and oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	21 211 212 213	32 82	0 7	1 4	1	1 8	1 0	· 1	3 0 2 1
Utilities Utilities	22 221							_	1
Construction Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	23 236 237 238	4,759 1,770	565 164	190 65	167 56	131 38	149 69	322 115	459 148 38 273
Manufacturing Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	31 to 33 311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336	385 72 55 107 126 33 429 84 391 24 192 225 207 61 729 468 144	25 6 3 19 6 5 32 10 60 1 13 31 15 5 78 73 14	21 0 3 6 10 0 11 5 19 1 4 14 11 3 36 13 8	18 0 0 5 4 4 12 1 1 12 6 6 2 2 19 9 22 12 14 64 39 7 7 8 8 13	32 3 2 2 2 4 0 13 1 1 10 0 4 3 3 6 0 16 4 1	23 2 1 4 5 0 8 3 3 12 1 1 9 9 6 7 1 1 9 8 1	21 52 2 2 3 1 47 1 1 2 1 8 5 6 6 1 23 21 4	381 20 0 12 9 19 2 16 12 31 37 7 22 14 4 48 41 11
Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing Wholesale trade Farm product wholesaler-distributors Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors	337 339 41 411 412 413 414 415 416	359 616 5,517 74 103 508 518 516 866	30 71 646 9 9 56 68 59	13 31 217 3 5 21 22 28 28	15 31 267 0 10 19 30 28 35	15 156 1 4 26 7	8 18 147 1 2 22 5 13 21	16 30 187 11 4 16 19 13	38 42 254 2 7 33 27 26 34
Machinery, equipment and supplies wholesaler-distributors Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	417 418 419	1,414 896 622	159 97 78	54 35 21	71 53 21	26 32 19	32 30 21	37 29 26	64 40 21
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores	44 to 45 441 442 443	12,984 1,494 745 837	1,258 129 92 86	727 90 41 37	586 67 39 50	64 23	491 49 30 25	511 69 22 30	586 89 33 33
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	444 445 446 447 448 451 452 453 454	700 1,827 848 933 1,571 1,044 676 1,740 569	69 183 73 85 142 97 79 168 55	45 99 35 56 90 63 58 88 25	17 88 36 33 72 41 39 79	48 56 52 37 35 65	22 58 33 34 75 42 16 80 27	43 61 30 55 47 34 25 69 26	29 90 41 44 88 400 14 65

Table 9.18 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS			5	Selected cens	sus agglomerati	ons		
	code	Total	Barrie, Ontario	Belleville, Ontario	Brantford, Ontario	Cape Breton, Nova Scotia	Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island	Chilliwack, Di British Columbia	rummondville, Quebec
	code				n	umber			
Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Water transportation	48 to 49 481 482 483	5,611 95 14 25	571 5 0	307 3 1	232 2 0	178 0 1 2	176 3 0 3	284 6 0 2	231 3 0
Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation	484 485 486	3,374 669 7	354 71 0	185 46 0	148 23 0	89 39 0	82 29 0 4	203 15 0 6	139 31 0
Scenic and sightseeing transportation Support activities for transportation Postal service Couriers and messengers	487 488 491 492	39 733 46 439	78 5 42	33 2 19	29 1 15	33 2 8	24 5 21	23 2 18	23 1 28
Warehousing and storage Information and cultural industries	493 51	170 1,043	15 111	17 37	13 30	3 39	5 48	9 24	5 29
Publishing industries (except internet) Motion picture and sound recording industries Broadcasting (except internet)	511 512 515	296 362 86 18	24 48 6 3	12 9 5 0	10 9 2	12 15 3	9 20 4 0	6 7 3	7 10 2 0
Internet publishing and broadcasting Telecommunications Internet service providers, web search portals and data processing	516 517 518	112 106	14 11	4 5	2	5	8	3	4
Other information services Finance and insurance	519 52	63 5,349	5 423	2 223	2 280	2 143	3 281	0 186	4 274
Monetary authorities - central bank Credit intermediation and related activities Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial	521 522	0 820	0 82	0 39	0 37	0 32	0 38	0 20	0 33
investment and related activities Insurance carriers and related activities Funds and other financial vehicles	523 524 526	3,624 810 95	254 76 11	137 40 7	208 28 7	87 20 4	192 45 6	130 30 6	210 30 1
Real estate and rental and leasing Real estate	53 531	10,043 8,957	1,006 895	478 435	433 387	246 208	356 326	461 412	351 322
Rental and leasing services Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	532 533	1,051 35	106 5	41	42	37 1	29	48	29
Professional, scientific and technical services Professional, scientific and technical services	54 541	12,249 12,249	1,505 1,505	425 425	416 416	272 272	342 342	415 415	432 432
Management of companies and enterprises Management of companies and enterprises	55 551	3,074 3,074	243 243	82 82	168 168	74 74	141 141	127 127	107
Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services Administrative and support services Waste management and remediation services	56 561 562	5,402 5,168 234	666 643 23	253 243 10	226 218 8	171 152 19	180 168 12	240 222 18	242 233
Educational services Educational services	61 611	1,227 1,227	124 124	58 58	65 65	42 42	61	49 49	45
Health care and social assistance Ambulatory health care services Hospitals	62 621 622	6,244 4,557 74	545 417 2	300 227 2	240 187 2	333 231 7	260 158 6	217 154 3	193 106 2
Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	623 624	552 1,061	49 77	26 45	27 24	30 65	31 65	18 42	22 63
Arts, entertainment and recreation Performing arts, spectator sports and related	71	2,080	210	73	98	103	100	92	87
industries Heritage institutions	711 712	800 110	99 3	25 1	39 4	33 12	40 5	29 4	35 7
Amusement, gambling and recreation industries Accommodation and food services	713 72	1,170 5,752	108 487	47 254	55 258	58 261	55 256	59 225	45 227
Accommodation services Food services and drinking places	721 722	973 4,779	40 447	30 224	15 243	47 214	82 174	44 181	27 200
Other services (except Public administration) Repair and maintenance Personal and laundry services	81 811 812	9,455 4,195 2,451	764 385 212	465 203 125	420 183 104	423 145 98	384 124 89	400 210 96	393 197 92
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations Private households	813 814	2,808 1	167	137	133	180	170	94 0	104
Public administration	91	445	6	7	2	12	79	16	13
Federal government public administration Provincial and territorial public administration Local, municipal and regional public administration Aboriginal public administration	911 912 913 914	64 212 135 33	0 0 6 0	0 0 7 0	0 0 2 0	3 0 7 2	25 44 10 0	0 0 8 8	0 3 10 0
International and other extra-territorial public administration	919	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 9.18 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS			Selected of	ensus agglomera	ations		
	code	Total	Fredericton, New	Guelph, Ontario	Kamloops, British	Kelowna, British	Moncton, New	North Bay, Ontario
			Brunswick		Columbia	Columbia	Brunswick	
	code				number			
Total	***	113,168	5,404	7,489	6,608	14,562	7,346	3,609
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	11	5,309	188	179	342	612	171	47
Crop production Animal production	111 112	1,293 2,035	33 53	42 102	36 106	346	40	1
Forestry and logging	113	1,082	72	4	128	103 104	56 50	13 27
Fishing, hunting and trapping	114	327	3	1	5	5	11	0
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	115	572	27	30	67	54	14	6
Mining and oil and gas extraction	21	247	15	6	32	62	14	15
Oil and gas extraction	211	32	1	1	3	12	0	0
Mining (except oil and gas)	212	82	8	3	8	10	. 6	2
Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	213	133	6	2	21	40	8	13
Utilities Utilities	22 221	131 131	6 6	8 8	13 13	22 22	3 3	8 8
Construction	. 23	15,883	625	803	946	2,771	894	442
Construction of buildings	236	4,759	227	241	263	825	276	132
Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	237 238	1,770 9,354	90 308	86 476	152 531	388 1,558	108 510	50 260
Manufacturing	31 to 33	5,123	175	429	244	574	294	144
Food manufacturing	311	385	17	26	7	41	47	6
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	72	1	6	9	25	4	1
Textile mills	313	55	2	2	0	1	3	2
Textile product mills	314 315	107	4	3 9	6 2	15 7	3	4
Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	126 33	1	4	4	5	4	3 0
Wood product manufacturing	321	429	32	13	35	50	20	8
Paper manufacturing	322	84	0	12	1	4	9	0
Printing and related support activities	323	391	19	29	15	35	19	13
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	24	1	1	1	1	2	1
Chemical manufacturing	325	192	2	21	9	14	8	4 7
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	225 207	5 11	16 9	7 12	19 29	11 16	8
Primary metal manufacturing	331	61	0	2	3	1	1	1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	729	15	93	31	69	29	26
Machinery manufacturing	333	468	13	51	27	45	18	17
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	144	5	16	5	27	7	1
Electrical equipment, appliance and component	335	115	4	16	4	7	4	4
manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	301	7	42	14	45	18	7
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	359	10	20	23	50	28	10
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	616	25	38	32	84	39	21
Wholesale trade	41	5,517	250	417	279	705	534	202
Farm product wholesaler-distributors	411	74	2	16	6	5 12	2	1 5
Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors	412 413	103 508	22	2 22	5 21	57	56	21
Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors	414	518	13	39	22	89	38	18
Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors	415	516	24	34	26	62	47	23
Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors	416	866	46	56	41	119	88	29
Machinery, equipment and supplies wholesaler-distributors	417	1,414	72	118	97	162	132	49
Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	418 419	896 622	43 27	74 56	44 17	118 81	85 82	32 24
Retail trade	44 to 45	12,984	630	757	689	1.333	847	505
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	1,494	89	75	83	130	123	60
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	745	37	49	38	88	43	27
Electronics and appliance stores	443	837	37	57	35	101	50	34
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	700	31	26	40	76	46	29
Food and beverage stores	445	1,827	80	95	83	138	105	95
Health and personal care stores	446	848	41	57	51	90	57	24
Gasoline stations	447	933	48	36 100	66 72	98 168	62 117	32 68
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448 451	1,571 1,044	80 45	100 57	72	108	56	43
Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores	451	676	45 27	68	33	46	39	19
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	1,740	83	106	92	212	107	56
Non-store retailers	454	569	32	31	24	78	42	18

Table 9.18 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS			Selected	census agglomera	ations		
	code	Total	Fredericton, New Brunswick	Guelph, Ontario	Kamloops, British Columbia	Kelowna, British Columbia	Moncton, New Brunswick	North Bay, Ontario
	code				number			
Transportation and warehousing	48 to 49	5,611	227	293	378	495	395	191
Air transportation	481	95	3	3	4	27	4	4
Rail transportation	482	14	0	0	0	0	3	4
Water transportation	483	25	1	0	2	3	1	0
Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation	484 485	3,374 669	137 15	158 74	274 20	249 62	230 24	99 32
Pipeline transportation	486	7	0	0	1	1	0	3
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	487	39	0	1	3	9	1	0
Support activities for transportation	488	733	41	30	39	81	60	24
Postal service	491	46	6	5	1	3	2	1
Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	492 493	439 170	17 7	11 11	23 11	42 18	53 17	17 7
							128	27
Information and cultural industries	51 511	1,043 296	69 19	82 36	50 15	127 48	20	8
Publishing industries (except internet) Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	362	18	29	15	38	71	6
Broadcasting (except internet)	515	86	8	1	6	7	11	4
Internet publishing and broadcasting	516	18	1	4	0	2	2	0
Telecommunications	517	112	9	3	7	11	8	4
Internet service providers, web search portals and data	540	400	0	6	e	10	7	2
processing Other information services	518 519	106 63	9 5	6	5 2	16 5	7 9	2 3
Finance and insurance	52	5,349	267	453	308	820	346	152
Monetary authorities - central bank Credit intermediation and related activities	521 522	0 820	0 40	0 57	0 47	0 123	0 62	0 34
Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial	ULL	020	40	01	41	120	02	04
investment and related activities	523	3,624	179	327	207	592	205	84
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	810	43	61	50	95	76	31
Funds and other financial vehicles	526	95	5	8	4	10	3	3
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	10,043	441	660	641	1,509	647	338
Real estate	531	8,957	412	589	557	1,357	583	289
Rental and leasing services	532	1,051	27	70	84	147	59	45
Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except	===					_	_	
copyrighted works)	533	35	2	1	0	5	5	4
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	12,249	748	1,201	681	1,702	722	383
Professional, scientific and technical services	541	12,249	748	1,201	681	1,702	722	383
Management of companies and enterprises	55	3,074	178	274	210	465	188	93
Management of companies and enterprises	551	3,074	178	274	210	465	188	93
Administrative and support, waste management and								
remediation services	56	5,402	213	343	344	715	350	159
Administrative and support services	561	5,168	197	330	328	699	331	152
Waste management and remediation services	562	234	16	13	16	16	19	7
Educational services	61	1,227	80	93	78	139	76	45
Educational services	611	1,227	80	93	78	139	76	45
Health care and social assistance	62	6,244	279	438	383	698	526	232
Ambulatory health care services	621	4,557	188	340	287	568	372	187
Hospitals	622	74	7	3	8	5	7	3
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	552	24	32	22	37	54	11
Social assistance	624	1,061	60	63	66	88	93	31
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	2,080	87	141	97	238	146	69
Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries	711	800	33	84	30	92	47	20
Heritage institutions	712	110	12	4	7	9	10	4
Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	713	1,170	42	53	60	137	89	45
Accommodation and food services	72	5,752	238	309	358	614	407	225
Accommodation services	721	973	41	17	98	152	56	57
Food services and drinking places	722	4,779	197	292	260	462	351	168
Other services (except Public administration)	81	9,455	492	599	521	937	642	327
Repair and maintenance	811	4,195	159	226	264	429	260	144
Personal and laundry services	812	2,451	96	196	115	259	168	87
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations	813	2,808	237	177	142	249	214	96
Private households	814	2,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public administration	91	445	196	4	14	- 24	16	5
Federal government public administration Provincial and territorial public administration	911 912	64 212	32 156	0	0	0 2	4 2	0
Local, municipal and regional public administration	913	135	6	3	10	20	8	5
Aboriginal public administration	914	33	2	ő	4	2	1	0
	919		0	0	0	0	1	0

Table 9.18 – continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS			census agglomera	rations			
	code	Total	Peterborough, Ontario	Prince George, British Columbia	St-Jean- sur-Richelieu, Quebec	Sarnia, Ontario	Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario	Shawinigan, Quebec
	code				number			
Total Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Crop production Animal production Forestry and logging Fishing, hunting and trapping Support activities for agriculture and forestry	11 111 112 113 114 115	113,168 5,309 1,293 2,035 1,082 327 572	6,703 253 31 202 4 0	6,214 709 33 73 437 0 166	4,705 136 80 42 5 2	4,713 301 166 121 1 1	3,635 101 5 15 64 1 16	2,721 98 16 40 31 0
Mining and oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Mining (except oil and gas) Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	21 211 212 213	247 32 82 133	13 3 5 5	17 1 4 12	2 0 2 0	18 6 2 10	4 0 · 2 2	1 0 1 0
Utilities Utilities	22 221	131 131	9 9	3 3	4 4	9 9	6	0
Construction Construction of buildings Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	23 236 237 238	15,883 4,759 1,770 9,354	941 282 60 599	834 223 131 480	597 221 43 333	591 190 54 347	405 129 42 234	246 78 21 147
Manufacturing Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	31 to 33 311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327	5,123 385 72 55 107 126 33 429 84 391 24 192 225 207	282 20 1 3 4 9 3 3 20 5 28 1 1 10 14 4	225 10 2 3 6 2 1 155 6 8 8 1 6	288 18 0 6 7 15 1 15 3 3 31 0 13 20	199 11 2 2 3 2 0 7 0 6 6 31 7	127 8 5 0 3 4 0 15 2 8 0 5 3	173 14 0 3 3 9 1 1 20 4 10 0 5 7
Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component	331 332 333 334	61 729 468 144	2 33 25 16	2 37 21 3	8 28 20 5	3 54 15 4	7 22 5 2	3 18 12 7
manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	335 336 337 339	115 301 359 616	13 9 21 37	2 13 13 19	16 13 33 27	1 7 2 25	2 9 3 17	2 14 20 14
Wholesale trade Farm product wholesaler-distributors Petroleum product wholesaler-distributors Food, beverage and tobacco wholesaler-distributors Personal and household goods wholesaler-distributors Motor vehicle and parts wholesaler-distributors Building material and supplies wholesaler-distributors Machinery, equipment and supplies wholesaler-distributors Miscellaneous wholesaler-distributors Wholesale agents and brokers	41 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419	5,517 74 103 508 518 516 866 1,414 896 622	324 4 6 30 52 23 39 83 50	244 2 6 9 14 24 53 90 29	236 7 2 32 24 16 36 46 39 34	203 1 3 13 11 21 38 68 29 19	129 0 11 11 7 15 17 32 24	120 1 5 21 13 17 19 22 13 9
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers Furniture and home furnishings stores Electronics and appliance stores	44 to 45 441 442 443	12,984 1,494 745 837	888 92 49 54	500 56 26 34	540 65 33 33	576 62 30 45	544 54 23 34	419 48 22 30
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores General merchandise stores Miscellaneous store retailers Non-store retailers	444 445 446 447 448 451 452 453 454	700 1,827 848 933 1,571 1,044 676 1,740 569	41 151 57 43 85 79 64 136	34 44 26 52 57 52 27 66 26	31 78 49 32 64 43 15 78	35 96 40 29 70 54 33 69	26 91 26 39 81 45 28 78	29 77 34 33 43 36 11 43

Table 9.18 - continued Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS								
	code	Total	Peterborough, Ontario	Prince George, British Columbia	St-Jean- sur-Richelieu, Quebec	Sarnia, Ontario	Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario	Shawinigan, Quebec	
	code				number				
Transportation and warehousing	48 to 49	5,611	258	601	285	223	168	118	
Air transportation	481 482	95 14	2	15 2	4 0	1	5 2	1 0	
Rail transportation Water transportation	483	25	1	3	0	3	2	1	
Truck transportation	484	3,374	142	399	175	151	87	73	
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	669	31 0	69	35 0	17 2	17 0	19 0	
Pipeline transportation Scenic and sightseeing transportation	486 487	39	1	3	4	1	1	1	
Support activities for transportation	488	733	50	56	30	31	35	13	
Postal service	491	46	3	2	1	1 8	3	0	
Couriers and messengers Warehousing and storage	492 493	439 170	21 6	40 12	33 3	8	14 2	1	
Information and cultural industries	51	1,043	78	35	62	20	23	24	
Publishing industries (except internet)	511	296 362	25 23	9 7	20 24	4	6 3	6	
Motion picture and sound recording industries Broadcasting (except internet)	512 515	86	8	7	3	2	2	2	
Internet publishing and broadcasting	516	18	0	1	0	0	2	2	
Telecommunications	517	112	11	4	5	3	4	2	
Internet service providers, web search portals and data processing	518	106	6	5	8	4	4	2	
Other information services	519	63	5	2	2	3	2	4	
Finance and insurance	52	5,349	275	234	191	217	178	98	
Monetary authorities - central bank	521	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Credit intermediation and related activities Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial	522	820	32	33	30	29	30	22	
investment and related activities	523	3,624	188	164	136	152	116	56	
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	810	48	35	24	33	26	19	
Funds and other financial vehicles	526	95	. 7	2	1	3	6	1	
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	10,043	585	521	380	441	357	192	
Real estate	531	8,957	532	444	350	383	317	159	
Rental and leasing services Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except	532	1,051	52	77	30	57	40	31	
copyrighted works)	533	35	1	0	0	1	0	2	
Professional, scientific and technical services	54	12,249	771	576	588	513	359	198	
Professional, scientific and technical services	541	12,249	771	576	588	513	359	198	
Management of companies and enterprises	55	3,074	169	162	108	126	79	80	
Management of companies and enterprises	551	3,074	169	162	108	126	79	80	
Administrative and support, waste management and	F.0	F 400	200	045	225	400	450	420	
remediation services Administrative and support services	56 561	5,402 5,168	300 295	245 231	285 276	188 176	153 149	129 125	
Waste management and remediation services	562	234	5	14	9	12	4	4	
Educational services	61	1,227	69	53	32	48	45	25	
Educational services	611	1,227	69	53	32	48	45	25	
Health care and social assistance	62	6,244	400	357	195	262	212	174	
Ambulatory health care services	621	4,557	313	241	4 111	213	165	92	
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	74 552	2 29	6 49	1 23	2 11	2 18	4 39	
Social assistance	624	1,061	56	61	60	36	27	39	
Arts, entertainment and recreation	71	2,080	141	81	103	83	69	62	
Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries	711	800	55	26	52	28	17	16	
Heritage institutions	712	110	5	4	5	2	6	6	
Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	713	1,170	81	51	46	53	46	40	
Accommodation and food services	72	5,752	396	252	236	266	269	214	
Accommodation services Food services and drinking places	721 722	973 *4,779	84 312	51 201	16 220	27 239	61 208	28 186	
Other services (except Public administration) Repair and maintenance	81 811	9,455 4,195	543 229	551 321	430 208	425 181	395 168	344 159	
Personal and laundry services	812	2,451	146		139	107	111	88	
Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and simila	ır								
organizations Private households	813 814	2,808	168 0	107 0	83 0	137 0	116 0	97	
		1	0	0	- 0	0	0	- 0	

Table 9.18 - continued

Number of establishments, by industry (NAICS), selected census agglomerations, December 2005

	NAICS	AICS Selected census agglomerations						
	code	Total	Peterborough, Ontario	Prince George, British Columbia	St-Jean- sur-Richelieu, Quebec	Sarnia, Ontario	Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario	Shawinigan Quebec
_	code				number			
Public administration	91	445	8	14	7	4	12	6
Federal government public administration	911	64	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provincial and territorial public administration	912	212	0	0	2	0	0	2
Local, municipal and regional public administration	913	135	6	5	5	4	9	4
Aboriginal public administration	914	33	2	9	0	0	3	0
International and other extra-territorial public administration	919	1	0	0	0	0	0	(

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section. **Source(s):** Business Register Division.

Table 9.19
Population and dwelling counts, for census agglomerations, 2006 and 2001 censuses

		Total		
-	2006	2001	Percentage change	private dwellings, 2006
	number		percent	number
Alma, Quebec	32,603	32,930	-1	14,579
Amos, Quebec	17,918	18,302	-2.1	7,763
Baie-Comeau, Quebec	29,808	30,401	-2	13,391
Bathurst, New Brunswick	31,424	32,523	-3.4	14,341
Bay Roberts, Newfoundland and Labrador	10,507	10,531	-0.2	4,214
Belleville, Ontario	91,518	87,395	4.7	38,851
Brandon, Manitoba	48,256	46,273	4.3	21,377
Brockville, Ontario	39,668	39,049	1.6	17,086
Brooks, Alberta	22,452	21,685	3.5	8,611
Campbell River, British Columbia	36,461	35,036	4.1	15,799
Campbellton, New Brunswick	17,888	18,820	-5 5	8,034 6,962
Camrose, Alberta	15,620	14,870	11.6	6,575
Canmore, Alberta	12,039	10,792	-3.1	46,460
Cape Breton, Nova Scotia	105,928 26,049	109,330 24 ,260	7.4	10,267
Centre Wellington, Ontario	58,625	57,234	2.4	26,193
Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island	108,589	107,709	0.8	46,787
Chatham-Kent, Ontario Chilliwack, British Columbia	80,892	74.003	9.3	33,247
Cobourg, Ontario	18,210	17,172	6	7,57
Cold Lake, Alberta	11,991	11,520	4.1	4,834
Collingwood, Ontario	17,290	16,039	7.8	9,316
Corner Brook, Newfoundland and Labrador	26,623	26,153	1.8	11,118
Cornwall, Ontario	58,485	57,581	1.6	25,297
Courtenay, British Columbia	49,214	45,205	8.9	22.336
Cowansville, Quebec	12,666	12,558	0.9	5,657
Cranbrook, British Columbia	24,138	24,275	-0.6	10,424
Dawson Creek, British Columbia	10,994	10,754	2.2	4,833
Dolbeau-Mistassini, Quebec	14,546	14,879	-2.2	6,838
Drummondville, Quebec	78,108	72,778	7.3	35,490
Duncan, British Columbia	41,387	38,813	6.6	17,340
Edmundston, New Brunswick	21,442	22,173	-3.3	10,010
Elliot Lake, Ontario	11,549	11,956	-3.4	6,06
Estevan, Saskatchewan	11,135	11,297	-1.4	4,872
Fort St. John, British Columbia	25,136	23,007	9.3	10,082
Fredericton, New Brunswick	85,688	81,346	5.3	38,01
Granby, Quebec	68,352	63,069	8.4	30,63
Grand Falls-Windsor, New Brunswick	71,868	58,787	22.3	26,92
Grande Prairie, Alberta	13,558	13,340	1.6	5,56
Hawkesbury, Ontario	12,267	11,634	5.4	5,66
ngersoll, Ontario	11,760	10,977	7.1	4,670
Joliette, Quebec	43,595	39,720	9.8	19,824
Kamloops, British Columbia	92,882	88,951	4.4	41,08
Kawartha Lakes, Ontario	74,561	69,179	7.8	37,98
Kenora, Ontario	15,177	15,838	-4.2	6,84
Kentville, Nova Scotia	25,969	25,172	3.2	11,32
Kitimat, British Columbia	8,987	10,285	-12.6	4,25
achute, Quebec	11,832 15,293	11,628	1.8 -2.7	5,44
a Tuque, Quebec	49,741	15,725 46,757	6.4	7,47 18,31
eamington, Ontario	95,196	87,388	8.9	39,68
ethbridge, Alberta loydminster, Alberta	27,023	23,964	12.8	10,66
Matane, Quebec	16,438	16,597	-1	7,98
Medicine Hat, Alberta	68,822	61,735	11.5	29,50
Midland, Ontario	35,402	33,692	5.1	15,95
Moncton, New Brunswick	24,737	25,274	-2.1	10,70
Noose Jaw. Saskatchewan	33,360	33,519	-0.5	15,19
Vanaimo, British Columbia	92.361	85,664	7.8	40,53
lew Glasgow, Nova Scotia	36,288	36,735	-1.2	16,34
Vorfolk, Ontario	62,563	60,847	2.8	26,52
North Battleford, Saskatchewan	17,765	18,590	-4.4	7,71
North Bay, Ontario	63,424	62,303	1.8	27,79
Okotoks, Alberta	17,145	11,689	46.7	5,92
Orillia, Ontario	40,532	38,333	5.7	19,14
Owen Sound, Ontario	32,259	31,583	2.1	14,43
Parksville, British Columbia	26,518	24,285	9.2	12,85
Pembroke, Ontario	23,195	22,223	4.4	9,85
	43,313	41,564	4.2	20,510

Table 9.19 - continued

Population and dwelling counts, for census agglomerations, 2006 and 2001 censuses

		Total		
	2006	2001	Percentage change	private dwellings, 2006
	number		percent	number
Petawawa, Ontario	14,651	14,398	1.8	5,849
Port Alberni, British Columbia	20,494	20,617	-0.6	8,311
Port Hope and Hope, Ontario	25,297	25,299	0	11,850
Portage la Prairie, Manitoba	16,390	15,605	5	6,560
Powell River, British Columbia	16,537	16,604	-0.4	7,803
Prince Albert, Saskatchewan	40,766	41,460	-1.7	16,376
Prince George, British Columbia	83,225	85,035	-2.1	35,019
Prince Rupert, British Columbia	13,392	15,302	-12.5	6.201
Quesnel, British Columbia	22,449	24,426	-8.1	10,156
Red Deer, Alberta	82,772	67,829	22	33,894
Rimouski, Quebec	46,807	46,012	1.7	21,880
Rivière-du-Loup, Quebec	24,570	23,229	5.8	11,301
Rouyn-Noranda, Quebec	39,924	39,621	0.8	18.921
Saint-Georges, Quebec	31,364	29.759	5.4	14.313
Saint-Hyacinthe, Quebec	55,823	54,275	2.9	25.575
Saint-Jean-sur-Richelieu, Quebec	87,492	79.600	9.9	37,774
Salaberry-de-Valleyfield, Quebec	39.672	39.028	1.7	18.034
Salmon Arm. British Columbia	16,205	15,388	5.3	6.933
Sarnia. Ontario	88,793	88,331	0.5	38.730
Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario	80,098	78,908	1.5	35,877
Sept-Îles, Quebec	27,827	27,623	0.7	12,622
Shawinigan, Quebec	56,434	56,412	0	27,837
Sorel-Tracy, Quebec	48,295	47,802	_ 1	22,598
Squamish, British Columbia	15,256	14,435	5.7	6,123
Stratford, Ontario	30,461	29,780	2.3	13,316
Summerside, Prince Edward Island	16,153	16,200	-0.3	6,968
Swift Current, Saskatchewan	16,533	16,527	0	7,579
Temiskaming Shores, Ontario	12,904	12,927	-0.2	5,878
Terrace, British Columbia	18,581	19,980	-7	7,903
Thetford Mines, Quebec	26,107	26,721	-2.3	12,297
Thompson, Manitoba	13,593	13,261	2.5	5,208
Tillsonburg, Ontario	14,822	14,052	5.5	6,519
Timmins, Ontario	42,997	43,686	-1.6	18,642
Truro, Nova Scotia	45,077	44,276	1.8	20,314
Val-d'Or. Quebec	32,288	32,423	-0.4	14,326
Vernon, British Columbia	55,418	51,530	7.5	25,567
Victoriaville, Quebec	48,893	46.908	4.2	21,307
Wetaskiwin, Alberta	11.673	11,154	• 4.7	4,956
Whitehorse, Yukon Territory	22,898	21,405	7	10,250
Williams Lake, British Columbia	18,760	19.768	-5.1	7,971
	52,643	42.581	23.6	20.974
Wood Buffalo, Alberta			6.6	14,960
Woodstock, Ontario	35,480	33,269	13.1	7,159
Yellowknife, Northwest Territories	18,700	16,541		
Yorkton, Saskatchewan	17,438	17,554	-0.7	7,929

Source(s): 2006 and 2001 Censuses of Population (survey 3901).

Table 9.20 Motor vehicle theft by census metropolitan areas 1,9

	Actual incidents							
	2002	2003	2004	2005 ⁸	2006			
		number						
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	263	282	579	482	413			
Halifax, Nova Scotia	1,775	1,662	2,053	1,628	1,408			
Saint John, New Brunswick	271	342	196	151	161			
Saguenay, Quebec 2	401	509	500	427	416			
Québec, Quebec	1,385	2,074	1,915	1,868	2,015			
Sherbrooke, Quebec	1,063	977	772	574	656			
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	565	540	530	655	560			
Montréal, Quebec	24,577	24,253	23,524	23,774	23,943			
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec 3	775	962	875	794	851			
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec 3	4,900	4,423	3,664	3,565	3,740			
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec 3	4,125	3.461	2.789	2,771	2.889			
Kingston, Ontario	610	384	361	290	292			
Toronto, Ontario	17.492	19.515	16,980	16,441	15,958			
Hamilton, Ontario	4,919	5.050	3,733	4,046	3,533			
St.Catharines-Niagara, Ontario 4	1,762	1.761	1.531	1,474	1.343			
Kitchener, Ontario 5	2,288	1.966	2.203	1,698	1,424			
London, Ontario	3,056	2,697	2,849	2,576	3,034			
Windsor, Ontario	1,144	1,233	1,512	1,130	971			
Sudbury, Ontario	707	847	787	520	527			
Thunder Bay, Ontario	249	341	421	367	362			
Winnipeg, Manitoba 6	9,465	10,269	13.435	11.953	14.029			
Regina, Saskatchewan	2,855	2,681	2.720	2.170	2.021			
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	1,271	1.793	1,434	1.340	1,423			
Calgary, Alberta	5,408	5,653	4,837	4.604	6.771			
Edmonton, Alberta	7.688	9,453	10.221	10.648	11.399			
Abbotsford, British Columbia	2,193	2,493	2.437	2.378	1,905			
Vancouver, British Columbia 7	24,923	26,540	24,390	21,279	16,248			
Victoria, British Columbia	902	1,005	1,120	876	1.286			

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (survey 3302) and CANSIM table 252-0013.

Table 9.21
Break and enter by census metropolitan areas 1,9

	Actual incidents						
-	2002	2003	2004	2005 ⁸	2006		
_			number				
St. John's, Newfoundland and							
Labrador Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	1,487	1,521	2,055	1,973	1,830		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	391 975	405 982	619 1,262	724 1,083	529 1,151		
Halifax, Nova Scotia Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	3,180	3,397	3,648	3,492	2,93		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	845 1,944	1,196 1,749	1,345 1,729	1,192 1,775	97 ⁻ 1,506		
Saint John, New Brunswick Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	, 1,023	1,157	986	581	630		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	213 717	231 881	224 710	180 376	177 440		
Saguenay, Quebec ² Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	1,135	936	817	671	72		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	370 759	302 536	202 495	211 361	25 ⁴ 36 ⁴		
Québec, Quebec fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	6,073	5,862	5,433	5,661	5,329		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	1,685 4,057	1,409 4,285	1,394 3,865	1,344 4,185	1,24 3,95		
Sherbrooke, Quebec Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	1,728	1,611	1,260	1,171	1,180		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	379 1,345	353 1,107	319 828	386 681	378 709		
rois-Rivières, Quebec otal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	1,286	1,196	1,011	997	1,12		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	336 938	268 815	339 578	328 556	31 ² 688		
Montréal, Quebec Total, breaking and entering	35,290	33,240	31,956	32,864	33,420		
Breaking and entering, business premises Breaking and entering, residence	11,039 24,118	10,017 21,708	10,332 19,968	10,209 21,132	9,64° 22,102		
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec ³	0.500	9.000	2.640	2.740	2.20		
otal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business premises	2,590 541	2,938 707	2,618 531	2,719 601	2,30 3		
Breaking and entering, residence	1,871	1,998	1,853	1,949	1,624		
ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec ³ otal, breaking and entering reaking and entering, business	7,936	8,674	7,668	8,236	7,169		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	2,260 5,225	2,913 5,175	2,336 4,778	2,452 5,304	2,204 4,549		
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec ³ Total, breaking and entering	5,346	5,736	5,050	5,517	4,86		
Breaking and entering, business premises	1,719	2,206	1,805	1,851 3,355	1,71: 2,92:		
Breaking and entering, residence	3,354	3,177	2,925	3,300	2,92		

Table 9.21 – continued

Break and enter by census metropolitan areas 1,9

_	Actual incidents						
	2002	2003	2004	2005 8	2006		
_			number				
Kingston, Ontario Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	867	1,085	999	988	904		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	182 652	205 813	238 704	204 722	242 593		
Toronto, Ontario Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	27,742	27,375	23,330	21,432	21,870		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	10,241 16,424	11,071 15,115	8,951 12,546	7,476 13,094	8,132 13,116		
Hamilton, Ontario Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	5,655	5,557	4,700	4,814	4,643		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	929 3,223	1,056 2,951	859 2,268	960 2,657	1,618 2,814		
St.Catharines-Niagara, Ontario ⁴ Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	3,930	3,889	3,180	3,174	3,380		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	1,219 2,109	1,257 2,018	1,138 1,683	918 1,887	1,087 1,905		
Kitchener, Ontario ⁵ Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	3,663	3,403	3,571	3,559	2,786		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	1,330 1,921	1,206 1,956	1,440 1,978	1,366 2,004	1,107 1,593		
London, Ontario Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	4,168	4,083	3,414	3,431	3,774		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	1,074 2,949	1,267 2,659	1,000 2,271	1,131 2,167	1,221 2,393		
Windsor, Ontario Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	2,061	2,373	3,055	2,325	2,480		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	622 1,375	746 1,538	1,008 1,965	663 1,572	702 1,678		
Sudbury, Ontario Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	1,535	1,594	1,370	1,293	1,295		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	438 791	464 807	364 727	386 671	358 732		
Thunder Bay, Ontario Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	1,011	1,248	1,122	1,089	1,072		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	197 592	270 748	289 602	297 598	294 577		
Vinnipeg, Manitoba ⁶ Total, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	7,120	8,011	7,814	7,481	7,733		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	1,510 4,363	1,887 4,767	1,866 4,652	1,826 4,246	1,988 4,171		
Regina, Saskatchewan Fotal, breaking and entering Breaking and entering, business	3,658	4,097	4,251	3,528	2,980		
premises Breaking and entering, residence	858 2,204	1,053 2,347	1,121 2,340	857 1,983	674 1,676		

Table 9.21 - continued Break and enter by census metropolitan areas 1,9

	Actual incidents						
	2002	2003	2004	2005 ⁸	2006		
			number				
askatoon, Saskatchewan							
otal, breaking and entering reaking and entering, business	3,938	4,931	4,369	3,697	2,855		
premises	776	1,078	878	717	670		
reaking and entering, residence	2,385	3,108	2,704	2,256	1,708		
algary, Alberta							
otal, breaking and entering reaking and entering, business	7,882	8,657	8,652	8,137	7,592		
premises	3,358	3,199	4,019	3,741	3,486		
reaking and entering, residence	3,689	4,637	3,769	3,533	3,449		
dmonton, Alberta							
otal, breaking and entering reaking and entering, business	9,496	10,115	11,335	10,553	9,030		
premises	3,763	3,920	3,714	3,351	3,092		
reaking and entering, residence	4,061	4,281	4,795	4,753	5,031		
bbotsford, British Columbia							
otal, breaking and entering reaking and entering, business	2,099	2,106	2,218	1,881	1,929		
premises	549	689	706	750	84		
reaking and entering, residence	996	922	1,003	769	86		
ancouver, British Columbia ⁷							
otal, breaking and entering reaking and entering, business	27,453	29,276	28,881	25,717	24,454		
premises	8,237	9,672	10,326	9,388	9,243		
reaking and entering, residence	13,265	13,934	13,006	11,326	11,386		
ctoria, British Columbia							
otal, breaking and entering eaking and entering, business	2,297	2,474	3,094	2,701	3,073		
premises	497	537	850	834	1,179		
reaking and entering, residence	1,333	1,285	1,864	1,609	1,61		

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (survey 3302) and CANSIM table 252-0013.

Table 9.22
Break and enter (rates by 100,000 population) by census metropolitan areas 1,9

		Trate per	100,000 population		
	2002	2003	2004	2005 8	200
			number		
John's, Newfoundland and Labrador					
tal, breaking and entering	848	859	1,146	1,096	1,01
eaking and entering, business premises	223	229	345	402	29
eaking and entering, residence	556	554	704	601	63
lifax, Nova Scotia					
tal, breaking and entering	851	901	960	918	76
eaking and entering, business premises	226	317	354 455	313 466	25 39
eaking and entering, residence	520	464	455	400	38
int John, New Brunswick tal, breaking and entering	702	799	679	571	63
eaking and entering, business premises	146	159	154	177	17
eaking and entering, residence	492	608	489	369	44
guenay, Quebec ²					
tal, breaking and entering	759	632	552	457	49
eaking and entering, business premises	248	204	136	144	17
eaking and entering, residence	508	362	334	246	25
rébec, Quebec	861	827	760	787	73
tal, breaking and entering eaking and entering, business premises	239	199	195	187	1
eaking and entering, business premises	575	604	540	582	5-
erbrooke, Quebec					
tal, breaking and entering	1,201	1,107	858	789	7:
eaking and entering, business premises	263	243	217	260	2
eaking and entering, residence	935	761	564	459	4
ois-Rivières, Quebec	000	000	000	000	-
tal, breaking and entering	893 233	830 186	698 234	686 226	7 2
eaking and entering, business premises eaking and entering, residence	651	565	399	383	4
ontréal, Quebec					
tal, breaking and entering	993	922	880	894	9
eaking and entering, business premises	311	278	284	278	2
eaking and entering, residence	678	602	550	575	5
tawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec 3	0.00	4.004		0.44	
tal, breaking and entering	953	1,061	930	941	7 1
eaking and entering, business premises	199 688	255 722	189 658	208 675	5
eaking and entering, residence	000	1 2.2	030	075	J
tawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec ³ tal, breaking and entering	701	757	663	704	6
eaking and entering, business premises	200	254	202	210	1
eaking and entering, residence	462	452	413	453	3
tawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec ³					
tal, breaking and entering	622	660	577	626	5
eaking and entering, business premises	200 390	254 366	206 334	210 381	1
eaking and entering, residence	390	300	334	301	3
ngston, Ontario Ital, breaking and entering	568	705	647	641	5
eaking and entering, business premises	119	133	154	132	1
eaking and entering, residence	427	528	456	468	3
ronto, Ontario					
tal, breaking and entering	552	534	447	403	4
eaking and entering, business premises	204	216	171	141	1
eaking and entering, residence	327	295	240	246	2
milton, Ontario	836	812	600	691	6
		817	680	697	(6
tal, breaking and entering eaking and entering, business premises	137	154	124	138	2

Table 9.22 - continued Break and enter (rates by 100,000 population) by census metropolitan areas 1,9

	Rate per 100,000 population					
	2002	2003	2004	2005 8	200	
			number			
t.Catharines-Niagara, Ontario 4						
otal, breaking and entering	917	903	735	731	77	
reaking and entering, business premises	284	292	263	211	25	
reaking and entering, residence	492	469	389	435	43	
itchener, Ontario ⁵						
otal, breaking and entering	789	724	747	734	56	
reaking and entering, business premises	287	256	301	282	22	
reaking and entering, residence	414	416	414	413	32	
ondon, Ontario						
otal, breaking and entering	904	879	729	728	79	
eaking and entering, business premises	233	273	214	240	25	
eaking and entering, residence	640	573	485	460	50	
ndsor, Ontario						
otal, breaking and entering	633	721	921	699	74	
eaking and entering, business premises	191	227	304	199	21	
eaking and entering, residence	422	467	593	472	50	
dbury, Ontario						
tal, breaking and entering	955	990	850	800	80	
eaking and entering, business premises	273	288	226	239	22	
eaking and entering, residence	492	501	451	415	45	
under Bay, Ontario						
tal, breaking and entering	806	996	898	877	87	
eaking and entering, business premises eaking and entering, residence	157 472	21 5 597	231 482	239 482	23 46	
	716	007	702	102	-10	
nnipeg, Manitoba ⁶ tal, breaking and entering	1,042	1,162	1,125	1,074	1,06	
eaking and entering, business premises	221	274	269	262	27	
eaking and entering, residence	638	691	670	610	57	
egina, Saskatchewan						
tal, breaking and entering	1,849	2,050	2,119	1,759	1,48	
eaking and entering, business premises	434	527	559	427	33	
eaking and entering, residence	1,114	1,174	1,166	989	83	
skatoon, Saskatchewan						
tal, breaking and entering	1,648	2,041	1,796	1,516	1,16	
eaking and entering, business premises	325	446	361	294	27	
eaking and entering, residence	998	1,287	1,111	925	69	
Igary, Alberta						
tal, breaking and entering	783	839	824	761	68	
eaking and entering, business premises	333	310	383	350	3′	
paking and entering, residence	366	450	359	330	3.	
monton, Alberta		4.612	4 400	4.000	-	
tal, breaking and entering	960	1,012	1,120	1,022	85	
eaking and entering, business premises	380 410	392 428	367 474	325 461	29 47	
eaking and entering, residence	410	-920	717	701	7,	
botsford, British Columbia	4 254	1,306	1,373	1,150	1,10	
tal, breaking and entering eaking and entering, business premises	1,354 354	427	437	459	5	
eaking and entering, business premises eaking and entering, residence	643	572	621	470	52	
0.						
ncouver, British Columbia ⁷ tal, breaking and entering	1,306	1,384	1,354	1,191	1,12	
eaking and entering, business premises	392	457	484	435	42	
eaking and entering, residence	631	659	610	524	52	
toria, British Columbia						
tal, breaking and entering	730	749	931	803	90	
eaking and entering, business premises	158	163	256	248	34	
eaking and entering, residence	424	389	561	478	47	

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Source(s): Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Uniform Crime Reporting Survey (survey 3302) and CANSIM table 252-0013.

Section 10

Projections

10.1 Projection of population trends in Canada, 2006-2056

In order to determine the future trends in demographic changes in Canada, Statistics Canada estimates six sets of population growth scenarios for Canada, the provinces and territories. These scenarios take into account current demographic trends with respect to the components of population growth like fertility, migration and mortality.

For each component of population growth, one or more assumptions were made regarding how that component would evolve in the future. These assumptions, when combined, form a number of projection scenarios. In all, there are three assumptions each on fertility, mortality and immigration and four assumptions on inter-provincial migration; in combination, these assumptions generate 108 scenarios on the future course of population change. In this document. only four scenarios will be looked at. 1. growth. 2. Medium growth which includes recent migration trends, projection 3: Medium-growth which includes medium migration trends, and projection 6: High growth. For more in-depth analysis of each growth scenario's inputs, please consult Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories, catalogue no. 91-520-X. The evolution of the working age population and population dependency ratios will be examined with respect to these projections.

10.2 The working age population

A low birth rate and aging of the population, which will accelerate in the years ahead, present many challenges for Canada. One of the most significant and pressing challenges involves the labour force. With the aging of the boomer generation, the absolute number as well as the proportion of older workers in the work force has risen sharply in recent years.

In 2006, there were 22.6 million (70% of total population) people aged 15 to 64 years (chart 10.1). Since people in this population group represent the source of labour supply, the number of people in this age range is important. Various population projection scenarios have different projections about the direction of the growth of this sub population group.

According to the low-growth scenario, the working age population would increase and peak at 23.7 million in 2017. The number of people in this group will then decline and reach 21.1 million in 2056, a lower figure than in 2006 (table 10.1-1). The medium-growth scenarios postulates that this sub population group would increase gradually and reach 24.2 million in 2021 before slightly declining between 2022 and 2029 as the largest baby-boom cohorts (individuals born around 1960) exit this group. The working population would begin to grow again, and reach a peak of 25.2 million in 2054 (tables 10.1-2 and 10.1-3).

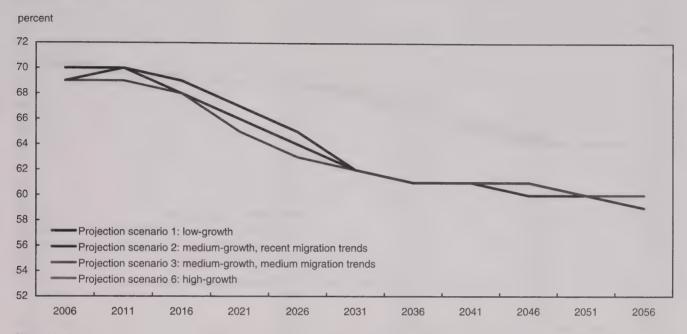
Similarly, in the high-growth scenario (6), the working age population increases steadily throughout the projection period but the impact of the exit of the baby-boom cohorts will temper its growth and the total number of people in the working age population will reach a maximum of 29.6 million in 2056 (table 10.1-4).

In all the projection scenarios, the proportion represented by the working age population would gradually decline during the 2010s and 2020s, amounting to approximately 62% of the total population by the early 2030s (tables 10.1-1, 10.1-2, 10.1-3, 10.1-4 and chart 10.2). It would then stabilize at a level close to 60%. The lack of differences from one scenario to another may be explained by the combination of fertility and immigration assumptions that evolve in the same direction. Scenario 1, for example, combines low fertility (which has the effect of reducing the number of children) with low immigration (which mainly limits the number of persons aged 15 to 64 years).

Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories, Statistics Canada Catalogue no 91-520-X.

Chart 10.1

The Working Age population (those aged 15-64 years) as a proportion of total population, Canada, selected years between 2006 to 2056



Source(s): Statistics Canada. Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and territories. Catalogue no. 91-520-X.

10.3 A rising demographic dependency ratio

Demographic dependency ratio is the ratio of the population outside the working-age population, i.e. persons under 15 or 65 years and over, to the working-age population (15 to 64 years).

In all the population projection scenarios, the number of children aged 0 to 14 years and elderly persons aged 65 years and over would increase more rapidly than the population of people 15-64, between 2011 and 2031 (table 10.2). This is primarily the result of lower fertility rate in Canada and population aging. There were approximately 44 children and elderly people per 100 working age persons in 2006; all of the population projection scenarios project that this ratio would be approximately 61 per 100 in 2031 and about 69 per 100 in 2056 (table 10.2).

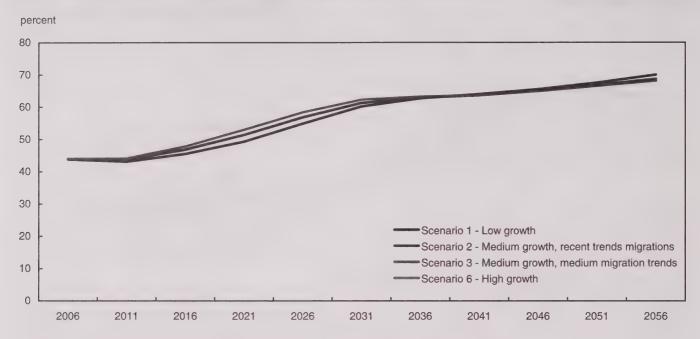
10.4 Federal budgetary projections and debt

Federal budgetary revenues are expected to increase to \$243.5 billion for the 2008-2009 fiscal year. This

represents a +\$6.8 billion (+2.9%) increase over the projected revenues in the previous fiscal year and is a \$21.3 billion (+9.6%) increase over figures recorded for the 2005 to 2006 fiscal year (table 10.4).

Similarly, total expenses are expected to increase at almost the same rate, from a projected \$233.4 billion in 2007/2008 to \$240.5 billion (+3.0%) in the 2008/2009 fiscal year. This growth rate is less than half the +6.7% rise in total expenditures recorded from 2005/2006 fiscal year to 2006/2007 fiscal year. The figures for 2008-2009 represent a +15.1% increase over the figures from the 2005 to 2006 fiscal year (\$209 billion) (table 10.4). It is projected that in the fiscal year (2008-2009) the budget surplus of \$3 billion will be directed towards reducing the federal debt. This is expected to lower the country's debt-to-GDP ratio to 29.7%, down from 31.4% in the 2007 to 2008 fiscal year and 35.1% in 2005 to 2006 year (table 10.4).

Chart 10.2 Projected demographic dependency ratio using population projection scenarios 1, 2, 3, and 6, 2006 to 2056



Source(s): Statistics Canada. Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and territories. Catalogue no. 91-520-X.

Table 10.1-1
Population Projections for the Working Age Population, Canada, 2006-2056 — Projection scenario 1: low-growth

	All ages	1	5 to 64 years	
	Both sexes	Both sexes	Males	Females
		'000		
Years				
2006	32,531.3	22,615.3	11,357.8	11,257.6
2007	32,775.0	22,840.2	11,468.0	11,372.2
2008	33,002.7	23,030.7	11,561.4	11,469.4
2009	33,214.7	23,199.5	11,645.0	11,554.6
2010	33,411.0	23,353.6	11,721.1	11,632.4
2011	33,590.5	23,472.3	11,779.4	11,692.9
2012	33,765.5	23,525.1	11,806.2	11,719.0
2013	33,935.9	23,567.5	11,827.1	11,740.5
2014	34,101.6	23,604.8	11,846.3	11,758.6
015 016	34,262.5	23,636.2	11,862.6	11,773.7
2017	34,418.6	23,650.2	11,870.4	11,779.7
2018	34,569.9 34,718.9	23,652.7	11,872.8	11,779.8
2019	34,716.9	23,645.2 23,624.7	11,870.7	11,774.5
2020	35,009.0	23,524.7	11,862.3 11.846.5	11,762.4 11,743.6
021	35,149.6	23,537.2	11,821.6	11,745.6
022	35,286.5	23,469.3	11,789.1	11,680.4
023	35,419.3	23,391.0	11,750.5	11,640.4
024	35.547.3	23,307.4	11,710.1	11.597.3
025	35,670,0	23,211.6	11,663.0	11.548.7
026	35,786,7	23.108.8	11.612.1	11,496.8
2027	35,896.8	23,009.0	11,562.1	11,446.9
028	35,999.7	22,898.9	11.506.6	11.392.2
2029	36.095.1	22.792.9	11,453.7	11.339.2
030	36.182.3	22.701.9	11.408.4	11,293.7
031	36,261.2	22.641.0	11,378.0	11,263.3
032	36,330.8	22,600.6	11,357.9	11,242.7
033	36,391.1	22,565.9	11,340.7	11,225.2
2034	36.442.1	22,528.9	11,322.1	11,206.8
035	36,483.9	22,486.8	11,300.6	11,186.1
036	36,516.6	22,443.7	11,279.2	11,165.0
037	36,540.4	22,414.3	11,263.5	11,150.8
038	36,555.4	22,389.4	11,250.8	11,138.6
2039	36,562.1	22,364.4	11,238.4	11,126.1
2040	36,560.8	22,328.5	11,220.1	11,108.4
041	36,551.9	22,288.6	11,199.7	11,088.9
2042	36,535.9	22,244.8	11,178.1	11,066.6
1043	36,513.4	22,198.9	11,155.2	11,043.6
:044	36,484.8	22,143.1	11,128.1	11,015.0
1045	36,450.8	22,075.6	11,094.7	10,980.8
046	36,411.7	22,003.0	11,059.1	10,943.8
2047	36,368.4	21,930.4	11,023.4	10,907.2
048	36,321.2	21,852.6	10,984.4	10,868.2
049	36,270.9	21,769.0	10,942.3	10,826.8
2050	36,218.0	21,681.0	10,897.7	10,783.5 10,739.4
2051	36,163.2	21,592.5	10,853.1	10,739.2
2052	36,107.0	21,508.7	10,811.6	10,697.1
053	36,049.9	21,425.6	10,770.3	10,607.9
054	35,992.4	21,330.3	10,722.1 10,667.0	10,552.6
2055	35,934.8	21,219.5	10,610.6	10,352.0
2056	35,877.5	21,107.3	10,010.0	10,497.1

Table 10.1-2
Population Projections for the Working Age Population, Canada, 2006-2056 — Projection scenario 2: medium-growth, recent migration trends

	All ages	15 to 64 years				
	Both	Both	Males	Females		
	sexes	sexes				
		'000				
Years		00.047.0	44.050.0	44.050.0		
2006	32,547.2	22,617.0	11,359.0	11,258.3		
2007	32,821.7	22,851.6	11,474.1	11,377.5		
2008	33,095.2	23,059.9	11,576.4	11,483.5		
2009	33,367.9	23,254.7	11,672.8	11,581.8		
2010	33,640.1	23,443.2	11,765.8	11,677.2		
2011	33,910.7	23,604.9	11,845.5	11,759.3		
2012	34,182.1	23,701.9	11,894.1	11,807.8		
2013	34,454.0	23,789.9	11,937.4	11,852.3		
2014	34,726.1	23,873.7	11,979.8	11,894.2		
2015	34,998.3	23,953.2	12,019.7	11,933.6		
2016	35,270.2	24,016.8	12,052.1	11,964.7		
2017	35,541.6	24,069.9	12,079.2	11,990.6		
2018	35,812.3	24,114.5	12,103.1	12,011.8		
2019	36,081.7	24,147.6	12,121.0	12,026.4		
2020	36,349.6	24,167.5	12,132.2	12,035.4		
2021	36,615.3	24,181.3	12,140.5	12,040.9		
2022	36,878.4	24,184.9	12,143.4	12,041.4		
2023	37,138.4	24,182.6	12,142.6	12,039.9		
2024	37,394.5	24,180.1	12,142.7	12,037.4		
2025	37,646.4	24,170.1	12,138.2	12,031.9		
2026	37,893.5	24,157.6	12,132.3	12,025.3		
2027	38,135.3	24,152.9	12,129.6	12,023.4		
2028	38,371.6	24,142.3	12,123.4	12,018.5		
2029	38,602.2	24,139.7	12,121.9	12,017.7		
2030	38,826.8	24,156.4	12,130.5	12,026.0		
2031	39,045.3	24,206.6	12,155.5	12,051.2		
2032	39,255.8	24,280.2	12,192.2	12,088.0		
2033	39,458.4	24,358.5	12,231.6	12,127.2		
2034	39,653.3	24,434.0	12,269.1	12,165.3		
2035	39,840.6	24,503.5	12,303.0	12,200.5		
2036	40,020.5	24,570.5	12,336.0	12,234.6		
2037	40,193.4	24,649.6	12,374.7	12,274.9		
2038	40,359.4	24,731.6	12,415.1	12,316.6		
2039	40,518.9	24,812.5	12,455.2	12,357.5		
2040	40,672,2	24,879.9	12,488.3	12,391.7		
2041	40,819.7	24,941.8	12,518.6	12,423.6		
2042	40,961.7	24,998.2	12,546.7	12,451.6		
2043	41,098.6	25,051.3	12,573.1	12,478.5		
2044	41,230.8	25,093,0	12,594.1	12,498.8		
2045	41.358.5	25,122.2	12.609.0	12.513.2		
2046	41,482.0	25,145.5	12,621.2	12,524.1		
2047	41.601.8	25,168.6	12,633.0	12,535.6		
2048	41,718.1	25,186.6	12,641.9	12,544.6		
2049	41,831.3	25,199.0	12,647.8	12,551.0		
2050	41,941.8	25,207.8	12.651.9	12,555.7		
2051	42,049.9	25,207.8	12,656.8	12,560.0		
2052	42,156.1	25,231.7	12,665.1	12,566.8		
2052	42,156.1	25,248.7	12,674.3	12,574.4		
2054	42,364.2	25,254.2	12,677.6	12,576.6		
	42,364.2 42,466.7	25,254.2 25,245.9	12,673.9	12,570.0		
2055 2056			12,670.0	12,567.3		
2000	42,568.7	25,237.4	12,070.0	12,307.3		

Table 10.1-3
Population Projections for the Working Age Population, Canada, 2006-2056 — Projection scenario 3: medium-growth, medium migration trends

	All ages	1	5 to 64 years	
	Both	Both	Males	Females
	sexes	sexes		
		'000		
'ears				
2006	32,547.2	22,617.0	11,359.0	11,258.3
007	32,821.6	22,851.6	11,474.1	11,377.5
8008	33,095.0	23,059.9	11,576.4	11,483.5
2009	33,367.5	23,254.7	11,672.7	11,581.9
010	33,639.4	23,443.3	11,765.8	11,677.
011	33,909.7	23,605.1	11,845.5	11,759.3
012	34,180.7	23,701.8	11,894.1	11,807.9
013	34,452.1	23,790.0	11,937.3	11,852.5
014	34,723.8	23,874.1	11,979.5	11,894.2
015	34,995.4	23,953.3	12,019.7	11,933.8
016	35,266.8	24,016.6	12,051.9	11,964.9
017	35,537.6	24,069.9	12,079.3	11,990.
.018	35,807.6	24,114.5	12,102.7	12,011.8
019	36,076.4	24,147.6	12,121.0	12,026.7
020	36,343.5	24,167.4	12,132.0	12,035.2
.021	36,608.5	24,181.2	12,140.1	12,041.0
022	36,870.9	24,184.4	12,143.0	12,041.
023	37,130.1	24,182.2	12,142.1	12,039.8
024	37,385.4	24,179.1	12,141.9	12,037.3
025	37,636.4	24,168.8	12,137.1	12,031.8
026	37,882.7	24,155.9	12,131.1	12,025.0
2027	38,123.6	24,150.7	12,128.0	12,022.7
.028	38,359.0	24,139.3	12,121.6	12,017.7
029	38,588.5	24,136,2	12,119.8	12,016.4
2030	38,812.1	24,152.1	12,127.7	12,024.5
031	39.029.4	24,201.8	12,152.2	12,049.4
032	39,238.8	24,274.3	12,188.8	12,085.7
2033	39,440.2	24,351.8	12,227.3	12,124.5
2034	39.633.9	24,426.5	12,264.4	12,162.1
035	39,819.9	24,494.9	12,298.0	12,196.9
2036	39,998.5	24,560.9	12,330.5	12,230.4
2037	40,170.0	24.639.0	12.368.6	12,270.
038	40,334.6	24,720.3	12,408.4	12,312.0
039	40,492.6	24.799.9	12,448.1	12,352.0
040	40,644.4	24,866.4	12,480.5	12.385.8
041	40.790.3	24,927.4	12,510.0	12,417.
042	40,930.7	24,982.5	12.537.7	12.444.8
2043	41,066.0	25,034.4	12,563.5	12,470.9
044	41.196.4	25,074.7	12,583.9	12,491.
045	41.322.4	25,102.8	12,598.0	12,504.
046	41.444.1	25,125.0	12,609.8	12,515.
047	41,562.1	25,146.7	12,620.9	12,526.
048	41,676.5	25,163.6	12,629.2	12,534.3
.048 .049	41,787.8	25,174.4	12,634.7	12,539.
	41,767.8	25,174.4	12.637.8	12.544.2
2050	42.002.5	25,189.7	12,641.9	12.547.8
2051	42,002.5 42,106.7	25,203.0	12,649.5	12,553.6
2052	42,106.7	25,203.0	12,657.8	12,560.
2053		25,222.5	12,660.4	12,562.2
2054	42,310.6	25,222.5	12,656.1	12,556.
2055	42,411.0	25,202.3	12,651.1	12,551.3
2056	42,510.9	25,202.5	12,001.1	12,001.2

Table 10.1-4
Population Projections for the Working Age Population, Canada, 2006-2056 — Projection scenario 6: high-growth

	All	15 to 64 years			
	ages				
	Both sexes	Both sexes	Males	Females	
	Sexes	-			
	'000				
Years		00.040.0	44.050.0	44.050.7	
2006	32,559.9	22,618.6	11,359.9	11,258.7 11.382.9	
2007	32,860.6	22,862.8 23,088.7	11,479.9 11,591.1	11,497.4	
2008	33,174.1 33,500.9	23,309.2	11,700.5	11,608.9	
2009 2010	33,841.5	23,532.5	11,810.7	11,721.8	
2010	34,195.4	23,737.5	11,911.5	11,825.9	
2012	34,555.2	23,879.0	11,981.7	11.897.1	
2012	34,921.0	24,012.8	12,047.9	11,964.9	
2013	35,292.4	24,144.6	12,113.7	12.031.0	
2015	35,669.3	24,273.1	12,177.8	12,095.4	
2016	36,051.6	24,387.1	12,234.9	12,152.1	
2017	36,439.0	24,492.6	12,288.3	12,204.5	
2018	36,827.7	24,591.4	12,338.4	12,252.8	
2019	37,217.2	24,680.2	12,383.9	12,296.2	
2020	37,607.2	24,757.2	12,423.3	12,334.1	
2021	37,997.2	24,837.1	12,464.3	12,372.9	
2022	38,386.7	24,910.7	12,501.7	12,409.0	
2023	38,775.3	24,982.9	12,538.0	12,444.9	
2024	39,162.4	25,058.7	12,576.8	12,481.9	
2025	39,547.9	25,131.6	12,613.0	12,518.5	
2026	39,931.3	25,206.3	12,650.6	12,556.0	
2027	40,312.4	25,293.7	12,693.6	12,600.5	
2028	40,690.9	25,379.7	12,735.2	12,644.3	
2029	41,066.9	25,478.7	12,784.0	12,694.7	
2030	41,440.2	25,601.6	12,845.0	12,756.6	
2031	41,810.8	25,763.4	12,925.4	12,838.0	
2032	42,175.2	25,951.2	13,019.1	12,932.2	
2033	42,533.6	26,144.0	13,115.0	13,029.3	
2034	42,886.2	26,333.6	13,209.3	13,124.6	
2035	43,233.2	26,516.3	13,299.4	13,216.9	
2036	43,574.9	26,695.9	13,388.3	13,307.7	
2037	43,911.5	26,887.2	13,482.6	13,404.7	
2038	44,243.4	27,080.7	13,577.9	13,502.7	
2039	44,570.6	27,271.8	13,672.8	13,599.0	
2040	44,893.7	27,449.0	13,760.2	13,688.8	
2041	45,212.7	27,619.9	13,844.4	13,775.6	
2042	45,527.9	27,784.6	13,926.0	13,858.5	
2043	45,839.7	27,945.1	14,005.8	13,939.4	
2044	46,148.1	28,093.7	14,080.2	14,013.8 14,082.0	
2045	46,453.3	28,229.5	14,147.6	14,062.0	
2046	46,755.6	28,359.1 28,488.6	14,212.9 14,277.6	14,140.4	
2047	47,054.9 47,351.6	28,613.4	14,339.9	14,273.3	
2048	47,331.6	28,732.6	14,399.4	14,332.9	
2049 2050	47,945.8	28,849.4	14,457.8	14,332.9	
2050	47,937.8	28,967.2	14,457.6	14,449.8	
2052	48,227.7 48,516.0	29,092.0	14,580.8	14,449.0	
	48,802.9	29,220.0	14,646.2	14,511.1	
2053	49,088.8	29,337.8	14,706.4	14,631.6	
2054	49,088.8	29,337.8	14,760.1	14,682.7	
2055 2056	49,373.9	29,548.6	14,760.1	14,734.5	
2000	49,000.7	29,040.0	14,010.0	14,734.5	

Table 10.2 Dependency ratio ¹ for Canada, 2006 to 2056

	Projection scenario 1:	Projection scenario 2:	Projection scenario 3:	Projection scenario 6:		
	low-growth	medium-growth, recent migration trends	medium-growth, medium migration trends	high-growth		
	ratio %					
Years						
2006	43.8	43.9	43.9	44.0		
2007	43.5	43.6	43.6	43.7		
2008 2009	43.3 43.2	43.5 43.5	43.5 43.5	43.7 43.7		
2009	43.2	43.5	43.5	43.8		
2011	43.1	43.7	43.7	44.1		
2012	43.5	44.2	44.2	44.7		
2013	44.0	44.8	44.8	45.4		
2014	44.5	45.5	45.4	46.2		
2015	45.0	46.1	46.1	46.9		
2016	45.5	46.9	46.8	47.8		
2017	46.2	47.7	47.6	48.8		
2018	46.8	48.5	48.5	49.8		
2019	47.6	49.4	49.4	50.8		
2020	48.4	50.4	50.4	51.9		
2021	49.3	51.4	51.4	53.0		
2022	50.4	52.5	52.5	54.1		
2023	51.4	53.6	53.5	55.2		
2024	52.5	54.6	54.6	56.3		
2025	53.7	55.8	55.7	57.4		
2026	54.9	56.9	56.8	58.4		
2027	56.0	57.9	57.9	59.4		
2028	57.2	58.9	58.9	60.3		
2029	58.4	59.9	59.9	61.2		
2030	59.4	60.7	60.7	61.9		
2031	60.2	61.3	61.3	62.3 62.5		
2032	60.8	61.7	61.6 62.0	62.7		
2033	61.3	62.0 62.3	62.3	62.9		
2034	61.8	62.6	62.6	63.0		
2035	62.2 62.7	62.9	62.9	63.2		
2036	63.0	63.1	63.0	63.3		
2037 2038	63.3	63.2	63.2	63.4		
2039	63.5	63.3	63.3	63.4		
2039	63.7	63.5	63.5	63.6		
2040	64.0	63.7	63.6	63.7		
2042	64.2	63.9	63.8	63.9		
2043	64.5	64.1	64.0	64.0		
2044	64.8	64.3	64.3	64.3		
2045	65.1	64.6	64.6	64.6		
2046	65.5	65.0	65.0	64.9		
2047	65.8	65.3	65.3	65.2		
2048	66.2	65.6	65.6	65.5		
2049	66.6	66.0	66.0	65.8		
2050	67.0	66.4	66.4	66.2		
2051	67.5	66.8	66.7	66.5		
2052	67.9	67.1	67.1	66.8		
2053	68.3	67.4	67.4	67.0		
2054	68.7	67.8	67.7	67.3		
2055	69.3	68.2	68.2	67.7 68.1		
2056	70.0	68.7	68.7	08.1		

Number of persons aged less than 15 and persons aged 65 years and over to the number of persons aged 15 to 64 years.
 Source(s): Demography Division. 2005. Population Projections for Canada, provinces and territories 2005-2031, Statistics Canada catalogue no. 91-520.

Table 10.3 Average of private sector economic forecasts

	2006 ^r	2007 ^r	2008 ^r
	percent		
Gross domestic product growth Nominal gross domestic product Real gross domestic product	4.9 2.7	3.9 2.3	5.0 2.9
Inflation Gross domestic product	2.2	1.5	2.0
Interest rates 3-month Treasury bill rate 10-year government bond rate	4.0 4.2	4.2 4.1	4.2 4.5

Source(s): Department of Finance Canada, The Budget Plan 2007, March 19, 2007.

Table 10.4 Summary statement of transactions, for federal administration, fiscal years¹

	Actual 2005/2006	2006/2007 ^r	2007/2008 ^r	2008/2009	
_	billions of dollars				
Budgetary transactions					
Budgetary revenues Total expenses	222.2	232.3	236.7	243.5	
Program expenses	175.2	189.0	199.6	206.8	
Public debt charges	33.8	34.1	33.8	33.7	
Total expenses	209.0	223.1	233.4	240.5	
Planned debt reduction	13.2	9.2	3.0	3.0	
Remaining surplus			0.3	0.0	
Federal debt	481.5	472.3	469.3	466.3	
Non-budgetary transactions					
Pensions and other accounts	0.1	4.8	3.8	3.6	
Non-financial assets	-0.6	-1.1	-1.1	-1.2	
Loans, investments and advances	-3.7	-3.2	-2.5	-2.5	
Other transactions	-2.3	-1.3	-7.9	0.6	
Total	-6.5	-0.8	-7.7	0.5	
Financial source and requirement	6.7	8.4	-4.7	3.5	
Per cent of Gross Domestic Product (GDP)					
Budgetary revenues	16.2	16.1	15.8	15.5	
Program expenses	12.8	13.1	13.3	13.2	
Public debt charges	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.1	
Total expenses	15.2	15.5	15.6	15.3	
Federal debt	35.1	32.8	31.4	29.7	
Nominal GDP (billions of dollars)					
calendar year	1,371	1,439	1,495	1,570	

1. Including March 2007 budget measures.

Source(s): Department of Finance Canada, The Budget Plan 2007, March 19, 2007.

Explanatory notes for the tables

Section 2

Table 2.7

The figures shown in the tables have been subjected to a confidentiality procedure known as **random rounding** to prevent the possibility of associating statistical data with any identifiable individual. Under this method, all figures, including totals and margins, are randomly rounded either up or down to a multiple of "5". While providing strong protection against disclosure, this technique does not add significant error to the data.

The user should be aware that totals and margins are rounded independently of the cell data so that some differences between these and the sum of rounded cell data may exist.

Undergraduate enrolment comprises students in Bachelor's and first professional degree programs, diploma, or certificate programs, or non-university-type courses offered in universities.

Table 2.8

See notes for table 2.7.

Table 2.9

For definitions of family and household, see appendix A: "Glossary".

Table 2.11

See note for table 2.9.

Section 3

Table 3.1

- 1. Number of civilian, non-institutionalized persons 15 years of age and over who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed. Estimates in thousands, rounded to the nearest hundred.
- 2. Full-time employment consists of persons who usually work 30 hours or more per week at their main or only job. Estimates in thousands, rounded to the nearest hundred.
- 3. Part-time employment consists of persons who usually work less than 30 hours per week at their main or only job. Estimates in thousands, rounded to the nearest hundred.
- 4. Those who work for a local, provincial or federal government, for a government service or agency, a crown corporation, or a government funded establishment such as a school (including universities) or hospital.
- 5. Those who work as employees of a private firm or business.

- 6. The participation rate is the number of labour force participants expressed as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status) is the number of labour force participants in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group. Estimates are percentages, rounded to the nearest tenth.
- 7. The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group. Estimates are percentages, rounded to the nearest tenth.

Labour force statistics are based on a sample of roughly 54,000 households, which is representative of the total population 15 years of age and over residing in Canada, excluding residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories; persons living on Indian reserves; inmates of institutions; and full-time members of the Armed Forces.

Table 3.2

This data is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2002.

Table 3.4

See notes for table 3.1.

Table 3.5

The data come from the Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours, which measures month-to-month trends in employment levels, hours of work and earnings. These data are compiled at detailed industrial and geographic levels.

All industries are covered by the survey with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, private household services, religious organizations, and military services.

Table 3.6

This data is based on the National Occupational Classification – Statistics (NOC-S) 2001 - Canada.

Table 3.7

For definitions of National Accounts concepts, see appendix A: "Glossary".

Table 3.8

Sum of accrued net income of farm operators from farm production and net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent.

For definitions of National Accounts concepts, see appendix A: "Glossary".

Table 3.9

For definitions of National Accounts concepts, see appendix A: "Glossary".

Canada totals in the provincial economic accounts (PEA) do not correspond to the national income and expenditure accounts (IEA) estimates at certain times of the year. Preliminary PEA estimates produced each spring are benchmarked to the IEA's initial (fourth quarter) release. The IEA's annual revisions, released later each spring, result in a discrepancy between the estimates. The PEA are brought back in line when the IEA's annual revisions are incorporated each fall.

Table 3.10

Canada totals in the provincial economic accounts (PEA) do not correspond to the national income and expenditure accounts (IEA) estimates at certain times of the year. Preliminary PEA estimates produced each spring are benchmarked to the IEA's initial (fourth quarter) release. The IEA's annual revisions, released later each spring, result in a discrepancy between the estimates. The PEA are brought back in line when the IEA's annual revisions are incorporated each fall.

For definitions of National Accounts concepts, see appendix A: "Glossary".

Population estimates as of July 1st of every year.

Table 3.11

The data in this table are based on income tax returns for the tax year.

Some taxfilers have no income but file for other reasons, such as to claim a Child Tax Benefit. For those taxfilers (and non-filing spouses) reporting some income, medians and a distribution of income are given.

Persons not filing income tax returns include most children and many elderly (mainly those who receive only Old Age Security and Guaranteed Income Supplement).

Table 3.12

Other income consists of investment income, government transfers, private pension, income and miscellaneous income.

Table 3.13

Earnings includes employment income and net income from self-employment.

Tables 3.14 and 3.15

"Families" refers to economic families, 2 persons or more.

Family income

Family income is the sum of income of each adult in the family as defined above. Household income is likewise the sum of incomes of all adults in the household. Family and household membership is defined at a particular point in time, while income is based on the entire calendar year. The family members or "composition" may have changed during the reference year, but no adjustment is made to family income to reflect this change.

Economic family type

"Economic family type" refers to either economic families or unattached individuals. An economic family is defined as a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common law or adoption. An unattached individual is a person living either alone or with others to whom he or she is unrelated, such as roommates or a lodger.

Classification of family types (see appendix A: "Glossary").

Section 4

Table 4.2

Canada totals in the Provincial Economic Accounts (PEA) do not correspond to the national Income and Expenditure Accounts (IEA) estimates at certain times of the year. Preliminary PEA estimates produced each spring are benchmarked to the IEA's initial (fourth quarter) release. The IEA's annual revisions, released later each spring, result in a discrepancy between the estimates. The PEA are brought back in line when the IEA's annual revisions are incorporated each fall.

Tables 4.6

- 1. The per capita sales of the Northwest Territories and Nunavut are combined since the distribution centre in Nunavut is not representative of all sales of the territory.
- 2. Per capita values may not add due to rounding (total products).
- 3. Data may not add to the total due to rounding.
- 4. Imported beer is estimated.
- Total alcoholic beverages by volume (litres) for the three major categories is not shown. It is not advisable
 to add volumes of the three major different types of alcoholic beverages since their alcohol content varies
 substantially.

Section 5

Table 5.1

1. Private household refers to a person or group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. The number of private households equals the number of occupied private dwellings.

Table 5.4

See notes for table 5.1.

Table 5.9

1. Single-detached and mobile homes are included in this category.

The Building and Demolition permits monthly survey covers 2,380 municipalities representing 95% of the population. The results of the Building Permits Survey are often used as a leading indicator of building activity, but should not be construed as representing total construction activity in the country.

Section 6

Table 6.5

Canada totals in the Provincial Economic Accounts (PEA) do not correspond to the national Income and Expenditure Accounts (IEA) estimates at certain times of the year. Preliminary PEA estimates produced each spring are benchmarked to the IEA's initial (fourth quarter) release. The IEA's annual revisions, released later each spring, result in a discrepancy between the estimates. The PEA are brought back in line when the IEA's annual revisions are incorporated each fall.

Table 6.6

Data are based on estimates of government revenues and expenditures in accordance with national account concepts.

In GDP, government current expenditure is recorded on a net basis, that is, after deduction of sales of goods and services. For government revenue and expenditure, sales of goods and services to other sectors are shown separately as part of revenue, and current expenditure is recorded on a gross basis, which leaves saving unchanged.

Table 6.7

- 1. Most recent 2 years of data are preliminary actuals and intentions.
- 2. Repair exependitures are not collected in the Preliminary Actual and Intentions Survey.

The estimates cover total outlays for construction and for the acquisition of machinery and equipment by Canadian business, institutions and governments, together with expenditures for housing.

Table 6.8

- 1. Most recent 2 years of data are preliminary actuals and intentions.
- 2. Repair exependitures are not collected in the Preliminary Actual and Intentions Survey.

See notes for table 6.7.

Table 6.9

- 1. Oil and gas extraction and support activities combines the NAICS codes 211 and 213.
- 2. Repair, maintenance and personal services combines the NAICS codes 811 and 812.

Starting with the 1st quarter 2004 release, an updated version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS 2002) and a new set of industry aggregations were introduced to the Quarterly Survey of Financial Statistics for Enterprises. The previous set of industrial aggregations consisting of 157, 58 and 24 groups have been replaced by a new set of 67, 48 and 22 industry groups and a group of 10 financial instruments. Historical series for the new aggregations are now available.

Table 6.10

- Oil and gas extraction and support activities combines the NAICS codes 211 and 213.
- 2. Repair, maintenance and personal services combines the NAICS codes 811 and 812.

Starting with the first quarter of 2004, an updated version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS 2002) and a new set of industry aggregations have been introduced to the Quarterly Survey of Financial Statistics for Enterprises. The previous set of industrial aggregations consisting of 157, 58 and 24 groups have been replaced by a new set of 67, 48 and 22 industry groups and a group of 10 financial instruments. Historical series for the new aggregations are now available.

Table 6.11

The indexes measure price movements for shipments by manufacturing industries, including intermediate goods shipped between different manufacturing industries.

The Industrial Product Price Index, by industry has changed from the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification to the 1997 NAICS classification which resulted in a change in data as well as a change in some of the stubs.

Table 6.12

- 1. The special aggregate "energy" includes: "electricity", "natural gas", "fuel oil", "gasoline", and "fuel parts and supplies for recreational vehicles".
- 2. The consumer price index (CPI) is an indicator of the changes in consumer prices experienced by the target population. The CPI measures price change by comparing, through time, the cost of a fixed basket of commodities. This basket is based on the expenditures of the target population in a certain reference period, currently 2001. Since the basket contains commodities of unchanging or equivalent quantity and quality, the index reflects only pure price movements. Separate CPIs are published for Canada, the ten provinces, Whitehorse, Yellowknife and Iqaluit. Some CPI information is also available for an additional sixteen urban centres. Since the CPI is a measure of price change from one time period to another, it cannot be used to indicate differences in price levels between provinces or urban centres.
- 3. The consumer price index (CPI) is not a cost-of-living index, though people frequently call it this. The objective behind a cost-of-living index is to measure changes in expenditures necessary for consumers to maintain a constant standard of living. The idea is that consumers would normally switch between products as the price relationship of goods changes. If, for example, consumers get the same satisfaction from drinking tea as they do from coffee, then it is possible to substitute tea for coffee if the price of tea falls relative to the price of coffee. The cheaper of the interchangeable products may be chosen. We could compute a cost-of-living index for an individual if we had complete information about that person's taste and spending habits. To do this for a large number of people, let alone the total population of Canada, is impossible. For this reason, regularly published price indexes are based on the fixed-basket concept rather than the cost-of-living concept.
- 4. The consumer price index (CPI) compares, in percentage terms, prices in any given time period to prices in the official base period which, at present, is 1992=100. The official time base was changed from 1986=100 to 1992=100 starting with the CPI for January 1998. The change is strictly an arithmetic conversion, which alters the index levels but leaves the percentage changes between any two periods intact, except for differences in rounding.
- 5. The consumer price index (CPI) maintains fixed quantitative proportions (weights) between commodities during the life of a given basket. The baskets are updated periodically to take into account changes in consumer expenditure patterns. In January 2003, the basket reflecting the 2001 expenditure patterns replaced the 1996 basket. In July 2004, the 2001 basket weights have been adjusted; the weights for mortgage interest cost having been re-evaluated since the basket updating in January 2003. The continuity of the CPI series is maintained by "linking" the corresponding indexes obtained from consecutive baskets. The CPI is calculated as a weighted average of specified commodity price indexes. The weights are derived from survey of household spending data. When reconstructing or re-aggregating published CPI series, the changes in weights and the linking procedures must be taken into account. For a description of the methodology required to reconstruct or re-aggregate CPI series, see publication 62-553 The Consumer Price Index Reference Paper.

- 6. For concepts and definitions, see publication 62-557 Your Guide to the Consumer Price Index, or publication 62-553 The Consumer Price Index Reference Paper. Additional information can also be obtained from: Client Services Unit, Prices Division, telephone: (613) 951-9606, toll-free: 1-866-230-2248, fax: (613) 951-1539, e-mail: prices-prix@statcan.ca.
- 7. The population targeted by the consumer price index (CPI) consists of families and individuals living in urban and rural private households. For practical reasons, residents of the Territories outside Whitehorse, Yellowknife and Iqaluit are not represented by the index. Previous to January 1995, the target population consisted of private households in Canadian urban centres with a population of 30,000 or more.
- 8. With the introduction of the 1992 basket, emphasis was shifted from urban centre data to provincial data. Urban centre all-items series were continued since many users had come to rely on this service, but the method of calculation was changed. Shelter indexes are calculated for each urban centre. This recognizes the importance of shelter in the basket, the significant and persistent differences in price movements between urban centres, and the availability of local data. For the other seven major components, the movement of the provincial counterpart (or, in the cases of Montréal, Toronto, and Vancouver, a sub-provincial counterpart) is used. The major components are aggregated using the urban centre's expenditure pattern to arrive at each urban centre's all-items index.
- 9. The relatively small size of the housing market in these two cities makes it difficult to construct reliable price indexes for new houses. To compensate, the price movements of rental accommodation are used to approximate the price movements of new houses. The rent information itself is collected using different pricing frequencies and collection methods than in the rest of the country. Because of these problems, the indexes for rented accommodation, and owned accommodation are not published for these two cities. Further, the all-items indexes published for these two cities are not strictly comparable with the same indexes for the provinces or the other sixteen urban centres.
- 10. The goods and services that make up the consumer price index (CPI) are organized according to a hierarchical structure with the "all-items" index as the top level. Eight major components of goods and services make up the "all-items" index. They are: "food", "shelter", "household operations and furnishings", "clothing and footwear", "transportation", "health and personal care", "recreation, education and reading", and "alcoholic beverages and tobacco products". These eight components are broken down into a varying number of sub-groups which are in turn broken down into other sub-groups. Indents are used to identify the components that make up each level of aggregation. For example, the eight major components appear with one indent relative to the "all-items" to show that they are combined to obtain the "all-items". NOTE: Some items are recombined outside the main structure of the CPI to obtain special aggregates such as "all-items excluding food and energy", "energy", "goods", "services", and "fresh fruit and fresh vegetables". They are listed after the components of the main structure of the CPI following the last major component entitled "alcoholic beverages and tobacco products".
- 11. The eight major components of the consumer price index (CPI) basket are: "food", "shelter", "household operations and furnishings", "clothing and footwear", "transportation", "health and personal care", "recreation, education and reading", and "alcoholic beverages and tobacco products".
- 12. These special aggregates include items from the main consumer price index (CPI) structure that are recombined so as to facilitate the analysis of the data.
- 13. Statistics Canada determined that the weights for mortgage interest cost were too high in the basket update effective January 2003. The effect on the Canada all-items consumer price index (CPI) was very small, within the rounding factor of the index. Effective with the July 2004 release, the weights were adjusted. See the documentation section of Definitions, data sources and methods http://www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/2301.htm for updated weights.

Table 6.13

The consumer credit balances are as at December 31.

This table provides estimated amounts of consumer credit outstanding on the books of selected lenders. The data relate mainly to credit extended to individuals, but also include unidentifiable amounts of credit extended for non-consumer purposes. Credit extended through the use of all-purpose credit cards is included with the balances of the selected lender responsible for their issuance. The data do not represent total consumer indebtedness since they do not include credit on the books of: furniture, TV and appliance stores; other retail outlets; motor vehicle dealers; public utilities; other credit card issuers not elsewhere included in the data; and credit card accounts of oil companies.

Table 6.14

The residential mortgage credit balances are as at December 31. This table provides estimated values of residential mortgage credit outstanding on the books of selected lenders.

Table 6.16

Generally, incorporated businesses are bigger, and their average assets and liabilities are higher. However, self-employed workers and small family businesses generally constitute unincorporated businesses.

Bankruptcy is simply a liquidation of assets. On the other hand, a business proposal is an agreement between the debtor and its creditors. This agreement allows the business to continue operating for the duration of the proposal. Upon successful completion of the proposal, the company is freed from all the debts specified in the terms of the proposal.

The sum of bankruptcies and proposals corresponds to the total number of cases of business insolvency.

The assets and liabilities compiled in our statistics represent the estimate of the assets and liabilities declared by the debtor upon making the application.

Table 6.17

See notes for table 6.16.

Table 6.18

See notes for table 6.16.

Table 6.19

See notes for table 6.16.

Section 7

Table 7.3

1. These numbers represent exports excluding re-exports of previously imported goods.

The basic source for export statistics is export documents collected by Canadian Border Services Agency except for data on electricity, crude petroleum and natural gas exported by pipeline, and exports to the United States which, under the terms of a reciprocal agreement between Canada and the United States, are based on U.S. import documents. Exports consist of Domestic Exports (goods wholly produced in Canada and goods previously included in import statistics which have since been changed in form by further processing and then exported) and Re-Exports (goods previously included in import statistics which are exported from Canada in the same form as when imported).

Exports are classified to the country to which they are consigned at the time the goods leave Canada, that is, to the furthest known destination. Exports are recorded at the valued declared on export documents, which usually reflect the actual selling price. International standards call for reporting trade in goods at the custom's frontier of the exporting economy. This means that exports from Canada on a balance of payments basis include in land freight from source to the border.

Table 7.4

The basic source for import statistics is import documents collected by Canadian Border Services Agency except for data on imports of electricity, which are reported by the importing firms directly to Statistics Canada. Import statistics include all goods, which clear customs on arrival in Canada, together with goods, which are entered into customs warehouses. They include the value of goods of Canadian origin previously exported (including goods exported for special processing) and re-imported into Canada.

Data on a Customs Basis are recorded at the values established for duty according to the provisions of the *Customs Act*, that is, at fair market value in the country of export. On a balance of payments basis, imports are issued inclusive of in land freight to the customs frontier of the exporting economy.

Table 7.5

Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

See notes for table 7.8.

Table 7.6

Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

See notes for table 7.4.

Table 7.7

See notes for table 7.3.

Table 7.8

See notes for table 7.4.

Table 7.9

See notes for table 7.3.

Table 7.10

See notes for table 7.4.

Table 7.11

Includes a general provision to cover legal, accounting and third-party management consulting until surveyed more specifically from 1995; also includes retail software before 1996.

Table 7.12

Travel receipts and payments are defined in accordance with balance of payments conventions. For definitions of balance of payments terminology, see appendix A: "Glossary".

Section 8

Table 8.1

A statistical establishment is the smallest grouping of production entities which:

- (a) Produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible;
- (b) Does not cross provincial boundaries;
- (c) Provides data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used along with the cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.

"Indeterminate" category

The establishments in this category do not maintain employee payroll, but may have employee work forces which consist of contracted workers, family members or business owners. However the Business Register does not have this information available, therefore has assigned them to an "Indeterminate" category.

Table 8.3

1. Statistics Canada is no longer publishing separate figures for Department Stores and Other General Merchandise Stores due to confidentiality constraints. Instead, Department Stores sales are combined with Other General Merchandise Stores sales and are published under the grouping "General Merchandise Stores" in CANSIM tables 80-0014 and 80-0015.

Store retailers operate fixed point-of-sale locations, located and designed to attract a high volume of walk-in customers. In general, retail stores have extensive displays of merchandise and use mass-media advertising to attract customers. They typically sell merchandise to the general public for personal or household consumption, but some also serve business and institutional clients. These include establishments such as office supplies stores, computer and software stores, gasoline stations, building material dealers, plumbing supplies stores and electrical supplies stores.

In addition to selling merchandise, some types of store retailers are also engaged in the provision of after-sales services, such as repair and installation. For example, new automobile dealers, electronic and appliance stores and musical instrument and supplies stores often provide repair services, while floor covering stores and window treatment stores often provide installation services. As a general rule, establishments engaged in retailing merchandise and providing after sales services are classified in this sector.

Catalogue sales showrooms, gasoline service stations, and mobile home dealers are treated as store retailers.

Please note 8.4, 8.5, 8.17 and 8.8 have been modified for all years because the surveys switched from SIC 1980 to NAICS 2002.

Table 8.4

See notes for table 8.3.

Table 8.6

- 1. Trucks include minivans, sport-utility vehicles, light and heavy trucks, vans and buses.
- 2. For reasons of confidentiality, data for the Yukon, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut have been included with the data for British Columbia.

Percentage changes shown are year-to-year changes.

Included sales by all Canadian and American motor vehicle manufacturers and importers of foreign-manufactured motor vehicles.

The value of sales is based on the selling price to consumer that is, the manufacturer's invoice price plus estimated dealer's mark-up, charges for standard equipment and options, less provincial sales tax and GST.

Table 8.7

- 1. Trucks include minivans, sport-utility vehicles, light and heavy trucks, vans and buses.
- 2. Includes Japan and other countries.

See notes for table 8.6.

New motor vehicles fall into two categories defined on the basis or origin: those manufactured in North America and those manufactured overseas. The latter are imported in a fully assembled state from countries other than the United States or Mexico (that is, from Japan or European countries). All passenger cars and commercial vehicles assembled in Canada, the United States or Mexico and sold in Canada are treated by Statistics Canada as domestically manufactured vehicles.

Table 8.8

The statistics refer to the sale of Canadian and imported alcoholic beverages in the fiscal year ended March 31, by:

- 1. Liquor authorities to the final consumer and to holders of licenses to resell;
- 2. Wineries and breweries to the holders of licenses to resell; and
- 3. Wineries' and brewers' retail outlets.

Total sales include discounts, rebates and GST but exclude provincial retail sales taxes.

Value figures do not represent the final retail-selling price of alcoholic beverages, as mark-ups by licensees are not included. Volume of sales is a more realistic indicator of trends in consumption.

Table 8.9

Total wines contain unidentified wines.

See notes for table 8.8.

Table 8.11

- 1. An active statistical establishment is one production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible; which does not cross provincial boundaries; and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.
- 2. Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision. Due to rounding, components may not add to total (where applicable).
- 3. Comprises the following standard North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes: 721111; 721112; 721114; 721112; 7211198.
- 4. Comprises the following standard North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes: 721191; 721192; 721211; 721212; 721213; 72131.

Incudes Bed and Breakfasts (NAICS 721191), Housekeeping Cottages and Cabins (NAICS 721192), RV (Recreational Vehicle) Parks and Campgrounds (NAICS 721211), Hunting and Fishing Camp (Outfitter) (NAICS 721212), Recreational and Vacation Camps (NAICS 721213, Rooming and Boarding Houses (NAICS 721310).

Table 8.12

- 1. An active statistical establishment is one production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible; which does not cross provincial boundaries; and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.
- 2. Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision. Due to rounding, components may not add to total (where applicable).
- 3. Comprises the following standard North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes: 721111; 721112; 721114; 721112; 7211198.
- 4. Comprises the following standard North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes: 721191; 721192; 721211; 721212; 721213; 72131.

See notes for table 8.11.

Table 8.13

The three NAICS industry classifications covered under the Annual Survey of Software Development and Computer Services are: Computer Systems Design and Related Services (NAICS 541510), Software Publishers (NAICS 511210), Data Processing, Hosting and Related Services (NAICS 518210).

This table contains data on one of the three industry classifications, Computer Systems Design and Related Services (NAICS 541510), for information on the other two industry classifications please call 613-951-0410.

- 1. An active statistical establishment is one production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible; which does not cross provincial boundaries; and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.
- 2. Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other non-recurring items. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total revenue rather than operating revenue is reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.
- 3. Operating expenses exclude write-offs, capital losses, extraordinary losses, interest on borrowing, and other non-recurring items. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total expenses rather than operating expenses are reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.
- 4. Salaries, wages and benefits include vacation pay and commissions for all employees for whom a T4 slip was completed. This category also includes the employer portion of employee benefits for items such as Canada/Quebec Pension Plan or Employment Insurance premiums. Salaries and wages do not include working owners' dividends nor do they include the remuneration of owners of unincorporated businesses. Therefore the relative level of salaries, wages and benefits will be lower in industries where unincorporated businesses are significant contributors.
- 5. Operating profit margin is derived as follows: operating revenue minus operating expenses, expressed as a percentage of operating revenue. The derived figure excludes corporation income tax paid by incorporated businesses and individual income tax paid by unincorporated businesses. For unincorporated businesses, operating profit margin includes unpaid remuneration to partners and proprietors, which is not recorded as salaries, wages and benefits. Therefore the profit estimate will be higher in industries where unincorporated proprietorships and partnerships are significant contributors. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total profit margin rather than operating profit margin is reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.

Due to rounding, numbers may not sum exactly to totals.

Based on surveyed firms only.

Number of employees is based on the concept of full time employee equivalents, that is, two part-time employees are equal to one full-time employee in deriving total industry employment. For this industry over 90% of paid employees are full time employees.

Table 8.15

- 1. Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision. Due to rounding, components may not add to total (where applicable).
- 2. Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other non-recurring items. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total revenue rather than operating revenue is reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.
- 3. Salaries, wages and benefits include vacation pay and commissions for all employees for whom a T4 slip was completed. This category also includes the employer portion of employee benefits for items such as Canada/Québec Pension Plan or Employment Insurance premiums. Salaries and wages do not include working owners' dividends nor do they include the remuneration of owners of unincorporated business. Therefore the relative level of salaries, wages and benefits will be lower in industries where unincorporated businesses are significant contributors.

- 4. Operating expenses exclude write-offs, capital losses, extraordinary losses, interest on borrowing, and other non-recurring items. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total expenses rather than operating expenses are reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.
- 5. Operating profit margin is derived as follows: operating revenue minus operating expenses, expressed as a percentage of operating revenue. The derived figure excludes corporation income tax paid by incorporated businesses and individual income tax paid by unincorporated businesses. For unincorporated businesses, operating profit margin includes unpaid remuneration to partners and proprietors, which is not recorded as salaries, wages and benefits. Therefore the profit estimate will be higher in industries where unincorporated proprietorships and partnerships are significant contributors. Note that prior to reference year 2000, total profit margin rather than operating profit margin is reported. The 1999/2000 trend may be slightly distorted.

Table 8.16

Group insurance policies are issued with a master policy covering more than one person and are taken out by employers, unions and trade associations. New contracts, including transfers of coverage from one insurer to another (which shows some volatility from year to year), account for the majority (about 90 per cent) of the group insurance purchased, while extensions of existing contracts make up the remainder. The provision of more group insurance under existing benefit schedules to a worker receiving more pay is not classified as a new purchase.

Table 8.17

Annual sales are the sum of seasonally adjusted monthly sales for each year shown. Inventory levels are the December closing seasonally adjusted values for each year shown. Two trade groups, which are not collected monthly, Grain and Petroleum Products, are not shown in this table.

Table 8.18

- Beginning in 2004, the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML) replaces the Annual Survey of Manufactures and the Annual Survey of Forestry. While the ASML covers the same target population as its predecessors, this new survey ushers in a number of conceptual and methodological changes intended to reduce response burden, enhance data quality and streamline survey operations. Two changes have the greatest impact on the comparability of the principal statistics series for manufacturing published in CANSIM tables 301-0003 and 301-0006: some redefinition of the survey content and a change in the coverage threshold for published statistics.
- 2. Financial variables in the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML) survey are defined to adhere to the Statistics Canada Chart of Accounts (COA) classification. The COA is a standard classification based on generally accepted accounting principles. It was developed for reporting information on financial position and performance. As a result, some variables in the ASML are defined differently from those collected in past surveys for manufacturing and new variables have been added. These changes are reflected in a new list of published principal statistics for manufacturing. Of the variables in this list that were published previously, only two are not strictly comparable: the cost of energy and water utility and the cost of materials and supplies. For more details, refer to the notes on the affected variables in CANSIM table 301-0006.
- 3. Traditionally, published statistics for manufacturing cover the activities of businesses above certain dollar thresholds for sales of goods manufactured. For reference year 2004, these thresholds have been changed, thus the new published Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML) data series is not strictly comparable with the previously published data series for manufacturing. The previous CANSIM table 301-0003 for manufacturing principal statistics covered the activities of businesses with annual sales greater than or equal to \$30,000. The new CANSIM table 301-0006 publishes principal statistics for businesses above certain revenue thresholds that vary by province and by industry. Below these thresholds are the smallest manufacturing businesses which are excluded from the ASML survey in order to reduce response burden.

- 4. To help users interpret changes in the manufacturing data series and evaluate industry growth, the 2003 manufacturing principal statistics have been republished using the coverage thresholds and survey variables introduced for the 2004 reference year. The shares of manufacturing sales for Canada published based on the old CANSIM table 301-0003 and new CANSIM table 301-0006 coverage thresholds are comparable at 98.3% and 96.4% respectively. Additional coverage rate detail is available on request for users who want to evaluate the impact of the threshold change more fully.
- 5. For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality, contact the Marketing and Dissemination Section, Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division (613) 951-9497, toll-free 1 866 873-8789, fax (613) 951-9499, e-mail: manufact@statcan.ca.
- 6. Prior to reference year 2004, the cost of materials and supplies comprised outlays for raw materials, containers and packaging and work sub-contracted to another business. It is comparable to the cost of materials and supplies published previously in CANSIM table 301-0003. Starting with reference year 2004, this variable also includes repair and maintenance expenses, which cover the cost of the supplies used to operate, repair and maintain buildings and equipment as well as the cost of purchased repair and maintenance services.
- 7. The total cost of energy, water utility and vehicle fuel represents the sum of cost of vehicle fuel and cost of energy and water utility. It can be compared with the Cost of fuel and electricity variable previously published in CANSIM table 301-0003.
- 8. The number of establishments represents a count of locations which perform manufacturing activities and normally correspond to a plant, factory or mill and is comparable to the variable number of establishments previously published in CANSIM table 301-0003. It excludes sales offices and warehouses which support manufacturing activities.

Tables 8.19 and 8.20

- Beginning in 2004, the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML) replaces the Annual Survey of Manufactures and the Annual Survey of Forestry. While the ASML covers the same target population as its predecessors, this new survey ushers in a number of conceptual and methodological changes intended to reduce response burden, enhance data quality and streamline survey operations. Two changes have the greatest impact on the comparability of the principal statistics series for manufacturing published in CANSIM tables 301-0003 and 301-0006: some redefinition of the survey content and a change in the coverage threshold for published statistics.
- 2. Financial variables in the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML) survey are defined to adhere to the Statistics Canada Chart of Accounts (COA) classification. The COA is a standard classification based on generally accepted accounting principles. It was developed for reporting information on financial position and performance. As a result, some variables in the ASML are defined differently from those collected in past surveys for manufacturing and new variables have been added. These changes are reflected in a new list of published principal statistics for manufacturing. Of the variables in this list that were published previously, only two are not strictly comparable: the cost of energy and water utility and the cost of materials and supplies. For more details, refer to the notes on the affected variables in CANSIM table 301-0006.
- 3. Traditionally, published statistics for manufacturing cover the activities of businesses above certain dollar thresholds for sales of goods manufactured. For reference year 2004, these thresholds have been changed, thus the new published Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML) data series is not strictly comparable with the previously published data series for manufacturing. The previous CANSIM table 301-0003 for manufacturing principal statistics covered the activities of businesses with annual sales greater than or equal to \$30,000. The new CANSIM table 301-0006 publishes principal statistics for businesses above certain revenue thresholds that vary by province and by industry. Below these thresholds are the smallest manufacturing businesses which are excluded from the ASML survey in order to reduce response burden.

- 4. To help users interpret changes in the manufacturing data series and evaluate industry growth, the 2003 manufacturing principal statistics have been republished using the coverage thresholds and survey variables introduced for the 2004 reference year. The shares of manufacturing sales for Canada published based on the old CANSIM table 301-0003 and new CANSIM table 301-0006 coverage thresholds are comparable at 98.3% and 96.4% respectively. Additional coverage rate detail is available on request for users who want to evaluate the impact of the threshold change more fully.
- 5. For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality, contact the Marketing and Dissemination Section, Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division (613) 951-9497, toll-free 1 866 873-8789, fax (613) 951-9499, e-mail: manufact@statcan.ca.

Table 8.23

- 1. An active statistical establishment is one production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible; which does not cross provincial boundaries; and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.
- 2. Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other non-recurring items.
- 3. Salaries, wages and benefits include vacation pay and commissions for all employees for whom a T4 slip was completed. This category also includes the employer portion of employee benefits for items such as Canada/Québec Pension Plan or Employment Insurance premiums. Salaries and wages do not include working owners' dividends nor do they include the remuneration of owners of unincorporated business. Therefore the relative level of salaries, wages and benefits will be lower in industries where unincorporated businesses are significant contributors.
- 4. Operating expenses exclude write-offs, capital losses, extraordinary losses, interest on borrowing, and other non-recurring items.
- 5. Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision. Due to rounding, components may not add to total (where applicable).
- 6. Operating profit margin is derived as follows: operating revenue minus operating expenses, expressed as a percentage of operating revenue. The derived figure excludes corporation income tax paid by incorporated businesses and individual income tax paid by unincorporated businesses. For unincorporated businesses, operating profit margin includes unpaid remuneration to partners and proprietors, which is not recorded as salaries, wages and benefits. Therefore the profit estimate will be higher in industries where unincorporated proprietorships and partnerships are significant contributors.

Table 8.25

- 1. Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision.
- 2. Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other non-recurring items.
- 3. Operating expenses exclude write-offs, capital losses, extraordinary losses, interest on borrowing, and other non-recurring items.

- 4. Salaries, wages and benefits include vacation pay and commissions for all employees for whom a T4 supplementary form was completed. This category also includes the employer portion of employee benefits for items such as Canada/Québec Pension Plan or Employment Insurance premiums. Salaries and wages do not include working owners' dividends nor do they include the remuneration of owners of unincorporated business. Therefore the relative level of salaries, wages and benefits will be lower in industries where unincorporated businesses are significant contributors.
- 5. Operating profit margin is derived as follows: operating revenue minus operating expenses, expressed as a percentage of operating revenue. The derived figure excludes corporation income tax paid by incorporated businesses and individual income tax paid by unincorporated businesses. For unincorporated businesses, profit margin includes unpaid remuneration accruing to partners and proprietors, which is not recorded as salaries, wages and benefits. Therefore the profit estimate will be higher in industries where unincorporated proprietorships and partnerships are significant contributors.
- 6. An active statistical establishment is one production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which produces as homogenous a set of goods and/or services as possible, which does not cross provincial boundaries, and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.

Table 8.26

See notes for table 8.25.

Table 8.27

- Reference year 2000 includes: commissions paid to independent real estate sales persons. Reference year 2001 to reference year 2004 includes commissions paid to independent real estate persons and other real estate brokers.
- Reference year 2000 includes rental of office space or other real estate, rental of motor vehicles (without driver), rental of computers and peripherals, rental of other machinery and equipment (without operator) and rental of all other goods. Reference year 2001 and reference year 2002 includes leasing or rental of office space or other real estate, and all other leasing or rental expenses.

Table 8.28

- 1. Estimates for the most recent year are preliminary. Preliminary data are subject to revision. Data from 2001-2003 have been revised.
- 2. Operating revenue excludes investment income, capital gains, extraordinary gains and other such non-recurring items.
- 3. Operating expenses exclude write-offs, capital losses, extraordinary losses and other such non-recurring items.
- 4. 'Salaries, wages and benefits' include vacation pay and commissions for all employees for whom a T4 supplementary form was completed. This category also includes the employer portion of employee benefits for items such as Canada/Québec Pension Plan or Employment Insurance premiums. Salaries and wages do not include the remuneration of owners of unincorporated business, therefore the relative level of 'salaries, wages and benefits' will be lower in industries where unincorporated businesses are significant contributors.

- 5. Operating profit margin is derived as follows: operating revenue minus operating expenses, expressed as a percentage of operating revenue. The derived figure excludes corporation income tax paid by incorporated businesses and individual income tax paid by unincorporated businesses. For unincorporated firms, profit margin includes unpaid remuneration to partners and proprietors, which is not recorded as 'salaries, wages and benefits'. Therefore the profit margin will be higher in industries where unincorporated proprietorships and partnerships are significant contributors.
- 6. A 'statistical establishment' is one production entity or the smallest grouping of active production entities which produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible; which does not cross provincial boundaries; and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.

Tables 8.32

- 1. Research and development statistics are provided for 46 industries falling under 6 sub-groups: agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting; mining and oil and gas extraction; utilities; construction; manufacturing and services industries. The industry breakdown is in accordance with the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) (Catalogue number 12-501-XPE) and is necessary to preserve the confidentiality of the respondents. In a small number of cases, adjustments to the NAICS classification was necessary in order to adhere to the international guidelines for science and technological surveys as defined in the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Frascati Manual.
- 2. Figures may not add up due to rounding.
- 3. Figures are preliminary data for the three most recent years. Personnel figures are not available for the two most recent reference periods.
- 4. Intramural expenditures are expenditures for research and development work performed within the reporting company, including work financed by others.
- 5. Includes North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 111, 1121-1124, 1125, 1129, 113, 114, 1151, 1152 and 1153.
- 6. Includes North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 211, 212 and 213.
- 7. Includes North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 221 and 562.
- 8. Includes North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 41, 44-45, 48-49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 561, 61, 71, 72, 81 and 91.
- 9. Includes North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 52 and 53.
- 10. Includes North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes 5411, 5412, 5414, 5418, 5419, 55, 56, 61, 71, 72, 81 and 91.
- 11. The information and communications technologies (ICT) sector is comprised of a subset of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes from various industries already included in this series and, therefore, should not be used in any calculations combining industries for totals since this would result in double counting in certain industries. The NAICS codes included in the ICT sector are: 3333, 33411, 33421, 33422, 33431, 33441, 33451, 33592, 4173, 41791, 5112, 517 to 518, 53242, 5415 and 8112.

Section 9

Table 9.4

Household maintainer refers to the person or one of the persons in the household who pays the rent, or the mortgage, or the taxes, or electricity, etc. for the dwelling.

Table 9.5

This series of industry data is based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

See notes for table 3.1.

Table 9.6

- 1. Labour income includes employment income and Employment Insurance benefits.
- 2. Employment income includes wages and salaries, commissions from employment, training allowances, tips and gratuities, and net self-employment income (business, professional, commission, farming and fishing income).
- 3. Taxfilers are people who filed a tax return for the reference year and were alive at the end of the year.
- 4. Median is the middle number in a group of numbers. Where a median income, for example, is given as \$26,000, it means that exactly half of the incomes reported are greater than or equal to \$26,000, and that the other half is less than or equal to the median amount. Median incomes in the data tables are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. Zero values are not included in the calculation of medians for individuals.
- 5. The census metropolitan area (CMA) of Ottawa-Gatineau straddles the provincial borders of Ontario and Quebec. Data for the provincial parts are available in CANSIM. Data for the two parts may be added together to provide a total for the area, with the exception of medians, percentages, indexes and averages.
- 6. The CMAs in this table do not include the six new ones created during the 2006 census.

Table 9.7

The data in this table are based on income tax returns for the tax year.

Some taxfilers have no income but file for other reasons, such as to claim a Child Tax Benefit. For those taxfilers (and non-filing spouses) reporting some income, medians and a distribution of income are given.

Persons not filing income tax returns include most children and many elderly (mainly those who receive only Old Age Security and Guaranteed Income Supplement).

Table 9.8

- 1. Includes only the Ontario part of the Ottawa–Gatineau metropolitan area.
- 2. Winnipeg includes the municipality of Selkirk.

In 1998, 1999, and every second year thereafter starting with 2001, statistics for Canada include the territories. For the other years, Canada-level statistics include the 10 provinces only.

Table 9.9

The statistics on building permits are essential for the computation of capital expenditures. Furthermore, since the issuance of a building permit is one of the first steps in the construction process, these statistics are widely used as a leading indicator of building activity.

Table 9.10

1. The CMAs in this table do not include the six new ones created during the 2006 census.

A statistical establishment is the smallest grouping of production entities which:

- Produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible;
- Does not cross provincial boundaries: (b)
- Provides data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used along with the (c) cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.

Table 9.11

New housing price indexes measure changes over time in the contractors' selling prices of new residential houses, where detailed specifications remain the same between two consecutive periods.

House prices reported by sample builders are adjusted for changes in quality of both the structures and the serviced lots, including intangible variations of location to ensure similarity of specifications.

This index does not measure shelter costs. Price changes for existing houses are excluded from these price indexes.

Table 9.12

The Consumer Price Index for each urban centre measures price change from one time period to another within that specific urban centre. Thus, while urban centre CPIs show the movement of prices over time in each urban centre, they do not indicate price level differences between urban centres. Such inter-city price comparisons are available in Table 12 of the monthly Consumer Price Index, catalogue no. 62-001-X.

Table 9.13

See notes for table 9.8.

Table 9.14

These migration data were derived by comparing addresses supplied on personal income tax returns filed in the spring of two consecutive years (2002/2003, and 2003/2004). They reflect intraprovincial moves between census metropolitan areas, as well as interprovincial and international movements.

Table 9.15

The data in these tables are based on income tax returns for the tax year.

The family data are based on the census family concept. A family includes parent(s) and non-married children living in the same dwelling. Persons filing tax returns are matched to a family using common links such as spousal social insurance number, last name and address. Taxfilers who are not matched to a family become non-family persons.

361

Persons not filing income tax returns include most children and some elderly (mainly those who receive only Old Age Security and Guaranteed Income Supplement). Non-filing children are identified from information obtained on the parent's tax return, the Canada Child Tax Benefit file and provincial births records.

Family income is the sum of the incomes of all members of the family. For those families reporting some income, medians are given.

Table 9.16

See notes for table 9.15.

Table 9.17

1. Age refers to the age at last birthday (as of the latest census reference date).

Data are for total population, including institutional residents.

Table 9.18

An active statistical establishment is one production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which produces as homogeneous a set of goods and/or services as possible; which does not cross provincial boundaries; and for which records provide data on the value of output together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used and cost and quantity of labour resources used to produce the output.

Tables 9.20, 9.21 and 9.22

- 1. The methodology for calculating Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) populations was modified in 2003. Starting in 1996, the populations for CMAs have been adjusted to reflect the actual policing boundaries within the CMA and do not reflect the official Statistics Canada population for these CMAs.
- 2. The census metropolitan area (CMA) of Saguenay was formerly known as Chicoutimi-Jonquière.
- 3. The census metropolitan area (CMA) of Ottawa-Gatineau was formerly known as Ottawa-Hull.
- 4. Populations have been adjusted for the census metropolitan area (CMA) of St. Catharines-Niagara from 1991 onward to follow policing boundaries and do not reflect the official Statistics Canada population for this CMA.
- 5. Populations have been adjusted for the census metropolitan area (CMA) of Kitchener from 1991 onward to follow policing boundaries and do not reflect the official Statistics Canada population for this CMA.
- 6. Crime data from April to December 2004 for Winnipeg are estimates (except for homicide and motor vehicle theft) due to the implementation of a new records management system. Therefore, please use caution when comparing these data with prior years.
- 7. Data for 2001 include estimates for 3 months for Vancouver Police and 2 months for Port Moody Police, covering the phase-in period required for a new records management system. In addition, from September 2000 to September 2001, as a result of labour action, there were decreases in the number of crimes reported to the Vancouver Police Department for certain offences. As a result, the number of Criminal Code offences reported by Vancouver were affected during this period., In 2004, Vancouver police service changed their scoring procedures for reporting impaired driving incidents to include all incidents of impaired driving, not just those resulting in a charge being laid, meaning that incidents cleared by other means, (for example, roadside suspension) are now included. This resulted in almost 1,900 additional incidents being reported in 2004 compared to 2003. Therefore, please use caution when comparing these data with prior years.

- 8. A revision of populations for all years was applied to this table in 2005. Please note crime rates may have been affected and that caution should be used when comparing data to any previous version of this table.
- 9. The CMAs in this table do not include the six new ones created during the 2006 census.

Section 10

It should be emphasized that these projections are not predictions. Rather, they represent an attempt to establish plausible scenarios based on stated components assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty. As such, they are valuable statistical information for planners, policy makers, and the public at large interested in the future course of demographic change and related issues. Of the 13 set of projections produced, four have been choosen for the Market Research Handbook. Projection 1 is based on the low growth scenario, projection 2 is based on the medium growth scenario with "recent trends" as the pattern of interprovincial migration, projection 3 is based on the high growth scenario.

The base population for these projections is derived from the official postcensal estimates of population for Canada, provinces and territories as of July 1, 2005. The population is projected until 2031 for provinces and territories, and until 2056 for total Canada. As for assumptions and scenarios, please refer to the projection report or the CD-ROM of the projections (catalogue 91-520). Because of rounding, detail may not add to totals.

Tables 10.1-1, and 10.2

The low-growth scenario is defined by the following assumptions: a Canadian total fertility rate that reaches 1.3 births per woman in 2016 and remains constant thereafter; a Canadian life expectancy that reaches 81.1 years for males and 85.3 years for females in 2031; a national immigration rate of 0.55% until 2031 followed by a number of immigrants equals until 2056 to the level reached in 2031; interprovincial migrations based on an average of the recent trends and the west coast trends assumptions.

Tables 10.1-2 and 10.2

The medium-growth and recent migration trends scenario is defined by the following assumptions: a Canadian total fertility rate constant at 1.5 births per woman; a Canadian life expectancy that reaches 81.9 years for males and 86.0 years for females in 2031; a national immigration rate of 0.7% until 2031 followed by a number of immigrants equals until 2056 to the level reached in 2031; interprovincial migrations based on the trends observed between 2000 and 2003.

Tables 10.1-3 and 10.2

The medium-growth and medium migration trends scenario is defined by the following assumptions: a Canadian total fertility rate constant at 1.5 births per woman; a Canadian life expectancy that reaches 81.9 years for males and 86.0 years for females in 2031; a national immigration rate of 0.7% until 2031 followed by a number of immigrants equals until 2056 to the level reached in 2031; interprovincial migrations based on an average of the recent trends and the west coast trends assumptions.

Tables 10.1-4 and 10.2

The high-growth scenario is defined by the following assumptions: a Canadian total fertility rate that reaches 1.7 births per woman in 2016 and remain constant thereafter; a Canadian life expectancy that reaches 82.6 years for males and 86.6 years for females in 2031; a national immigration rate of 0.85% until 2031 followed by a number of immigrants equals until 2056 to the level reached in 2031; interprovincial migrations based on an average of the recent trends and the west coast trends assumptions.

Appendix A

Glossary

Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production: net income received by farm operators from farm production plus the undistributed portion of earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board and the adjustment made to shift agricultural subsidies from a cash to an accrual basis.

Balance of payments / Customs basis: data for the compilation of merchandise trade are based on customs documents, which are processed and published by the International Trade Division of Statistics Canada. These data are on a customs basis. However, certain adjustments are made in terms of valuation, timing, and coverage to align data on a customs basis with balance of payments concepts and conventions as used within the framework of the National Accounts (that is, data on a balance of payments basis).

Basic prices: a basic price valuation includes the costs of production factors (labour and capital) and indirect taxes and subsidies on **production factors**. Income measures are estimates at basic prices or **market prices**.

Business bankruptcy: a business bankruptcy is chiefly attributable to liabilities incurred by a business, as a result of which the business is unable to meet its current payment obligations out of its cash flows or realizable assets. Business bankruptcies include proprietorships, partnerships and limited companies.

Capital consumption allowances: allowances for the using up of capital in the productive process. They are calculated for business and government fixed assets as well as housing. They also include miscellaneous valuation adjustments bringing business accounting records into conformity with national accounts definitions, such as the addition of claims paid by insurance companies to compensate for fire and other losses.

Capital transfers: transfers in cash or in kind, out of the wealth of the donor (inheritances and migrants' funds, transfer of ownership of an asset or cancellation of a liability), or transfers which the recipient is expected to use towards the acquisition of an asset. Capital transfers have no effect on the saving of the donor or recipient.

Census agglomeration (CA): a census agglomeration (CA) is a large urban area (known as the urban core) together with adjacent urban and rural areas (known as urban and rural fringes) that have a high degree of social and economic integration with the urban core. A CA has an urban core population of at least 10,000, based on the previous census. However, if the population of the urban core of a CA declines below 10,000, the CA is retired. Once a CA attains an urban core population of at least 100,000, based on the previous census, it becomes a CMA. CAs that have urban cores of at least 50,000, based on the previous census, are subdivided into census tracts. Census tracts are maintained for CAs even if the population of the urban core subsequently falls below 50,000.

There are 111 CAs across Canada, based on the 2006 Census.

Census metropolitan area (CMA): the general concept of a census metropolitan area (CMA) is one of a very large urban area, together with adjacent urban and rural areas which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that urban area.

A Census Metropolitan Area is delineated around an urban area (called the **urbanized core** and having a population of at least **100,000(based on the previous census)**. Once an area becomes a CMA, it is retained in the program even if its population subsequently declines.

CMAs are comprised of one or more census subdivisions (CSDs) which meet at least one of the following criteria:

- (a) the CSD falls completely or partly inside the urbanized core:
- (b) at least 50% of the employed labour force living in the CSD works in the urbanized core; or
- (c) at least 25% of the employed labour force **working** in the CSD **lives** in the urbanized core (**2001 Census Dictionary**, catalogue no. 92-378-X, page 214).

There are 33 CMAs in Canada, based on the 2006 Census.

Chain Fisher volume index: a measure of change in volume from period to period. It is calculated as the geometric mean of a chain Paasche volume index and a chain Laspeyres volume index. In other words, it is an average of two distinct measures of change in volume: one calculated as if prices were constant in the first of two adjacent periods (Laspeyres volume) and the other calculated as if prices were constant in the second of the two adjacent periods (Paasche volume).

Chained dollar: chained dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the current dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Components of demographic growth: any of the classes of events generating population movement variations. Births, deaths, migration, marriages, divorces and new widowhoods are the components responsible for the variation since they alter either the total population or the age, sex and marital status distribution of the population.

Construction

- **Building permit:** this classification is one of buildings or structures for which a building permit was issued by a municipality. A building permit may be issued by municipalities for: construction of new buildings; alterations, additions or conversions, etc.
- Number of dwelling units: for "Residential construction", consists of the number of self-contained dwelling units
 created.
- Value of residential construction: the value of building permits issued for new dwellings or for improvements.

Consumer credit: credit extended to persons for purchasing consumer goods and services.

Consumer goods: new goods acquired by households for their own consumption. Consumer goods are made up of three categories:

- (a) **Durable goods** which can be used repeatedly or continuously for more than one year, such as motor vehicles and major appliances;
- (b) **Semi-durable goods** which have an expected lifetime of one year or somewhat more, such as clothing, footwear and linens:
- (c) **Non-durable goods** which can be used only once, such as food, gasoline, alcoholic beverages and tobacco. In practice, however, this category also includes goods of minor value which are used more than once, such as certain household supplies.

Consumer services: services consumed by households, such as rent (including the rent imputed on owner-occupied housing), transportation, education, medical care, child care, food and accommodation services as well as travel expenditures of Canadians abroad, less travel expenditures of foreigners in Canada. Also includes the current (operating) expenses of associations of individuals.

Corporation profits before taxes: the net earnings from economic activity of privately-held corporations, measured after deduction of capital consumption allowances.

Current prices: a valuation at current prices is expressed at the prices prevailing during the period being referred to. See **Chain Fisher volume index**.

Current transfers: transfers out of the income of the donor, reducing his saving and adding to that of the recipient.

Department store: defined as a retail outlet that sells the following lines of merchandise:

- (a) Family clothing and apparel— at least six commodity lines comprising at least 20% of the total sales.
- (b) **Furniture**, **appliances** and **home furnishings** at least four commodity lines comprising at least 10% of the total sales.
- (c) All other (miscellaneous)— at least three commodity lines comprising at least 10% of total sales. This category includes all commodities not shown above, such as: toiletries, cosmetics and drugs; photographic equipment and supplies; piece goods; notions and smallwares; jewellery; sporting goods and luggage; stationery, books and magazines; and food.

The sales of concessions located in department stores are regarded as part of the overall business of the department store outlet in which they are located. However, sales of an associated food department are included only if it is an integral part of the overall department store operation and is not identified to the public by a different name from that of the department store with which it is associated.

Direct selling: this Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry, primarily engaged in non-store retailing. These establishments use methods, such as door-to-door solicitation, in-home demonstration and temporary displaying of merchandise (stalls), to reach their customers and market their merchandise.

Direct taxes: current transfers to government from persons, unincorporated businesses, corporations and government business enterprises in the form of taxes on income from employment, property, holding gains or any other source. Direct taxes from persons are recorded on a cash basis, and those from corporations and government business enterprises, on an accrual basis.

Direct taxes from persons: income taxes, succession duties and estate taxes paid by persons and unincorporated businesses.

Earnings: See Wages and Salaries.

Emigrant: Canadian citizen or immigrant who has left Canada to establish a permanent residence in another country.

Employed: for Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey, the employed include all persons who, during the reference week,

- (a) did any work at all at a job or business, that is, paid work in the context of an employer-employee relationship, or self-employment. It also includes unpaid family work, which is defined as unpaid work contributing directly to the operation of a farm, business or professional practice owned and operated by a related member of the same household; or
- (b) had a job but were not at work due to illness or disability, personal or family responsibilities, bad weather, labour dispute, vacation, or other reasons not specified above. Excluded from the employed labour force are persons on lay-off and persons whose job attachment is to a job that starts at a definite date in the future.

Employment income: for data based on tax returns, employment income is defined as wages, salaries, commissions from employment, training allowances, tips and gratuities, self-employment income (net income from business, profession, farming, fishing and commissions) and tax-exempt employment income earned on an Indian reserve (new in 1999).

Establishment: the establishment is the smallest business unit that functions as a separate operating entity and is capable of reporting employment, wages and salaries, and inputs and outputs necessary for the calculation of gross margin. The establishment can be a proprietorship or partnership, if unincorporated; or a branch, plant, division or corporation, if incorporated.

Exports and imports of services: services are categorized under four headings: travel, transportation, commercial services and government services.

- Travel covers all receipts and payments arising from travel of less than one year between Canada and other
 countries, and for travel of more than one year for educational or health purposes. Travelers of more than one
 year are otherwise treated as residents of the country to which they travel, except for diplomats and military
 personnel on postings abroad. Government representatives on missions abroad are always treated as residents
 of their home countries, and their living and other expenditures abroad are included in government services.
- Transportation services cover receipts and payments of persons and goods by air, water and land, together with supporting services for the various modes of transport.
- Commercial services include communications; construction; insurance and other financial services; computer and information services; royalties and licence fees; commissions; equipment rentals; management services; advertising; research and development; architectural services; engineering and technical services; miscellaneous services to business; audio visual services; and personal, cultural and recreational services. The data include with holding taxes paid.
- Government services cover international transactions arising from government activities (diplomatic, commercial and military) not covered elsewhere in the balance of payments. Receipts chiefly comprise expenditures in Canada by foreign governments. Payments consist mainly of expenditures abroad by the federal and provincial governments. In addition to current outlays, government services include capital expenditures for property acquisitions and construction.

Exports of goods and services: current receipts from exports of merchandise, travel of non-residents in Canada, freight and shipping on Canadian account, and other services rendered to non-residents.

Factor cost: a valuation reflecting the cost of the factors of production (labour and capital). It corresponds to the value remaining after the deduction from market prices of all applicable taxes and subsidies. See **market prices**.

Factors of production: productive agents which, when combined, create economic output. In broad terms there are two factors of production, labour and capital.

Family

- Census family refers to a married couple (with or without children of either or both spouses), a couple living common-law (with or without children of either or both partners) or a lone parent of any marital status, with at least one child living in the same dwelling. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. "Children" in a census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present. (2006 Census dictionary, catalogue no. 92-566-X).
- Census family status refers to the classification of the population according to whether or not the persons are members of a census family and the status they have in the Census family.
- Census family structure refers to the classification of census families into married couples (with or without children of either or both spouses), common-law couples (with or without children of either or both partners), and lone-parent families by sex of parent. A couple may be of opposite or same sex. "Children" in a census family include grandchildren living with their grandparent(s) but with no parents present. (2006 Census dictionary, catalogue no. 92-566-X).

Family persons refer to household members who belong to a census family. They, in turn, are further classified as follows:

- Spouses refer to persons of opposite sex who are legally married to each other and living in the same dwelling.
- Common-law partners are two persons of opposite sex or of the same sex who are not legally married to each other, but live together as a couple in the same dwelling.
- Lone parent refers to a mother or a father, with no spouse or common-law partner present, living in a dwelling with one or more children.

Children refer to blood, step- or adopted sons and daughters (regardless of age or marital status) who are living in the same dwelling as their parent(s), as well as grandchildren in households where there are no parents present. Sons and daughters who are living with their spouse or common-law partner, or with one or more of their own children, are not considered to be members of the census family of their parent(s), even if they are living in the same dwelling. In addition, those sons and daughters who do not live in the same dwelling as their parent(s) are not considered members of the census family of their parent(s). The category of children can be further distinguished as follows:

- · Never-married sons and/or daughters in a census family, as used in censuses prior to 2001.
- Other sons and/or daughters in a census family who would not have been included in the census family of their parents according to the previous concept.
- · Grandchildren living in the same household as their grandparent(s), with no parents present.

Persons not in census families: refer to household members who do not belong to a census family.

• Household living arrangements refers to the classification of persons in terms of whether they are members of a family household or of a non-family household, and whether they are family or non-family persons.

Final domestic demand: the sum of personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, net government current expenditure on goods and services, government gross fixed capital formation and business gross fixed capital formation.

Government current expenditure on goods and services: all current outlays for goods and services by the government sector, including wages and salaries of government employees. It also includes expenditure on weapons for defence and an imputation for the depreciation of government fixed assets. It is recorded before deduction of revenues from sales of goods and services in the government income and outlay account, and after deduction of these revenues in GDP (net government current expenditure on goods and services).

Gross domestic product (GDP): the total unduplicated value of the goods and services produced in the economic territory of a country or region during a given period. GDP can be measured three ways: as total incomes earned in current production, as total final sales of current production, or as total net values added in current production. It can be valued either at basic prices or at market prices.

Gross fixed capital formation: expenditures by the government and business sectors on buildings, engineering construction and machinery and equipment. Includes imports of used machinery and equipment, which constitute additions to domestic capital stock, and transfer costs on the sale of existing fixed assets (that is, real estate commissions). Comprises three broad categories: residential structures, non-residential structures and machinery and equipment. Government fixed capital formation includes spending on non-military defence buildings and equipment. Synonym of "investment in fixed capital".

Home language: refers to the language spoken most often at home reported in the Census. If more than one language was spoken equally often, both were reported.

Hotels: establishments operating six or more hotel / motel-type rooms within a main building.

Household: refers to a person or group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. It usually consists of a family group with or without lodgers, employees, etc. However, it may consist of two or more families sharing a dwelling, a group of unrelated persons, or one person living alone. Household members who are temporarily absent on Census Day are considered as part of their usual household. For census purposes, every person is a member of one and only one household. Unless otherwise specified, all data are for private households only.

The members of a household not only share the same living accommodation, but normally pool some or all of their resources, and consume certain goods and services collectively.

- · Household type refers to the basic division of private households into family and non-family households.
- Family household refers to a household that contains at least one census family (e.g., a husband and wife living in the same dwelling, or a parent with a never-married child).
- · One-family household refers to a single census family that occupies one private dwelling.
- Multiple-family household is one in which two or more census families occupy the same private dwelling.
- **Non-family household** refers to one person who lives alone in a private dwelling, or to a group of persons who occupy a private dwelling and do not constitute a census family.
- Occupied private dwelling refers to a private dwelling in which a person or group of persons is permanently residing. Also included are private dwellings whose usual residents are temporarily absent on Census Day.
- **Private household** refers to a person or group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. The number of private households equals the number of occupied private dwellings.

Housing

- Apartment and other category includes dwelling units found in a wide range of structures such as duplexes and double-duplexes.
- Apartment or flat dwellings are subdivided into two categories.
- Apartment, flat (duplex) refers to each dwelling in a structure originally designed, or structurally converted, to provide two dwelling units, one above the other and adjoining no other structure.
- Apartment, flat (other) includes all dwellings of the apartment, flat-type other than the duplex-type mentioned above.
- Bungalow is one storey single-detached dwelling.
- Completion is the stage at which all the proposed construction work on a dwelling unit has been performed.
- **Dwelling** refers to a structurally separate set of living quarters with a private entrance from outside or from a common hallway or stairway inside the building.
- **Mobile** refers to any dwelling designed for movement and actually movable, such as a trailer, railway car or boat, if occupied by persons with no other usual residence on Census Day. If placed on a permanent foundation, it is considered to be "single detached".
- Owned refers to a dwelling which is owned by some member of the household. A dwelling is classified as "owned" even though it may be mortgaged. This also includes dwellings under separate ownership in any multiple dwelling structure.

- Rented refers to a dwelling which is not owned by any member of the household.
- · Row category comprises only single-attached houses in a row of three or more dwellings.
- Semi-detached category includes each one of two dwellings separated by a common wall extending from ground to roof, or by a garage.
- Single detached type is commonly called a "single house". It includes linked homes which are attached below ground.
- Start is recorded when the footing has been installed, that is, when the concrete has been poured for the whole of the footing around the structure.

Immigrant: within the framework of this publication, the term immigrant refers to a **landed immigrant**. A landed immigrant is a person who does not have Canadian citizenship but was granted the right by immigration authorities to live in Canada on a permanent basis.

Imports of goods and services: current payments for imports of merchandise, travel of Canadians abroad, freight and shipping on foreign account and other services rendered by non-residents.

Income: for data based on tax returns, income is defined as income from the following sources:

- (a) Wages, salaries and commissions;
- (b) Other employment income (tips, gratuities, royalties, etc);
- (c) Net self-employment income;
- (d) Investment income (interest and other investments, dividends);
- (e) Government transfer payments (payments to individuals from provincial and federal governments such as employment insurance, Old Age Security, Goods and Services Tax credit, Canada Child Tax Benefit, family benefits, provincial refundable tax credits, workmen's compensation, social assistance, etc.);
- (f) Private pensions (superannuation and other private pensions);
- (g) RRSP income (for taxfilers aged 65 years or more);
- (h) Other income (net rental income, alimony, income from a limited partnership, retiring allowances, scholarships, etc);

For data based on the 1996 Census, total income refers to the total money income received from the following sources during the calendar year 1995 by persons 15 years of age and over:

- (a) wages and salaries (total);
- (b) net farm income;
- (c) net non-farm income from unincorporated business and/or professional practice;
- (d) federal Child Tax benefits;
- (e) old Age Security pension and Guaranteed Income Supplement;
- (f) benefits from Canada or Quebec Pension Plan;
- (g) benefits from Unemployment Insurance;

- (h) other income from government sources;
- (i) dividends, interest on bonds, deposits and savings certificates, and other investment income;
- (j) retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from RRSPs and RRIFs;
- (k) other money income.

Independent retail stores: all retail outlets not meeting the requirements of a chain store outlet are automatically classified as "independent", the only exception being department stores, which are classified as chain stores.

Indirect taxes: taxes which add to the cost of production and are likely to be reflected in market prices paid by the purchaser, such as sales and excise taxes, import duties and property taxes.

Interest and miscellaneous investment income: investment income of persons, except dividends, plus government investment income, less net investment income of persons and governments from non-residents, less the transfer portion of interest on the consumer debt, less the interest on the public debt.

Labour force: the civilian labour force is composed of that portion of the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who were employed or unemployed.

Labour income: for data based on tax returns, labour income is defined as income from employment, self-employment and from employment insurance.

Machinery and equipment: capital expenditures on durable, tangible goods with an expected service life of one year or more, such as furniture, motor vehicles, office machines and equipment not permanently installed (permanently built-in equipment belongs to non-residential construction). Includes installation and delivery costs.

Manufacturing value added: consists of revenue from goods manufactured plus net change in inventory of goods in process and finished goods, less cost of materials and supplies, less cost of energy and water utility.

Market prices: a valuation expressed in terms of the prices actually paid by the purchaser, that is, after all applicable taxes and subsidies. See **factor cost**.

Median age: the median age is an age "x", such that exactly one half of the population is older than "x" and the other half is younger than "x".

Median Income: the median is the middle number in a group of numbers. Where a median income, for example, is given as \$26,000, it means that exactly half of the incomes reported are greater than or equal to \$26,000, and that the other half are less than or equal to the median amount. Median incomes in the data tables are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. Zero values are not included in the calculation of medians for individuals, but are included in the calculation of medians for families.

For data based on tax returns, median incomes in the data tables are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. Zero values are not included in the calculation of medians for individuals, but are included in the calculation of medians for families.

Metropolitan areas: See "Census Metropolitan Areas".

Migration

- Interprovincial migration: represents movement from one province or territory to another involving a permanent change in residence. A person who takes up residence in another province or territory is an out-migrant with reference to the province or territory of origin, and an in-migrant with reference to the province or territory of destination.
- **Net interprovincial migration:** represents the difference between in-migrants and out-migrants for a given province or territory.

- International migration: represent movement of population between Canada and a foreign country which involves a change in the usual place of residence. A distinction is made with regard to immigrants, emigrants, returning emigrants, net temporary emigrants and net non-permanent residents.
- Net internal migration: sum of net intraprovincial and net interprovincial migration.
- **Net international migration:** is obtained according to the following formula: immigrants + returning emigrants + net non permanent residents (emigrants + net temporary emigration).
- Net intraprovincial migration: represents the difference between in-migrants and out-migrants in a given region. A region can be defined as a census division, an economic region or a census metropolitan area. Intraprovincial migration represents movements from one region to another within the same province or territory involving a permanent change of residence. A person who takes up residence in another province or territory is an out-migrant with reference to the region of origin and an in-migrant with reference to the region of destination.
- Total net migration: sum of international and net interprovincial migration.
- Net non-permanent residents: represent the variation in the number of non-permanent residents between two
 dates.
- **Net temporary emigration:** represents the variation in the number of temporary emigrants between two dates. Temporary emigration includes Canadian citizens and immigrants living temporarily abroad who have not maintained a usual place of residence in Canada.

Non-permanent residents: a non permanent resident belongs to one of the five following groups:

- · persons residing in Canada claiming refugee status;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a study permit;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a work permit;
- persons residing in Canada who hold a minister's permit;
- all non-Canadian born dependants of persons claiming refugee status, or of persons holding study permits, work permits or minister's permits and living in Canada.

Motels: establishments operating three or more motel-type rooms and less than six hotel / motel-type rooms. Motel rooms are accessible from the exterior only.

Mother tongue: the language first learned at home in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the Census.

Natural increase: variation in population size over a given period as a result of the difference between the numbers of births and deaths.

Net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent: earnings of unincorporated proprietors, except farm operators, from their own business. Includes the net income of unincorporated businesses and self-employed individuals, as well as the net rental income of persons.

Net income received by farm operators from farm production: gross proceeds from the sale of farm products, plus subsidies on a cash basis, plus the imputed value of farm output consumed by farming households, plus investmen in farm inventories, less farm operating expenses and depreciation on farm buildings and equipment. Excludes other types of income, such as net rent or interest receipts, and profits of incorporated farms. See **accrued net income of farm operators from farm production**.

Outfitters: establishments generally located in remote areas where fish and game are available. Such establishments offer accommodation in lodges, cabins and/or campsites and provide essential facilities and services of boat rental, equipment rental, supplies and provisions, and guides.

Overseas manufactured vehicles: vehicles imported in a fully assembled state from countries other than the United States or Mexico. If they are assembled on this continent they are treated as being domestically manufactured vehicles.

Participation rate: the participation rate represents the labour force as percentage of the population 15 years of age and over. The participation rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

Personal disposable income: personal income less current transfers to government.

Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services: household spending on new consumer goods and on consumer services, plus any mark-up on used goods. Operating expenses of associations of individuals serving households are also included, under consumer services.

Personal income: the sum of all incomes received by persons residing in Canada, whether factor earnings from current production or current transfers from other sectors, plus the investment income that associations of individuals accumulate on their own behalf or on behalf of persons.

Personal saving: personal disposable income less personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, less current transfers from persons to corporations and to non-residents.

Persons and unincorporated business sector: Agents of the personal sector plus those of the unincorporated business sector. In the capital and financial account, transactions of these two sectors are consolidated. In addition, in this account, although credit unions, life insurance companies and trusteed pension plans appear as sub-sectors of the corporate and government business enterprise sector, their transactions in financial assets are balanced by liabilities which, in turn, are recorded as assets of the persons and unincorporated business sector.

Population: estimated population and population according to the census are both defined as being the number of Canadians whose usual place of residence is in that area, regardless of where they happened to be on Census Day. Also included are any Canadians staying in a dwelling in that area on Census Day and having no usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada, as well as those considered **non-permanent residents**.

Population estimate

- Postcensal: population estimate produced by using data from the most recent available census adjusted for net undercoverage and estimate of the components of demographic growth since that last census. This estimate can be preliminary, updated or final.
- Intercensal: population estimate derived by using postcensal estimates and data adjusted for net undercount of censuses preceding and following the year in question.

Private dwelling: a separate set of living quarters with a private entrance either from outside or from a common hall, lobby, vestibule or stairway inside the building. The entrance to the dwelling must be one that can be used without passing through the living quarters of someone else. The dwelling must meet the three conditions necessary for year-round occupancy:

- (a) a source of heat or power;
- (b) a source of drinking water;
- (c) an enclosed space that provides shelter from the elements.

Restaurants, caterers and taverns

- Caterers (industrial, social and mobile): establishments that prepare and serve food and beverages under contract, on the premises of manufacturing plants, office buildings, schools, etc. They may also prepare food on their own premises for delivery to parties, receptions, etc., and may also serve the food and provide bartending services (social caterers). Mobile caterers who drive to changing locations carrying prepared food are also included here.
- Licensed restaurants: establishments with a license to sell alcoholic beverages engaged in selling mainly prepared food and all kinds of alcohol, for consumption on the premises.
- Taverns, bars and night clubs: establishments which sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises. Food may be sold in minor quantities and entertainment may be provided.

Retail chain: a retail chain is defined as an organization operating four or more retail outlets in the same industry class under the same legal ownership at any time during the survey year.

The only exception is **department store** organizations which are treated statistically with retail chains even though they may fail to meet the criterion of four or more retail stores. Any firm not meeting the above definition is automatically classified as an "independent". Franchised stores and voluntary group stores are therefore considered as independent unless they meet all the conditions of the chain definition.

Retail location: in general, retail stores have extensive displays of merchandise and use mass-media advertising to attract customers. They typically sell merchandise to the general public for personal or household consumption, but some also serve business and institutional clients.

Retail trade: the retail trade sector comprises establishments primarily engaged in retailing merchandise, generally without transformation, and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise.

The retailing process is the final step in the distribution of merchandise; retailers are therefore organized to sell merchandise in small quantities to the general public. This sector comprises two main types of retailers, that is, store and non-store retailers. The Monthly Retail Trade Survey (MRTS) covers only store retailers. Their main characteristics are described below.

Store retailers operate fixed point-of-sale locations, located and designed to attract a high volume of walk-in customers. In general, retail stores have extensive displays of merchandise and use mass-media advertising to attract customers. They typically sell merchandise to the general public for personal or household consumption, but some also serve business and institutional clients. These include establishments such as office supplies stores, computer and software stores, gasoline stations, building material dealers, plumbing supplies stores and electrical supplies stores.

In addition to selling merchandise, some types of store retailers are also engaged in the provision of after-sales services, such as repair and installation. For example, new automobile dealers, electronic and appliance stores and musical instrument and supplies stores often provide repair services, while floor covering stores and window treatment stores often provide installation services. As a general rule, establishments engaged in retailing merchandise and providing after sales services are classified in this sector.

Catalogue sales showrooms, gasoline service stations, and mobile home dealers are treated as store retailers.

Returning emigrant: Canadian citizen or immigrant having previously emigrated from Canada and subsequently returned to the country.

Rural areas: rural areas are sparsely populated lands lying outside urban areas.

Sales: the total sales of merchandise and receipts from repairs, equipment rental, restaurants and other services, less returns, adjustments and discounts. Trade-in allowances are not deducted. Commissions earned from the sale of goods owned by others and proprietors' withdrawals of goods (at the retail level) for personal use are included. Non-trading revenues, bad debts recovered and direct sales taxes are excluded.

Self-Employment Income: for data based on income tax returns, self-employment income is defined as net income from businesses, professional occupations, commissions, farming and fishing.

Shopping centre: a shopping centre is composed of a group of stores which are planned, developed and designed as a unit containing a minimum of four retail establishments. A centre must be anchored by a supermarket or a department store and one of the retail outlets must be a member of a chain organization.

• Indoor shopping mall: defined as a group of at least ten retail and service outlets of which four outlets must be and retail and one a restaurant or of which five outlets must be retail located in a complex usually designed primarily for some other purpose (for example, offices, apartments, hotels).

Supplementary labour income: employers' social contributions, either compulsory or voluntary. Includes retirement allowances and contributions to employment insurance, the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans, other pension plans, workers' compensation, medicare, dental plans, short- and long-term disability insurance, etc.

Taxes on factors of production: these are mandatory payments without consideration, in cash or in kind, collected by government. They apply to production and the import of goods and services, employment of labour and ownership of use of land, structures and other assets used for production purposes. They are payable regardless of quantity or value of the goods and services produced or sold.

Taxes on products: these are mandatory payments without consideration, collected by government on the sale of goods and services. These taxes include sales taxes, fuel taxes, import duties and taxes, excise taxes on tobacco and alcohol.

Taxfilers: for data based on tax returns, taxfilers are defined as people who filed a tax return for the reference year and were alive at the end of the year. Starting with the 1993 tax year, those taxfilers who died within the tax year and who had a non-filing spouse had their income and their filing status attributed to the surviving spouse.

Tent and trailer campgrounds: establishments offering a minimum of 10 tent and trailer spaces.

Tourist courts and cabins: establishments with 3 or more accommodation units, the majority of which are cabins or cottages.

Trading Location: the trading location is defined as the physical outlet in which retailing or wholesaling activity takes place. The trading location must be capable of providing a limited range of statistics even though they may, in some instances, have to be estimated.

Transfers: cash, good, service, or asset other than cash transferred by one transactor to another without counterpart, that is, without the donor receiving anything in return.

Unattached individuals: persons living alone or rooming in a household where they are not related to other household members.

Unemployed: the unemployed include persons who, during the reference week:

- (a) were without work, had actively looked for work in the past four weeks (ending with reference week) and were available for work;
- (b) were on temporary layoff with an expectation for recall and were available for work;
- (c) had a new job to start in four weeks or less from the reference week, and were available for work.

Unemployment rate: the unemployment rate represents the number of unemployed persons as a per cent of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the unemployment in that group expressed as a percent of the labour force for that group.

Urban area (UA): urban areas have minimum population concentrations of 1,000 and a population density of at least 400 per square kilometre, based on the previous census population counts. All territory outside urban areas is considered rural. Taken together, urban and rural areas cover all of Canada.

Urban centre: urban centres are composed of census metropolitan areas and Census Agglomerations, often composed of several municipalities or Census Subdivisions.

Urban core, **urban fringe and rural fringe**: the urban core, urban fringe and rural fringe distinguish between central and peripheral urban and rural areas within a **census metropolitan area** or **census agglomeration**.

- An urban core is a large urban area around which a CMA or a CA is delineated. The urban core
 must have a population (based on the previous census) of a least 100,000 in the case of a CMA, or
 between 10,000 and 99,999 in the case of a CA.
- The urban fringe is the urban area within a CMA or CA that is not contiguous to the urban core.
- The rural fringe is all territory within a CMA or CA not classified as urban core or urban fringe.

Wages and salaries: total remuneration, in cash or in kind, paid to employees in return for work done. It is recorded on a gross basis, before any deduction for income taxes, pensions, unemployment insurance and other social insurance schemes. Also includes other forms of compensation, namely commissions, tips, bonuses, directors' fees and allowances such as those for holidays and sick leave, as well as military pay and allowances. Excludes employers' social contributions, which are treated as supplementary labour income.

Wholesale Agents and Brokers: wholesale agents and brokers buy and sell merchandise owned by others on a fee or commission basis. They do not take title to the goods they buy or sell, and they generally operate at or from an office location.

Wholesale agents and brokers are known by a variety of trade designations including import-export agents, wholesale commission agents, wholesale brokers, and manufacturer's representatives and agents.

This sector recognizes two main types of wholesalers, that is, wholesale merchants and wholesale agents and brokers.

Wholesale merchants: wholesale merchants buy and sell merchandise on their own account, that is, they take title to the goods they sell. They generally operate from warehouse or office locations and they may ship from their own inventory or arrange for the shipment of goods directly from the supplier to the client. In addition to the sale of goods, they may provide, or arrange for the provision of, logistics, marketing and support services, such as packaging and labelling, inventory management, shipping, handling of warranty claims, in-store or co-op promotions, and product training. Dealers of machinery and equipment, such as dealers of farm machinery and heavy-duty trucks, also fall within this category.

Wholesale merchants are known by a variety of trade designations depending on their relationship with suppliers or customers, or the distribution method they employ. Examples include wholesale merchants, wholesale distributors, drop shippers, rack-jobbers, import-export merchants, buying groups, dealer-owned cooperatives and banner wholesalers.

The first eight subsectors of wholesale trade comprise wholesale merchants. The grouping of these establishments into industry groups and industries is based on the merchandise line or lines supplied by the wholesaler.

Wholesalers: this sector comprises establishments primarily engaged in wholesaling merchandise and providing related logistics, marketing and support services. The wholesaling process is generally an intermediate step in the distribution of merchandise; many wholesalers are therefore organized to sell merchandise in large quantities to retailers, and business and institutional clients. However, some wholesalers, in particular those that supply non-consumer capital goods, sell merchandise in single units to final users.

Work week: the standard workweek is the number of hours or days of work normally scheduled for the majority of full-time employees.



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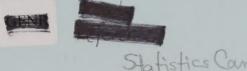
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